Laird workshop, News.

Dormitory art, Arts.

1899 grad reminisces, People, Places.

Dewey marsh fire, Environment.

Pointers stun LaCrosse, Sports.

October 8, 1976
By Mary Dowd, Editor

In compliance with a rather touching request I received last week on Two-Way Radio, I have conceded to fill this space with a pleasant editorial dedicated to a few of the positive aspects peculiar to this university. After giving the matter some thought, I have come up with three deserving causes with which I have enough familiarity to personally enthuse.

The first of these is the newly organized “Women’s Center Task Force,” a concerned group of faculty and students investigating the need, purpose, and viability of a campus “Women’s Center.” A similar operation known as “Women Helping Women” went over well with the students until finances became an overwhelming strain, forcing the center to close.

It is hoped that such a center, funded by the university, could act as a referral and coordinating agency in areas such as personal adjustment, vocational guidance, and human sexuality. At present, members of the task force are seeking student input regarding the demand for a center.

The second notable project is the development of the Escort Service. Originally proposed by the Portage County Anti-Rape Unit, it has since fallen under the jurisdiction of student government. The escort service will involve volunteers from the student body who will be dispatched in pairs to walk people requesting an escort to their respective destination.

The program has much to commend it. The individuals involved seem to be making a good deal of progress and exhibit a significant amount of dedication. The cost for the service as proposed are minimal. Both men and women are involved in getting the program off the ground.

Some of the negative aspects being examined are the possibility of an escort becoming an attacker and the difficulty involved in establishing a reliable screening procedure for escort applicants.

I feel the chances of both these incidences occurring could be effectively minimized. Other universities, such as Marquette, have established working escort services. It’s a possibility here as well—provided sufficient student backing is shown.

The last cause is the organization called “Women’s Political Caucus.” Formed by students last summer, it is designed to introduce students with the issues currently affecting the university and with other people involved. Heavy emphasis is given to those issues directly pertaining to women. In the past, Women’s Political Caucus has been involved in equitable athletic funding, the escort service and Women Helping Women.

Membership is open to anyone with an interest in being informed and bettering campus life. The group hopes to undertake committee work, support other projects of compatible organizations, and launch some projects of its own creation.

All of these new programs can use volunteers and campus support. Like all new projects they may grow and develop, or they just might flop. The determining element is the people involved. If you believe in any of these causes, I urge you to get involved. Information on whom to contact can be obtained through Student Government or the Pointer office.

Mail your completed questionnaire to:
Student Government
University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point
Stevens Point, WI 54481
Before October 15, 1976
To the Pointer,

Dan Houlihan made some very important comments in his analysis of my article to the Pointer, I am appalled at your gross perception of black problems, but there are discrimination to me that putting your race down on a record Professor Collins was not employed by this University at that time. Houlihan and Stevens Point may not be a totally hospitable environment for Blacks, but there are some solutions. You also said as if Stevens Point is doing black students a favor. But according to the Administration, black students are here to socially and culturally educate white students. So who is doing who a favor?

Dan Houlihan, being a journalism teacher, wrote some impressive statements in this issue. But being part of the establishment I expected more from this University, as well as his attempt to adhere to the status quo, does not erase the fact that students face a very serious problem in this town and University.

If the students and professors would stop eulogizing and capitulating to this administration, THE BULK OF THE PROBLEMS in this environment and in the UW system as a whole would change.

As a new student to the University, I wish to thank Dick Gregory, "As long as there's a nigger in the ghetto serving as a deterrent to Black people, what will America will let him function..." L.D. McCullum

Door slammed

To The Pointer,

As a new student to the University this summer, I was amazed at what I considered to be abbreviated library hours. Although I was somewhat resentful of the restrictions the hours placed on the University, I found it disturbing that this was not the case. I find it paradoxical that a university which supposedly supports intellectual growth would actually slam the doors of its library in the faces of its students.

In my past college experiences the library had been a refuge for students who didn't have adequate facilities elsewhere, but being a part of it there was a library. However the library has been stripped of its privileges (sic) of Coop membership—a 10 percent discount on all purchases and the occasional time to get together with others and contribute to a common interest.

At the Coop you can buy basic organic foods like brown rice, home pressed apple cider, wheat berries, say beans, any flour you desire, in any quantity you desire, to mention but a few of the specialties and the future service line in the grocery.

A new food bakery is planned for the new store, which will produce tasty breads and goodies, with no car. circuses to get there.

Support from UWSP students for this proposal and the Food Coop will only go in a long way in sustaining a good thing.

Baird Callcott

Think about it

To the Pointer,

Our world was once and is being amazed by the message held in the headline, "Sweeping Energy Change Ahead," Wisconsin Rapids Tribune, Sept. 27, '71. Its words: "For the present, the greatest attention should be focused on solar energy. A likely major contributor to Wisconsin's future energy supplies, solar technology has already reached the stage where it may be economically exploited."

This recommended policy is most encouraging, and if carried out with his attention, can move forward much more rapidly.

The Wisconsin Energy Coalition (WEC), andSAFE (Secure, Adequate, Future Energy), local Wisconsin Rapids chapter, says otherwise: "For the near future, new energy sources (solar, wind, coal, geothermal) are likely to play only a very minor role." And, they say: "Conservation of existing energy up to 110 billion Btu's may be essential for a short-term energy crisis. Of course, no conservation program can be developed without the new energy requirement report for 1985 and beyond."

In the years ahead, we must start somewhere and start now! Thinking negatively about solar power and conservation is erroneous and destructive.

The American Institute of Architects has published articles discussing how buildings designed, sited, built and operated with energy saving in mind can save energy in the range from 4,000 to 12.5 million barrels of oil per day. Booklets:

A Nation of Energy Efficient Buildings by 1990

Savings Energy in the Built Environment: the AIA Policy

Energy and the Built Environment: A Gap in Current Strategies

The American Institute of Architects

1725 New York Ave., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006

Will the civic or school buildings designed possibly built in the near future in your city incorporate energy saving features?

Counting our Chickens, former state director, did a fine job in the energy field. Now, in teaching environmental economics, he'll be useful in educating and teaching the public.

The Governor is to be commended for coming forward with a concretely line; tell him how you feel about the features of this proposed policy.

Cornelia Groshek

Letters

Rebuttal

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Cornelia Groshek
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SUN., OCT. 17, 1976
12:00 — NOON MASS
1:00 — PICNIC
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A SEMI-WAITED SOUP AND SANDWICH KITCHEN
SERVING YOU FROM 11:15-1:15
MONDAY THRU FRIDAY
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SHARE THE RIDE WITH US THIS WEEKEND AND GET ON TO A GOOD THING.

Us means Greyhound, and a lot of your fellow students who are already on to a good thing. You leave when you like. Travel comfortably. Arrive refreshed and on time. You'll save money, too, over the increased air fares. Share the ride with us on weekends. Holidays. Anytime. Go Greyhound.

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The Portable Party: Kickers
30 PROOF AND READY TO GO

Republicans inform youth

"One American soldier is worth ten Russians."

John Warner

By Chris Wampler and Steve Menzel

About 250 area high school students gathered at UWSP Tuesday for the Laird Youth Leadership Workshop. The students listened and talked with high ranking Republican officials, as well as journalists and educators from the area.

Melvin Laird, secretary of defense during the Nixon administration and the Vietnam War, was the host for the event, along with UW System President John Weaver. Chancellor Dreyfus was unable to attend the event due to a change in schedule preventing him from leaving Taiwan.

Laird, in his opening remarks said the workshop was started in 1965 as part of an effort to change young people's negative attitudes toward government service. He said parents regard politics as a "rather dirty, messy business" and told the high school students it really wasn't.

Other Republican notables there were David Mathews, secretary of health, education and welfare; John Warner, former secretary of the Navy and chairman of the Bicentennial Commission; Lawrence Eagleburger and Congressman William A. Steiger. R-Oshkosh.

The workshop presented a solidly Republican approach to foreign policy, defense, education and welfare.

John Warner, in his talk on defense, asked the high school students why the U.S. should spend more money on defense, if we can already kill everyone in the world ten times over.

In answering his own question, he said that the money is needed for conventional arms and men, because, he predicted, if we have another war, it will be a conventional war.

Warner cited his past experience with war, saying he has been in three of them, and has come to the conclusion that the American soldier is worth ten Russian soldiers in fighting ability. This is true, he said, unless a war is fought with Russia, because "Russians fight very hard for their homeland, as the Germans found out."

Warner, in his comments, was strongly in favor of building more nuclear submarines. He reasoned that the U.S. is surrounded by seas, and we need them to protect the pathways for imported resources. Russia on the other hand, he said, is landlocked and needs a small Navy for defense. The building of the Russian Navy, said Warner, could only be for offensive purposes, so more American submarines are important. Warner also emphasized the high quality of America's war instruments when they are compared to Russia's.

"Foreign policy is alien to most Americans," Lawrence Eagleburger opened his workshop on foreign policy with this statement. Eagleburger is presently deputy assistant to Henry Kissinger. He defined the four major objectives practiced in current U.S. foreign policy.

Eagleburger accompanied Kissinger on his latest trip to Angola, at which time the white ruling class conceded to a black representative government, agreeing to let them assume power within the next two years. Eagleburger said the African problem and the Israeli-Egyptian conflict are among the high priorities in the State Department.

Mathews, Sec. of HEW, addresses students

Steiger n oted that students have been dissatisfied with a curriculum which bypasses their needs, causing a loss of motivation and, in some cases, the student's dropping out. Steiger said this is due to the failure of educators to provide adequate career counseling and guidance.

As an alternative to the standard twelve-year route, Steiger suggested placing students in public service agencies and private industries providing them with on the job experience before choosing a college major.

He said college has been stressed too much and too many teachers are catering to college bound students creating a sharp division between the highly literate group and those barely able to construct a sentence.

Other speakers at the conference included Roland Evans, syndicated newspaper columnist; Monica Baines, professor at UWSP; and Sara Joan Bales, an attorney.

Former Secretary Laird said that Gallup polls have recently shown that confidence in government leadership is still at an all time low. Considering Laird's past and the conservative orientation of the government officials that were here Tuesday, it remains to be seen whether this workshop and others like it in the future will create a more positive attitude toward government service or increase negative attitudes.

John Warner

Laird and Eagleburger

"The U.S. Constitution is the oldest written constitution in use today," Pellman said. "Our forefathers did a technically good job in writing it. After serving for 200 years, I see no reason why the constitution can't cope with the next 100 years."

The 68-year-old professor said that the key to a flexible constitution rests in the hands of the Supreme Court. It must make the decisions which will change or uphold the document. The court must monitor changes in our society which are not accounted for in the Constitution, he said.

"Constitutional change will always be an issue. But great issues never get solved," he theorized. "There is a compromise, and compromise is not ignoble. Compromise provides a balance. If this balance is maintained, the Constitution can continue to adjust in the future."

Change in education was the theme of Congressman William Steiger's talk. Steiger was critical of the inadequacies he perceived in the present educational system and proposed a number of changes.

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"Politics isn't a "dirty, messy business."

Stabilizing relationships with the Soviet Union and Red China are also of prime importance, he said. In his talk he referred to Red China as "The swelling ant hill."

Eagleburger perceived international starvation and the population problem as threats for which only a few nations can provide relief. The U.S., being a nation concerned with human rights, can furnish these needs and, in so doing, exert a certain amount of control.

When asked what makes Henry Kissinger so popular, Eagleburger said, "One element about Kissinger remains clear, and that is, you can't argue with success."

David Pellman, professor of political science at UW-Madison and author of several books, gave his feeling on the question: "Will our constitution adjust to the needed changes in the next 100 years?"

Laird and Eagleburger

October 8, 1976 Page 5 Pointer
Enrollment took a last minute jump at UWSP and ended with a final official count for the fall semester of 8,542, a gain of 322 from last year.

More students than expected signed up for several off-campus night courses, pushing the count from a week ago ahead from 8,475.

Though virtually everyone in the administration is reluctant to consider the prospects of limiting enrollment in the next few years, UWSP now is forced into serious deliberation on that subject.

A projection of 8,800 students next fall, which was met with skepticism by many when it was announced several weeks ago, is now believed to be likely. And if there is no additional funding from the state to handle the growth, enrollment limits will be necessary.

The UWSP Faculty Senate has set a limit for next fall of 8,200 students--give or take two percent--it believes it can "reputably" teach with current funding levels. Therefore, the maximum enrollment under that system would be 8,364.

Assistant to the Chancellor Edwin W. Sigmund says he is "reasonably optimistic" that the Legislature will provide more funds in its budget deliberations next year. The UW System will make a "very modest" proposal to operate its campuses around the state, he explained, and "it will be difficult to deny the reality of our need."

Nevertheless, a contingency plan has been formulated by an interim planning committee of faculty members.

If limitations are necessary, a hold will be placed on all freshmen applications who are in the lower 35 percent of their high school class. Those prospective freshmen between the 25th and 35th percentile would be accepted but not admitted until the beginning of the second semester in January of 1978. Persons below the 25th percentile would be an indefinite hold.

The interim planning committee headed by Joseph Schuler presented its proposals to the executive committee of the Faculty Senate and the final version was sent to Madison.

Last year, the senators voted a maximum enrollment limit of 8,500 (eight students above the number that actually appeared this fall). But they stipulated that level could only be handled on a one-year basis. Consequently, if the additional funding is provided by 1974 and the university would be in line to drop its current enrollment by 200 and turn away the additional 300 increase in head count that has been predicted.

This year's enrollment includes an increase of 46 freshmen to a total of 1,913, and the largest entering class since 1971. Transfers are up 726 to 781 and non residents are holding at approximately the same figure this year at about nine percent of the total. The out-of-state enrollment in 1973 was 781.

Also quite different from 1967 is the fact that women now represent 47 percent of the enrollment compared with 41 percent.

Hall residents petition party policy

Of Baldwin Hall's 280 residents, 171 have petitioned to change the hall's party policy. Gregory Bayer, director of Baldwin, imposed a policy stating that parties involving alcohol may be held in the dormitory only on Friday and Saturday nights. His rationale for restricting the hall parties to those nights was to protect the students' right to study. Bayer said parties are frequently held in the basement lobbies, are too noisy and they bother residents who wish to study.

Many students who reside in Baldwin are angry with Bayer's party policy. Those residents say the hall council, not the dormitory director, should determine when and where hall parties are to be held.

Gary Johnson, co-president of Baldwin, pointed out that under the rules and regulations as stated in the UW-SP housing contract, consuming liquors and-or fermented malt beverages may be possessed and consumed in your own room and in any other designated area approved by the action of the hall council. However, Bayer's policy is supported by clause "C" under rules and regulations. The clause states, "changes in the rules and regulations may be made by the university during the term of contract."

Clause "C" is a catch-all statement that gives the university a free hand to change any rule it wishes. Some questions arise as to if clause "C" that point to inadequacies in the housing contract. The first question is one of definition. It is never clearly defined what the "university" is in the housing contract. Presumably the "university" could be the Chancellor, the Director of Housing, or even a dormitory director. Secondly, it is uncertain whether Baldwin's director can use clause "C" to support his party policy. The clause allows for "changes" in rules and regulations, NOT promulgation of new rules and regulations.

Like all student governments at UW-SP, Baldwin's hall council plays an advisory role and an administrator like Bayer may choose to heed or ignore suggestions or proposals that emanate from hall council. Bayer said he would be responsive to any reasonable proposal for change in party policies, but Bayer remains the judge of what is reasonable.

At the Baldwin hall council meeting Monday, Oct. 4, a proposal was made to Bayer. The proposal stated parties may be held on week nights in the west basement lounge. The proposed policy would be on a trial basis. If the parties are too noisy, the proposed policy would be dropped. The proposal is still under discussion.

It is unfortunate that Baldwin residents can not use their home for both studying and partying. Quiet conditions are important for study, and noise is a necessary element of parties. Meanwhile, many students who live in Baldwin Hall remain justifiably disillusioned.
Health Center gets lady doctor

By Jane Stoops

As of Monday the student Health Center has a much needed addition, Dr. Kathy McGinnis. Dr. McGinnis, 25, originates from Milwaukee. Her family now resides in Waupaca where also includes training at Los Angeles completing a flexible internship at the Marshfield Clinic.

The Student Health Advisory Board and Student Senate representatives interviewed Dr. McGinnis before hiring her. The interviews consisted of whether or not the applicant wants to work with students and whether or not the applicant can easily relate to students. Fifteen percent of the student activities fee goes to the health services provided.

With the recent enrollment increase of students an increase of utilization of the health service facilities, more help is needed. It is not unusual to wait one hour before being examined.

The full time staff consists of three doctors, two nurse practitioners, a physician’s assistant and one and a half medical technicians. With visits being a record 10 percent more last year than the year before, the addition of Dr. McGinnis is much looked forward to by the staff.

One of the main policies the health center encourages is preventive medicine. Dr. McGinnis feels that the college age group is the right area for this field. This age is when permanent habits are formed and Dr. McGinnis would like to see only healthy habits being formed.

Dr. McGinnis is looking forward to coming to Stevens Point. She enjoys working with younger people and realizes that this age group occasionally needs a sympathetic healer when first away from home.

This year, the city’s public hearings on the community development program for 1977 will be held on Thursday, Oct. 21 at 7 pm in the Sentry auditorium.

If you have some thoughts on how Stevens Point could be improved, come to one of the public hearings and let us know. We have the money, all we need is your ideas.

As everyone knows, water cannot sink into asphalt as it does into unpaved earth. Each time someone puts up a parking lot, they contribute to a surface water runoff problem and increase the need for more and larger storm sewers.

The problem is particularly acute on the city’s northwest side in the area of the new Sentry Insurance complex. As many of you already know, this is low swamp land which must be filled in to be developed. In their natural state, areas like this act as a natural reservoir which slows the flow of the surface water runoff. But, when they are developed the reservoir characteristic is destroyed.

The city is now thinking about what type of long range plan they can make to solve this problem before it happens.

One main idea that has been suggested is to channel more of the water into Moses Creek and from there run a storm sewer out to the Plover River. Who knows what effect this might have on the Plover River?

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The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, more commonly known as the Buckley Amendment, was enacted by Congress in November 1974 and put into effect January 1, 1975. The Buckley Amendment allows for inspection and review by an individual of all records compiled on him after Jan. 1, 1975. The Amendment also assures that the records will remain confidential and inaccessible to the public without the individual’s written consent. Exceptions are found on pages 14 and 15 of the 1976-1977 UWSP Student Handbook. One exception is: “Requests from University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point faculty and staff with a legitimate educational need to know.”

The matter of student research and how it involves the Buckley Amendment is an area that is in need of clarification and definition. Research conducted by students is often required by instructors because of its educational aspect and because of the possibility that the research may benefit university policies or programs. The research may involve the use of grade point averages (GPA), test scores (ACT), and other information considered a part of a student’s “educational record.” Information can be procured by acquiring the written consent of that student whose records are to be researched. On some occasions, however, the acquisition of consent and consequently the knowledge that one is being researched may bias any further testing or conclusions on the part of the researcher. The research to be conducted may exhibit a legitimate educational need utilizing educational records but access to that information is restricted under the Buckley Amendment.

The Registrar’s Office of UWSP recognized the dilemma and produced a research request form which, when completed, designates a student researcher as a “school official.” This allows the student to obtain information unavailable under the Buckley Amendment. The educational records requested by the researcher on any number of students as authorized by the research request form are then made available to the researcher with the understanding that the information obtained will be kept in strict confidence.

The Student Government Association recognizes the educational benefits of student research. The SGA at the same time recognizes the spirit of the Buckley Amendment as it relates to the right to privacy of educational records. The research request form supplied by the registrar’s office requires the authorization of the student researcher’s instructor, department chairperson, and the dean of the college in which the student is enrolled. If these authorizations are not granted, and the student feels the research has merit and is of legitimate educational interest, the student may make an appeal up to the level of the chancellor.

Student Government feels the right of appeal should also be granted to the students whose records will be researched without their personal consent—appeal in the sense that the student’s rights must be cared for.

Recognizing the possible opportunity for bias, SGA feels that the right of appeal should be granted through the Student Government Office. One member of Student Government could receive each research request form and, within one school day, review it. The object of the review would be to identify any possible questions or conflicts evident in the project. If no questions or conflicts arise, the Student Government member would notify the records office.

If the Student Government member feels there is a question or conflict in the research request, the member would notify the registrar’s office and the justification is an interview with the student researcher and the director of co-curricular services. If it is determined that the research is of legitimate educational interest, the research may proceed. Appeals must be forwarded within one day to the Assistant Chancellor and if need for appeal still exists, to the Chancellor, whose decision is final.

The intent is to allow meaningful student input in the determination of a student researcher’s legitimate “need to know.” Student Government endorses those research projects that benefit university policies or programs without abusing the rights of individuals.
Centers offer more than food

By Gail Gatton

Whether you live in the Debocomplex or the Allen one, did you ever stop and think of the other resources they have, besides food for you to stuff yourself with? Here are just a few examples: study lounges, snack bars, TV lounges, typewriters, and much more.

The Centers' facilities cater to the dormitory residents and do their best to cover all the students' needs. The philosophy behind Deboc is to be a mini-union. The purpose here is to save the students the trouble of going all the way to the Union.

As such a place, they have many of the same services that the Union does, including the Shoppe, which is an extension of the University Bookstore. The Shoppe is unique in that it is there strictly as a service for the students, not as a money-making business. They carry everything from pens to those all-famous Point T-shirts.

Need some money? Well, they don't exactly give it away, but the Shoppe will cash checks for students. They also sell stamps so that you can write good ol' Mom and Dad to send your favorite album or tape in the mailbox. While you're waiting for it, the student's manager's office and it is their job to see that every thing continues to run smoothly.

While each student manager has his or her own area which he/she controls, Gwen Nevold, head student manager, in Allen, says, "We do." By being both a manager and a resident assistant, she means herself and her staff of five other student managers. These managers are responsible for the building, and it is their job to see that everything continues to run smoothly and function properly.

While each student manager has his or her own area which he/she controls, Gwen's job is to coordinate everything and take care of intercenter communications. She said that one thing she would like to stress is that the food service is separate from the Center. They do, however, cooperate with one another in their common goal: serving the students. The Deboc student managers are available to you 8 am-12 midnight Monday thru Saturday and 9:30 am-12 midnight on Sunday. The Shoppe is open 11 am-6 pm Monday thru Thursday, 1 pm-6 pm on Friday, Sunday night.

Now, if you will join your buddies overalls and your engineer's cap, let's take a trip over to Allen Center. The theme running throughout Allen Center is that of a freight yard, and the decor and the names certainly give that atmosphere. So all aboard and let's shove off.

First stop is the Depot Room which is currently under renovation to accommodate the smoking area. You may not smoke in Deboc but Allen has allowed. Nor are there train whistles, screeching brakes, or noisy passengers. However, the Shoppe is open.

These kind of disturbances are routed to the Peck Stop where you can stop and have a cup of coffee and some of the Shoppe's wares. The Peck Stop also has food, guess again. Either take a trip through Allen and look over and use these facilities, or if you live in the Deboc complex, run on over and be the first kid on your block to check out the new hopscotch game in the material center, listen to Fleetwood Mac, or stare at the paintings on the walls. Whatever you do, remember that these are your facilities and are here to serve you.

Allen Center's head engineer is Christopher Badgley and he has four assistant engineers to help him keep Allen running smoothly. Chris has to co-ordinate the whole building and designate the work areas of the other student managers. He says he tries to do this with a "maximum of efficiency and a minimum of overlap." If it sounds like a big job, that's because it is. Being responsible for a freight yard the size of Allen takes quite a bit of work. You can find a student manager around from 11 am-12 midnight on Monday thru Friday and 10 am-12 midnight on the weekend.

So the next time you think that all Allen or Deboc has to offer is SAGA food, guess again. Either take a trip through Allen and look over and use these facilities, or if you live in the Deboc complex, run on over and be the first kid on your block to check out the new hopscotch game in the material center, listen to Fleetwood Mac, or stare at the paintings on the walls. Whatever you do, remember that these are your facilities and are here to serve you.

Photo by Phil Neff
Students dish out nutritional advice

By Chris Gaedtke

Information about nutrition is now as close as the nearest telephone for UWSP students. Under the new Dial-A-Student Dietitian program, twelve home economics juniors are ready to research any questions you may have about food or health. To place a question, call 346-2702 between 1 pm and 4 pm on Mondays and Wednesdays or drop a line to:

Dial-A-Student Dietitian
101 COPS Building
UW-Stevens Point
Stevens Point, WI 54481

(Include phone number and return address).

The phone call or letter will be received by a work-study student, who will relay the question to one of the home economics juniors. This "student dietitian" will find an appropriate answer, check it with faculty resources, and return the call within two or three days.

The twelve juniors are taking part in the Coordinated Undergraduate Program (CUP) in dietetics. CUP is an alternative to the traditional dietetics program which requires internhip. In CUP, clinical experiences are offered within the four-year program itself.

"One of the objectives of the CUP program is to be of service to a community or institution," said Mary Ann Novascone of the UWSP Home Economics Department. She feels that the Dial-A-Student Dietitian program can serve the university at the same time it gives the dietetics majors experience in working with people.

"Dietitians need to communicate to those who want their help," explained Ms. Novascone, "and all of these science oriented courses don't teach them that. This program should force students to translate their message into terms the general public understands and to zero in on personal needs.

The dietetics juniors are taking a fairly extensive science background and are currently taking a normal nutrition course. "Normal nutrition" is for people who have no special restrictions in their diets. The ten seniors in CUP help out with questions about diet therapy and modification.

CUP borrowed the idea of Dial-A-Dietitian from the professional services of the type offered in metropolitan areas. The Milwaukee Dietetics Association, for example, sponsors a program in which different dietitians of the area are periodically responsible for answering questions that come in. Mary Ann Novascone was involved in that program.

Ms. Novascone pointed out that there are two general need categories for nutritional information at UWSP. First, students living off campus often have difficulty managing meals around their schedules. They may end up eating the same fast meals day after day and would probably appreciate tips about convenient nutritional variety.

Also, many students are considering alternative food patterns such as vegetarianism, organic cooking, and fad dieting for weight control. These students may desire objective information about the nutritional value of such alternatives.

The CUP students are interested in getting the campus involved in Dial-A-Student Dietitian. They hope to soon expand their services to the Stevens Point community.

Counseling offers special help

The Counseling Center will be initiating a series of special programs for interested students. The programs are intended to meet the developmental interests and concerns common among students. Please call or drop by the Counseling Center (346-3553; 014 Nelson) if you are interested in any of the following programs.

ASSERTIVE TRAINING GROUPS (Men and Women) are offered for those who want to increase their ability to stand up for their rights, express emotions and feelings without fear of criticism or rejection, send and receive clean, crisp communication and learn to manage meals in areas of interest, abilities, and values and to develop a greater awareness of various sources of occupational information. Group meetings will emphasize using the knowledge gained about oneself and the world of work to develop a personal "game plan" for career exploration and development.

PERSONAL GROWTH GROUPS are designed to be relatively unstructured, providing a climate of maximum freedom for personal expression, exploration of feelings, and interpersonal communication.

STOP SMOKING PROGRAMS will be offered on an experimental basis. Several approaches will be used and individuals may be asked to pay a small fee for the cost of materials used in the program. Group discussion, reinforcement procedures, individual goal setting, information sharing and group support are among the procedures that will be utilized.

WEIGHT CONTROL GROUPS utilize a small group format with weekly meetings to provide structure and support for group members. Group sessions emphasize training individuals in determining the social controls of overeating and in the use of behavioral techniques to cope with these influences in changing eating behavior.

U.A.B. COFFEEHOUSE PRESENTS:

Robin & Linda
Williams

SUPER VOCAL HARMONIES!!

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OCTOBER 11, 12, 13

9-11 P.M.

FREE

PLUS SOMETHING NEW FROM SAGA

OCTOBER 11 — TAFFY PULLING
12 — CIDER AND DOUGHNUTS
13 — PEANUTS IN THE SHELL AND CARAMEL APPLES

OUTSIDE OF THE COFFEEHOUSE
1899 Grad reminisces

Without any plans of my own and with no counsel or assistance from anyone you can well imagine I had a difficult time of it.

Those were the words of George Zimmer, drawn from a biographical letter he wrote to his children. Mr. Zimmer, a 96-year-old Marshfield man, may be the oldest living alumnus of what is now the University of Wisconsin—Stevens Point. He is almost surely the only survivor of his graduating class of 1899.

Mr. Zimmer was present when the university opened, and remembers when they voted on the school colors—purple and gold. He remembers most of the faculty by name—especially Joe Collins, the math professor, who taught him to add "in tens."

His parents lived in Stevens Point, so he was able to stay with them while at school, thus saving himself room and board expenses. His father told him that he could go to school as long as he wanted to, and that he would finance his son's education—but as the years passed, he could find none, so he was able to stay with them while at school.

Mr. Zimmer began his university education at the age of 14. He was put into an intermediate class of about 90 persons, and had to take numerous subjects before he was allowed into teaching classes. He had always wanted to teach, but he was so undersized for his age.

Mr. Zimmer graduated in 1899 and, armed with his teaching certificate, went out in search of a job. He soon found, however, that prospective employers were more concerned with his personality and religious affiliations than they were with his qualifications. Disheartened by this experience, he traveled to Colorado to see what kind of work he could find there. At the time, there were no such things as "jobs." You took whatever you could get. Mr. Zimmer made the rounds of odd jobs, working at a sawmill, a cattle ranch, and upon returning to Point, on the Wisconsin Central Railroad. Later, he quit the railroad and got a job as a bookkeeper. After that, he worked for the Roddis Lumber & Veneer Company for about 10 years. It was around this time that the University of Wisconsin discovered a method for making water-proof glue (a previously unheard of substance) out of a milk product called Casein. Mr. Zimmer was quick to see that there was an enormous untapped market for such a glue.

In January of 1924, after taking a course at the university to learn more about the glue, he went into business for himself, producing it. Thus was born the Wisconsin Casein Co. He sold this profitable venture later, and purchased a one-third interest in the Marshfield Oil Company, from which he retired in 1944. Since that time, he's spent his days traveling, fishing, and hunting.

Despite the fact that he's led an incredible active and varied life, Mr. Zimmer still thinks of his years at the University of Wisconsin—Stevens Point as the most important event in his life. With almost a century of living to look back upon, that's quite a testament to the value of education. Here is a man who remembers the beginning of the institution you are now attending. A man whose parents came to Point before the Civil War. A man whose grandfather was seven years old when George Washington died. An alumnus of your university who is still, as they say, looking good.

uab films presents:

RETURN OF THE PINK PANTHER

STARRING PETER SELLERS
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FRIDAY, OCT. 8
6:30 pm & 9 pm
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University Film Society
PRESENTS
WOODY ALLEN'S
"Love and Death"

STARRING WOODY ALLEN & DIANE KEATON

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 12
7:00 & 9:15 P.M. — $1.00
PROGRAM BANQUET ROOM

October 9, 1976 Page 11 Pointer
BIZARRE ACTIVITIES

By Tom Staack
I was contentedly browsing through a trashy magazine when I was approached by the Pointer's head pest. He was in a great perplexity about finding someone to write an article about inexpensive alternatives to boosting it up. He chose me on the flatterimg basis that I've served an extensive term in Point.

I mentioned that two and a half years wasn't really that long, but he chose to ignore this, going on to all kinds of terrific suggestions. Why reach for the bottle when there's the Edna Carlsen Gallery, Film Society movies, poetry reading and so on and infinitum?

I gave him a very good answer as to why. What is one supposed to do when it's 11:30 on a Friday or Saturday evening? After all, there are no movies, no museum, nothing.

The noxious nuisance disguised as an editor had little to say. As he started to snivel and exhibit a generally disgusting deportment, I told him that I would share some of my favorite late-night activities with the readers of the Pointer. The really good ones, I have reserved for myself and some of my closest friends. There are a lot of fun, and moreover, are absolutely free.

Shine your shoes. This is really exciting. Opening a tin of polish or saddle soap and listening to the whoosh of a shoe is a thrill. A large number of feet on this campus are clad in disgracefully suffocated apparel. It is apparent that few people have tuned into this form of entertainment.

Track down the real scoop on Ed Gein. You may somehow be related to him. Only a person from the Plain- field area can know for sure. It makes for interesting conversation. Tact is advised.

Pavement for Trivia; count telephone poles from here to there, bricks in the CCC, or windows in the Science Building. This is why they won't ask these questions, but at least you'll be prepared for boring conversations.

If you live in a dorm, bother your dorm director with some inane problem; perhaps that you think you're possessed. Be creative. For off-campus students, get your landlord to come over by telling him that there's some strange noise in the walls.

Write home without asking or his­ ting for money. This can prove to be a real test of one's determination.

Try to set some new little 'World Record. How many Hardee's does one need to take to Huskie's can you fit in your mouth? How long can you sustain a belch? The important thing to remember here is discretion. Just because you are in fact a slob, doesn't mean you have to let everyone else know it.

Surgically remove your toenails. This can be done over the period of several nights. Apply the principles you've learned in Bio, Animal Physiology here. A real challenge here is post surgical care. Infections can be nasty, and delay regrowth.

Mastermind some great crime, like smuggling a Hoagie out of Debat. Just think of your outfit--"Wanted for the inter-facility transportation of a stolen Hoagie."

Or finally, take off all the drain traps in your place of residence. There is a potential fortune to be made here. Diamonds, coins, contact lens and hairpins can be retrieved. Additionally, a great source of unknown scum growth can be viewed. If all this still doesn't interest you, you can of course try some of your own diversions. You may even want to go out and have a beer.

Coffeehouse Offers Fantastic Talent

By Mary Jirku
For quite a few semesters, UAB has sponsored Coffeehouses in the Union. Those who were lucky enough to experience them probably wonder what happened to them. The Coffeehouse lives on, and if the past Coffeehouse sounds fantastic. Why isn’t it’s been entertainment, ranging from blue grass bands to folk singers to... well, use your imagination and chances are the Coffeehouse has probably had it. The best part, though, is that they’re free, something poverty stricken college students can appreciate.

So far the line up for October includes Robin and Linda Williams. The Williams’ are from Virginia and will be in the Coffeehouse Oct. 11-13. On Thursday, Oct. 14, Paul Vernon will be performing. Oct. 15 and 16 will bring talent from our own campus. Pat Houlihan. Pat describes himself as a “songster, one who is song.” He plays acoustic guitar, harmonica, and jews’-harp and sings much of his own material, as well as things by Dylan, Jon Mitch­ ell, The Beatles, and Tom Paxton. Pat, who is also a member of the Coffeehouse committee, is planning a surprise for Coffeehouse patrons on Tuesday, Oct. 19. So keep your eyes and ears open.

Oct. 25-27, the nationally ac­ claimed Chuck Mitchell will come to the Coffeehouse. Mitchell, from Den­ ver, Colorado is a singer, musician, poet and actor and was reviewed in the Detroit Free Press as a "pure trouble and a pleasant surprise to any audience." In his last visit to UWSP, Mitchell, once a student of Will-O-Way Apprentice Theatre and a great as they may be, don’t make a project of this nature a total success. I think you’d like to share with the world, but you never thought you’d get the chance?"

Well the UAB Coffeehouse is looking for you. The incredibly frien­ dly, fantastic, and jovial (as they call themselves) Coffeehouse committee is constantly in search of good local talent to perform at the Coffeehouses. Auditions are being held from 7 pm to 1 pm on Oct. 7 and 8. If you have a talent for music or acting, the Coffeehouse chairperson, or any other committee members in the UAB Office at the Union or at 236-2412 and sign up for a time slot.

Coffeehouse Committee has planned for this semester is fantastic.

The Coffeehouses are musical sessions held in the Grid. The Coffee­ house is much more than an ex­ tension of the Grid, though. In the past it’s been entertainment, ranging from blue grass bands to folk singers.

The taste that brings you back.

‘TWO-FER’ THE PRICE OF ONE

This coupon entitles holder to two Big Twins for the regular price of one. At Hardee's of Stevens Point. Limit of one coupon per purchase.

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617 DIVISION
OFFER EXPIRES OCT. 14, 1976

Men's & Women’s "PUFFS"

BASS

SHIPPY SHOES

MAIN AT WATER

HELLO BIG TWIN

The Big Twin is two charcoal-flavored beefsteak burgers (1/2 pound) separated by a slice of tangy melted cheese and topped with shredded lettuce and Hardee's own special sauce.

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"TWO-FER" THE PRICE OF ONE

This coupon entitles holder to two Big Twins for the regular price of one. At Hardee's of Stevens Point. Limit of one coupon per purchase.

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617 DIVISION
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Men's & Women's "PUFFS"

BASS

SHIPPY SHOES

MAIN AT WATER
**Resident assistants—a double bind**

**By Susan L. Haima**

"...we have the best training program, the best resources, and the best people in the state of Wisconsin. Maybe in the Midwest. Conceivably in the nation."

Ms. Karg, Assistant Director of Housing, was praising the UWSP resident assistants. The resident assistant in this situation is a student that greeted many a freshman with a nervous smile and a handful of keys. What they are is otherwise normal individual to seek out student position? What sort of unique problems do they encounter? How do they feel about themselves and their role?

The statement is often made that a resident assistant is caught in a number of double binds. The administration sees them as staff and the students see them as administrators. They are expected to encounter force rules within the residence hall which they personally disagree; in staff training they may be told that they have to very general suggestions that may pertain to the specific situations they will encounter. They would find unfortunate enough to question whether this position must contend with very real and very powerful feelings of self-doubt, loneliness, and frustration.

Are they caught between administration and students? Jim Kirkpatrick of Thomas believes that there is "some conflict in new RA's of aren't sure where they fit...if that happens it must be stressed that 'number one you are a person, number two a student, and number three an RA...'"

Karg adds that this conflict "is probably internal...but yes...sometimes RA's are in a double bind, not an impossible one but a challenging and difficult position because first of all, an RA is a student...but, by contact, RA's indicate that second only to their academic pursuit the RA position will be the highest priority to them."

Alcohol and drug abuse and twenty-four hour visitation are of great concern to housing staff persons. Kirkpatrick feels that one of the primary purposes of RA's, faculty, and others concerned with human development on this campus is to provide structure to evolving personalities and to, above all, challenge, stimulate, facilitate, and direct each individual.

Bearing that in mind, he challenges all to think through the reasons and consequences for irresponsible and inconsiderate drinking behavior. He asks that students and others consider that virtually any sort of abuse, be it of alcohol, of automobiles, or of food intake can have unhappy results.

In regards to marijuana use, however, he adds that "...hospice, alcohol, under the age of 21 are psa facto illegal...marijuana is civil...and contractually a violation of the student rules...implied or explicit in the student's background. We have a credibility situation...we have a question of trust..." Karg agrees.

Julie Gross of Burroughs expresses the feeling that there is a great dependency on alcohol for success in social intertions. This was perhaps most dramatically illustrated by a former student who, when confronted with the problem of a non-drinking student who felt out of place at a wing party, encouraged the student to fill a beer bottle with water and join the festivities. Socially, the girl behaved in a manner appropriate to the amount of "alcohol" she consumed. She felt a part of the group, the group accepted her, and at no time did anyone feel uncomfortable.

Kirkpatrick believes that alcohol is the single biggest problem in a residence hall. Many problems such as vandalism and roommates can be traced to it. He believes, though, that marijuana is, at least superficially, a minor hassle due to the fact that users are quiet and must not call attention to themselves when smoking in the hall. However, he feels that RA's are stepping onto shaky ground when individual students smoking outside of halls.

Some staff members suggested that there seem to be a lot of expectations that are the result of all the positive things said about RA's. People begin to expect a superhuman. Applicants begin to expect themselves to be superhuman. A former staff member: "I don't know where these expectations are coming from. I feel the RA doesn't feel that RA's aren't suited for it. But when I left, the director and others, rather than considering my arguments, suggested that it was a good idea I left because the job is meant for someone between the ages of twenty and thirty. So that was said without qualification I assumed they meant that I didn't like people.

"Nothing could be further from the truth...I simply discovered that given my talents and resources I could better communicate with others and share in their development without the staff label. But I can imagine that anyone who is not as sure as I was about a decision to resign would be hurt and confused by such remarks."

Karg wasn't hurt. I was very angry and very disgusted. Such attitudes as expressed to me reinforce the distorted view that RA's are elite.

Karg very definitely disagrees with the notion that one who doesn't make staff is made to feel inferior.

"That's a total perversion of what we stand for...always take a look at where these expectations are coming from...most of them may be internal...if they feel unworthy due to some impression from the screening boards then I must ask them to test it, to challenge their interviewers. Each director looks for specific talents...some people make excellent programmers (an important part of staff) but choose not to be RA's."

"It's very important to tell someone why they did or did not make staff. People may go through life hating themselves because they didn't make the varsity team in football...anyone who feels unworthy because they didn't make the team in a residence hall fails to take into consideration that there may have been five applicants for every position."

He does not console one staff person with failures with people. Since that was said without qualification I assumed they meant that I didn't like people.

"Nothing could be further from the truth...I simply discovered that given my talents and resources I could better communicate with others and share in their development without the staff label. But I can imagine that anyone who is not as sure as I was about a decision to resign would be hurt and confused by such remarks."

One staff member, just beginning her first year as an RA, asks that we "come back and talk to me at the end of the year. By then I may be very bit- ter about the job..." But right now she's much too busy trying to juggle her roles for the benefit of a "great wing."

A Roach staff member claims she is encouraged to confront these individuals and remind them of university policy "...but I know I could not confront a group of men smoking outside Spy Prins. That's asking a bit much of anyone.'"

Nearly all staff members agreed that staff training required a closer examination of where their responsibilities end and the responsibilities of Protection and Security or the Stevens Point Police Department begin.

But what of that event preceding staff training? That frustrating, weeks-long marathon known as staff interviews? How do the winners and losers feel? Those who make it are relieved. They withstood almost unbeliavable pressure from a dozen or so people who were trying to put them on the spot, to catch them off guard, to see if they truly are as responsible, organized, and concerned with others as they claim to be. And those who don't survive interviews?

Kirkpatrick says it's very hard to tell someone they didn't make it. A Roach staff member says "The role of staff becomes intertwined with your personality. You lose sight of the concept of person first, student second, RA third. Most of all you feel that other people do, too. It's terribly upsetting."
It seems there is a great deal of concern lately for local landmarks threatened by that ever-present entity called progress. Save Old Main! Preserve the Castle! Hooray for P. J. Jacob's!

Well, those ideas are all fine and dandy, but what about the good ole natural environment? What about Iverson Park? Has anyone noticed the severe deterioration of one of the finest parks in Central Wisconsin?

Although it has slipped in the past five years, Iverson still retains some of her old magic. Tall pines cover the hill with the famous 'Indian trails.' The majestic 'Ring of Trees' still stands proud. The so-called 'Elfin Forest' still looks as hauntingly beautiful as it ever did. At the Jefferson Street entrance, the arches still stand solid bearing the script 'Jules Iverson Memorial Park 1935.'

Iverson Park was constructed in 1935 as part of a public labor program (WPA) which provided jobs for people following the Great Depression. Jules Iverson, a Danish immigrant and well-to-do businessman in Stevens Point, donated the land to the city with the understanding that it would be used primarily for a children's park and playground.

It was left up to the city water department to carve stream channels out of the beautiful Plover River Valley. It took a considerable amount of time and effort, but when the labor force had finished, the end result was a maze of oxbow channels and islands like something straight out of a Hobbiton fairytale. Even the stream banks were layered with stone. And not just here and there but everywhere! Miles of stone still line the banks today.

In the meantime, the other laborers were busy at work building bridges, pavilions, lodges, pathways, flower-beds, tables, benches, and archways, all out of a distinctive brown stone. The final product was an exquisite wonderland of stone. And of course, Jules Iverson got his wish. The park was equipped with fine playground facilities.

Now, 40 years later, Iverson is showing the scars of age. Many of her trees are dying or toppling over from various causes. Unsightly stumps stick their ugly heads out everywhere. Probably the biggest cause for tree die-off is the overly high water table. Four years ago, a group of UWSP students led by Dr. Ray Andersen came to the conclusion that the trees in Iverson were being choked off by a high underground water level. It got so bad that a mini-swamp formed in the front entrance of the park, by the main parking lot. In a short time, the wretched muck took its toll. Few trees are left standing there today.

Back in the bowels of the park lurks a mess which many Iverson lovers detest: the clogged up waterways. Where the Plover River once meandered, large stretches of stagnant, algae-filled water now sit. Some parts of the back channels are so overgrown that one can cross them on foot. These scumways make for excellent mosquito hatcheries.

Laurie Low, UWSP student and longtime resident of Stevens Point, offered her view. "I think it's just sad. I can remember when you couldn't see across the river from the parking lot because there were so many trees. To me, it's just not the same park anymore.'

The culprit causing the stagnation problem is a landfill bridge laid right across the stream bed. The bridge was put in about seven years ago by the city parks dept. so that their trucks could have access to the other side.
The Pointer asked City Parks and Recreation Director Dave McDonald why the landfill bridge hadn't been removed in light of the damage done. McDonald replied "that the balance of nature' would be upset if the stream flow resumed."

When asked about the startling rate of tree decline in the park, McDonald admitted the high water table was a big cause. He also listed oak blight and a severe storm damage from last June's gale as reasons. He said that 200 trees have been replanted around the park in an attempt to combat the loss.

Five years ago the fireplaces in the pavilions were bricked up by the City because people were burning park benches in them. At the mention of this, McDonald pointed a finger at university students. "There seems to be a lack of concern for the park facilities by the university students, "said the Parks head. "I would think young people today, for all of their environmental concern, would respect the park and its facilities," stated McDonald.

When it was suggested to the parks director that most of the damage was caused by Stevens Point teenagers who frequented the park (they were referred to as the "park hippies"), he shot back with ten minutes of administrative rhetoric on why it was wrong to coin people as "hippies."

Well, whatever the terminology, it was the park people who caused most of the destruction that led to the ultimate stoppage of the much-used fireplaces. The college segment had very little to do with it. Take it from one who knows.

Despite the present condition of Iverson, the parks dept. deserves some credit. Three years ago they installed a splendid arched bridge which was sorely needed. They have done extensive repairs on the stone bridges and stream banks. They also do an excellent job keeping the lawns cut, considering the vast area that needs to be mowed.

So who is to blame for the current state of Iverson Park? Is it the city parks dept.? Is it Mother Nature? Or is it those cursed park vandals who take such pleasure in ruining the facility for others? Don't forget that nasty water table. Take your pick. All of these have more or less contributed to the general demise of Iverson.

The problems encountered in Iverson are proportionate to its total unit area. And that, people, makes for a pretty large problem when you consider the size of the park. But some people don't see anything wrong with Iverson, probably because they never knew what it once was like. Others who are aware take on the "out of sight, out of mind" attitude.

Iverson Park is a community problem, if the community will recognize it as such. If not, forget it. It took a small miracle to build the place, and so it would require another small miracle to rejuvenate the overgrown, neglected areas of the park.

But alas, this ending is not a happy one. Small miracles, like cheap labor, are nowhere to be found anymore. Iverson Park is rotting away in the absence of any real public concern.

A dying legend

Man's litter adds to nature's debris.

There are other signs of deterioration all over the park. The beautiful and secluded "Stone Table" has been vandalized and only the ruins remain. The flower beds have turned into weed beds (the stone laid flower beds, that is), and the stone laid paths are overgrown with grass.

Ms. Low feels the parks dept. is not giving the older parts of the park much attention. "It seems like they are only concerned with keeping up the ball field, the bathrooms, and the winter sports area," she said. "The really pretty places are going to waste."

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But alas, this ending is not a happy one. Small miracles, like cheap labor, are nowhere to be found anymore. Iverson Park is rotting away in the absence of any real public concern.
Most of her speech focused on changing our present attitudes and institutions regarding natural resources. We have already had to deal with the population explosion. Growth is a problem which we cannot continue to live with. It must be getting cold in Canada.

We can't continue to drain our natural resources, and we can't depend on the ocean for needed resources, since "oceanic minerals are so dispersed that it is too costly to extract them profitably with our present technology." Our recycling efforts are inconsistent and transportation is a problem fuel-wise.

Bainter said, "The greatest problem may not so much be the critical shortages of resources, but the political and ecological consequences of using the world's resources at such a high rate. The quality of our lives will necessarily be limited by the problems that stem from these consequences, namely pollution, expanding population, and some harmful technology."

Therefore, Bainter thinks it is necessary to enforce tighter social and environmental controls to safeguard our resources and our lives. She feels the next 50 or so years will bring a painful realization of our critical energy situation so that we'll be forced to make some radical changes even though it will take some getting used to, to survive this difficult period. Because of the changes we need to make, she feels quite certain that "we'll never again live in a society where much is taken for granted."

Bainter suggested changes that might occur in future years. She thinks we'll be living in a less cluttered society where we'll share material things more. She also thinks recycling will play a major role in this part—"the waste and scrap of present days will become major resources, and untrapped resources will become back-up supplies." Consumer goods will be changed so that they are made from practically obsolete. Communications will change so that they become more varied.

For example, shopping by phone will become more viable, saving time, effort, and money; and more mass transit options may be open for transportation. Dr. Bainter says there are a number of things we need to do to shape the future. We'll need to answer questions about developing urban areas, managing land, pleasing industry, and so on. We must also be concerned about building sprawling highways and airports and using valuable agricultural land for waste management. We must make better use of waste heat and control heat's impact on the environment. We need to look at an alternative fuel source and make a concerted effort to derive oil from shale perhaip, "by underground heating to avoid striping and excavation." And, of course, we need to be concerned about power.

Bainter explained that geothermal energy may be used for some states like California but not all states, solar energy may be used for heating new homes, though using it for electric power may be too expensive. We can't do both at least on large scale production. As far as she is concerned, nuclear power will and will fulfill our needs for electrical power.

Dr. Bainter expects that as time passes, solar energy proves itself, previous resistance to nuclear power will fade away. She thinks nuclear energy, even if we poured millions of dollars into it, is an unrealistic response to our needs; she feels it is too inefficient and too costly, though future technology may change all that. She thinks nuclear power is really the proper solution. Certainly no one expects instant change including Dr. Bainter, but she feels that future need not be deheartening. What we need to do is "plan for the future, commit ourselves to science, and develop a more positive understanding of the world so that we won't be so afraid to make necessary changes, and, in general, become a more responsible citizenry if we want to see positive changes made and yet be able to retain a democratic society."

Bainter concluded, "The task is difficult but not impossible," and emphasized that we are the ones who will shape the future. Where do you think the future will go from here? -

Water convention swamps Chicago

By Jim Storandt

On September 20, six UWSP students and two professors attended the twelfth American Water Resources Conference and Symposium in Chicago, Illinois. "Water-Center of Crises-Past, Present and Future" was the theme of the program. People attended from all over the United States.

Speakers discussed water related projects and new techniques and problems in the water resources field. Some topics of discussion were: "Chicago Metropolitan Floodwater Management Plan," "Bacterial Relationships in Storm Waters," "Water Yield Improvement by Vegetation Management," "Great Lakes as an Energy Resource," and "Management of Flooding in a Full Developed Low-cost Housing Neighborhood."

About 30 seminars were given daily. Many of the talks were a bit technical for the students but an awareness of current activities in the water related fields was conveyed. One of the most rewarding things of the convention for the UWSP students was the special recognition given to them at the awards luncheon on Thursday. The chairman mentioned the following things about the students:

1. Their initial interest which resulted in the development of the first student chapter in the nation.
2. The UWSP students' activities since chartering have increased A.W.R.A. memberships in Wisconsin by about 130 per cent.
3. The State Water Resources Conference which the Stevens Point Chapter is co-sponsoring in February will help focus concern on Wisconsin's water resource problems.

On Monday afternoon, the students met in a conference room with the A.W.R.A. president. At an informal rap session, we discussed some of our ideas and suggestions relating to the national organization. Most of these were aimed toward problems we felt were being overlooked or being neglected. We felt our ideas were taken seriously and believe it is important for us to continue our work in the future development of the A.W.R.A. The 1977 national convention will be held in Tucson, Arizona. The student chapter is planning on sending some delegates there.

They were interested in our ideas and suggestions. It made us feel that we are doing something worthwhile and that our ideas are not just being ignored by the national organization but are very influential in molding the relatively young national organization. I believe that our ideas were taken seriously and will be incorporated into the national organization in the future development of the A.W.R.A.

One student "suggested a news letter be incorporated into the national A.W.R.A. bulletin which would be a good place to include information on student activities around the country. Another suggestion was that there be a "list of meetings" in the bulletin of firms related to water resources. This could be used by students seeking employment in this field. The current A.W.R.A. bulletin is a technical book and students suggested that the bulletin be more scientifically oriented papers be incorporated into it."

Country side Sojourns

By Barb Puschel

Last weekend was probably the peak for tree colors, judging by the amount of leaves on the ground now. For a while the reds of the maples, oaks, and sumac and the yellows of the birches, elms, and firs will take the places of the late summer flowers.

I finally heard the geese, back behind the noise of chain saws, motorcycles, amplified music, and trains. What can you expect when you share the world with billions of people and 23,479 of them live in Stevens Point?

When was the last chance you got to take a hike in the country at night—without a flashlight? It's amazing how much you can see by starlight and the new moon—and the lights of Stevens Point miles away.

We're on the dark side of the moon between last night's Full Hunter's Moon and the new moon. Days are getting shorter, the shorter. Sun rise today was to be at 6:07 am and tonight's sunset should be at 6:30 pm according to the Old Farmer's Almanac.

Have you seen the flocks of little sparrows, slate-colored birds? These juncos have already migrated south. There should be enough, the more timid birds will fly away. When you've been still long enough, the more timid birds will fly away. When you've been still long enough, the more timid birds will fly away. When you've been still long enough, the more timid birds will fly away.
Foresters’ orgy revealed

By Scott Simpkins
Every fall, for the last four years, the SAF (Society of American Foresters) sponsors a forest fire that brings many people together for a day of fun and good times. The main purpose of the SAF conclave is to bring together CNR and biology students and to call forth a more unified approach among them.

Pam Herbst, a teacher’s assistant at the CNR, explained where equipment and other miscellaneous items used in the conclave came from. She said that they got trees from the City Forester, the kayak logs from the logging congress, and most of the other equipment from maintenance here at school. She emphasized that without a doubt, the most helpful contributing source to the conclave was the maintenance department.

The Log Drag, the first contest, started shortly after noon on Saturday September 25th. It consisted of two contestants out of each five-man team dragging a log with another smaller log tied on the end of it around a path that twisted around a few pine trees.

After the Log Drag, the Two Man Log Saw started. This contest involved two men on a saw, trying to cut a section off a squared log quickly as possible.

Then the Ax Chop contest began. It basically was a test of chopping skills pitted against pulpsticks that were lashed to the ground.

After the Ax Chop was sufficiently over, the Log Throw contest started. This consisted through a slender 5 or 6 foot log as far as the hapless participant was able—without suffering a hernia.

The Chain Saw Obstacle which was the next event, consisted of a winding path surrounded by pines and strewn with such obstacles as automobile tires. After a contestant ran two-thirds of the way through the course, he had to cut two sections off of a log with a chainsaw, set the saw back down, and then run through more tires.

Tug of War was next and this proved to be the most popular of the events. All of the members of the five-man teams participated in this event and no one would have gotten dragged through a mud puddle if most of them hadn’t chickened out.

Tobacco Spitting started soon after the Tug of War. Just when a participant had gotten his tobacco positioned correctly to make a possible throw on the paper target, somebody in the crowd would heckle him and he would either try to bear it or end up throwing poorly, or he would break up laughing and try to regain his composure again, only to be heckled once more.

This event and the Egg Throw were the final contests. The latter set a new record while at the same time amusing the audience when one of the two members of each five-man team “accidentally” broke the egg on his (or her) partner. By the time all the contests were over, beer and potato chips were on hand for everyone who came up with fifty cents and much celebratory partying ensued.

The SAF conclave rules state that participation is limited to CNR and biology students. It’s even more a male than female, as few as, but strangely enough, the ratio of male to female was very overwhelming in the males favor concerning participation in the events. Pam Herbst said that she had tried to get more girls involved, but they were basically too shy. Hopefully, there will be more girls out there next year because the ones that participated this year really brightened up the otherwise total domination of red plaid flannel shirts and full beards.

Dewey Marsh stillshoulders

By Barb Puschel
The end of the Dewey Marsh fire is in sight, as soon as it rains enough, but it will probably not be completely out until the first snow fall, says Bill Peterson of the DNR who, with ten men, is pumping water on the smoldering peat. They are also concerned with reburns now, caused by falling leaves.

The fire originally started at Dewey Marsh, about five miles north of Steventon Point, on Sat. Sept 11, from a campfire that Friday night. Unfortunately this fire wasn’t prevented by the state ban on outdoor fires which went into effect at midnight between that Friday and Saturday.

The first fire consumed 125 acres. Thirty students from SAF (Society of American Foresters), which has an agreement with the DNR here, were called in from the Logging Congress to help contain the fire. But by Monday morning the fire had jumped the line and during the course of the weekend, consumed an additional 1600 acres.

Fire fighters (caterpillar tractors) with blades, and pulling fire plows, were brought in to dig a fire line. During this first week, 125 people at a time came in from towns as far away as Waupaca and Tomahawk and manned the line with water back packs. Two of the largest fire cats came from the National Guard at Fort McCoy.

Student forester merits scholarship

By Vicky Billings
UWSP must be doing something right because a CNR student, Christopher Luecke, just won a $500 scholarship from the Daniel Boone Conservation League of West Allis. “This scholarship is awarded on the basis of academic achievement and contributions to the field of conservation.”

Chris has a major in forestry and minor in soil science and Russian. He is a member of two honor societies and SAF (Society of American Foresters). Naturally he has participated in many club activities. Although many of these activities focus on fun things like the conclave held at Jordan Park recently, he feels such events provide good fellowship and bring out a tighter side of natural resources.

This past summer Luecke had the opportunity to study forestry in Germany. The six weeks program started with the first two weeks at Clam Lake conducting field exercises and studying plant life. The last four weeks were spent in Germany touring the countryside noting their forestry.

Chris was very impressed with German forestry management. He thought it definitely surpassed US management. In Germany, aesthetics are given a higher priority than in America. That means the forestry program runs on a deficit, but the country is beautiful. Chris doesn’t expect that the US will place aesthetics before industry for years to come, as he says a country has to be willing to place a market value on non consumptive as well as consumptive use.

Chris further explained that Germany has a stricter land use planning program than the U.S. Definite plans are made for definite land areas. For example, houses might be built on poor soil and clustered together into villages so that the good soil may be used for something as productive as farming. Luecke thinks that this program is wiser environmentally. He would like to see it operating in the US but foresees difficulty as such a program tends toward socialism, and not everyone would be convinced of its benefits.

He really thinks we need to be more socially responsible in forestry management. However, he doesn’t advocate a crusade to save the world’s woods because that’s a highly unrealistic attitude: instead he urges a multi-use program with aesthetics heading the list even though industry might not agree.

Germany turned out to be a valuable learning experience. Presently the CNR is trying to arrange a study program in Poland. Poland apparently has a remarkable park and forestry program which would be worth looking into. Though many students expressed interest in the Poland trip it is still in the planning stages.

As a senior, Luecke is making plans for the future. First he hopes to be accepted in the Peace Corps. He has experienced forestry experience while in service. If the Peace Corps falls through, he hopes to get a job with the Corps. He thinks that would be a promising career.
Eco Briefs

Fire finished

The Interior Department will assume all direct costs associated the 73,000 acre, two-month-old fire at the Seney National Wildlife Refuge in Michigan's central Upper Peninsula, Secretary Thomas S. Kleppe announced while touring the site.

The fire, which was finally contained, is the worst ever on a national wildlife refuge, and efforts to control it so far have cost an estimated $4.4 million.

Alaskan marines

The Washington, D.C., hearing on whether management of marine mammals in Alaska may be returned to State control has been rescheduled and the dates for filing testimony extended, the Interior Department's U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service announced.

Also at issue is whether to waive the existing moratorium on the killing or capture of polar bears, walrus, sea otters, ringed seals, bearded seals, harbor seals, beluga whales, northern sea lions, ribbon seals and largha seals.

Scraped energy

Energy needed to recycle scrap metal, including metal culled from municipal refuse, will be estimated under a contract just awarded by the Interior Department's Bureau of Mines.

According to the Bureau, America's industries and households each year discard millions of tons of many different kinds of metals. Substantially less energy might be used in recovering and reusing those metals than would be needed to produce new, or "primary" metals from ores.

Save the cherries

The Interior Department's U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service researchers have developed a bird repellent for sweet cherry crops that allows growers, to raise cherries successfully and have birds in their orchards, too. If its use is registered with the Environmental Protection Agency, and scientists think it will it would be the first time a chemical has been approved for protection of fruit from bird damage. Its use on other crops also looks promising.

Endangered space

The critical habitat, or living space, animals need to survive, has been officially listed for four endangered species—the American crocodile, California condor, Indiana bat, and Florida manatee.

The Interior Department's US Fish and Wildlife Service published a final rulemaking September 21 listing the areas which ought to remain unruined if the species are to have a decent chance to be saved. The rule goes into effect October 12. It is by no means a guarantee that man will be prevented from destroying them.

Regulating "risks"

The Interior Department's U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service has announced new plans for regulating the importation of harmful fish and wildlife species into the United States. A new list of "high risk" species and new legislation make up the new approach.

This proposal does not involve a complete ban or prohibition on the importation of any species. However, it does attempt to ensure that creatures which pose a threat are imported only by responsible people for justifiable purposes. Animals deemed to be "injurious" may still be imported into the United States under permit issued by the Secretary for scientific, educational, medical, or zoological purposes.

Muskrat, muskrat

The Department of Natural Resources is seeking bids for contracts to trap fur bearers in specified areas on the Horicon Marsh Wildlife Area in Dodge County.

The DNR's request for bids to trap "furbearers" calls for a ten percent down payment in the form of a certified check, bank draft; or postal money order. The down payment will be returned to unsuccessful bidders.

The deadline for submitting the bids to the DNR Horicon Area Headquarters is noon on October 9, 1976.

Recres - Acres expands

Assistant Secretary of the Interior Nathaniel P. Reed spelled out which lands will be acquired with the first $141 million of the $1.3 billion Bicentennial Land Heritage Program recently announced by President Ford.

Expenditures of the $31 million to be used for acquisition of 111,000 acres of unique and valuable wildlife habitat will focus on endangered species, additions to existing wildlife refuges, and acquisition of holdings in existing refuges.

The $141 million requested for appropriation to the Department of the Interior's National Park Service, and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service in Fiscal Year 1977 will launch the 10-year program to expand and rehabilitate the Nation's National Parks, wildlife refuges, recreation areas, urban parks, historic and archaeological sites.
Managers Get The Axe

By Marc Vollrath

With the NFL season well under way, and the start of another NBA season just around the corner, the major league baseball schedule finally reaches its climax. Before it's over more than 2,000 games will have been played by 24 big league teams.

The end of the 1976 baseball season will be a blessing to most of the players. They'll head home for a short winter's rest. By the same token, there will inevitably be the usual turnover in managers because they are the front office's answer for a poor season. For that reason, some ex-managers will head "home" and wonder where that is.

If anyone knows what it's like to live on the razors edge a big league manager would. They are the fall guys who are expected to work miracles.

How does a manager of a major league baseball team cope with the pressures that threaten to relieve him of his job? Probably in the only way he can - by making excuses for his team. The following newspaper quotes from an imaginary manager may not be too far off base.

March 1 "It's great being with this fine organization and I'm very impressed with the players. It's great being back at Spring training, especially with this team. Those winter trades really helped us out."

"Now we've got some natural ballplayers who hit with power. We'll give the pitching staff the runs they didn't get last year."

"While it's too early to absolutely predict a pennant, I'm certainly not going to rule it out. Let's just say that I'm looking forward to the playoffs." April 1 "Our showing in Spring training didn't surprise me. I told you that we were going to win some ballgames! I'm just anxious as hell for the regular season to begin."

May 23 "So what if we're off to a slow start. Even the Yankees are doing poorly. It's a long season. Once our pitchers get into their normal rhythm, we'll really start to roll." June 1 "Our pitching has finally started to come around. Unfortunately, we're not scoring the runs we should be and are dropping too many one run ballgames. We'll get everything straightened out." June 28 "Why should I take 'Seven Mile Springs' out of the lineup? He's always been a slow slatcher. Hell, he's a proven star who won the triple crown just five years ago. When he snaps out of his slump, look out!"

July 4 "Listen, we had to trade 'Seven Mile' for the good of the team. He just wasn't producing, and was a bit of a problem. Just because he had a good season a few years ago doesn't mean he'll do it now. Besides, we're expecting big things from that Puerto Rican kid we just traded. We like his credentials."

July 12 "Now we're beginning to play the kind of ball I knew we were capable of. We've won three and four of our last six. Hell, the twelve games that separate us from the leaders will melt fast during our next home stand."

August 1 "So we're eighteen games out. This season is a long way from being over, and I'm not going to push the panic button with over sixty games left. Besides, those two young pitchers we just called up will really fill the gap we had in the bullpen after those two jerks jumped the balliclub." Monday nighter in Minnesota, the Steelers could be still for three quarters or so, which still gives them fifteen minutes to flip Phiggins. Stealers by 10.

CINCINNATI OVER TAMPA BAY - We asked Harvey Hirohito if he knew anything about Tampa. He said "No, I can never get their games on the radio." We'll take the Bengals by 15.

WASHINGTON OVER KANSAS CITY - The Redskins should be down the Chiefs by 7 in this one, and we wouldn't be surprised of Marlon Brando was on hand to take in the action.

DALLAS OVER NY GIANTS - Isn't it about time the Cowboys get a break? Their rugged schedule already saw them play Philadelphia, New Orleans, Seattle, and now the Giants. We're surprised the Jackson-ville Sharks aren't on their list. Cowboys by 15.

ST. LOUIS OVER PHILADELPHIA - The Cardinnies are an offensive line performers another successful Harl-bypass operation. Losiys by 10.

OAKLAND OVER SAN DIEGO - Jack Madden's secondary definitely has swine flu. In other words, they made pigs of themselves going for interception as capitals lost this week. Raiders by 6.

CHICAGO OVER MINNESOTA - Every now and then, we like to predict an upset, and we think Bud Grant will be mighty upset when the Bears win by 9.

GREEN BAY OVER SEATTLE - Green Bay has had some great winning teams in its long history. Seattle doesn't have a winning team OR a history, so it's the Pack by 10.

ATLANTA OVER NEW ORLEANS - This one's played on Sunday afternoo, which means Harvey Hirohito will see it on Tuesday moring. Facts is, he'll probably be the one watching the other Superbowl.

NEW ENGLAND OVER DETROIT - The Lion's fine rookie backfielder, Garth Ten Napel, is a Texas A&M A&M and harrel he used as an infied joke: Three Aggies drove all the way from Dallas to Chicago, and outside of the Windy City a sign on the expressway said "Chicago Left." So the Aggies turned around and went home! Sunday the jocks is on Detroit as the Pats win by 13.

MAXIM VS BALTIMORE - In this weekly tossup, Wievel wants the cools, calling "I refuse to be fishing in by you guys this time!"

Superpickers on the slide

By Randy Wievel, Tim Sullivan, and Mike Haberman

After three straight weeks of pretty solid pro football predicting, the Superpickers finally hit a mild slump. Week Four of the NFL was not very nice to our overall average.

The nine winning teams that came through for us included Houston, San Francisco, Denver, Dallas, Baltimore, Cincinnati, Buffalo, St. Louis, and Chicago. Two of our correct picks were impressive, as the Bears swamped Washington, 35-7, and Buffalo slipped past the Chiefs, 30-17.

Our four losses were rather interesting. We selected Atlanta to beat the Eagles, but the Falcons blew a three in the last game and dropped steadily. Nevertheless, if Pete Rozelle would send Malcolm Brando on hand to take in the action.

LOS ANGELES OVER SAN FRAN- CISCO - The Monday Nighter. Many of Karnaec's ancestors were noble shepherds, so he picks the Rams by 7. Wouldn't Iew?

HOUSTON OVER DENVER - The Oilers have the best front three in the business... except for Charlie's Angels. Of course.- "Huntington!"

BUFFALO OVER NY JETS - So you don't think O. J. Simpson will gain 2,000 yards this year? Heck, he might do it in THIS game! Bills by 12.

PITTSBURGH OVER CLEVELAND - Coming off a rugged
Women Win Again

By Joan Vanderste
Pressure was the name of the game as the Volleyball team took 2 out of 3 match wins at their quadrangular meet Friday night.

The Pointers' upset their record as they defeated both Stout, (15-3, 15-6, 15-6), and Madison (13-4, 13-15, 15-7). Coach Moey commented that the aggressive offense as well as skillful serves gave her team the winning edge.

In the other contest, Point dropped an extremely close decision to Oshkosh 16-12. 12-15. Moey said that the quality of volleyball played against Oshkosh was the best her team has played. She attributed major part of the loss to pressure. "It was not that Oshkosh had superior skill but that the high pressure situations caused too many mistakes."

This gives the Pointers a 4-1 overall record. Their next match is scheduled for October 8-9 at Northern Michigan.

Wrestling, Wrestling
Rah-Rah-Rahl!

There will be an organizational meeting for people interested in becoming wrestling cheerleaders on October 12, at 6:30 in the Phy Ed Building.

Netters Rearrange, Win

Although it was a little windy, the weather was quite comfortable for tennis and the women netters took advantage of it on Saturday, beating Whitewater 3-2.

The re-arrangement of the team has made a big difference, commented Coach Tate, on her team's win. The new no. 1 doubles team is playing very well, she said. This victory brings the netters even for the season at 5-3.

Natalie Andrews, team captain, playing no. 1 singles was cited by Tate as playing well. "Natalie really pulled it out for us," Tate remarked. Andrews, a senior, has played the no. 1 singles position for the last three years and is back at it again since the re-arrangement last week.

Kathy Janz, no. 3 singles, also played well, Tate said, as she won her match quite easily.

Coach Tate is starting to ponder the up-coming prospect of the State Meet, Oct. 22-23. The teams we have left to play shouldn't be too tough, she predicted, but we've got to start getting more points in these matches so we have a chance at State.

Winning for the Pointers were Andrews 6-3, 4-6, 6-4, 6-1, and the doubles team of Mary Spillit and Mary Wach 7-5, 6-2.

Pointers trample defending champ

By John Randy
It was just like old times last Saturday when the Pointer football team gave LaCrosse a 31-7 thrashing before 4,500 fans in summery, 80-degree weather at George Field.

The campus was booming after every score, the crowd was fired up for the first time in ages, and a band of boozed up jocks and ex-jocks sat at the top of the stadium whooping it up. This might sound rather typical for a football game, but it isn't the case of the Pointers. This kind of enthusiasm has been lacking for a long time at Pointer games.

But this year fans can't help but get excited. It looks like the Pointers will be in contention for the title for the first time in eight years. Saturday's rout had to be very satisfying for Coach Monte Charles and his staff. It was the first time the Pointers had topped the Indians since 1966. But, more importantly, this game was the culmination of all Monte's efforts since he came to Stevens Point five years ago. It was the real crowning glory or coup de grace, if you will. The "Aerial Circus" is here to stay. Saturday's smashing win over favored LaCrosse was proof enough for me.

In the third quarter, with the score tied 2-2, the Pointers exploded for 24 points after a somewhat lethargic first half. The big play that really broke the game open was a 37 yard "flee-flicker" pass from Reed Giordana to his favorite target Jeff Gosa. The touchdowns, with seven minutes remaining in the first half, got the Pointers on the board and really seemed to ignite the spark for the dynamite third quarter.

The "flee-flicker" play is difficult to explain. Let's just say it's like a modified double reverse with a pitch back to the quarterback, whereupon he throws it to the wide open receiver—which is just what Gosa was.

Gosa, who caught nine passes for 171 yards and three touchdowns despite double coverage, said his big concern was "holding on to the ball". But he had "something special" going on that afternoon with 19 completions in 29 attempts for 265 yards and three touch downs. The elusive junior quarterback sat out last week's 37-12 romp with a mild concussion suffered when star Whitewater linebacker Ed Han ner had "speared" him with a cheap shot a week earlier. Ironically, Han ner won the conference award for "Defensive Player of the Week" when he should have been promptly booted out of the game.

Defensive tackle Dennis Harkness, who had to resolve some eligibility problems before he could play, called the win "a great team effort...both the offense and defense did their jobs."

While turnovers were the downfall of LaCrosse, the Pointers kept mistakes to a minimum, losing just one fumble in the first half.

Said Giordana, "We've got momentum now and the confidence to win the rest of our games. We didn't give the ball away and that's the key to our future."

The Pointers are now 1-1 in WSUC action and 3-1 overall. They play at UW-Eau Claire tomorrow afternoon.

Golfers show improvement

Giordana Named WSUC Player of the Week

Quarterback Reed Giordana passed Stevens Point to a stunning 3-1 victory over LaCrosse last Saturday and was named offensive player of the week in the Wisconsin State University Conference.

The two-time NAIA passing and total offense leader completed 19 of 29 passes for 265 yards and three touchdowns against the Indians. The 6-2, 185 pound junior from Kaukauna has hit 79 percent of his passes this season and has yet to throw an interception.

Rugby

The Stevens Point Rugby Club returns home this weekend after coming off a road trip to Madison. Although our local ruggers are in their first year of competition, mid-west powers, such as Chicago and Madison, are finding them to be amazingly efficient at the popular English sport.

Milwaukee Rugby Club, perhaps the strongest in our area, will battle the local favorites on the practice field behind Berg gym at 1 p.m. Sunday, October 10th. The Stevens Point ruggers expect this to be the turning point for the club. Let's get out this Sunday and support our exciting, young team!

Golfers show improvement

In their best showing to date here Friday, the UWSP golf team placed third in an 11-team field at the UW-Whitewater Invitational with a 391 total. Whitewater took first with a wide margin with a 366 count, followed by UW-La Crosse at 389.

Fred Hancock, a freshman from Eau Claire, led the Pointers with a four over par 75. Merrill sophomore Mike Harbach was next for UWSP with a 76 followed by junior Jeff Barkley at 77. Rounding out the Pointer scoring were Mitch Bergen 81, Tim Huppner 82 and Gary McLean 84.

Coach Ron Cook was encouraged by his team's performance under pressure conditions. "We finally got six consistent scores," said Cook.

"Because of inexperience we've been playing a lot of different golfers, looking for players who can perform under tournament conditions. "The players are gaining valuable experience and I think their best tournament could come at the conference meet at La Crosse."

"I was pleased with Jeff's 77. It was only his second meet of the year."

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"I was pleased with Jeff's 77. It was only his second meet of the year."
By Janelle Hardina

Where on campus can you find an 8 foot by 8 foot replica of a screaming red face from the album "Krakge"? Here's a hint: it's painted on a wall in a dormitory. Wall painting in the dorms is going into its fourth year. The program evolved from circumstance. The maintenance personnel didn't have time to paint all of the walls in the dorms each year, so the Housing Office decided to let the students do it themselves. Besides being faster, the do-it-yourself painting program is cheaper; the university doesn't have to pay for the labor, only the paint.

Scenes painted on the walls vary. Many are record albums, some are original pictures, and some are designs or murals that stretch the length of the wing. The plan for such painting must be okayed by either the Housing Office or the dorm director. There are no set criteria used in deciding what can be painted on the walls, but students should use common sense and good taste when planning their masterpieces. "Nothing real outrlandish, obscene, or bloody that would offend someone's sensibilities. I have an idea of what I will do, and the other people on the wing may bring something else to that particular room or wing the next year would be allowed," stated Mark Jurgella assistant to the Director of Housing.

There are other advantages to the wall painting program in addition to the financial aspect. The students can select their own theme for the wing and create the kind of atmosphere they desire. Also, as Burroughs dorm director Debbie Donelson says, "It's something that can give the halls variation and make them look less like an institution and more like a place to live."

Many dorms have taken advantage of the wall painting through hall council sponsored functions. Contests for the best wing or individual paintings have been very popular. As an example, the contest, complete with three cash prizes, for the best individual paintings. The hall council is sponsoring the contest with the hall officers acting as judges.

Why do people put so much time and effort into painting walls, especially when they'll only be in the dorm for one more year? Mainly, it seems, because it's a way for a person to leave his mark (super-graffiti?). It's also a way to get to know the other people on the wing, encourage creativity, have fun, and let loose all the artistic urges floating around in the student body. While all of this is happening, the walls are gaining character.

As a walk through the dorms will show, most of the paintings are exceptionally well done. Mr. Jurgella, who makes a point of wandering through the dorms at least once a month, said, "90 per cent of the paintings are well done, in good shape, and artistically designed."

However, wall painting may become a lost art. In many cases, the pictures are so well done that no one wants to paint over them. Dick Fund is a UWSP alumnus who lived in a dorm when the program was started three years ago. In his opinion, "It was great when everybody got together to paint the wing. But now when it's old everybody's more apathetic. I'd like to see more wings painting together.

By the way, still wondering where to find King Crimson? Try the entrance leading from the lobby of Baldwin Hall into the east and west wings. Now, how about Pink Floyd's Dark Side of the Moon?

By Richard Lermeck

William Warfield, acclaimed worldwide as one of the great vocal artists of our time, will perform here on Monday, October 11 at 8 pm in Michelson Hall.

A star in every field open to a single man, Warfield is the fourth presentation in the Arts and Lectures series.

Warfield made his debut recital in New York's Town Hall in March, 1950. After a tour of Canada, he returned to the United States to make his major symphony orchestras. Before that tour ended, his manager back in New York had signed a contract with MGM for Warfield to play the featured role in the movie version of the Edna Ferber-Jerome Kern musical "Showboat," where he literally stole the show singing the famous "Of Man River.

He tours the nation for ten weeks and was sent by our State Department and introduced to the sophisticated audiences in Europe. Vienna, London and Paris took Warfield to their hearts and, by popular demand, he gave recitals in the respective musical capitals.

Warfield won a Grammy Award in 1964 from the National Academy of Recording Arts and Sciences for his outstanding recording of "Great Scenes from Porgy and Bess." The production toured the nation for ten weeks and was sent by our State Department and introduced to the sophisticated audiences in Europe. Vienna, London and Paris took Warfield to their hearts and, by popular demand, gave recitals in the respective musical capitals. Consequently, there is no sizable country which Warfield has not sung repeatedly involving literally hundreds of performances.

As well as being one of the finest recitavists in the world, Warfield is superb as an actor. His famous role is in his own creation of the crippled beggar "Porgy" in George Gershwin's "Porgy and Bess." The production toured the nation for ten weeks and was sent by our State Department and introduced to the sophisticated audiences in Europe. Vienna, London and Paris took Warfield to their hearts and, by popular demand, gave recitals in the respective musical capitals.

Warfield won a Grammy Award in 1964 from the National Academy of Recording Arts and Sciences for his outstanding recording of "Great Scenes from Porgy and Bess." (RCA Victor starring Warfield and Leon- tyne.)

Just two weeks ago he starred in a new production of the opera at the University of Illinois at Champaign-Urbana where he received standing ovations during each of the five nights the show ran.

One of UWSP's voice instructors, John Wustman, worked with Warfield for a year while pursuing his Masters degree in 1974, and says of Warfield: "He sings. Lieder like no one else, the intensity with which he sings is like a laser beam cutting into your heart.

Wustman, who has credentials as long as Mr. Warfield's will accompany the singer at the piano. He will also give a master class to some of UWSP's promising accompanists and singers on Tuesday, October 10 from 10 am to 12 pm.

Tickets are available at the Box Office in the Fine Arts building, Mondays through Fridays between 11 am to 5 pm.

October 8, 1976 Page 21
By Sharon Mainstone

Stevens Point harbours a university with an emphasis in Natural Resources. A few of the city's resources include stands of stately mixed pine, the winding Wisconsin River and at this time of year, billions of dry, curled leaves. It seems appropriate that a new hand crafted wooden organ with scenic motifs should be added to the UWSP music department.

Designed by Ronald Wahl, an Appleton native, the organ's motif incorporates various natural elements of the community. Oak leaves overlay the surface and delicately encircle a pine tree growing next to the river. Different types of wood such as walnut, birch, and oak lend strength and beauty. Rosewood was used to make the ornate hand lettered stops.

The pipes are enclosed by an intricately designed wooden casement. Front doors open easily to reveal numerous pipes of varying shapes and sizes.

Each pipe was fabricated in Europe to meet the builder's specification. Everything in the pipe is hand soldered and hand-tooled. The pipes are made of wood that is rounded or slightly flared out in European style to best control the pitch.

Unlike a great number of American pipe organs which are electro-pneumatic, the Wahl organ works by mechanical action. This means the organist has much more control over the music as it is played, because no pneumatic or electrical contrivance between the player and the pipes can occur. The keys directly control the opening and closing of the valves, which in turn regulate the emerging sound.

The unique case encompassing the pipes of this organ not only beautifies the instrument but protects it from damage and improves the sound coming from it. Like a violin, the sympathetic vibration of the wood enhances the sound and projects it forward. This particularly small organ produces a composite of flute sounds. Different combinations of the six flute qualities and one principal quality can create many other tones.

Couplers are another special feature in the instrument. These allow two or more notes to be played simultaneously using only one key. This is a characteristic solely of mechanical organs which have just recently been brought back into use. Couplers had been eliminated because temperature and humidity changes caused the wooden parts of the organ to swell and bind, but the use of modern plastics has overcome this problem.

Organs like this have been around for hundreds of years in Europe; their life span is incredible. As long as they are properly maintained, this type of organ will live on indefinitely.

The Lutheran Church of America recently undertook a study of various types of organs to compare their durability. Electronic organs sold in music stores were found to function properly for an average of fourteen to eighteen years, a far cry from the pipe organ which has been known to survive for centuries. For example, in St. Gall, Switzerland, there stands an organ built in the year 1390 which is still being played today.

The music department views the organ as a positive asset and educational tool. Being practical as well as aesthetic, the organ is an example of fine craftsmanship. The organ's designer, Ronald Wahl, spent much time and care on the project. Wahl's career began with the Roderer Organ Company in Chicago. He then moved to Lawrence University where he assumed responsibility for organ repair and maintenance.

At Lawrence University, Dale Sorenson, a music major at Stevens Point, met Mr. Wahl and was extremely impressed by him. Sorenson was introduced to the European organ building craft taught by Wahl. Later when he toured Europe, Sorenson noted the superior quality of that type there. When he returned to Stevens Point, Sorenson mentioned the organ builder to university music instructor, Mr. John Thomas.

That incident about three years ago started the drive to acquire the organ. It's actual construction began in January 1976, and was completed and installed in May. Because the builder is in the process of establishing a reputation, the university was very fortunate to receive the organ for $12,600, exactly half of its retail value.

The organ, the best example of organ building in both the American and European scene, is located in Room C109 of the Fine Arts Building. Applied music majors, music education majors and minors, or those taking lessons simply for enjoyment have easy access to this instrument.

According to Mr. Thomas, the instructor-in-charge, the next step will be funding for a large recital instrument in Michelsen Hall. The Chancellor appropriated $60,000 in 1968, but the proposal was rejected by state authorities. Since then, attempts to raise money have been unsuccessful. The costs have now risen to $125,000. Plans have been drawn up to purchase the proposed recital organ but a source of funding remains a missing element.

Private donors may contact Dr. Len Gibb at the Alumni Office for further details.

Panhellenic Council presents a
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over 4000 plants
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Worker-Woman-Child-Person
Your body grapples the
Metal-edged porch
Your feet curtain the cement
Block above you
above you
on you
You can't escape the
value of your mind
Your body
Your body
Your body
Kneaded
Rising and baking
Waiting to be cut
Mystery- Whole Wheat or Enriched

By K. Brownell
Drama production uneven

By Sara Greenwell

The University Theatre production of William Gibson's The Miracle Worker can only be described as uneven. There were some fine dramatic scenes, but there were also some stiff and awkward moments when the actors seemed unsure of themselves.

The scenes of actual physical battle between Annie Sullivan and Helen Keller were terrific, well-staged, and believable. But in-between those emotionally charged scenes, emotional development was, at times, conspicuously absent. Especially in the relationships among members of the Keller family, the actors seemed to have some problems with character development.

Brenda Backer, as Annie Sullivan, also did a fine job in the physical aspect. Those fights were truly convincing. She portrayed the determined and persistent characteristics of Annie's personality well, but the somewhat cynical sense of humor, the worldly-wise survival instincts in Annie were definitely lacking.

The children in the play performed adequately, especially Percy, the young black servant. Eleven-year-old Faith Williams, who played Helen, was at times extremely convincing, while, at other times, she resembled a robot. She was outstanding in the scene where Helen demolishes the dining room, just as she was outstanding in all the really physical scenes.

Darice Clewell portrayed Kate Keller, Helen's mother, with just the right amount of the Southern lady. She and Helen also had a nice emotional rapport between them. Anne Stieber, as Viney, the black servant, was especially fine, natural, and humorous. Helen's dog was cute and well-trained, although a trifle unpredictable during emotional scenes.

Frieda Bridgeman's multi-faceted set matched her usual standards of excellence. Also, compliments to Steven Crick on the lighting. It was exceptional—an integral part of the drama, which greatly added to the development of the pay.

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Interested persons should send contributions to:

POINTER
111 Gesell
Attn: Arts Editor

OR

Deposit them in the POINTER Box beside the Gridiron in the University Center.
Money, Whence It Came From And Where It Went

By John Galbraith
Houghton and Mifflin, 1976

Reviewed by Sunny Narag

Once again, Galbraith perceptively paints, praisés, and plattitudes, John Galbraith gives us another of his brilliant expositions. The subject is money.

Money began its checked history as a medium of exchange. In primitive forms, among others, were furs and mules. Later, more portable forms prevailed, such as gold, silver, and copper coins. Perhaps the reason for such change was the scarcity of the first and second elements, which made them viable standards of value. In fact, one of the properties of money is that the medium, whatever it may be, should be scarce (Galbraith mentions lunar rocks), so that it would have some value. Metals usually provide such value because of their relative scarcity.

Thus begins Galbraith's chronicle on money. He concludes for us the debilitating effects preface qualities of the medium of can have upon the economy. This is the earliest is provided by the Spanish gold plundered in South America. In the 16th century, Spanish armadas sailed to the New World and brought back in mense quantities of gold. The forays were profitable, but only for awhile, as the trips increased so did the quantities of valuable metal in the market.

Some time later, in France, John Law, a Scottish banker, appropriately flooded the market with paper notes. His bank collapsed as people in panic rushed to have their gold which the notes were supported by. This was perhaps the first example of currency which had little face value. Paper money, though imperfect in its earliest days, was not without use. It financed, among other things, the American, French, and the Russian Revolutions. Then it opened up the west for the American pioneers.

People have long asked primarily how money is created. Initially, paper money was nothing more than the receipt for gold in the warehouse. This receipt would indicate the amount of gold it could be exchanged for, and thus the traders simply paid with these instruments while the gold lay in the security of the vaults.

Bankers discovered that they could issue two to three times the value of receipts in the form of loans. This discovery led to central banks where and soon they had sole authority to mint or print money. They could also increase or decrease the supply of money by the volume of circulation and hence affect the value of trade.

Galbraith explains each of these developments well and chooses his examples with economic and literary skill. His style of writing and impeccable English prove entertaining and relieve much of the boredom such books usually harbor. He begins his book by assuring the lay reader, "There is nothing about money that cannot be understood with the patience of reasonable curiosity, diligence, and intelligence." He makes sure of this even at the cost of evading some important arguments and details.

But he makes up for such weaknesses with brilliant insights and judgements. His chapter of Keynes is well explained and a person unfamiliar in economics can easily understand the importance of fiscal policy of Lord Keynes. Perhaps Galbraith takes pain to explain other developments in society such as the effects of money, which have had a profound effect on the evolving nature of equally brilliant analysis, he elucidates the role of government and its fiscal and monetary policies.

This being the election year and each side accusing the other of economic mismanagement, this book can prove useful to readers not familiar with the science of economics. It is also recommended for those who are thinking of taking classes in money or related economic matters.

Hasten Down the Road

By Linda Ronstadt
Asylum Records
Reviewed by Randy Wievel

There are at least two good reasons to hasten down the Wind, Linda Ronstadt's new release on Asylum. But once your eyes make it past the cover, the distinct sound of gobbling of "Prisoner in Disguise," George, there are a few turkeys here.

Compared to her brilliant, though similar, Heart Like a Wheel and Prisoner in Disguise, Down the Wind seems to be recorded in SloMo. Determined to blaze new trails, Ronstadt neglects to use anything penned by old cohorts Neil Young, J.D. Souther, or, sadly, Lowell George.

Instead, she's included two songs of her own, which is unique, and three by Karla Bonoff. Bonoff should buzz off! Her trio of tunes provides little, detrafls plenty.

Ronstadt's compositions are "Lo Siento Mi Vida" and "Try Me Again." "Once again" as a pretentious, mostly in Spanish so the lyric sheet is little of aid. It leaves you wishing Stevens Point had a Taco Bell franchise.

"Try Me Again" is the plea of a desperate woman and is carried off very well. The song is a Latin styke, mostly in Spanish so the lyric sheet is little of aid. It leaves you wishing Stevens Point had a Taco Bell franchise.

By Cooder's "The Tattler," sparked by Kenny Edwards' mandolin, is one of the album's highs, but some of its beauty is tarnished because it's in a John Ford sandwich.

The Eagles' Don Henley joins our heroine for the title cut, which is a plus, although some dispute Ronstadt's mushy interpretation of Warren Zevon's percinnous original version.

Side two is kicked off by a solitary verse of the hymn-like "Rivers of Babylon" which leads into "Give One Heart," some Ronstadt reggae notable only for, not one, but two cowbells, courtesy of Peter Asher and Andrew (Solid) Gold.

Hasten Down the Wind's disparity is then illustrated by back-to-back tracks. First comes Willie Nelson's "Crazy." Listening to this dirge conjures visions of Ronstadt pronged on a stool alongside a piano in a smoky nightclub. Ugh! It might wise to have an airline sickness bag handy for "Crazy."

But Linda zooms from the gutter to the penthouse as she reboards with "Down So Low", a powerful number with inspired chorus and accompaniment. "Down So Low" rises and falls away like the tide; it's vintage Ronstadt.

Not to be forgotten is the ubiquitous oldy-goldy. This trip it's Boudle Holly's "That'll Be the Day," a typical, well done Ronstadt Retread certain to get maximum AM exposure.

May be her recent nose caucasian had something to do with it because Hasten Down the Wind is not the Tucson Queen's best shot, a long, long way. And if it wasn't for that diaphanous frock that she's wrapped in on the cover (and the back, and the inside...dread), the sales of this venture would surely be disappointing, which is a good word to sum up with.

Ragtime

By E.L. Doctorow
Bantam Books
$2.25

Reviewed by Dawn Kaufman

Despite the splendor of names and places and famous people in a dramatic era, "Ragtime" by E.L. Doctorow lacks a force that holds all those people together. Instead, plots of historical persons and their images barely find purpose in Doctorow's summer "bestseller.

Father, Mother, Mother's Younger Brother and Mother's Son, whose eyes reveal "Ragtime", are the crux of the novel. Their lives span chapters in history to include the presidency of Teddy Roosevelt. Peary's trek north and the sinking of the Lusitania. Sprinkled throughout the lives of the unnamed family, are more characters and circumstances indirectly forming the future status of Father, Mother and their brood.

Description is vivid as well as the tremendous amount of historical reference, yet "Ragtime" neither links up or down to the publicity it has so freely received. It merely exists. It is difficult to wade through so many words of which the reader must supply the missing links. The mere reference to nostalgia and the cardboard pianos displaying Doctorow's compositions were "cute", but had little to do with the novel itself. The reader gets the impression that Mr. Doctorow wrote an ordinary run-of-the-mill short story of a family, then decided to add spice with nametopping and especially for those who are thinking of taking classes in money or related economic matters.

Does this quote imply that the lives of these characters were not within their eyes, never grasping the full meaning? Is it reference to a character in the book who is a black pianist, loves to play ragtime and turns radical?"Quoting the start of novels usually have significant meaning. One thing is for certain, don't read "Ragtime" too fast. You may find yourself reaching for a dictionary discovering you still haven't found the relationship between the Family and the barrage of people, facts and words, and around their lives. Henry Ford, J.P. Morgan, Sunny Narag and Sigmund Freud were mentioned, yet were never "in" the lives of the family. Unfortunately, neither is the reader.
By Phil Sanders

If you checked last week and didn’t dig on the “Brothership Connection,” it wasn’t your eyes. We weren’t there. Due to an interplanetary, astropolitical miscalculation on the part of your good ol’ Brothership Commander (me), we didn’t land in time. Anyway, people, we have come paid for the error, and we are here doing it in 3D. Can you still dig me? 10-4. Well then hang on and read some more.

Steveland Morris has done it again. “Songs in the key of life” (Motown 113-340C2), his new album, is definitely Premo (first class). You probably know him better as “Stevie Wonder.” When I say the album is first class, I mean in quality and price. This album set, which contains two LP’s and a “Something Extra” disc, is, according to Howie of Common House Records, Stevens Point, the most expensive pop recording since the Rolling Stones released one priced a little over eleven dollars.

Stevie’s is closer to thirteen. The price will probably not phase those of us who are devoted fans of “Brother Wonder.” Hey, it’s worth it.

In the last Connection I promised an in depth profile on Dr. William Collins, the newest black faculty member at UWEP. Here it is, as deep as deep can be.

William Collins is a man of many titles, one of which is Doctor of Psychology. He attended the University of Michigan-Ann Arbor, where he completed both undergrad and graduate work and earned his doctorate in Psychology. His dissertation was on personality development and adjustment among medical students who are in a program designed to produce physicians who are as much the humanitarian as technician. Oooh!!! Weeeet!!! Want that heavy?

At this point, you’re probably wondering what his other titles are. Well, for starters, “Nick.” I asked Dr. Collins how he came by the name Nick. He explained it as only a psychologist could. It seems in the city of Detroit, where he was born and raised, everyone had some kind of nickname. His name became Nick and, as he put it, “the name stuck.” People have been calling him “Nick” ever since.

Upon graduating last year, Dr. Nick accepted a position here at Stevens Point in the Psychology Dept. He teaches Psych 101 and hopes to handle Psych 301 in the very near future. In addition to his responsibilities in the Psychology Dept., he does some counseling in the Counseling Center. In talking to Dr. Nick Collins, I began to develop a whole new concept of what actually goes on over there. His attitude toward counseling is refreshing, to say the least.

Dr. Nick feels the emphasis should be on learning, in opposition to the “you’re nuts” type of attitude that many counselors have. Privacy and confidentiality are the key words to Dr. Nick. They are so much the whole staff at the Counseling Center. Because of this attitude, one should not be leery of stopping in to talk with the good doctor—that is, if you have a problem. If you just want to socialize and rap with the “Brotherman,” you can usually catch him in his office in the Psych Dept., at home, or at the local hamburger stand.

Oh yeah, “Brotherman” is a recent addition to Dr. Nick’s list of titles. The soul mob and me bestowed that one on him after ascertaining that the man is highly knowledgeable about the psychological problems of blacks. After growing up in Detroit and attending Ann Arbor, which is definitely a “right on” university as far as black awareness is concerned, he could be nothing less.

Dr. Collins wishes that more blacks would use the Counseling Center because he is firm in the belief that he can help and wants to. Dr. William (Nick) Collins is, in the opinion of the Brothership Connection, a BLACK MAN and very deserving of the title “Brotherman.”

Hey, if you’re interested in finding out what the wines WINE PSI PHI are all about, check out next week’s Connection. I’d better go move the “Brothership,” ’cause I’m double parked in the Starship parking lot, but before I do...Right on for you ladies of the BSC volleyball team. Last Monday night’s game was an improvement over your previous efforts. So until later.....LATER

By Carrie Wolvin

At the Co-op you'll find you don't have to get down to basics... you are already there. We meet when we get into the new building that we will have space for more in the way of convenience foods...not junk...just more convenient.

Still, I'd like to offer a little insight into why we carry what we carry now, the parts rather than the whole. The chain stores cost you more because they charge you more by the unit to sell you small quantities. At the Co-op you pay bulk prices no matter how little you buy. That's your part of the save-you-money campaign. Your part is not paying B. Crocker a hell of a wage to cut in the lard for you.

Only, before you feel too sorry for yourself, slaving over a hot teapot, measuring your own baking powder, we are giving you, at no extra charge, a great chance to add your own ingenuity, to become a great cook, to maintain high integrity in the ingredients you use, and to add significantly to the food value of everyday dishes. And to enjoy a little self-satisfaction. There are so many things that can get out of hand in the average day, it's nice to go home and know the biscuits will do as they are told.

Of course, we know that days are full; "hurry up" is the motto of the age, so here is a mix-your-own mix you can put together during some half time, or rainy afternoon.

MIX-YOUR-OWN
10 cups flour (half may be soy flour), 1 cup instant milk, 1-3 cups baking powder, ½ Tbs. salt, ½ cup shortening, 1 tsp. sugar, 1 Tbs. poppy seeds.

Work together with pastry cutter, mixer or fingers until the consistency of corn meal. Store, covered in cool dry place. Yields about 12-15 thorough cookies.

STUFF-TO-MAKE
2½ cups + 2-3 cups water, mix, roll and cut, bake on greased sheet at 450 degrees 10-15 min. equals biscuits. Add a little more water and you can just drop 'em on the sheet.

OR
add ½ cup cheese, or sesame seeds, or a little honey, 1 cup butter and an egg and bake as muffins...only at 400 for 25 min.

FOR THOSE WHO CAN'T FIND THE CO-OP: it's south on Reserve, right on Ellis, 1916 Ellis Street.

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## Homecoming Calendar of Events

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<td>Dinner/Dance $7.50/person Dance Only $3.00/couple</td>
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<td>GAMES Kite Flying 3:30 p.m. AC Field Wheelbarrow Race 4:15 p.m., AC Field Talent Show 8:30-9:30 Coffeehouse</td>
<td>GAMES Log Toss 3:30 p.m. AC Field Marshmallow Mush 3:45 p.m. Coffeehouse Pyramid Build 4:30 p.m. AC Field Square Dance 7:10 p.m. Wisconsin Room</td>
<td>GAMES Triangle Race 3:45 p.m. Concourse Cracker Eating Contest 4 p.m. Coffeehouse Molasses Drop 5 p.m. Coffeehouse Casino &amp; Saloon Night 8-12 p.m. Program Banquet Room</td>
<td>GAMES Sack Race 3 p.m. AC Field Pie Eating Contest 4:45 p.m. Allen Center Rope Pull 4:15 AC Field Film Fest &quot;Breakfast at Tiffany's&quot; &amp; &quot;Laurel and Hardy&quot; 4:45 p.m. Coffeehouse Bluegrass Fest 8:30-12:30 Allen Center</td>
<td>Football Follies &amp; Superbowl 11 a.m.-2 p.m. Coffeehouse GAMES Football Follies &amp; Superbowl 11 a.m.-2 p.m. Coffeehouse</td>
<td>UAB Film: &quot;The Longest Yard&quot; 6:30-8 p.m. Program Banquet Room</td>
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<td>Responsible Drinking 7:30-9:30 Wright Lounge</td>
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**UWSP Arts & Lectures Presents**

**William Warfield, Baritone**

**Mon., Oct. 11, 8 p.m.**

**Michelsen Concert Hall**

**Tickets: 346-4666 Students $1.00 & I.D.**

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**HAPPY HOUR**

**At Mable Murphy's Downstairs — Mr. Lucky's Thursdays 5-8**

**All You Can Drink— Only $1.25**

**Sponsored by Sigma Tau Gamma**

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**Red Lantern Pizza Announces New Hours:**

**Mon. 3 p.m.-2:30 a.m. (Smorgasbord 3-9)**

**Tues. & Wed. 4 p.m.-2:30 a.m. Thurs. 4 p.m.-3 a.m. FRI. & SAT. 11 a.m.-3 a.m. SUN. 11 a.m.-2:15 a.m.**

**Phone 341-1414 210 Isadore**
**FREE STUDENT CLASSIFIEDS**

**Wanted**

1 girl to share two bedroom apartment $72.50 a month. For more info call 652-2214. (Free line after 6) Ask for Rosanne.

**Help Wanted**

Noon hours between 10 and 2. See student manager at the grid. Ex. 2610.


**For Sale**


1966 Williams Pin Ball machine. Collector’s item. Needs minor repair. $250 or best offer. Call 341-7947

Sharp 12 inch diagonal screen television. Brand new. $75. Call 341-7364

"250" Enduro Suzuki less than 6 months old. Street mileage. $725. Call 341-0323 ask for Jim.

**For Sale**

TEAC A-4010 Stereo tape deck automatic reverse with 10 blank tapes, used only a few times. Call 341-5774 Ask for Rick.

**For Sale**

Sharp 12 inch diagonal screen television. Brand new. $75. Call 341-7364.

"250" Enduro Suzuki less than 6 months old. Street mileage. $725. Call 341-0323 ask for Jim.

**For Sale**

An announcement

The PRIDE office needs volunteers to serve as tutors for the Wisconsin Rapids Tutoring Project. Tutors are needed in every subject. There will be an orientation meeting, Tues., Oct. 12 at 7 pm in the Red Room of the UC. All interested should attend.

There is also a tutoring program for college students on campus. Interested? 346-3828.

The "Surprise" is coming. UAB Coffeehouse.

Sr. Honor Society general meeting Wed., Oct. 13 at 3 pm in the Red Room of the UC.

There will be a Soil Conservation Society meeting next Mon. Oct. 11. BE THERE if you are at all interested in preserving our natural resources. Room 112 at the CNR.

**For Sale**

**Wallet lost** in the vicinity of Jefferson St. Dark Blue with identification. Call Jerry 344-2319. REWARD.

**Help Wanted**

Environmental Council Meeting-discussing Hwy 66 Bike Trail, Ice Age Trail, in Rm 109 CCC, 5 pm Oct. 12.

**For Sale**

**Wallace lost** in the vicinity of Jefferson St. Dark Blue with identification. Call Jerry 344-2319. REWARD.

**Help Wanted**

The Student Chapter of the Wildlife Society will meet Tuesday, October 12 at 6:30 pm in 112 of the CNR. The guest speaker will be Milt Friend whose topic will be lead poisoning.

NEW CNR MAJORS: There are new requirements for degrees in Water and Wildlife that are not listed in the 76-77 catalog. New listing for requirements are available in 107 CNR. For more info, contact Jim Newman 136 CNR, Ex 2656 or Barry Johnson 107 CNR Ex 2853.

**FREE POPCORN**

**STAR TREK**

**GETTING MARRIED. . .**

**SUNBLIND LION IN CONCERT**

PLAYING ORIGINAL MUSIC

**SUNDAY, OCTOBER 10**

IN ALLEN CENTER UPPER

9 P.M.-MIDNIGHT

ADMISSION

$1.00

FREE POPCORN

**HAVING A PICNIC, BANQUET, COFFEE BREAK, COCKTAIL HOUR OR A VARIETY OF OTHER MEAL PLANS?**

THE UNIVERSITY FOOD SERVICE CAN MEET YOUR NEED AT A BUDGET PLEASING RATE!

CONTACT JOHN AT 346-2427 OR JIM AT 346-3434

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ANNIVERSARY SALE
AT
ERZINGER’S
TOM KAT AND ALLEY KAT

ENTIRE STOCK OF MEN’S SWEATERS
SIZES S-M-L-XL
REG. $12.00 TO $40.00
NOW!
$9.66 to $31.88
VESTS • TURTLENECKS • PULLOVERS

ENTIRE STOCK OF PVC Vinyl Coats & Jackets
VALUES $26.00 TO $55.00
NOW
$17.33 TO $36.66
SIZES 38-46

SPECIAL GROUP OF Down-Filled Jackets
$39.88
VALUES TO $65.00

SPECIAL GROUP OF SKI JACKETS
REGULAR $35.00 AND $60.00
NOW
$22.88 AND $34.88
NYLONS & DOWN FILLED
SIZES S-M-ML-L

ENTIRE STOCK OF DRESS SLACKS REDUCED
REGULAR $16.00 TO $23.00
NOW
$12.77 TO $18.44
EXCLUDES CORDUROY

ENTIRE STOCK OF SWEATERS
REGULAR $8.00 TO $36.00
NOW
$6.44 TO $28.88
VESTS, TURTLES, CARDIGANS, PULLOVERS AND COWL-NECKS

MEN’S SOCKS
4 PAIR FOR $3.00

SMALL GROUP BELTS
ASST. STYLES & SIZES
50% OFF REG. PRICE

OPEN UNTIL 9:00 P.M. THURSDAY & FRIDAY NIGHTS