At senatorial debate Inflation top topic

by Sally Dustir

Inflation, taxes and en-vironmental conservation topics common in were concern to the three U.S. Senatorial candidates.

In a debate held in Quandt Gym at 2 p.m., Oct. 31, in-cumbent U.S. Senator Gaylord A. Nelson, Democrat, Thomas Petri, Papublican and Carth Republican and Gerald L. McFarren, American party candidate spent ap-proximately 90 minutes in debate expressing their views and answering questions posed to them by a student panel and members of the audience.

McFarren opened the debate with remarks dealing with the focus of his campaign. He stated that his campaign is based on three major issues; inflation, land use and one world government which is being implemented to the people by

"In order to eliminate inflation the budget must be balanced, deficit spending must cease and the Federal Reserve System must be audited," said Mcfarren.

In connection with world wide government he went on to say that technically the residents of Wisconsin are no longer classified as such, but are members of Region Five, which is based in Chicago. "This has been done by executive order and is illegal and unconstitutional," he said.

"Nothing happens by ac-cident in government," said McFarren. He also spoke of the crisis of the seventies. "The last depression produced Roosevelt and Hitler, and I'm frightened to think what this one may produce," he added.

Petri based his remarks on

inflation, welfare and taxes. He said he has been walking around the state for about four months talking to the people and that the people seem most concerned about these issues.

The budget must be balanced, the Federal Reserve Board must be operated more even handedly, there must be vigorous anti-trust enforcement and changes should be made in the tax laws to encourage

savings, said Petri. "There are 360 different federal welfare laws and I don't think we need one for every day of the week," he said. We need leadership in this area and action in Congress to give welfare to those people who are in need in a way which will encourage the true working symbol, he added.

People in Wisconsin are also concerned about taxes,

because they pay a lot and are very low of the funding lists, he said. "We need someone to fight for us in Washington, to work vigorously year in and year out," Petri stated.

Nelson emphasized his concern with the Department of Natural Resourses (DNR) and conservation. He also presented his concept of the three great challenges to society, these being the restructuring of public and private institutions so that they better serve the public the challenge of war and peace and the management and conservation of the resources we depend upon for survival

"Giantism" in the federal government, businesses and schools was of concern also and Nelson said that these things should be sent back home where the people can manage them themselves.

We have to start managing and utilizing our resources, particularly proteins, fibers metals, energy and phosphorous, so that we will be able to survive, said Nelson.

The debate then turned to the student panel composed of Gary Wescott, sophomore communications major and news director of the campus radio station; Matt Smith, senior political science major and John Zawadsky, senior history major.

We scott opened the questioning and asked Nelson about the possibility of evening out household spending concerning gas and electricity rates. Nelson stated that the prices of the oil companies should be rolled back and that the prices of steel, chemicals, oil and automobiles be con-

Cont. on page 6





Senatorial hopeful Gerald McFarren responded to a question from the audience as he debated Senators Petri and Nelson in Quandt Gym Thursday. Photo by Rick Cigel.

Obey, Burger duel at UWSP

by Joel C. Guenther

On Wednesday, Oct. 30 in Quandt Fieldhouse the two candidates for Wisconsin's Seventh District in the U.S. House, David Obey (Dem.) and Josef Burger (Rep.), drew each other's fire in what may be their only debate.

Burger, a native of Czechoslavakia, part owner in a beef farm and associate professor in political science at the UW Central System, opened the debate with his opening remarks.

Burger asked Obey, the incumbent, "How many bills have you introduced in your five-and-one-half years of. congressional service

Burger also accused Obey of supporting the type of legislation that "is passed too late and with too little in it to do anything but get headlines

He called for a halt in the depletion of resources which provide for economic growth and warned the U.S. of being surpassed by the Soviets as the world power. "Let us build beef, dairy and sheep industries to feed the starving world," said Burger.

In other areas, Burger called for research of alternate energy sources



Josef Burger, (left), candidate for the House of Representatives, Chancellor Lee Dreyfus and debate moderator Gary Winters listen as incumbent David Obey spoke at a debate Tuesday. Photo by Bill Paulson.

Groshek's opposition optimistic

NewsAnalysis by Bob Kerksieck

cumbent state assemblyman, faces opposition in tomorrow's election from 29 Leonard Groshek (D- year-old Pamela Anderson, a Stevens Point), the in- Republican.



St

75 Editorial Guidelines: The Pointer will be published weekly during the school year except for exam and lion periods. Published to the 1974/5 school year are: Oct. 3, 10, 17, 24, 31; 7, 14, 32; Dec. 5/ Jan. 16, 23, 30; Feb. 6, 13, 20, 27; March 6, 13, 20; April 3, 10, 17, 24 asterial must be typed, doublespaced with one inch margins, and submitted to r Office by noon on the Friday before the issue in which you wish the material to

The pointer ortice by them while if thus events in the two the name, address and phone 3). All material submitted to the Pointer must have the name, address and phone number of someone to contact for verification, questions, etc. 4.) The editor reserves editorial rights over all material submitted to the Pointer. 5.) Adaterial submitted to the Opinion Section of the Pointer must be no longer than 200 words, and must be signed with the name of the wrifer. A remote with the News Service office and the Student Activities Office. Material submitted for the Campus Calendar with the constantion

Iffice and the Student Activities Office. Material submitted for the Campu&Catendar usit be submitted separately. 7.) The Pointer will deal with anything the editor feels has relevance to the university. 8.) Any UWSP Student may work on the Pointer. The editor reserves the right to make signments in keeping with the needs of the paper and with individual capabilities. 9.) Classified add will be ST for the first column inch and ST for each column inch reserves are right and found ads. To D. Rates for display ads may be obtained by calling the Pointer ad manager at 34 426. Special rates for public service organizations are available with the permission or a define.

The incumbent, 61, is seeking his fifth two-year term in the 71st district, which includes most of Portage County.

Groshek is chairman of the transportation committee, and a member of the highway committee, the veteran's and military affairs committee and the council on highway safety.

Anderson was an analyst for the Republican Assembly Caucus in Madison from 1969 until last May.

Groshek supported students earlier this year by co-authoring an amendment to the mini-budget to restore \$1 million previously removed because of the governor's user fee policy. In October, however, he said he did not think he could support lowering tuition.

According to Anderson, her primary issue is to return control to local government.

Anderson has charged that the state is turning its back on the problems of individual veterans

Groshek, who serves on the veterans committee, maintains that the state offers one of the best programs in the nation.

Anderson has said that she is not convinced that nuclear power is unsafe. She added that each local municipality should have the right to ban one, however

Groshek said that the question of nuclear power is difficult to answer because initially he thought it was safe, but that he has come to question it more lately.

Even in this Watergate tainted year, Anderson claims she is optimistic about her chances of winning despite the fact that no Republican has been elected to the state assembly from Portage County in over 40 years.

such as nuclear and solar energy. Most important he said, was a reversion back to government of the people, by the people and for the people rather than "a small group of

political professionals" ruling in Washington. Obey, elected to Congress in 1969 and recipient of a masters degree from UW Madison, said in his opening remarks, "We must have a tough energy conservation program." He also called congress "exorbitant" in energy policies and pointed out 14 committees and subcommittees which deal with energy

The House "doesn't work, or at least it doesn't work, well," said Obey calling for reorganization of the House. He pointed out that the House "hasn't been reorganized since 1946" and that when congressmen reach 65 years of age, instead of retiring, they get a committee chairman appointment.

In his remarks, Obey asked for budgetary cutbacks. As examples he cited the space program and weak anti-trust laws.

Totaling the sum of his policies, Obey said, "I will help preserve our con-stitutional principles that we came so close to losing under our last President."

In rebuttal, Burger accused Obey of having over 66 percent of his campaign funds coming from sources outside of Wisconsin and the Seventh District.

"It isn't true," Obey denied. "The dollars I have received from outside have come from the Democratic Party, anti-war groups, Washington fund raisers and groups for congressional reform."

Burger said he limited himself to donations from the Seventh District and the Republican Party.

In answer to a question on cuts in student work-study funds, Burger said he wished to see more research for the on see more research for the energy situation. Obey stressed the need for more dollars for higher education. Speaking on the en-vironment, Burger advocated the use of tax breaks for in-dustrise with rollution

dustries with pollution abatement programs.

The Obey-Burger debate was the second in a series of three debates held at UWSP. The first, on Oct. 16 was between Patrick Lucey between Patrick Lucey (Dem.), William Dyke (Rep.) and William Upham (Am.) for the office of governor. The last debate, held on Oct. 31, was between Gaylord Nelson (Dem.), Thomas Petri (Rep.) and Gerald McFarren (Am.),

and Geraid McFarren (Ani.), candidates for U.S. Senator. All three debates were sponsored by the UWSP Political Science Association. Gary Winters, a UWSP student and representative of the UWSP Political Science Association, moderated the debates.

Gubernatorial candidates show records

News Analysis by Bob Kerksieck

Governor Patrick Lucey, running for a second fouryear term, has a mixed record on higher education. One of his first actions as governor was to initiate a merger between the old Wisconsin State University System and (WSU) the

University of Wisconsin. That merger was completed by the legislature this summer

Lucey claims the state is moving toward better funding for the old WSU schools (including UWSP) under merger. Last year, UWSP received the smallest amount of state support per student of any of the campuses in the

UW System

At a debate here three weeks ago, the Republican candidate for governor William Dyke charged that merger has been bad for the old WSU schools and said, "higher education can't afford any more re-runs of the Lucey show.'

The American Party andidate William Upham Candidate

said all of Lucey's ap-pointments still come from UW Madison. "With all respect for Chancellor Lee Dreyfus, we know he came from Madison." (Dreyfus came here before Lucey became governor.)

Last year, Lucey proposed forcing the UW System to make up \$1 million in user fees. That proposal, had it not been defeated by the legislature, would probably have resulted in the loss of most competitive athletics.

After the defeat of the user fee proposal Lucey said, at a legislative workshop last spring, that the user fee issue was not dead. He strongly hinted that he would rein-troduce it if reelected.

At the debate here, he said

CARTOON NUMBER ONE

TUNDERSTAND

STUDENT VOTER

PALLS TOMOR BOW.

THERE'S SUPPOSED TO BE A LARGE

that the present tuition situation is "something people can live with." He said he would not favor cutting or freezing tuition.

Neither Dyke nor Upham offered anything very dif-ferent from Lucey on the tuition.

Both Dyke and Upham have been criticized for cutting Lucey without of-fering any programs of their own

Dyke is the former Madison mayor who had his police chief keep files on a number of Dyke's political enemies, including the present mayor.

After Dyke was defeated in the last election, the files disappeared. The police chief later returned the files and resigned. He was a driver for Dyke during this election.

WHAT? ANOTHER HOMECOMING

FLECTION SO

SOON?

LaFollette and Jones in secretary of state race

News Analysis by Bob Kerksieck

State Senator Douglas LaFollette said here last spring during Earth Week that all people should become politicians.

This is not in terms of governmental politics but in the politics "of making decisions and affecting the system," he said. LaFollette is the

Democratic candidate for secretary of state in tomorrow's election.

The Republican opponent, Kent Jones, said that if he's elected he'll organize town meetings around the state where people can meet legislators, local officials and state agency people. He added that he will also try to coordinate voter registration drives

LaFollette said that he will use the job as a platform to speak out on issues such as energy conservation, land use planning and tax reform.

He added that he will act as an ombudsman and hold town

meetings around the state to hear from people about their problems and help them cut red tape

LaFollette has opposed nuclear power as being en-vironmentally unsound and has long advocated student representation in university affairs.

Known for taking un-popular stands on issues when he feels it's necessary, EaFollette - said- here in August, "I'm willing to take a gutsy opinion and try to be only one-faced."

DEAR READERS: SINCE STUDENT VOTER TURNOUT HAS BEEN SO MISERABLE FOR MANY RECENT ELECTIONS, WE REALIZE SOMETHING IS WRONG. PERHAPS A "PRIMER"ELECTION IS NEEDED SO STUDENTS MAY "WARM UP" BEFORE THE REAL THING. FOR THIS REASON, WE NOW PRESENT THE STUDENT NORM "ELECT-A-FUNNY" (AN EXERCISE THAT WILL ALS HELP YOU PREPARE FOR YOUR GUBERNATORIAL VOTE).

AG candidate refuses debate

News Analysis by Bob Kerksieck

Bronson Democrat LaFollette and Republican Gerald Lorge are the only two candidates on the ballot in the race for attorney general.

LaFollette is a former define issues which attorney general. Lorge has have been debated.

served in the Wisconsin Legislature for 23 years. Lorge repeatedly challenged LaFollette to debate, but LaFollette declined.

LaFollette contended there was a schedule conflict and that Lorge had failed to define issues which would

LaFollette said that, if elected, he will cut the investigative staff of the office.

Early in the campaign, LaFollette said he was planning legal action against The Milwaukee Journal for printing an interview in which he was quoted as saying he had seen a psychiatrist and had smoked marijuana. No legal action was forthcoming and some have suggested that he deliberately mislead the public on this issue to get publicity

LaFollette has had to spend time clarifying statements he made at a LaCrosse news conference concerning sex and drug laws.

He said he never made a statement in favor of legalized prostitution and that he opposes it.

During the primary campaign, opponent Anthony Earl said he had heard that LaFollette was running because he needs the job.



NewsAnalysis by Bob Kerksieck

In the September primary, Raymond Disher upset incumbent Regina Hilger, by a 41 vote margin to win the Democratic nomination for county clerk.

Now Hilger, running as an independent, is the only opposition Disher has on tomorrow's ballot.

Hilger announced a week after the primary that she would run as an independent, saying that many people had come up to her and asked her to run.

Hilger's announcement came after a highly publicized voting machine irregularity threw the out-come of the primary into doubt.

The District Attorney ruled that the election results should stand, but Hilger used the confusion surrounding the goofup to gain support to run as an independent.

Hilger was deputy county clerk for five years and county clerk for four years. Disher has worked in government for four years.



Cellion: Robert Karkslexi Copy Editor: Mark Kewskil Copy Editor: Mark Kewskil Markslexi Business Manager: Kalty Anderson Ad Manager: Cindy Kaufman Photo Editor: Cong Kaufman Photo Editor: Cong Kaufman Photo Editor: Dennis Jensen Staft: Karen Buchholt, Julia Ann Ban Ficke, Rick Cola, Betty Clendenning, Kathy Cunningham, Salty Duslir, Penny Gilman, Sharon Hole, Jayne Hubacher, Mary Lou Krase, Katherine Kowalski, Dewirth, Petkala, Lorie Reshan, Robert Schallock, Kris Tersen and Geri Maring Yiroki, Kris Tersen and Geri Maring Witliam Witt. Wandrey Advisor: William Witt Photo Consultant: Jim Pierson

Automobiles are the source of all five of the major air pollutants in Wisconsin. Automobiles produce 90% of the car-bon monoxide, 60% of the hydrocarbons, 30% of the ni-trogen oxides, 2% of the sul-fue oxides, 2% of the sulfur oxides and 10% of the particulates.



CARTOON NUMBER TWO NAH! MY VOTE WOULDN'T PO ANY GOOD ANYWAY. HEY NORM, ARE YOU GOING TO VOTE TOMORROW? I DON'T EVEN KNOW WHO PRESIDENT HIXON THIS YEAR! TAURUS 9. Poge 4



VOTER ABOUT TO CLOSE CURTAIN

to the Right)



4. Move the Red Handle to the Left

OFFICIAL BALLOT-NOVEMBER 5, 1974 STEVENS POINT, PORTAGE COUNTY, WIS.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE CITY OF STEVENS POINT AND THE VILLAGES OF WHITING AND PLOVER:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that an election is to be held in the several Wards of the City of Stevens Point, Wisconsin, and in the Villages of Whiting and Plover, Portage County, Wisconsin, on the 5th day of November, 1974, at which time the officers named below are to be chosen. The names of the candidates for each office to be voted for, whose nominations have been certified or filed in this office are given under the Title of the office in the sample ballot and supplemental material below.

REGINA B. HILGER

If You Change Your Mind, Turn Up a Voting Pointer and Turn Down Another **for the Same Office.**

As no votes are registered until the Red Handle is moved to open the curtain, you can make as many changes as you desire while the Red Handle is of the right side. The machine is so arranged that you can turn down only the proper number of voting pointers for each office; you cannot spoil your ballot by voting for too many candidates. Each candidate's voting pointer is located just above the name; a voting pointer must be turned down over the name of each candidate for whom you wish to vote. LEAVE VOTING POINTERS DOWN. No one will know how you have voted because the movement of the Red Handle returns the voting pointers to the unvoted position before the curtain begins to open.



VOTER VOTING



To vote for a person whose name is not

column number as that office and write

on the ballot, raise the slide having

THE POINTER

November 4, 1974

STATE OF WISCONSIN) (SS. DEPARTMENT OF STATE)

OFFICE OF COUNTY CLERK **OCTOBER 28, 1974**

TO THE ELECTORS OF PORTAGE COUNTY:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that at an election to be held in the several Towns, Wards and Villages in the County of Portage, on the first Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of Novem-ber, A.D., 1974 being the 5th day of sald month, at which the officers named below shall be chosen. The names of the candidates for each office to be voted for, whose nominations have been certified to or filled in this office, are given under the title of the office and under the appropriate party or other designation, each in its proper column, in the sample ballot below.

INFORMATION TO ELECTORS

INFORMATION TO ELECTORS Upon entering the polling place, an elector shall give his name and address before receiving the ballot from the ballot clerk. The initials of two ballot clerks must appear on the ballot. Upon receiving the ballot, the elector shall retire alone to a voting booth and mark his ballot. A ballot clerk may inform the elector of the proper manner for marking a ballot, but he shall not in any manner advise or indicate for whom to vote.

If an elector wishes to vote for all candidates nominated by any party, he shall make a cross or other mark in the circle under the party designation printed at the top of the ballot. Unless a name has been erased or crossed out, another name written in, a mark placed to the right of a candidate for the same office in another column or a sticker applied, a mark in the circle at the top of the column is a vote for all the party's candidates listed in the column. If an elector does not wish to vote for all the candidates nominated by one party, he shall make a cross or mark in the square at the right of each candidates.

Insering or writing in the name of a candidate. In presidential elections, the elector shall place a cross or other mark in the square at the right of the set of candidates for president and vice presidential electors of those candidates. The ballot shall be counted for all the candidates for presidential electors of those candidates. The ballot should not be marked in any other manner. If the elector spoils a ballot, he shall return it to an election official who shall issue another in its place, but not more than three ballots shall be issued to any one elector. Not more than five minutes time shall be allowed to mark the ballot. Unofficial ballots or a memorandum to easist the elector in marking his ballot may be taken into the booth and copied. The sample ballot shall not be shown to anyone so as to reveal how the ballot in marked. ballot is marked.

After the official ballot is marked, it shall be folded so the inside marks do not show but so the printed indorsements and ballot clerk's initials on the outside do show. After folding the ballot, the elector shall leave the booth, give his name to the inspector in charge of the ballot box, hand him the ballot to be placed in the ballot box, and feave the polling place promptly.

An elector may be assisted by two election officials of different political parties in marking the ballot if he declares to the presiding official that he is unable to read or that due to physical disability he is unable to mark his ballot. If an elector declares that he is visually handicapped he may have anyone assist him in marking his ballot or operating a voting machine. The presiding official may administer an oath as to a person's disability. The following is a facsimile of the official ballot.

REGINA B. HILGER PORTAGE COUNTY CLERK

LOCATION OF **VOTING BOOTHS**

FIRST WARD-County-City Building

SECOND WARD-Recreation Center - Old Armory

THIRD WARD-Emerson School

FOURTH WARD-St. Peter's School - First & Fourth

FIFTH WARD-Jefferson School

SIXTH WARD-McKinley School

SEVENTH WARD-Fire Station - 1701 Franklin St.

EIGHTH WARD-Recreation Center - Old Armory

NINTH WARD-Knights of Columbus Bldg. - W. Clark St.

TENTH WARD-Old Fire Station - 1949 Strongs Ave.

ELEVENTH WARD-Peace Lutheran Center -

200 Vincent Court

TWELFTH WARD-Washington School

THIRTEENTH WARD-National Guard Armory - Jefferson St.

CITY POLLS OPEN 7 A.M. CLOSE 8 P.M.

Said election will be conducted, votes canvassed, all in accordance with Wisconsin Statutes as amended.

Debate cont.

trolled to aid consumers with these types of problems. In rebuttal, there should be

an increased production of these basic supplies which would force prices down and the poor might benefit most of all, stated Petri.

There should be an excessive profits tax on large businesses and effort should be directed in correcting loop holes in tax laws and the Sherman Anti-trust laws, said McFarren.

Concerning world peace, Smith directed his question to Petri and asked if a bill that cut off aid to Turkey is a signal to the Soviet Union that our foreign policy is declining.

Petri stated that this country has benefitted through having a bi-partisan foreign policy since World War II, however we have suffered through the last two or three administrations because of a drifting away from partnership on the part of the executive branch to leadership by this group and followership by the Congress. He hoped that doubts would be layed aside because the country is united in regard to the party in dealing with foreign friends and foes, he said.

Nelson, in rebuttal, felt the Democratic Congress would need support in maintaining a sound foreign policy. He also stated jokingly that he was beginning to think that the President was writing his own speeches after that issue

came out into the press. McFarren said he feared that our foreign policy has gone downhill since World War II and that we should be able to treat everybody as friends. Kissinger should be replaced so that an effort could be made to get foreign policy out of the shambles it is in, he added.

Zawadsky asked about possible lessons learned from Watergate and directed the question to McFarren.

"It is important that people elect those who are telling it the way it is," said Mc-Farren. Watergate has really been a cover up of the constitutional rights which the people of America are losing in the people they elect and the"back room" deals that are made, he added.

It is an abuse of executive power, and legislation must be passed which would insure warrantless wiretaps, said Nelson in rebuttal.

Petri cited three major lessons he learned from Watergate. Watergate em-phasized the importance of maintaining belief in the principle instead of the winning in an election, the importance of example on the part of elected officials and the importance of setting forth one's positions, even if objectionable to others, he said.

The debate ended up more as a question and answer session with Nelson stating that it really hadn't been a debate at all because he and Petri were pretty much in agreement and overall, all three candidates were generally agreeable. He also said he felt that no

real issues of debate had been brought up so that there was nothing to truly debate on.

Three run for treasurer

NewsAnalysis by Bob Kersieck

Campaigning and coverage have been almost nonexistent in the state treasurer race. Incumbent Democrat Charles Smith faces Nina Weir (Republican) and Grace Mattison (American Party)

Smith is completing his first four-year term. Weir and Mattison are making

their first bid for state office. Smith claims to have earned the stae \$3 million in additional interest during his four-year term.

He added that there has been no increase in the number of workers in his office, and that he turned back \$10,000 in unspent funds at the end of the last fiscal vear.





LOCATION OF VOTING BOOTHS

- 1ST WARD COUNTY-CITY BUILDING 2ND WARD — RECREATION CENTER (OLD ARMORY) 3RD WARD — EMERSON SCHOOL 4TH WARD — ST. PETER'S SCHOOL 5TH WARD — JEFFERSON SCHOOL 6TH WARD — MCKINLEY SCHOOL 7TH WARD — FIRE STATION 8TH WARD — RECREATION CENTER (OLD ARMORY) 9TH WARD — KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS BLDG. 10TH WARD — OLD FIRE STATION 1TH WARD — DED FIRE STATION
- 12TH WARD WASHINGTON SCHOOL
- 13TH WARD NATIONAL GUARD ARMORY

POLLING PLACES IN RURAL AREAS

VILLAGES

Almond Village Hall West side of Main St., across from Bank.

Amherst · Pumping Station, Mill Street.

Amherst Junction · V:llage Hall - Cty. Trunk O. 1 block south of Hwy. 10 on left side · brick building.

Junction City - Village Hall - Attached to Fire Station, Hwy. 10, Main Street.

Nelsonville · Village Hall.

Park Ridge - WIAA Building - 41 Park Ridge Dr., Park Ridge - on Hwy. 10.

Plover Plover Memorial Hall Corner of Green Dr. & Second Ave. • one block west of U.S. Hwy. Bus. 51.

Rosholt · Village Hall · Main Street.

Whiting Village Hall Whiting Road by Consolidated Papers.

TOWNS

Alban - Town Hall - Hwy. 66 about 11/4 miles east of Rosholt.

Almond · Community Hall · Across street from Bank.

- Amherst Town Hall Hwy. O 2 blocks east of Migas Store.
- Belmont Town Hall $1\!\!/_2$ mile north of Blaine on Cty. Trunk A.
- Buena Vista Town Hall On Hwy. 54 2 miles east of Hwy. "J" intersection.
- Carson · Town Hall · About 3 miles south of Hwy. 10 on G.
- Dewey Town Hall $\times 81/_2$ miles north on Hwy. 51 to Fire No. D-149. .

Eau Pleine - Town Hall - Hwy. 34 north U.S. Hwy. 10.

- Grant Town Hall County Trunk WW 1 mile east of County Trunk W & U in Kellner. Corner of 11th and Grant St.
- Hull Municipal Hall At the Municipal Garage 900 feet west of Fairview Village.
- Lanark · Town Hall · On County Trunk A · Approx. 4 miles south of Amherst on Cty. Hwy. A.

Linwood - Town Hall - Old Woodville School - South on Cty. Trunk P, turn right cn first road past PP.

New Hope · Town Hall · On Hwy. A · 1 mile south of Garfield Store on Cty. Trunk A.

Pine Grove · Town Hall · Bancroft.

- Plover · Plover Municipal Building · Corner Hoover Ave. and South Business 51.
- Sharon · Old Edison School · On Hwy. 66 · 1/2 mile west of Ellis.

Stockton · Town Hall · 1 mile south of Custer.



by Bob Kerksieck State Senator William Bablitch has often

befriended UWSP students. Bablitch and his legislative assistant Dave

Helbach have often stressed that as long as students make up a large percentage of his voting constituency, he will be responsive to students.

It is for that reason that students must join Wisconsin voters at the polls tomorrow. Secretary of State and U.S. Senator

We strongly recommend that you vote for Doug LaFollette (Democrat) for Secretary of State and to reelect U.S. Senator Gaylord Nelson (Democrat).

LaFollette has one of the best records in the state senate regarding education and the environment.

Nelson deserves overwhelming support for his early recognition of environmental issues and excellent record on other issues. Governor and Attorney General

We hope students will not vote for any of the major party candidates for governor and attorney general.

Governor Patrick Lucey (incumbent Democrat), while impressive on other issues, has proven such an enemy of higher education that we cannot support him.

The Republican candidate, former Madison Mayor William Dyke, is not impressive at all.

The Democratic candidate for attorney general, Bronson LaFollette, may have good credentials for the job, but his reasons for running dismay us. Former friends say that he is running for the money and could care less about the public.

The Republican candidate, Gerald Lorge, accomplished nothing during his 23 years in the Wisconsin legislature.

Representative to the U.S. Congress

Congressman David Obey (Democrat) has done nothing for the state and certainly nothing for education in the last five years.

Consequently, we endorse a former UW professor, Josef Burger (Republican), who we believe will do his best to represent the seventh district.

Representative to the state assembly

We endorse the Democratic incumbent, Leonard Groshek, over the Republican candidate, Pamela Anderson.

Groshek has worked bard to deserve our support during his eight years in the assembly by maintaining a good record on education and the environment. **Portage County Clerk**

We ask that you support the Democratic candidate, Raymond Disher, over the incumbent, Regina Hilger, who is running as an independent after being beaten by Disher in the Democratic primary.

