William Kunstler:
"Only The People Can Stand Against Power"

G.C. Rutkowski

"I have said regularly and systematically that the Governor of New York is a murderer. I have said it in full knowledge of what those words mean. I know that if I am wrong it is a libelous statement for which I would have to pay damages and I know that I jeopardize my future at the bar by saying it. I do not say it without being mindful of the responsibilities of a person like myself not to speak in flamboyant unprovable terms. Yet I shall continue to say it to every audience I can get before.

William Kunstler has acted in defense of Dr Martin Luther King, Stokely Carmichael, H. Rap Brown, Bennie Davis, David Dellinger and the Black Panthers. He is a prominent name in today's news and is beginning his second decade as national figure. On October 15, Mr. Kunstler spoke at the Marathon Campus in Wausau. Mr. Kunstler came to speak on "America Today" and centered his talk for Attica at which he was a chief negotiator for the prisoners.

"Attica was born on the west coast," said Kunstler. It was born in the Folsom Manifesto, a list of demands by prisoners in the maximum security prison in Comstock, California. These demands somehow began to travel from prison to prison. Folsom to Soledad to San Quentin and then Auburn in New York. At Auburn the ideas sparked a revolt, the demands were accepted by prison authorities; the hostages were freed; the demands were never met. Some of the inmates who had sparked the revolt at Auburn were sent to Attica. Here, once again, the ideas were brought up to the authorities. The Commissioner of Correctional Services received the manifesto in April. It was not until August 16, however, that Commissioner Rusel Oswald answered the demands. He said, "It takes a lot of people to make these decisions. I can't promise they will be adopted. You must give me time."

By September 8, it was too late: the prisoners rebelled. Not even Kunstler is sure of how it occurred. The fact was that prisoners had 50 hostages and were ready to bargain for the demands never met in the original manifesto.

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The inmates met in the yard on September 8; formulated 20 immediate demands and sent a list of names to prison authorities. The list of names represented the people the prisoners would talk to. William Kunstler's name was among them. Kunstler was asked to be the spokesman for the negotiators and, first, find out the demands and secondly, ask the inmates guidance on how they wanted them presented.

Kunstler went to Attica with a stereotype of the kind of prisoners he would meet. He said they were soon forgotten as he read the preamble of the manifesto as written by the prisoners. I said: "We are men, we are not beasts or do we intend to be beaten or driven as such. The entire prison population has set forth to change forever the ruthless brutalization and destruction for the lives of the prisoners here and throughout the United States. What has happened here is but the sound before the fury of those who are opposed. We have set forth demands that will bring closer to reality the demise of the penal institutions that serve no useful purpose to the people of America, but for those who would explore and exploit them."

Sunday evening Kunstler once again reported to the inmates. He told them that he would continue in trying to keep negotiations open. The prisoners at this point were ready to make concessions on the amnesty demand.

cont. to page 20

Bringing The War Home

The Portage County Veterans for Peace announced that for this week they have declared Stevens Point a "free fire zone". During the period of October 12 through October 18 they will select certain areas of the city for a mock attack. The attack will be in the form of leaflets on the entrances of the buildings in the selected areas. These leaflets will explain what would have happened if instead of paper leaflets, actual bombs and artillery shells had been used. The areas and times of the attacks are not being disclosed in advance so the residents will not be aware of the action in their area until after the raid takes place.

This action is taking place for the week preceding the visit of Secretary of Defense Melvin Laird, for the Youth Leadership Conference. The Veterans wish to bring home to the residents of Stevens Point the uncertainty, destruction, deaths and human suffering we are inflicting daily upon the populace of Viet Nam. This destruction and loss of life could have been eliminated long ago had President Nixon and Laird not pursued the unattainable goal of victory in Viet Nam. The Vets for Peace object to the use of PAVN's and soldiers in Viet Nam as political pawns for the personal advantage of Dictator President Thieu.

These raids are being held in conjunction with the Laird visit to emphasize the fact that the war is continuing with death and destruction on a daily basis.

The Veterans for Peace wish to emphasize that during these raids all laws will be obeyed and no actual destruction will take place. These are mock attacks to simulate to the people of Stevens Point the death and destruction brought upon by the actions of our President and Defense Department.

The results of each raid will be announced the following day by the Vets for Peace.

Strike Draft Board

On Tuesday night the Portage County Veterans for Peace staged a mock artillery and air strike on the local Draft Board. The Draft Board was selected as a military target to simulate conditions in Viet Nam. In the raid leaflets were posted on the entrances of buildings to designate the damage that would have occurred had actual artillery and bombs been used. The Draft Board was completely destroyed, while nearby buildings in the vicinity of Third and College Streets were also destroyed because of their proximity to the target.

A few homes in the vicinity of Fifth and Union were also raked to simulate an artillery shell that was approximately 1000 meters short of the target. The common occurrence in Viet Nam, usually occurring while getting the range set on the artillery. The simulated casualties and damages were: 40 civilian casualties, 6 military casualties, 13 buildings destroyed.

Other raids were staged throughout the week.

Melvin Laird Is Coming Oct. 18
Editor's note: If you are an undergraduate student to attend UW-Stevens Point for one year, the cost is approximately $5,270.00. The Theatre served as an easy task for some students but a major problem for many. The university does make available to students financial aid programs, but it seems necessary to meet its minimum needs. These requests may or may not be fulfilled. The Office of Student Financial Aid has the same problem as students and requests additional funds. For one year, the most important criterion is to get money. Where the money comes from creates a problem. The money is distributed in a like manner through the Financial Aid Office. There are some other interesting sideeffects that many students are not aware of in regard to the Student Financial Aid. Financial aid is very important for those with low financial need.

The question then came up to why a poor student should have to pay the same amount of loans? He went on to say, "it is a form of self help. It's not fair to ask a taxpayer to pay for the education of some members of society. They would be paying for something they wouldn't benefit from."

Merger, Nixon, Goals?

The Office of Student Financial Aid has to be concerned with decisions and factors in the economy and changes within the university system because of the obvious relation with them. Two important factors are the merger of the state university system and the economic plan of President Nixon. It is not certain when or if the merger will have on financial aid. Perhaps some of the money will be taken away and given to Madison or schools with less money. What ever the effects Mr. George feels "we can get around them."

Mr. George's economic plan goes, will produce no net cuts. Mr. George feels there will be no drastic changes over the next decade, but more funds for students. In a concluding statement Mr. George was asked whether or not he had done to make the office better serve the student? Mr. George felt that some improvements were made over last year. Then asked if they are trying to set a goal to shoot at. Hopefully, they will also be able to search for some funds for students.
Who Is Melvin Laird?

Lucey Speaks On Prison Reform

More community-prisoner contact to improve Wisconsin’s policy of criminal correction was emphasized by Governor Patrick Lucey last Wednesday when he spoke to Stevens Point students as part of the Singstock Lecture series.

As of now, most prisoners are totally closed from the society that is around them. Lucey said, “Our prisons, despite the innovation of treatment and rehabilitation programs, suffer grave inadequacies in this regard. They are too large, and too remote. They house those exiled from their community and maintain them in a totally alien environment. Their population is racially disproportionate, and there is a complete racial dichotomy between the keepers and the kept. Because of their size and the needs of institutionalized living, prisons are a maze of rules and regulations repressing individual responsibility for the sake of maintaining the regime.”

In this kind of an atmosphere, rehabilitation is extremely difficult. Lucey stated if rehabilitation is a primary purpose of our prisons, we have to admit failure. Also, there is a question as to whether prisoners, as they are, deter crime. Lucey said, “Punishment by itself does not provide an effective deterrent to most crime—there are too many other factors involved.”

In light of these facts about Wisconsin prisons, Lucey appointed last May a Citizen Study Committee on Offender Rehabilitation. The purpose of this committee is to investigate state and local correctional facilities and to make recommendations, to study the medical and psychological problems facing offenders, and to consider various substitute programs for complete confinement and to examine all other related areas.

A basic alternative to the rehabilitation system is to provide responsibility and community contact for the offender long before he is released from his sentence, Lucey said. The work-release program where the offender spends part of the day working outside the prison Lucey feels should be expanded, but also the whole concept of time out of the prison must be expanded.

Lucey suggested open institutions, systems of home leave, furloughs to re-establish working lives before release, industrial plants as an adjunct to prisons and many other avenues of rehabilitation for the offender.

“Experience has taught us well that only a small percentage need the maximum-security supervision given in existing state facilities,” Lucey stated.

He said therefore in-community supervision should be developed through such means as small, community-based facilities where maintenance and residential custody is necessary.

Lucey stressed the community as a rehabilitating force on the offender. He stated that only in the community can rehabilitation truly occur.

Lucey also spoke about crimes with no victims such as alcoholism and stated they should be treated through the criminal-correctional process. In other words, these offenders should be helped, not punished.

Programs of diversion and prevention must also be formed, Lucey feels. “Those who can be diverted outside the criminal justice system before reaching corrections similarly stand a better chance of not returning to it.” Lucey said.

In answer to a question about whether he feels Governor Rockefeller of New York is a murderer in regard to the Attica Decision, Lucey said he wasn’t prepared to criticize Rockefeller, but if it had happened in Wisconsin he would have gone to the prison, unlike Rockefeller. He said that it was “incredible” that Rockefeller made the decision he did.

In regard to a question on the student press and pressures put on the editors by the administration, Lucey said that he abhors any type of censorship and that independence was the best policy for student newspapers.

In regards to the recent Menomonee Indian march to Madison, Lucey stated he would meet with the group and consider their requests then.
**Books and Ideas**

**An American Tragedy**


Dennis W. MacDonald

George C. Vaillant's story of the Aztecs of Mexico is the story of one of the greatest civilizations in America from its early seeds to its brutal destruction by 'civilized,' European Christians. It is especially tragic because the Aztec civilization was just beginning to reach its maturity when it was destroyed. It is especially tragic because the Aztec civilization was just beginning to reach its maturity when it was destroyed.

The first four chapters of the work are quite dull, loaded with hundreds of names of people and places. And, as the author suggests in the preface, one might well skip over this section if he is mainly interested in understanding the rise and fall of this great civilization. The following chapters deal with important elements of Aztec society, its destruction and, briefly, its aftermath.

Aztec religion is possibly overplayed in this work as in most others on the subject. People seem to possess a crude fascination with human sacrifices and cannibalism which, admittedly, did play an important role in Aztec life. Many of their other institutions, such as their art, crafts, manship, and militarism, did center on religion. It seems, however, senseless to spend a great deal of time on these negative, magical elements. Perhaps it would have been sufficient to point them out, indicate the adverse effects which magic had on genuine culture for the Aztecs. This would probably be of some benefit to us in the re-creation of our own society.

In spite of religion, there was a basic sanity in Aztec social organization. They were in the process of developing a high craft life, a property system that enabled the people to live decent lives (unlike our 'advanced,' system), a system of tremendous struggle of the Aztecs, heroic. But the greater tragedy is not in what actually happened, but rather in the loss to this sad world of the model civilization which might have been.

**Co-ed Housing Brings "Increased Respect"**

by Nancy Cordy and Jane Wiegert

"Co-ed dorm" is now a part of the Stevens Point campus housing situation. After a two year investigation by the Housing Office to determine the advisability of co-ed living for this university, three co-ed dorms are now in operation - Baldwin, Hansen and Hyer halls. They house a total of 750 students. Co-ed dorms, notes Dr. Fred Leagren of Housing, are on a two-year trial basis to see if such a situation fosters a better social-educational environment for students.

Continuation of the program rests on the answers to these questions: 1. Does the male-female relationship improve or mature through broader contacts with the opposite sex? 2. Are male-female attitudes improved because of contact with the opposite sex?

**STUDENTS ENTHUSED**

It's too soon to determine any results, but Stevens Point students are generally enthused about the program. In the co-ed halls, men are housed on the first and second floors, and women on the third and fourth floors. The decision to assign women to the upper floors was fixed in part on a concern for their safety. It was less likely, the Housing Office concluded, that men residing in the hall would intrude on the women's floors. Also, visitors would be less likely to walk onto upper floors by mistake. There have been some reports of people being in these buildings after hours in places that weren't supposed to be. But this was the biggest problem the directors have faced so far. Generally, there have been no special problems that would not occur in any of the single-sex dorms.

Co-ed halls are locked at midnight during the week and at 1:30 a.m. on weekends. This is the same as in the other residence halls.

**SAME VISITATION POLICIES**

Social regulations, such as visitation policy, are the same as in other dorms. Linda Kaiser, director of Hyer Hall, stressed that there is no difference in the rules. "They are essentially the same as in Roach or Smith or in any of the other residence halls." The basement is open at all times for all residents.

The director of the hall has the same responsibilities as the professional staff in other dormitories. Resident assistants and student assistants that reside on the wings are of the same sex as the residents designated for that floor.
Co-ed Housing Continued

from page 4

The distribution of students in co-ed dorms is initially consistent with the other halls. About half are freshmen and half are upperclassmen. Entrance into dorms for freshmen required parental permission simply because it was co-educational.

PROPOSED LAST SPRING

The Housing Office developed a co-ed dorm program and submitted it to the faculty in April 1971. It was approved in May 1971. The housing program at that time, according to the Housing Office, was not facilitating the development of meaningful relationships with people of the opposite sex.

After observing students residing in the residence halls, the Housing Office concluded that "with the exception of a minimal number of friendly, informal heterosexual groups on this campus, the (then) present type of relationship existing between male and female is a one-to-one dating relationship. Students seem to have insufficient opportunities, or do not use the opportunities available to them, to meet members of the opposite sex in other than a dating kind of relationship. Hopefully, a co-ed residence hall will aid in breaking some of these barriers that interfere with male-female friendships at this university."

It was the hope of the Housing Office to provide "an environment within a co-ed hall which would facilitate a natural and spontaneous program of personal interaction" not present on this campus previously.

88 PERCENT IN FAVOR

Results of the survey indicated that 88 per cent of those students who responded to the survey wanted co-ed halls, while 86 percent would agree to live in a co-ed hall. Fifty-three per cent of the polled students said they would move to a co-ed hall.

The Housing Office concluded evidence from the survey of a high degree of interest among students for co-ed living. However, it was also evident that students were much less willing to move from their other facilities to co-ed dorms. Housing also found that there are some students who do not want co-ed housing, noting "this is an important factor to take into consideration in determining the degree to which a program should be implemented at this university."

Last spring an experimental co-educational program was completed by members of Housing Office personnel staff in residence halls. Subsequently, the President’s Council developed a questionnaire to survey student attitudes about co-ed housing. Of the approximately 4,000 students residing in the halls, responses were received from 2,232 students.

INCREASED RESPECT

Before the proposal for co-ed housing at Point was made, a committee of residence hall directors visited WSU-Oshkosh and Stout State University, and observed their co-ed dorm set-up. Since turning to co-ed housing, these institutions report a reduction in the abuse of alcohol. Reductions occurred also in gross language and behavior on the part of both men and women. "There seems to be an increased respect for all persons," the Point committee reported, "and behavior seems to be more mature."

Attention

The Board of Regents has established a policy that a $5.00 service charge will be assessed to any person cashing a check which is returned for non-sufficient funds.

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**Pointer Podium**

"Who Is Melvin Laird?"

Steve Otte - Stevens Point Jr.
"Melvin Laird is the Secretary of Defense."

Todd Baker - Depere Sr.
"A man with a variety of sizes of guns...and he likes to use them."

George Becker - Biology Professor.
"I wish I didn't know the man. He is now our Secretary of Defense. I think he is doing one heck of a poor job."

Betty Steinman - Stevens Point Sr.
"He fits the system. He is the Secretary of Defense."

Elaine Kellerman - Wisconsin Rapids Sr.
"He represents business. He is a murderer by implication. He is the pet of university presidents, and a good example of the American business and social structure. He exemplifies 'caste, class and power'. But, he's a good guy and wears clean socks."

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MAIN STREET STEVENS POINT, WIS.
Faculty Won't IVCF: Christ Through Fellowship

by Carol Lake

Learning about and living a Christian life through the indicated Trainings and it will retain its independence and not be sold out in policy making decisions to be made during implementation of merger of Wisconsin's two systems of higher education. At its monthly meeting in the Collins Classroom Center, eleven members decided to work closely with the Association of State University Reporter (AWSU) in assuring that their positions on merger have strong defenses.

The group which were early supporters of the plan, decided to:

1. Send Dr. Frank Crow, chairman of the Samuel Board of Faculty, to a state AWSU meeting in Eau Claire on October 15 to help the training machinery through which the Wisconsin State University faculties can study issues and develop a position on the merger implementation study committee.
2. Send an invitation from the University of Wisconsin Faculty Council to send an official representative to a meeting in Marshfield on October 24 to discuss the merger implementation committee.
3. Sign a petition to the governor that the large state University of Michigan first established the machinery for coordination of state universities to arrive at a common representative to a meeting in Marshfield on October 24 to discuss the merger implementation committee.
4. Sign a petition to the governor that the large state University of Michigan first established the machinery for coordination of state universities to arrive at a common representative to a meeting in Marshfield on October 24 to discuss the merger implementation committee.
5. Nominate Dr. Marshall Wicks of Eau Claire on and Tlwian Who Knows Itself for nomination to one of the four faculty members (two from each system) to a state AWSU executive committee created by the merger bill which was signed into law last Friday by Governor Young. The governor will name six regents (three from each system), four legislators, four faculty members (two from each system), two students (one from each system) and three persons at large.

Wednesday, October 15, 1971

THE POINTER Page 7

Faculty Won't IVCF: Christ Through Fellowship

Another Chance.....

"Another Chance for Literature, Another Chance for Television" will be the subject of a noon hour discussion in the Wisconsin Room on Tuesday, October 26, at 12:30 p.m. Use of the cassette and its possibilities for future communications will be discussed.

Mr. Bourjaily, from Iowa City, Iowa, has a career of active participation; he has at various times been a member of the City, Student, and University branches of the University of Iowa's Writer's Workshop. In 1958, he was a cultural delegate to South Africa, and the following year under the auspices of the State Department. Novels by Vance Bourjaily include: Conversations with a Sinner and Youth, The Unnatural Enemy, and The Man Who Knew Kennedy, among others.

Sponsors of the event, the University Writers, invite—encourage—all to attend.

$100.00 REWARD FOR INFORMATION LEADING TO THE ARREST AND CONVICTION OF PERSON OR PERSONS INVOLVED IN A HIT AND RUN ACCIDENT WITH A BLUE FIREBIRD TRANS AM IN THE FOUR HOUSE PARKING LOT, SATURDAY, OCT. 9 BETWEEN THE HOURS OF 8:30 TO 11:00 P.M.

Vance Bourjaily
Who Is Melvin Laird??????

This coming Monday, October 18, will provide an opportunity for those opponents of war and militarism to gather their strength to one of the most articulate advocates of military force. Secretary of Defense Melvin Laird will be on the UW-SP campus for the Laird Youth Leadership Conference. As one of the top civilian-military men in the United States, Citizen-Soldier Laird is representative of a violent and corrupt institution, the United States Armed Services, and will come to Stevens Point on Monday to sell America to a delegation of high school students.

Recalling the Laird Youth gathering of two years ago, we predict that this event, like its predecessors, will be a crude propaganda venture. The last conference, featuring all the trappings of a public relations extravaganza, was designed to dazzle and 'win' the high schoolers, and we doubt that this coming attraction will show any essential differences.

There are those at this university who will gladdly help Melvin Laird spread his message; they are 'friends of the military' and see it as a positive influence. President Dreyfus and many of the top-ranking UW-SP administrators are pro-militaristic veterans of the Armed Services; Dreyfus, in fact, presents a top position on an ROTC board.

We are certain that these men will welcome the visit of the 'distinguished Mr. Laird,' but these people are foolish if they think that the force and violence of militarism ought to have any place in the world.

Laird comes to Stevens Point on Monday to convince the high school students that a perverted, and perhaps dying, political order is good and wonderful, in spite of a few noticeable flaws. He comes to persuade the young that, though we have a few problems, the system is working and that if they embrace this system they will have decent, peaceful lives. We think that Melvin Laird comes to perpetrate a lie, a whole complex system of lies.

Melvin Laird probably will not tell the young high school boys that they may have to slaughter and maim women and children in a war thousands of miles from Stevens Point, Wisconsin. Melvin Laird will not tell the young high school girls that they have the chance to be the next generation of young war whores. He will not say that someday the young people will be aged and probably will be leading the life of desperation common to many old people in America. Melvin Laird will not say many things...

But who among us will???

Financial Aids: Who Feeds The Student?

The purpose of the Office of Student Financial Aids is to help the student pay for the cost of attending an institution of higher education. One would be foolish to believe that many students would have finished their study without the services of financial aid. We commend the office for all the assistance it has brought about, but we must offer criticism regarding the concept of the working student.

The purpose of the university is to teach the student how to think and pay for the cost of educating the student. Because of the importance of his role, it is our belief that all work done by the student should be devoted to scholarship. The university defeats its purpose for existence by supporting a work-study program. We cannot accept the argument that work-study provides "good experience." In true scholarship the knowledge acquired far outweighs any that could be produced from the work-study experience. We also cannot accept the argument that "it will help one get a job later on" since the purpose of the university is not job training, but to formulate ideas on moral action.

Furthermore, work-study is pure prejudice towards the poor student. There is no rational reason why a "poor" student should have to work his way through school, while those with financial ability do not. The argument of "why should I have to pay for someone else's schooling," is as trite and passe as blaming poverty on the poor. We can suggest one thing in place of work-study—an outright grant.

Higher education and the military have been established in the U.S. for the expressed purpose of making the "poor" student an asset to the world to which he lives. The military facilitates this, clothes, shelters, and pays its members to carry out their roles. In higher education a student's survival depends on private resources for the most part. The former uses force to meet its ends; the latter uses scholarship. A legitimate question to ask at this point is why aren't students supported by the state as are soldiers?

If a good university is to exist its students should not be faced with the unwarranted responsibility of searching for the funds to be able to attend it. The money should be provided in order to remove the business idea of privilege as a basis for attending a university.
US. Capitalism's Dirty Underwear

While President Nixon was celebrating Labor Day with a Billy Graham-style sermon on the work-ethic, the really best way to read the times was to open a book on House Judiciary into the sharp rise in recent years of conglomerate companies. These monstrous concerns bring to gether under one corporate roof the most diverse kinds of enterprise. Since 1965 they have grown with unprecedented speed. In the four years between 1967 and 1971, the average merger in the manufacturing and mining industries rose from $15.6 billion to $35.6 billion.

In an address to the Federal Bar Association's Council on Antitrust and Trade Regulation, Richard W. McLaren, Assistant Attorney General, Antitrust Division, advanced the view that technological advances are not dependent upon economic concentration. Yet the data proving this are difficult to come by. Indeed, the most careful studies find that, if anything, market power and the security of bigness boost the concomitant vested interest in the status quo, may have a stifling effect. The one thing the economists realize is that conglomerates are feudal empires which can cushion themselves against competition by deals and by reciprocal favoritism. At the same time their creators corrupt business management by various forms of what can only be called bribery to bring about mergers. They divert managerial energy from productive enterprise to stock speculation. They claim to be imaginative innovators in technology, but the technology in which they really excel is public relations, i.e. flim-flam. The situation in not improved by the fact that some of the biggest conglomerates depend for their viability on the per- manence and continuation of the arms race.

The report shows how insurance companies are taken over so that their surpluses can be used for speculation, how balance sheets are manipulated to make hazzardous inflated investment look neat and tidy. For many people merger and exchange deals are the same as these falsifications, how banks use their trust departments to help their conglomerate satellites on corporate raids, though the agents are supposed to be kept strictly separate from the commercial departments. Yet these disclosures were hastily brushed under the rug in skimpy stories buried in the back pages even of leading papers like the New York Times, The Wall Street Journal, and the Washington Post. September 7 while little if anything appeared in most of the country's newspapers.

Part of the blame for the poor coverage rests on the Judiciary Committee itself. It did it's best to hide it's lack under a wailed three months and released it during the Labor Day week-end, Washington weekend, when most people were away on vacation, and it was certain to fall into routine hands at the wire services. Though the report had been on the air from the beginning of the hearings, none of it was used, and there was plenty of time to prepare an index none was supplied with the report or the hearings. The report 687 pages. The hearings filled 7 volumes totaling 6,310 pages. Lack of an index is almost as bad as a censor's pencil. Some of Washington's smartest lobbyist-lawyers turn up in the hearing record: they know their way around.

Some Examples from the Report Follow:

- "In 1965, the la rge conglomerates accounted for 90% of the total assets of the Fortune 100 largest companies, while the medium-sized companies accounted for 8%
- "In 1967, the large conglomerates accounted for 80% of the total assets of the Fortune 500 largest companies, while the medium-sized companies accounted for 10%
- "In 1971, the large conglomerates accounted for 70% of the total assets of the Fortune 1000 largest companies, while the medium-sized companies accounted for 30%"

Letters Cont.

UAB contract

The contract was approved by a representative of UAB. During this meeting, we were "told" (more like black-mail) that we must organize the disposal of the homecoming float, because we are an ecologically-minded organization. We were also informed about the relatively new ration of biodegradable balloons during our parade. We were supposed to be asked about our feelings on this action, we made it quite clear what we thought. After discussing this matter, we all agreed to take some action on these issues. Our presence in the homecoming parade and the float was considered related to anything. We sought to demonstrate our commitment to recycling and not playing. Although we sought to demonstrate this typical IBM, we were not totally able to manage to collect two large pallets of balloons, paper, sucker sticks, beer bottles and wine bottles along the homecoming parade route.

We will not waste our time next year, but collect and transport the homecoming floats and parade. Our purpose is education, not playing babysitter for our environment. We ask where does the money go?

We hold that these floats and parade serve only to perpetuate the glitter and gold rape of our environment. We would hope that UAB understands that we will continue to act until we have these paper, sucker sticks, beer bottles and wine bottles out of the parade.

"This is just the beginning of our efforts to clean up the environment and protect our planet. We will continue to fight for a cleaner and greener future for our community."

Apology

The Pointer extends a sincere apology to the students whose paper appeared in the October 8 issue of the newspaper. We continue to solicit creative writing from the University community for future issues of the Pointer.
by Bob Lattin

On Tuesday, October 5, a group of UW-SP students and faculty staged a protest on the Tomahawk River above Nelsonville. They came to protest the poisoning of the river by the Department of Natural Resources, who began treating the river with Antimycin A to rid it of carp and other undesirable fresh fish. The river, rated as one of the top one hundred trout streams in the United States, will be poisoned from Nelsonville to Weyauwega, and all fish life will be eliminated.

Becker Comments

Doctor George Becker, a biology professor and spokes person of the DNR's program, organized the students and set up a fish collection station at Nelsonville to weigh, measure, and sort out the dead fish to obtain some basic data on the effect of the poison upon the fish. The Citizen's Association of which Becker is a member, sought to obtain a restraining order to prevent the DNR from poisoning the stream, but the request was denied them twice. Becker stated that the poisoning of the river was originally not supposed to take place for a couple of days, but that there had been a high level meeting in Oshkosh, and that as a result, "things had been accelerated." When asked why the restraining order attempt failed, Becker stated, "One of the judges' opinions in court on our attempt to get a restraining order was that we started the action too late, but you see, we have always been encouraged by the DNR to sit down and talk. When you finally realize that talking isn't going to get you anywhere, and that 'D-Day' is close, destruction day in this particular case, then you move. Well, it stands to reason that if you get started late, you present your program late, and this is what happened."

Becker further stated that UW-SP students would do a great deal of checking on the stream in the future to try and assess the long-range effects of the poison, for the DNR has not offered sufficient proof that there are no long-range effects. He stated that, "It is true that we know very little about the long-range effects of this particular toxin, that is, why, in academic circles, there has been a great cry that we should proceed with caution because, in the past, we have proceeded with other chemicals, but one by one they have simply been taken off the list of useable chemicals. All that we are asking for here is caution."

Chemical Background

Vernon Hacker, the program head for the DNR, gave some background on the chemical itself, he stated, "The chemical is called Antimycin, and it is really not a chemical, but an antibiotic, that was developed by the Wisconsin Alumni Research Foundation, and is leased to a company in New York. Antimycin is an antibiotic that was developed from a cultured mold, and is very similar to penicillin and streptomycine. As a matter of fact the mold that creates Antimycin is called streptomycines, which that creates streptomycin various types of antibiotic in the stream per billion, or fifteen gallons of the sport system of the happens is that the dead fresh fishes fish's gills to the body is cut off, and the are starved of oxygen chemical for four year of lakes and streams, a we can determine other is that, for example, if a small amount of the antibiotic may show up actually has no effect (Acme Laboratory, was 200,000 dollars in tests tony as a fish killing drug administration, Natural Resources Wau that has never been approved of project."

Reaction

The local residents a whether indifferent or a program. Some stated seen carp in, portions of the treated, and they can't depart from the project.

Though Hacker stated the best of his knowledge, from what has been reported, the was no conflict. Some stated the upstream, the at least in on river stated that it was upstream of the project. Becker stated that ute run and no carp had been said that he was on crew and that they were Becker said that the esculted by helicoptor an marshes, and inlets were by hand, because the the carp would just leave routes and come back. And finally, at least probably would be wiped out poisoning. Dr. Becker, a type of wiped out when the poses known population of this Great Lakes basin. Hacker's final comment animal eating the fish we any way. However, the that the fish poisoned be eaten by human being.

Hacker has, as he chemical before on both running streams with gr treated the Upper Fox r acres of lake, and 12,000. He gave as an example positive effects. Hacker treated last fall. Hacker now has crystal clear wood for over 39 years and, it was another large bluegill, from pound to a pound.

One of the greatest opposed to the poisoning the chemical will not only that it will also harm the organisms and invers the river. Hacker stated that of all he has been using the chemicals on the treated rivers are found that if anything the organisms in the stream.

Shock River

Before the Department Resources poisoned the st, the entire length of the was removed as many of the that could. The fish are in a fish hatchery of Am put back in the stream. It wears off, which it is supposed to be from four to days of introduction not all of the fish, bass and trout came floating up or the poison was introduced payday and Tuesday. A tankload of trout being tank in Amherst died when some of the oxygen pump were eating lunch.
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Photos By Steve Kluge

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Fine Arts Dedication Cont.

when plans for the Fine Arts building began. 

The feature speaker for the occasion was John A. Flower, Associate Provost of Kent State University and head of its Blossom Festival School. Mr. Flower was appointed Dean of the College of Arts and Professor of Arts and professor at Kent in 1966, and Associate Provost this year. Dr. Flower's address was titled "The Arts and Intellectual Lifeline: A New Awakening in our Society," in which he discussed the social impacts of our times and how they lead to the expression of human values over property values. Flower stated that the arts may be counted among these values and are involved in these sociological changes. A unique characteristic of our times as he discussed it was the acceptance of the ideals of youth by the middle-aged man as opposed to youth accepting middle-aged thought. 

President Dreyfus formally dedicated the new facilities at the Fine Arts building. The Peter J. Michelson Concert Hall is named in memory of a pioneer in music education at this university. His daughter, Miss Michelson, was presented with a photograph of the Fine Arts building by President Dreyfus. 

Edu Carlsten after whom the new art gallery is named was present at the dedication ceremonies. Miss Carlsten was an art educator here for 38 years and served under three presidents and nine deans. At Stevens Point Miss Carlsten was the only art professor for most of her tenure. Her duties included preparing teachers, conducting classes in the Campus School, and handling administrative duties for the one member art department. Miss Carlsten continues to live in Stevens Point. She was also presented with a photograph of the new building. 

The drama theatre in the fine arts building is named after Warren Gard Jenkins. Dr. Jenkins is the longest tenured member of the faculty and has been with the history department since 1934. Between 1934 and 1943 he was technical director for nearly 20 major theatre productions and recalls financing part of the cost in staging the first "independent play." In the early fifties Dr. Jenkins was named Dean of the College of Letters and Science, a position he held until 1970 when he reached mandatory retirement age. Since then he has resumed teaching history. Dr. Jenkins was presented with a plaque which will be hung outside of the theatre named in his honor. The plaque bears a golden theatre ticket reserving front and center seats for every production in the theatre for the rest of Jenkins's life. 

Representatives of Mr. William P. Weisler, the architect of the new Fine Arts building and S. Smith the general contractor also received photographs of the building and a special thanks from President Dreyfus. 

Dedication ceremonies were followed by a reception in the Fine Arts court with entertainment by student musicians.

F.A.B.: A Cultural Explosion

The construction of the College of Fine Arts building began with a muted bang. A small charge of dynamite turned the first soil some two years ago on a project which has taken six years to complete. The idea for the unique ground breaking was conceived by William Hanford, the Dean of the College of Fine Arts. Dean Hanford billed the small charge of dynamite as a cultural explosion to symbolize the far-reaching effects the new building would have on the cultural life of persons from throughout central Wisconsin. Dean Hanford was asked in a Peaister interview to comment on what those far-reaching effects might be. Dean Hanford: "I think the best evaluation I can make in answer to that question is to indicate the number of activities that are now going on here, and the number of people that show up. As a prime example take the theatre, the current production of the "Man of La Mancha" is sold out. I think this is a gauge of the impact of cultural effects in this case Drama, as a result of moving into a Fine facility." Hanford sighted other indications of public interest in the art gallery and recitals that were held during dedication week. He added, "Other possible answers are: We were limited in facilities and now that we've moved into this building it widens the scope of possibilities for cultural productions...This sort of facility affords a multiple use and I want to maximize..."
The Working Student

Photos By Kluge And Goodwin

The Chemistry Department hires students to maintain and distribute storeroom material.

A student waters foliage at the university greenhouse located in the Science building.

Student Aids help in reading lessons at the campus school.

The campus school hires many university students to help in classes.

Students operate the master control console in the LRC TV Studio.
Letters Cont.

cont. from page 8

their grades indicate animal-like shrewdness rather than intelligence. If working until one is dragging or studying for hours after assuming more than one's share of responsibilities is animal-like then I am proud that I have it.

She claims this does not lead to cultural value and if her term for cultural value means slobbering beer down a moth-eaten sweatshirt and- or psyching out on a trip to enjoy the phantasmagoric nights then I guess she is correct.

I am pleased to see that she is so concerned and spends so much "thought" lamenting the fact that area businessmen are kind enough to give to the university instead of just taking advantage of student business. It indicates that she thinks about something. She claims that the university should be concerned with changing the world and I agree. My father saw me nominated for one of those "crude" awards weeks before he died and both of my parents were made proud that the many hours of extra work put into trying to change the world were recognized.

I suggest that if Miss Stenness is so concerned about this topic that she visit the Alumni Office. The people there would be more than willing to show her what is being done through the efforts of hundreds of people and businesses. I also suggest that before she writes any more articles, she investigate her topic a little more thoroughly.

Bonnie Dana 1971 Senior Recipient Alumni Leadership and Service Award $75.00 English Education Major

Editor's Note:

Dear Miss $750.

We always appreciate in-depth criticism from our readers. Thank you, from the bottom of our phantasmagoric hearts.

James A. Jenkins
Editor-in-Chief
No Charity Credits
Citizen of Earth

Emotionalism
And Assertions

To the Editor:

In reference to Mr. Gimnocchio's book review on The Paper Economy by David Bazelion, (The Pointer, October 1) I compliment this paper on confronting an important topic. However, economic myths are not eradicated through the use of emotionalism and un-supportable assertions. Only more myths are consequently created. Unfortunately, emotionalism and un-supportable assertions were present in the review on October 1.

The purpose of this letter is not to systematically disprove the assertions and implications of Mr. Gimnocchio and Mr. Bazelion. The length of the rejoinder would be lengthy and complex. Complexity normally accompanies the investigation of economic phenomena and is a possible explanation for the numerous myths that do exist. However, I do want to emphasize that objective, informative, current and critical books do exist. Any member of the Department of Economics will be more than helpful for those concerned.

Being critical and objective are powerful tools for change. An example would be the successes of Ralph Nader. If the student's welfare is a consideration of the Pointer, then I strongly suggest that future book reviews are written by students who are majoring in the area reviewed. I'm positive the faculty and administration would also be willing and helpful in this endeavor.

Clifford Jacobsen
Instructor
Department of Economics and Business

Peacefully Protest!

To the Editor:

As an active protest against the military establishment in this country, and as a furthering educational experience in anti-war and anti-draft politics we are encouraging all students to boycott the activities of the Melvin Laird Youth Leadership Conference on Monday, October 18, (including a speech by Health Education and Welfare Secretary Richardson) and instead to participate in alternative educational workshops to be held in different places in the Union during the day on Monday.

Various subjects in the area of anti-war topics: draft resistance, the peace movement in general will be discussed, and if anyone feels at all interested and intelligent in any of these areas and wants to participate, by all means drift down in the Union on Monday and see what's happening!

The more people who boycott Laird and get into these workshops and leafleting projects the better. Everyone's welcome. See you on Monday, October 18th - ALL DAY!

For peace,
David G. Johnston
Gary Sorenson

Pleased
With Pointer

To the Editor:

The Pointer is slowly but surely becoming a paper which is a pleasure to read. I thought the October 8 issue was great. David Gniezer's article on "Hair" was very interesting. His conclusion made me stop and wonder about the world.

The football predictions were too much. Tim Sullivan and Mike Haberman are to be complimented, because their writings are not only humorous but also accurate.

The pictures of the square were very good. I never thought the Pointer would feature something pertaining solely to Stevens Point and not only the campus. I'm sure the actual people in the square every day are grateful.

My only argument over the whole issue is about the Dreyfus letter. I'm afraid I didn't un- derstand it. I'm not aware of the details behind it, but then, I don't go to college either.

Sincerely,
Mark Johnson
TOGETHER

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Greek Life

Sigma Tau Gamma

The brothers of Sigma Tau Gamma are proud to announce the upcoming marriage of Virginia Gertsch, Delta Zeta, to Ron Willgen on Oct. 23.

They would like to thank the Alpha Sig’s for helping to build the homecoming float, which finished in first place. Their congratulations also go to the Alpha Sig’s for their second place finish in overall, women’s division, Homecoming events.

Delta Zeta

The DZ’s second float for the Stout game and a party followed at 1901 College. The DZ’s are still selling “Love The Point” buttons, for the chapter and service funds.

Phi Sigma Epsilon

The brothers of Phi Sigma Epsilon are sponsoring their second annual “Greasied Pig contest.” It will be held on October 23 at 9:30 a.m. behind the Field House. Entry blanks may be obtained from any Phi Sig for only one dollar. There can only be one winner who will receive a half barrel of beer and a handsome trophy. Adding a little glamour to the occasion, the Phi Sig’s have secured a product of the famed hog couple “Macon Bacon” to be the target of the chase.
THE POINTER

Superpickers Roar Ahead

by Tim Sullivan and Mike Haberman

The National Football League has finally come around to our way of thinking. Our record last week was a big eleven rights and two wrongs. Spoiling a perfect week were the Rams and the Patriots, so you can almost bet that both of them are getting their Sunday. In our San Francisco's defense, the official for the Ram-pits was clearly one-sided in the Rams' favor. If the referees would have known what fumbles were, the Rams would've creamed Los Angeles. Naturally, the officiating in the other games was quite good, especially in the Detroit game, where Larry Walton sneaked away with a questionable touchdown. Here is how the next football wars should go.

Dallas over Saints - The Cowboys beat the Giants in last week's game, but the 49ers would've creamed them any day. The next football wars will be quite good. Especially in the Detroit game, where Larry Sullivan is nailing field goals. Knight chalked up five against Houston last week. The Chiefs have such a punter that they don't know how to handle him. Denver isn't a team which takes the light air makes their players dizzy, while the Broncos run around and their offense is still kicking. The Eagles' would have a tough time beating Oakland's cheerleaders. Raiders by 13.

San Diego over Denver - Visiting teams hate to play at Denver's Mile-High Stadium. They claim the light air makes their players dizzy, while the Denver's are used to it. However, Denver's defense has been terrible, and their offense was good for about 24 points before he faints. It looks like the Chargers will explode. The Patriots aren't bad, but they're going to get blown out. Miami by 16.

Moments after the end of the game, the Packers' coach started yelling at him. He claimed the light air makes their players dizzy, while the Packers run around and their offense is still kicking. The Eagles' would have a tough time beating Oakland's cheerleaders. Raiders by 13.

San Diego over Denver - Visiting teams hate to play at Denver's Mile-High Stadium. They claim the light air makes their players dizzy, while the Broncos run around and their offense is still kicking. The Eagles' would have a tough time beating Oakland's cheerleaders. Raiders by 13.

Green Ray over Minnesota - That's right, this will be the upset of the week. The Packers are a never-say-die team this year, and they were one of the few teams to beat the Vikings last year. Last week, Minnesota only scored 13 against Philadelphia, and one of the Eagles who make a touchdown-narrowing tackle had a bullet hole in his shoulder. The Vikings supposedly have three good linebackers in Cuszafo for a long time was a third-stringer, Lee was a punter last year, and Stead was with the Eagles, so there isn't much to be said for any of them. Might be some injuries during the game, but Pack wins by 3.

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RED LANTERN

OPEN TILL 2:30 A.M.
Stout Wrecks Pointer Homecoming: 21 - 7

by Jim Suski and Tim Sullivan

The Pointer football team made three mistakes in its conference clash with Stout, and the errors cost Point the game at Goerke Park Saturday afternoon.

The Stout win, plus intermittent showers before and during the game, combined to pull Point's hopes on the Pointer Homecoming game which attracted a turnout of more than 4,000 fans.

Stevens Point made many mistakes throughout the game, but three of them proved especially damaging. Two Point fumbles and a Stout interception led directly to all of Point's scoring.

"We made the mistakes that led to the loss. We had big mistakes and little mistakes, but the big ones were capitalized on by them for scores," commented a downcast Pointer Coach Pat O'Halloran.

The first time Point had the ball, it failed to take advantage of a Stout error. After the opening kickoff, Point started at its own 41 and moved down to the Blue Devil 44. At that point, it was a fourth down and six situation. Ben Breese punted the 16, but Stout was called for roughing the kicker. That gave the Pointers a first and ten at the 29. Point's offense again stalled and Pat Robbins missed a 40 yard field goal attempt.

Christmas came early for Point almost immediately afterward. Stout fullback Ron Berg fumbled, and Steve Zimmerman fell on the loose ball at the Blue Devil 33. This time the Pointers capitalized. Quarterback Dave Caruso carried to the 23. He then threw to tailback Steve Groeschel at the five.

Two plays later, Groeschel scored standing up. Robbins hit the extra point, and Point led for the only time 7-0. Stevens Point's first mistake enabled the Blue Devils to tie the game in the second period. Following a punt and a clipping penalty, the Pointers had the ball on their own seven.

Groeschel ran twice for seven yards. On third down, he fumbled and Stout recovered on the Point 27. Following a three yard gain by Breese, Point committed its second big mistake. Caruso couldn't find the handle on a snap from center. Stout's Steve Otbert recovered the ball on his team's 32, and the third quarter came to a close.

John DeBebe grabbed a Fedie pass and carried it to the Pointer 48. On third down, Fedie's pass was incomplete, but Point was penalized 15 yards for grabbing the face mask, giving the Blue Devils a first down at the Pointer 36. Roger Goldbach's receiving and Stout's rushing soon gave the Blue Devils a first down on the 13.

Dave Goetzinger took off around left end, broke a few tackles, and had himself a 13 yard touchdown run. The PAT made it 14-7. Bill Hamilton returned the ensuing kickoff to the Pointer 20.

On the first play from scrimmage, Caruso threw for Blaine Reichelt, but Henneberry intercepted and returned to the Point 18.

On third down from the six, Fedie threw his second touchdown pass, this one to Roger Goldbach. Henneberry's point after finished the Pointers.

Stevens Point travels to Oshkosh. O'Halloran's former home, tomorrow, while Stout will play host to Eau Claire.

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STUDIES IN FRENCH & ITALIAN ART 2cr. $435.
This program is designed to introduce students to major art movements in Europe. While exposure will be given to all elements of Western art, emphasis will be placed on the Romanesque, Renaissance, Baroque and Modern periods. Visits will be made to Paris, Florence and Milan.

FRENCH CIVILIZATION 2cr. $439.
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SPANISH CIVILIZATION 2cr. $499.
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Kunstler Continued

The Governor said he did not have the power to grant amnesty, the prisoners said a promise of pardons and commutations of sentences would suffice. Kunstler left the yard with this proposal. It was the last time he would talk with the inmates. On his return to New York he found that Oswald had sent a letter to the prisoners saying the negotiations had capitulated to him. Kunstler reports that this was done by Oswald with "malicious forethought." But the prisoners had promised safety to the inmates and they were safe. Sunday evening Oswald had the negotiating team sign waivers as Kunstler put it "so if we were killed our families would have no claim against the sovereign state of New York.

When he left this meeting Kunstler said "We reminded him (Oswald) that he had 38 hostages and 1500 men in the yard, and we said for God's sake walk.

Rockefeller and Oswald had no intention of waging war, so said early morning 1800 state troopers with shot guns, backed by the national guard and screaming "white power" stormed the yard. In the aftermath, reports trickled from the prison. Eight guards dealt with slashing threats, Mike Smith the youngest guard had been emasculated; two guards had been killed 2 days earlier and only the swift movement of the state troopers had saved the rest. The next day Commissioner Oswald took state legislators on a tour of the prison. He pointed out four men lying on the ground. "These men", he said, "were slashed and had the throats of the dead bodies." They moved on. "This man, (a black man lying naked on his back)" emasculated Mike Smith. "The Commissioner said they had video tapes of these atrocities.

"Then the drop came", said Kunstler. The bodies of the guards were to have autopsies by the prison doctors. The prison doctor had possession of the weapons which the inmates had built, the homemade knives in particular. It is our theory that the prison doctor was supposed to cut the throats of the dead bodies, so that they would have the excuse they needed for the troopers going in, as such as seeing the throat cutting and emasculation, it comes down to first-degree murder. So obviously there was a slip up and the prison doctor did not do the autopsies. The bodies were sent to Rochester, New York in an adjoining county.

At Rochester the physicians performing the autopsies made some remarkable discoveries. Kunstler: "He reported no guard had had his throat cut, but one guard had been emasculated, in fact the supposedly emasculated guard Mike Smith is alive and well this day without a scratch on him, and that all hostages had been killed by trooper bullets.

Kunstler quoted James Buckley a Senator from New York state: "The person responsible for the murder of the guards should be brought to justice immediately." Kunstler added, "and I say Governor Rockefeller is that man. Our country can't accept the fact that our high officials can be indicted. You know if the throats had been slashed, a grand jury would already be sitting on the accused prisoners. Why should the Governor of New York be any different? Because he's a Rockefeller? Because he controls Standard Oil? Because he's the Governor of a state? The Atica massacre was a question of a sick society. We can not live with psychological terms. We need some simple facts. What Atica means is that we must be distrustful and suspicious of power, and be prepared to go into the streets if we have to overtake our lives. Only the people can stand against the power which is trying to outwit us."

For some reason we accept the lies. Even when they are discovered they create no great moral indignation. We have no memories unless we are immediately and directly concerned. I submit that when we do get immediate and direct personal concerns it may be much too late to use any memory."