Controversy has arisen over the university-proposed development of a parking lot in the recently-acquired Garfield school area behind Steiner hall. Students, wishing to preserve some trees and a play area in the school lot, have called this proposal into question.

The old school is now being used as a storage building, and people park haphazardly around it. The south end of the lot is the focal point of the conflict. It contains a group of elm trees and play equipment which is used by neighborhood children. The students wish to retain this part of the lot with the trees and the play equipment.

The university acquired the lot for the purpose of developing a parking area which will be needed when most of the parking spaces will be taken from the University Center lot because of the addition to the building.

Students from Steiner hall have started petitions to stop the development which are being circulated now. They are urging people to write to the campus planner to protest the removal of the trees and green area on the lot.

The students are not opposing the parking lot, but they do want to save the trees and the playground. Even though the planning office has said the lot would be landscaped, the students feel that what is there now should be left intact. They do not see why the university cuts down trees only to plant new ones.

Environmental Council is supporting the move by the students and, at their meeting last Thursday, they voted unanimously in favor of saving the trees and green area by the Garfield school. One of the members said that parking lots do not pay for themselves and cars are becoming less popular.

He said that in the future, bikes and mass transit will be the way most people will travel and parking lots may become obsolete.

U.S. President Nixon's recent trip to China is "not going to be some kind of step toward the Cold War," Walker said.
Up to the 1960's the university at Stevens Point was a small one with less than 10 buildings on a 10-acre campus. But going to college at this time was becoming increasingly popular and enrollment at Stevens Point was growing.

It was apparent that the college would have to expand in both the areas of land acquisition and building. This is exactly what the university did in the 60's, so much so that the decade can be described in two words, buying and building. This article will take a look at the buying and building of the 60's and what is ahead for UW-SP in the future.

The first task of the expanding university was buying land. As was stated in last week's article, the most convenient area was north of Fourth Avenue which was inexpensive and allowed for vast expansion of the university. In the late 50's and early 60's about 100 acres of this land was bought from the city of Stevens Point and individual owners. The area now holds the Physical Education of this land was bought from the city of Stevens Point and individual owners. The area now holds the Physical Education A Decade Of Buying And Building

Moses Creek

The only fault with the land was that Moses Creek ran through the middle of it, making the area around it rather swampy. It was possible to build the Phy Ed building on the northeast corner where the land was dry, but before any massive building could take place, the creek had to be tunnelled underground. In 1930 WPA workers had tunneled it as far as the east side of Division Street. By 1960 the state tunnelled it as far as Fourth Avenue and Isadore Street. The creek was not tunnelled through the university property until 1962. This probably explains why Prey-Sims and Flyer halls were built so far apart, it being necessary to build on dry land on either side of the creek. The creek was tunnelled from Illinois to Michigan Streets in 1971 to further develop parking lot Q.

When the science building was being planned Moses creek had not been tunnelled through the north campus, so more land was needed. The university obtained land in individual parcels south of Fourth Avenue across from the Phy Ed building in about 1960 or 1961. Later, in the early 60's when a classroom center was being planned, more individual parcels west of the science building were purchased. The university probably wanted to keep the academic building together which would explain the purchase of more land instead of the placement of the classroom center farther north. Also, by this time, the north campus was being developed as a dormitory area.

The science building and classroom purchases together totaled about 40 parcels of land encompassing an entire block. About 29 homes and 11 empty lots were involved in these 40 parcels. The COP5 building was built on the land which came with the science building and classroom center purchases.

Land Controversy

After these purchases, the university turned its eyes to further north of what it already owned. Like the first 100 acres north of Fourth Avenue the land was vast and cheap, and the university wished to obtain it for future expansion. Thus began the "land controversy" of 1966. In 1966 about 15 acres of this land north of Maria Drive was owned by University Plaza, Inc., a shopping center developer who planned to build a shopping center on the property. The university was at this time negotiating with them for the purchase of this land but they did not wish to sell. Also at this time the university was negotiating the purchase of parcels of land where the fine arts building is now located.

The State Building Commission must approve the land purchase and building plans of a university and funds must come from the state legislature. In August of 1966 the state legislature blocked the funding of $81,000 for purchasing the fine arts building properties by tabling the matter for the next session. They blocked the measure because a member of the legislature, Greco, accused then President James Albertson of interfering with the shopping center development of University Plaza. Accusations and name-calling flew through the air for about a week enlivening the controversy.

About a week later the Stevens Point Common Council cooled the controversy little by re-zoning the area where University Plaza's land was located into residential land use only. This action blocked University Plaza's shopping center developer who, at the time, was President Albertson talked with Greco and after the Council's action, the matter of University Plaza cooled and, by the end of the month, the $81,000 was released by the legislature for the university to purchase the 23 parcels of land for the fine arts building.

With their plans ruined by the re-zoning measure, University Plaza finally sold its 15 acres to the university by 1968. The land, added to 29 acres obtained from individual sales, gave the university about 54 acres between Maria, North Point and Reserve streets.

More Land

During the mid-60's, the land between Maria and North Point Drive, east of Reserve Street was also obtained. This land totals about 106 more acres and was purchased in individual parcels. Further land is about 49 acres which is owned by the WSU Foundation and a business group in the university. This land might be turned into a park, but no action has been taken on this.

More land was added in a rather different manner when the Learning Resources Center was planned. Stanley Street ran through the middle of the present location of the LRC. Franklin Street formerly angled into Stanley Street from the north and not the west. This made for a pretty messy intersection where Reserve, Stanley streets met. An arrangement was worked out which would benefit both the city and the university. The city would purchase Stanley Street between Reserve and Portage. Since the university owned land on both sides of the street and since the new land created by the street vacation would go to whoever owns land on each side of the street, the university got its land for LRC and, by rerouting Franklin Street, the city got a cleaner intersection.

More Controversy?

Another land controversy seemed imminent in the university's latest land-buying attempt. In June of 1970 the State Building Commission delayed a decision to buy a block of land bounded by Fremont, Reserve, Stanley and Fourth streets. This land was to have been used for the new environmental sciences building. The city said that erecting this building east of the Phy Ed building would aggravate storm drainage. So while this matter was being settled the environmental sciences building site was relocated behind the science building.

Four months later, however, it was reported that the state was buying land in the block area as it was becoming available, although some of the homeowners were reluctant to sell their lots. About five of the parts were bought, but the final sale was held up to get a lower price. Governor Lacey said that the appraisals of the land had been too high and the price should be lower.

About eight months after this, the State Building Commission approved the sale of the five lots from the Catholic Diocese of La Crosse for $56,000. The Diocese had hoped to build a Newman Center on the land for their students on this property but their plans changed. This area is now to be developed for the communication arts building in the near future.
State Life Insurance --

An Alternative

Editor’s Note:
The following is Part I of two installments on the subject of life insurance offered by the state of Wisconsin. Part I will look at the historical development of state life insurance and its present status. Part II will attempt to delve into the situation of the private insurance company’s attempt to hinder the state from selling life insurance.

The purpose of this articles is to provide the student with an alternative to the private company if he finds life insurance to be a necessity. It hopefully, will also show a further example of how private business interest can often times supersede the needs of the public.

In 1913 the basic requirement for the establishment of a new life insurance company was the issuing of 200 policies. In 1913, 200 members of the University of Wisconsin graduating class bought life insurance policies from a new company, making the class the beneficiary. They bought their policies from the state of Wisconsin.

Today, the basic requirement for the establishment of a new life insurance company is to have a million dollars. Private life insurance has become a million dollar business. But, the state of Wisconsin continues to sell life insurance of various forms, often to a maximum of $10,000, to any person of either sex who is within the state at the time the insurance is granted.

If one took a pole, it would probably be found that not many people know that the state of Wisconsin offers them life insurance. This is somewhat reflected in the fact that out of nearly 40 million eligible buyers, only approximately 10,000 have policies with the state.

No Advertising

One of the basic reasons for the lack of buyers is the fact that the state does not advertise its insurance. There are no salesman or agents going from door to door trying to sell policies. The official explanation for the lack of advertising and salesmen is that merchandising of this type would ultimately cause an increase in the price of the insurance, and this would defeat the very purpose for its existence. All buying and selling is done directly with the Office of the Commissioner of Insurance in Madison, Wisconsin.

Information concerning all aspects of the creation of state life insurance tends to be hard to come by. Materials do exist, but little was written at the time it was created and much of it is speculation today.

Mr. B.E. Hogoboom, Manager of the State Life Fund in Madison, explained that it was created in an atmosphere that existed at only that time. This would include the progressive legislation of the day and the air of a progressive governor like Robert M. LaFollette. In his autobiography, Mr. LaFollette thanks a Mr. H.L. Ekern who was Insurance Commissioner in the state of Wisconsin. Ekern practically laid the basis for the system. But, as stated, information is widespread and seldom has it ever been put together in any form of research.

Supposedly, the system was developed as an ofshot of 1906 state investigating committees of the Wisconsin legislature. One of these committees was appointed to investigate private life insurance companies, the other to inquire into the feasibility of the adoption of a state life insurance. Out of these committees came recommended legislation to increase the influence of private policy holding, to limit expenses, to generally secure equitable treatment of policy holders, and so forth. Legislation was accordingly passed. There was also a minority report favoring the adoption of state life insurance. Action was taken June 7, 1911, when the law creating the State Life Fund was passed. From that day on the state of Wisconsin has been in the life insurance business.

What It Offers

The life insurance that can be purchased from the state comes in various forms. There is an Ordinary Life Plan of up to $10,000, a Twenty-Year Payment plan, a Twenty-Year Endowment plan, and other plans. As with many other plans, the policyholder can borrow on his plan at 6 percent interest; dividends are paid at the end of each policy year. In general, a medical examination is not required for applicants of age 0-30; there is a waiver of premium provision; and settlements are either lump sum payment or the proceeds may be left on deposit with the Fund at the rate of interest set each year by the Fund.

It is in most respects a simple policy and is intended for the person who wants basic, sound life insurance at a reasonable price.

The Price

The state, obviously, maintains its insurance offerings for the benefit of the public. Since it is a state institution, it is non-profit in its function.

A complete rate scale is available from the state and comparison is invited between the rates and those of the private companies. A few examples are as follows:

An 18-year-old student can receive $5,000 worth of life insurance protection for approximately $7 a month. A 22-year-old college student can receive $10,000 worth of life insurance protection for approximately $13 a month. As stated in an ofshot of one scale can be obtained from the state. Only by studying this scale and comparing it with rates of private companies can true justification be given to the state policies.

Complete information can be obtained by writing to:

State Life Fund
State of Wisconsin
Office of the Commissioner of Insurance
Madison, Wisconsin 53703

$32,000,000

The state of Wisconsin has been selling life insurance for the last 60 years. It now has $32,000,000 of insurance in force. When looking at the current number of policyholders as compared with the number of eligible policyholders it becomes obvious that not many people know of its existence. It is there, and it is for the residents of the state, or anyone who happens to come to the state to buy it.

In next week’s issue, the Pointer will look at the current attempt to raise the minimum amount of life insurance offered by the state, and the current attempt of the private companies to halt this action.

What Can We Do

For (To) You Today?

"University facilities including faculty lounges and offices may not be used for solicitation of university faculty and staff personnel by private enterprise profit organizations; this includes solicitation by individual contact and by free advertising on campus, such as flyers, handouts and use of campus mail and bulletin boards for advertising, etc. This policy does not apply to solicitors concerned in instructional materials such as textbooks, supplies and equipment to be purchased from university funds. Solicitation by non-profit organizations should be first authorized by the Office of Business Affairs, Room 219 Main."
"If you were chancellor of this university, in what town would you have your office?"

Mark Shively, freshman.
"Stevens Point, I guess."

Lyle Rundhaug, senior.
"Washington, D.C."

Ronald Usher, graduate student.
"Topeka, Kansas."

Jack Worm, junior.
"Seriously, in Stevens Point. But, how can one be serious about that?"

Kathie Chop, junior.
"Denver, Colorado."

"Incompetent Prof" To Play Here
With Fountain Band

James Duggan, non-retain ed by the university’s Music Department last year because of incompetence, returns to UW-SP this March 14. Duggan will appear as trombonist with Pete Fountain’s dixieland-jazz band at 8PM in the Quandt Bym. Admission is free to students with I.D.’s. Tickets may be picked up at the University Center Information Desk. General admission is $2.00 and tickets may be purchased at Kellerman’s Pharmacy, Holt Drug, and Westenberger’s.

While teaching at UW-SP, Duggan also was the leader of the “Uncalled Four Plus Two” dixieland band and the director of the Stevens Point Orchestra.

James Duggan

Pete Fountain
Baker lived on the implications of those hands controlling both the wealth into continue her education. In any that she would share the teacher, if she planned to Stevens Point has been selected sterling with eight designs of each scholarships. In addition, Grand Award is a Competition", an entry that valued approximately $85.00. She chose between marriage business and the problems of those days) and eventually of the Spanish-American War, act actually look. She observed him at a distance and put together a wide-ranging study. Ida chose between marriage business and the problems of those days). On returning to Allegheny together, he made "muckraker" an honorable word: men like Lincoln Steffens, Ray Stannard Baker and John Phillips, who would expose corruption in government, big business and the problems of capital and labor. With the end of the Spanish-American War, news items, as such, were dropped in favor of the broader issues of the day and McClures adapted a style that it would have until it folded in 1900. Among the pet subjects of the editor, besides corruption and general mayhem, was that of the trusts and the growing monopolies. McClure approached Ida with the idea of a series on the newly-formed Morgan controlled United States Steel. She considered it, and eventually settled on a subject that had interested her since her childhood: oil. Thus began her exposure of Standard Oil and John D. Rockefeller, which was to culminate in the work that would make her name a nemesis of big money, the History of Standard Oil. When Ida began to research her subject, Standard Oil was already thirty years old. In fact, her father and some of his fellow oil men had bought S.O. control in Titusville, when she was young, and had just barely survived the storm of the ruination of Abraham Lincoln, to be serialized in McClures, for whom she now worked. McClures Magazine was published in a time when the American scene was already dominated by a quartet of well-established journals, with rather upper-class appeal, namely, Harpers, Scribner's, The Century, and the Atlantic Monthly. Aiming at a broader public, McClures had a stable of some of the finest journalists in the country, names that would make "muckraker" an honorable word: men like Lincoln Steffens, Ray Stannard Baker and John Phillips, who would expose corruption in government, big business and the problems of capital and labor. With the end of the Spanish-American War, news items, as such, were dropped in favor of the broader issues of the day and McClures adapted a style that it would have until it folded in 1900.

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EDITORIALS
Point Of Order! Point Of Order!

Next fall the university faculty will convene under a new organizational structure, the faculty senate (see Pointer, March 3, 1972). The implementation of this fifty-member representative body will supposedly resolve the problems connected with the monthly faculty anarchy session, which will be discarded (supposedly) in May. Our question is: Will this new organization really solve anything? What will this bureaucratic reform substantially do?

The faculty at this university numbers nearly 600, but in the past rarely more than 100 members have ever attended the monthly bulb sessions. (We do not expect a marked increase between now and May.) Of this One Hundred, a majority bloc controls the voting on all issues before the faculty; this includes adoption of courses. What will prevent this conservative-reactive faction from gaining control in the new organization? As we see it, not much. If attendance records are any indication, five-sixths of the faculty members do not give a damn about what the faculty as a whole does or how it does it. Of course, there is a further consideration. Would the foggy-minded liberals do any better if they were to gain control?

Another point regards the participation of students on faculty senate committees. We are not certain that this is altogether wise, popular opinion notwithstanding. After all, the students are here to be students. If the faculty cannot order faculty affairs properly without the assistance of the students, then we suggest that those faculty salaries are being paid to incompetents and that those glorious Ph.D.'s are all glory and no meaning. We say, let the students be students and provide them with the proper means to be students. We do think, however, that the floor of the faculty senate should be open to students with observations on matters pertaining to the student community, though, by no means do we consider lobbying to be a worthy activity for students. Certainly the faculty could waive its prestige and privileges on occasion, however, to hear student comment.

The main question lies in what the new faculty government will do for the quality of teaching at the university. As we see it, this type of structural reform can do little to alleviate the mediocrity that is wasting both the taxpayers' money and the students' minds. Something more fundamental needs to be changed.

Finally, we wonder if the new organization will change the fact that the faculty is a lackey for the administration. We predict that in the fall when the Chancellor says "Jump!" we can look for the faculty and the new senate somewhere in the clouds, crying, "Is this high enough?"

Silence, Please!!

What UW-SP needs, and has needed since its conception in 1893, is a library. Various attempts have been made in the last 79 years to build a library that would appease the administrators of this university. When all else failed, the university spent thousands of dollars for the impressive five-story mansion called the James H. Albertson Center for Learning Resources (LRC). Every one of the administrators is now able to sit back and beam with delight while watching the impressed parents gawk at the pinnacle of scholarship represented on Reserve and Portage (money in hand, of course). Not only is the LRC (note that it is not called the Albertson 'Library') a symbol of pride for the administrators, but it is the paradigm of prestige for the university as a whole (not every university has a 'library' as its tallest building). However, they failed again. There is one major flaw from which all others derive. They forgot to think of the students and professors when they drew up the plans. Somehow, the main users of that building were forgotten in the shuffle. There is only one thing that can be concluded from the entire mess: the administrators failed again. And, not only did they fail in building a library, they failed in the one respect that defines them as administrators of a university: knowing what a serious student requires to gain knowledge.

The reaction of many students might probably be, "So what else is new?" The LRC has been functioning for three years, and there is not much one can do about the initial construction. Recently, however, the Pointer has been hearing and witnessing problems with the LRC which conceivably can be rectified with very little effort.

There has been some confusion about the smoking lounge on first floor of the LRC. Apparently many people conceive of that room as a "lounge." Groups go there to talk and laugh, disturbing those who thought the lounge was for students who wish to smoke and study. This confusion can be cleared up rather easily. Signs should be placed throughout the LRC designating areas as "Talking Prohibited!" or "Talking Permitted!"

Of course, signs do not always stop people from doing as they wish. Therefore, when a librarian is notified of people disturbing students, action should be taken. Just as a student is black-listed for coughing two non-sufficient fund sheets, talkers should be black-listed. Those with two offenses should be suspended from using the LRC. If they are not using the library as it should be used (for study and reference), they should not be there in the first place. This need not be carried to any extremes. It is not the job of the librarian to be a policeman. It should be up to the student to decide if he or she is sufficiently disturbed.

Considering that many subjects require quiet conversation, an area should be set aside for that situation. True, there are conference rooms on the upper-levels, however, they are not sound-proof. People talking or pounding on typewriters disturb students in the adjoining areas. One entire room should be set aside for typing and conversation. Conference rooms that are completely sealed off can still be used for small group discussion. Those rooms which have openings at the ceiling should be used as small study rooms with talking prohibited.
Silence Continued

The next major point which can also be rectified without the complete rebuilding of the LRC. There is probably nothing more obnoxious than telephones in rooms where people are studying. No matter how soft the whispering is or how "quietly" a person dials, it is disturbing to people studying. Neither does the constant buzzing of telephones on third and fourth floors aid the situation. All phones should be removed and placed in the lobby. Considering the emphasis placed on physical fitness in universities, the walk could do no harm.

Finally, the placement of study tables on third and fourth floors is completely disorganized. They are situated in front of the stair wells and between two areas for book finding. The echoing of the stair wells is extremely disturbing. Before another building is constructed on this campus, those wells should be carpeted or, in some other way, made noiseless. Furthermore, the traffic pattern between the bookshelves (from one side of the floor to the other) crosses the student study area and is very distracting. Though it might be quite a job, books should be located all on one side or on one floor, the study areas on the other.

The attitude of some administrators apparently has been a "love it or leave it" approach. But it is the Pointer's contention that many things in the LRC can be changed to produce a semi-organized facility. An attitude which discourages criticism negates the possibility for change in a university. Though some might think this is the best of all possible worlds, there is a better. This is proven in minimum by the changing nature of this university. It takes organization and ideas to achieve a better world and a better university. This editorial has only begun to offer criticisms and solutions to improve the LRC. Perhaps, with enough effort by students, professors and administrators, the LRC will become a 'library.'
Maintaining The University

Editor's Note:
In the February 4 issue we presented a pictorial essay on some of the working people on campus. Space and time requirements, obviously did not permit the inclusion of all the workers. This week we present a sampling of the workers that make up a large segment of the working people on campus: the maintenance crew. When you enter a building remember that hard work maintains the university.

Photography By Tony Menzer
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The fifth lecturer in this year's Faculty Seminar and Public Lecture Series on Korea will be Dr. Felix Moon, Professor of Anthropology, University of Kansas. Dr. Moon will speak on the topic: “Patterns of Socialization and Modernization in Contemporary Korea,” at 8:00 p.m., Wednesday, March 15, 1972, in the Frank Lloyd Wright Lounge of the University Center. Dr. Moon was born in Germany, and educated in the United States, receiving his B.A. in Anthropology from the University of Cincinatti, and his M.A. and Ph.D. from the University of Washington. He was a Fulbright Fellow in Tokyo during 1959-60, and Lecturer in Anthropology and Asian Studies with the Far East Division of the University of Maryland during 1960-1961. Since 1960, Dr. Moon has been Professor of Anthropology at the University of Kansas, where he has been Chairman of the Department since 1965. He is also the current Director of the East Asian Studies Program at the University of Kansas. During 1964-1965, he was Lecturer at University Korea, Seoul, Korea. He is a member of the Korean Studies Committee of the Association for Asian Studies, a Fellow of the American Anthropological Association, member of the Society for Applied Anthropology, and a Fellow of the Royal Anthropological Association, Korean Branch. Dr. Moon has been a frequent contributor to various journals and conferences on Korean and Japanese anthropological problems, and is an acknowledged expert on Korean modernization and acculturation problems, and on the "New Religions" of Korea and Japan.

The Staff

Editor: Al Jenkins
Associate Editor: Jennifer Urban
Photographers: Kim Poyser Tony Menzer John Wrenn
Feature Editor: Gary Rutkowski
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Making Love Is Great. Making Her Pregnant Isn't.

Face it. "Be prepared" isn’t just for Boy Scouts. If you really care about your life and hers, you’ll take precautions to prevent an accidental pregnancy. By using a condom. One of today’s new condoms... so highly reliable yet so exquisitely sensitive that you no longer have to sacrifice pleasure for safety.

So why run the risk of accidental pregnancy? Especially now that you can get famous-brand condoms privately—by mail. To discover some of our remarkable condoms for yourself, order one of our sampler packs today. Or send for our free illustrated brochure. 15,000 Satisfied Customers Our fine products and rapid service have won the praise of customers all over the country. For example, Craig Lumsen of Tacoma, Washington, writes, "Very pleased with your sample pack... particularly impressed by the two British imports, Am ordering more." Donald Cunningham of Avon-by-the-Sea, New Jersey, adds: "Thank you for sparing me contact with the "skirt the country" attitudes towards contraceptives so often faced in stores." And Gary L. Hess of Itasca, New York, comments: "It was the fastest I ever received anything. Thanks.

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the Continental Tyroleans that have become America's "SPORT BOOT"

$19.99

SPECIAL

HUNTERS’ CORNER

CAMPER'S HEADQUARTERS

1000 MAIN ST. STEVENS POINT
Adventure Film On Mexico

"Adventure in Mexico," a travel adventure film presented by the Arts and Lectures Series at UW-SP, will be shown Monday night (March 13) in the Michelson Concert Hall on campus. The color movie narrated by Chris Borden, was voted the top travel adventure film of the year for 1971-72. Tickets for admittance to it will be on sale at the door.

Featured on the screen will be Guaymas and San Carlos Bay, Alamos, famous for its silver mines; Mazatlan, "jewel of the west coast." Saan Blas, a jungle boat ride, and a new sport, surfing; Chichen Itza, Mayan ruins; a 1969 street car in Veracruz; daredevil boys shooting two thousand feet down a railroad track in 58 seconds; Aguascalientes, and the home of famed matador Farin Armallita; there are scenes of many high-rise buildings in Guadalajara; mariscos; glass blowing, silver, pottery, and a guitar factory; Oaxaca and Monte Alban and Mitla.

In Chihuahua, a personal tour of Parco Villa's home is conducted by Mrs. Villa, with her voice commentary. Other scenes are of Morelia; Mexico City; Cuernavaca, Taxco; San Cristabal Las Casas, and the Zinacanteca Indians.

Apply For Programs Abroad

The International Programs on campus are taking applications for the following overseas programs:

- "Semester in Britain" - Semester I, 1972-73
- "Semester in Germany" - Semester I, 1972-73
- "Semester in the Far East" - Semester II, 1972-73

Since applications are being accepted for these programs at the present time, students who are interested in applying should pick up application forms soon in Office 118, Main Building.

SUMMER JOBS

Guys & Gals needed for summer employment at numerous locations throughout the nation including National Parks, Resort Areas, and Private Camps. For free information send self-addressed, stamped envelope to Opportunity Research, Dept. 880, Century Blvd., Palos, IL 60463. APPLICANTS MUST APPLY EARLY...

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- Have A Hot Fudge Sundae At Our Soda Fountain Luncheonette (don't pick our tulips!)
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10c Beer — 25c shot daily
Wednesday — 1/2 Drinks for Men
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Spring Jackets, 1/2 price $4.50-6.95
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T-Shirts & Sweatshirts $1.00 to $2.00
10% Discount on ALL Jackets, Sweatshirts, T-Shirts

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MARCH 13th - 8:00 A.M.
Come early for best selection!

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11:00 A.M. - 1:30 P.M.
THIS WEEK ONLY

Popular Entrees
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ALL You Can Eat
for $1.60 plus tax.
Children 10 and under
1/2 price plus tax.

SPECIAL SUNDAY ONLY
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Wildlife Seminars

A series of seminars on Wisconsin wildlife which began yesterday is being presented by the College of Natural Resources. The series, coordinated by Dr. Ray Anderson, professor of wildlife, will feature resource persons especially well acquainted with their subjects.

The first of the series, a discussion of the use of telemetry in investigating the life history of pheasants, was given Thursday evening, March 9. The speaker was Robert Dumke, Waterloo, who is currently cooperating with grad student John Toepfer in the latter's telemetry study of the Buena Vista prairie chicken.

All later seminars will be held in Science Building A121, at 7:30 p.m.

"The population dynamics of Wisconsin ducks" is the subject March 16, presented by James March, with the DNR at Horicon.

On March 23, the topic will be "Turkey management in Wisconsin," by Clarence Smith, Meadow Valley.

Dean Daniel Trainer will present the fourth seminar on April 1, the subject will be his specialty, "Diseases of wild populations in Wisconsin."

The final seminar, on April 13, will be "Canada goose management in the Mississippi Flyway," presented by Richard Hunt, DNR, Horicon.

The seminars are open to all interested persons—students and area residents.

Trivia On Radio

WSUS FM 90 announces TRIVIA!!! 50 continuous hours of trivia nonsense, beginning March 10 at 5:00 p.m. running through Sunday March 12 at midnight. Over 300 albums will be awarded along with a first place trophy going to the highest scoring teams. Students, faculty and community are urged to call in their answers to WSUS at 366-2966. Remember: if you're thinking of going to Europe, save yourself the trouble cause Trivia olympics is here!

Students, Display Talents

U.A.B. Coffeehouse is seeking new student talent from the university by sponsoring a Student Coffeehouse April 10-18.

The Student Coffeehouse is open to all students wishing to display their talent. Each act will consist of a 45 minute set, and a five minute set-up time for equipment.

Applications may be picked up at the U.A.B. office, or by calling Chris in 121 Neale, ext. 5401. Applications must be returned by the 23rd of March.

Groups selected will be based on variety, originality, and the quality of the act.

If you have any questions, contact Chris or the UAB office, and get your guitars, kazoois or whatever ready for action.

Screening Dates Announced

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Thursday, April 13, 1972, at 7:00-9:00 p.m.

The screenings will be in the School of Communicative Disorders-ground floor of the College of Professional Studies Building.

Applications need not make an appointment. They need only appear during the reserved times.

Things to Tell Your Mother about THE VILLAGE:

✓ A complete security lock and intercom system (you'll be safe).
✓ Sound proofing throughout - an atmosphere conducive to study (you'll be studious).
✓ G.E. appliances - electric stove, dishwasher, refrigerator and garbage disposal (you'll cook and eat well).
✓ Laundry facilities in basement (you'll be clean).

Things To TELL YOUR FRIENDS:

✓ 4 buildings - each containing 32 beautifully and completely furnished units - room enough for 500 students.
✓ A HEATED SWIMMING POOL
✓ Lots of lawn for football and general romping around.
✓ Air conditioning.
✓ Each student responsible for only his share of the rent.

Things To TELL YOURSELF:

✓ Office located at 301 Michigan
  1 to 8 weekdays - 1 to 5 weekends.
  Phone 341-2120
✓ Open to Juniors and Seniors.
✓ $675.00 per student- 9 mo. academic year.
✓ $110.00 per student - 8 wk. summer session.

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History Continued

Also approved in June of 1971 was the university's purchase of the Garfield School property for $31,000 to be developed into a parking lot. This parking lot development is now being challenged by students who feel a group of trees and a play area should not be removed for the lot.

At present, no more large tracts are being sought by the university. The plan is to purchase the rest of the Stanley, Fremont block, which would be the last major purchase, for at least, according to Assistant Campus Planner, Harlen Hoffbeck.

Building Begins

After the university obtained the land the next step was the construction of buildings needed to accommodate the students and academic departments for the growing university.

The building boom of the fifties would look like nothing compared with what was to come in the sixties. A major project was the residential complexes for the students on north campus. Pray-Sims was the first dorm to be built. Its cost was $1,256,159 and they were both opened in the fall of 1964. These two halls set the style for the remaining eight halls to be built in the Debot complex, for they would all be built exactly alike. Even two more dorms were not enough, but the space east of Reserve Street had run out. So, a new complex was started with Baldwin and Neale halls which were opened in 1965. A new heating plant which was begun in 1964 was also completed in Jan. of 1965 at a cost of $788,797.

It was apparent that more dorms were going to be needed and the strain on Allen Center was too great, so a new residence center was planned. After Hansen hall was completed in September of 1966, Debef Center was completed in April of 1967 at a cost of $1,329,540. Right after Debef Center had been completed, three more dorms were constructed. Knutzen, Schmeekle and Burroughs halls were all opened in the fall of 1967. Watson hall was opened in the fall of 1968 and Thompson hall the last of the dorms on north campus, was opened in the fall of 1969. So, in just six short years the empty north campus was filled with 12 dorms and two residence centers.

Academic Buildings

The building of dorms would have been enough to keep the campus active, but also during this time the much-needed academic buildings were being constructed. It started with the science building when ground was broken in July of 1962. The building was completed at a cost of $2.3 million and was opened for the fall term of 1963.

In May of 1965, ground was broken for the new classroom center, now called the Joseph V. Collins Classroom Building. The land in individual parcels cost $825,000 and the cost of the building was $1.9 million.

An athletic field was completed in 1966 for $713,237 and, in 1967, outside basketball and tennis courts were put up for $48,000.

The desperately needed Learning Resources Center was completed in early 1970 and moving operations from the old library took place during spring recess of 1970. The building was erected at a cost of $3.4 million.

Fine Arts Story

The fine arts building has an interesting history. In 1958 it was announced that it would be built during the 1961-63 bimium at a cost of $2.5 million. It was removed from consideration though, in June of 1962 and restored to the list of buildings in August of 1962. But in September of 1962 it was cancelled in favor of building the first classroom center. Finally in 1966, land was purchased for $861,000. In 1967 a federal grant of $1 million was announced for the construction of the building, and, later in 1968, another half million was added to it. In July of 1968 the State Building Commission approved another half million to fund the building. Ground was broken in August, 1968 and the building was occupied during the 1970-71 school term. The total cost of the building was $4.1 million.

Another classroom center, the Frank Spindler Classroom Building, College of Professional Studies was completed in 1967. The building was erected at a cost of $1.8 million.

50,000 JOBS
SUMMER EMPLOYMENT CAREER OPPORTUNITY PROGRAMS

The National Agency Of Student Employment Has Recently Completed A Nationwide Research Program Of Jobs Available To College Students And Graduates During 1972. Catalogs Which Fully Describe These Employment Positions May Be Obtained As Follows:

( ) Catalog of Summer and Career Positions Available Throughout the United States In Resort Areas, National Corporations, and Regional Employment Centers. Price $3.00.

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Student Services Division
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**All Campus Indoor Track Results**

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**MILE**

1. Charlie Brah - College Avenue Pacers (5:26.4)
2. Larry Dolphin - 4th North Smith (5:33.7)
3. Jim Schwaltz - 1st North Watson (5:33.7)
4. Vollmer - 4th South Burroughs (5:34)
5. Dave Spruner - 4th North Smith (5:34)

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**YARD DASH**

60 YARD DASH

1. Bruce Kelly - 1st East Pray (6.85)
2. Valiga - 4th East Knutzen (7.05)
3. B. Knickerbocker - 1st North Watson (7.05)
4. Larry Chaney - 2nd East Hyer (7.2)
5. Mike Daley - 3rd South Steiner (7.2)
6. 2nd South Burroughs (7.5)

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**YARD HURDLES**

60 YARD HURDLES

1. Valiga - 4th East Knutzen (8.6)
2. B. Knickerbocker - 1st North Watson (8.2)
3. Stan Kregel - 1st East Pray (8.4)
4. Larry Shales - 2nd South Burroughs (8.5)
5. Gary Wendt - 2nd East Hyer (8.25)
6. Dale Rumpf - 2nd East Hyer (9.3)

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**HIGH JUMP**

1. Schmidt - 2nd South Burroughs (59.9)
2. T. Wojciechowski - 4th North Smith (60.3)
3. Jim Chance - 1st North Watson (60.3)
4. P. Shrage - 2nd East Hyer (61.8)
5. G. College Avenue Pacers (63.3)
6. Chuck Forsyth - 1st East Pray (63.3)

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"Diamonds Our Specialty" KEEPSAKE, COLUMBIA & ORANGE BLOSSOM DIAMOND RINGS CHECK OUR PRICES MAIN & THIRD ST.
Enrollment Down

The rate of admission applications for freshmen who will enter UW-SP next fall has fallen to 500 below the number recorded one year ago.

Chancellor Lee Sherman Dreyfus made the announcement Thursday night at a faculty meeting in the Collins Classroom Center. One month ago the applications were lagging by 300.

Many on the faculty and even a large contingent of students view the decline as good news because they believe a stabilization of growth will have positive effects on campus life.

Dreyfus, however, said there could be some administrative problems because of the new trend. Smaller enrollments mean less financial support for the institution, he advised, and one of the consequences could be non-retention of some faculty members (presumably those who are yet to earn tenure).

The chancellor said 2,193 applications had been accepted by the end of February compared to 2,773 at the same date in 1971.

Reason for the decline are not known, he added, but new emphasis on vocational education, an adequate housing supply which negates a rush for official admission so dorm rooms can be reserved, coupled with new interest in Big 10 schools such as Madison which have not had violent disruptions recently all are contributing factors.

Perhaps youths are just not applying as early as they did in the past, he added.

Last fall Stevens Point counted more than 9,100 students. And it is likely that the 1972 enrollment will not be too different because the upper-level classes probably will be larger than, for example the senior and junior classes of ’71.

In addition, Stevens Point has in recent years fared quite well in getting a significant number of transfer students.

Plications for transfers usually don’t come until the spring and summer.

Some administrators speculate that talk about a decline is not fully realistic. They believe prospective students nowadays are more careful in personal planning than their counterparts in recent times. Thus, if there is reason to believe there will be fewer “no shows” next August of persons officially admitted earlier but who decide to attend a different school or take a job.

At any rate, the situation is a new one for Stevens Point which for about 15 consecutive years has experienced sharp annual increases in the total number of students.

And, the anticipated decline isn’t one facing only this institution. Several schools in the former Wisconsin State University System have reported lags. None of the others have listed increases of any significance.

In fact, as of Feb. 1, the number of new admissions here ranked second among the nine former WSU schools. Oshkosh reported the largest anticipated Freshman class.

Dreyfus also reported to the approximately 100 professors in attendance that he was pleased a faculty senate would be established next fall. He paid tribute to persons who worked the past two years making proposals for the change.

He announced that he would appoint a woman, undoubtedly one currently serving on the faculty, to handle status of women matters on campus.

And he said he would encourage an audit of existing programs to determine their real worth. If new programs are to be added, it may be necessary to eliminate some that are not getting the best mileage for the dollar, he implied.

In another section of the faculty — Approved new courses in Greek, Chinese, philosophy, dance, environmental ethics, cooperative education, ancient history and home economics (including one on family life).

APO Drowns Siasefi

The men of Alpha Phi Omega proudly announce the names of seven men who are pledging the world’s largest Greek organization, one devoted to service, leadership, and friendship. They are under the watchful, guiding eyes, and authoritative discipline of Bill “Sarge” Schondelmayer. They are:

Bucze Kanz Dave Fuhrman Mark Shively Mark Webber Arnold Lasaeg Terry Rosjarski Robert Larson

The pledges and actives are busy organizing projects for this spring. The upcoming Blood Drive and Clothing Drive, Camp Chic, Camp Fletcher, and a fund raising march for the local YMCA.

Recently, Alpha Phi Omega, well represented by John “Buddha” Lemke and Bill “Sarge” Schondelmayer dethroned the highly favored Siasefi in the annual drinking contest at Little Joe’s. The truth still exists even after the disqualification by the Sefi’s that the Service Fraternity on campus, at least that day, were better drinkers than the drinkers.

We would like to thank all those who participated in this book exchange. We hope to open earlier next semester to be of

— Heard a report that faculty salaries might be increased by 14-1/2 per cent this summer.

— Rescinded action taken last month and scrapped the plan of holding spring commencement on a Wednesday night (May 17) and return to the traditional, Sunday afternoon time (May 14).

That action came after some graduating seniors protested the change, citing inconvenience for members of their families who would find it difficult to attend the ceremony on a weekday.
Marathon Basketball Game
In the Works

By Tim Sullivan

Upon observing the sports-minded students of UW-Stevens Point this year, I have come to a not so surprising conclusion. Most of the students have much rather play basketball than go to watch the Pointer team play.

From what I could see, the Pointerettes seldom played before what one could label a "packed house." On the other hand, our students flock into the fieldhouse every time there is a free recreation night. I have witnessed several nights when both the Quandt and Berg Gyms were literally overflowing with enthusiastic students trying desperately to make those basketballs sink cleanly through the twines. Unfortunately, both gyms come complete with only (March

team play.

Over one hundred diehards eagerly waiting for the chance to display their talents. The women here would separated from the boys. On this particular date, the Residence Hall Council's official basketball game at a self-determined rate. The women here would separated from the boys. The women have come to a terested in mathematics, this means an impressive total of 50 hours of solid bucketing. You might be wondering what the hell a marathon basketball game is like. Well, the following is what is known for sure.

The basic idea of the game is to play for an extended number of hours, in this case, 50. The players involved will be monotonously sponsored by organizations or individuals. Marathon participants will be given sponsorship cards and asked to have them signed by people willing to sponsor the game at a self-determined rate. The sponsor will be sponsoring the entire game, not the length of time that the specific participant plays in the game. For example, a sponsor who pledges a penny an hour will, at the conclusion of the game, be responsible for paying 50 cents to the participant.

The proceeds from this game will be used to establish Residence Hall Leadership Grants. The grants are to be given to outstanding students in the area of Residence Hall Programming. Therefore, when a player collects from the sponsor, the player turn deposits the money in the RHLC Scholarship Fund.

Everyone who is sponsored, either individually or otherwise, is eligible for competition. Upon entering, the player will be added to the roster of one of two teams. The game will be officiated, and records will be kept concerning each participant's individual performance.

One other thing should be mentioned at this point. The marathon will definitely be co-ed. Girls will finally be given their chance to show what they can do with a basketball under official competition. As far as the rules go, there is nothing that says that a marathon can't have girls out there on the court with the guys at the same time. The women for a long time proved quite adequate in the cheering field, but now we'll find out if they understood what they were cheering about.

However, it must be stressed that any female who wants to play only against her sex in the marathon is still eligible. All she has to do is specify that point on her card upon entering.

If you are interested in entering one or more of your friends in this event, or if you are thinking about getting in your own group name or a list of your team's names to: Dick Tucker, 224 Burroughs, or Paul Steckart, 238 Burroughs, ext. 4963, by March 15. The Pointer sports department will be on hand to cover the event.