Rock climbers scale the Coffeehouse wall as part of Outdoor Symposium

Legislatures fear marijuana bill,

News

LSD eyes the Governorship,

News

Wievel previews NCAA tournament,

Sports

March 11, 1977

Off-campus 15¢
activating atmosphere

To the Pointer,

I was somewhat surprised, when upon resuming my seat on the back of last week's Pointer, I felt a tinge of discouraging embarrassment creep into my smile and avert from my stranger. It must have been the phrase "Fight Back" and "put a crinkle in the profit system in one fell swoop." Mooselookmeguntic doesn't walk into the store with that type of aggressive attitude in mind.

The main virtues of the store are that it is used to destroy capitalism, but that it provides a space for individual involvement and creativity in running the store, which traditionally is largely a largely forgotten mass. The store brings us closer to how our food comes to us.

The main virtues of the store are not that it seizes control of the store, but rather it makes people understand the international relations. It would seem to me that it would have an advantage to have a general understanding of the world, when dealing with world locations of mineral and energy resources. It is clear that there are incredible numbers of mineral and energy sources which the United States and others want to exploit, and thus the struggle to be put in jeopardy if there were a shift in international relations (e.g., the Oil Embargo, 1973). Thus, a movement to bring in an internationalist to take Geography 375. Major sources and resources become enlightened as did I.

As I stated in the beginning, these are just phrases, and it is up to the reader to see if these phrases can be extremely useful in enhancing the understanding of one's major, and this is my hope that departments will set up collateral course listings, based on student and faculty recommendations.

Kenneth A. Maltzahn

Bolshevik Revolution, etc.

"Analyze of Alternative Landfill Disposal Systems" be presented at the next meeting of the Wood County Board's solid waste planning committee February 21, 1973. The Wisconsin Solid Waste Recycling Authority - on March 21st, Monday, Wood County Court House, 7 P.M., when the subject will be resource recovery and a possible discussion of plans for a County site for recycling wastes.

Mark you calendars, people - March 21st. A good time to ask those questions! Thank you.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Cornelia Grosek

elections coming

To the Pointer,

We passed the mid-mark in this semester. Whether you like it or not the end of this one is in the air. Marriage is not far away. It will be elections for Student Government. It doesn't look like there is going to be any earth-shattering issues this time around or so it appears.

Let's face it, every department in every college has its troubles and pitfalls. A lot of which are soluble with a little help. That's one of the big reasons Student Government is instituted. We just wanted to know we're interested. Student Government, we that it came about time it came to you!

Michael Dempsey

Dorothy (Tot) Sorensen

two sides of the story

To the Pointer,

I'm shocked at what your staff - considers good journalism. Proper reporting means more telling than the news, with a point of view in the writing. This writer is the faves & the will's in the headline. This writer needs a good reporter and editor considers acceptable to the readers.

I'm referring to your article on L.T. Col. Harris, who during his stay at UWSP did nothing but go on a speaking tour of the country and the school. Anyone interested in the issue of giving the L.T. Col. Harris a slap on the wrist for not speaking out will not recognize an ex-instructor good luck.

I truly hope more thought is given to the headlines. Expecting to find the promised article with further details.

Steve Fine (Non-ROTC)

peaceful protest

To the Pointer,

On July 18, 1973, almost 4 years ago, a number of Rudolph Wood County residents, some other area residents and some members of L.A.N.D. (League Against Nuclear Disarmament) gathered at a peaceful picket, protesting Wood County Board's decision which favored location of a nuclear power plant in Rudolph Township.

The next day Wisconsin Rapids Tribune featured an editorial about this protest.

Protests describing these participants, their activity and purpose of this action included a quiet, humble pride in them and a determination for continuing their work.

The people involved in this activity were described as businesslike, peaceful, orderly, sensible and sincere, commendable exercising their rights.

This supportive kind of action was again demonstrated 4 years later. Rudolph Board's resolution protest proceeding the site placement.

Wisconsin Rapids Press, in its February 21, 1973, article under the headline "In Rudolph a Peaceful Protest Against Nuclear Plant," of a nuclear power plant in Rudolph Township.

The protest was peaceful and orderly, and was attended by approximately 50 people. The protesters were students, faculty, parents and friends of those attending the meeting of the Wood County Board's solid waste planning committee and their consulting engineers, Donohue & Associates, Inc., the DNR, and the Wisconsin Solid Waste Recycling Authority.

The protest was organized by the "Archie Blushers" throughout the county. Those protesters honored until they rock the boat, usually by revolting against the privileged class (e.g., the Spanish Vespers, the Peasant Revolt of 1831, the French Revolution, The Taiping Rebellion, the Boxer Rebellion, and the velocities of Carter's pardon for the Vietnam war. It is true that there were a small number of extremists who did offer such criticism, but this was a very small minority of the anti-war protesters.

In the second place, I believe that the war was not a terrible blunder on the part of our political and military leaders. During World War II, the United States called four freedoms, which amounted to saying, "no war for freedom for each nation to manage their own affairs. The Vietnamese including Ho Chi Minh, buildings their own political life after the war; when the French attempted to re-establish their colony there, the Vietnamese resisted.

The letter writer says that those who object to the war could be considered objectionable. However, many of the outsiders were not considered objectionable to all war; they were considered objectionable to this war, and to this particular war leader. As such, they could only serve or go to jail. The law did not recognize objection to a particular war. It is clear that there would have served in what they regarded as a just war. They did not regard this work as just. They were not therefore in the classical sense, objectionable.

The letter writer also criticizes them for running away. The decision to emigrate, or to stay and go jail is hardly a decision that can be dealt with by saying that "they ran away." And many of the others, who felt that the larger society is doubtless. Leonard Crow Dog, the Sioux Indian leader is in jail, and he is expressing himself. Some American Indians and the National Council of Churches are interested or aware. Several of the leaders of the Carter groups lifted hand down his pardon, and few personal dilemmas, of which the Old, probably called jail sentences, sending men to jail for refusing to fight in that unjust, cruel and pointless war.

Moreover, if we must use the term "running away" some of our most eminent citizens fled away from our own land, to find a refuge here. Albert Einstein for example, fled away from Germany because it had more freedom than his homeland. Another classic example of a runaway was the woman Indonesia, who had the misfortune to be born Jewish, and a woman, and interested in physics. In Nazi Germany, there was no place for persons like that, so she ran away. She did not return in physics, in Norway, and published the research in a journal which Einstein saw; these two runaways were responsible for the United States having the atom bomb.

I myself see no insult to those who serve in Vietnam, or those who do not believe in the war, such as who like Antigone, "said, "I cannot agree with my country's actions, and I accept the last load of the country." I would like to see them welcomed back in the same way as were the women veterans of Vietnam. They both in their own way served our country, and they both should be recognized and given equal treatment.

Lee Burress

Professor of English

Series 9 Vol. 20, No. 20
LSD has vested interest in governorship

By James A. Tesuta, Mary Dowd

Rumors have been running rampant these past few days in regard to the Chancellor's candidacy for the Governor's seat. When questioned about this possibility, Dreyfus replied, "I'm sure as hell looking at it."

The Chancellor also disclosed the fact that he had been approached by certain individuals in the Republican party, although he couldn't say for sure how much political clout these people have.

One of the main reasons behind the Chancellor's interest in the Governorship is his deep concern over the future of the two party system in the United States. He believes, "We haven't felt the effects of Watergate and because of this, the Republicans need fresh political faces. Being a 'political virgin' would certainly prove a plus in the bid for the Governorship.

Another decisive factor, said Dreyfus, would avoid conflict to which young people could be utilized and recruited into his campaign and the Republican party. Again this would be crucial as part of a Republican face lift.

Dreyfus, a man with progressive dreams was first appointed Chancellor of UWSP in 1967. A former Madison professor and an expert of national standing in the educational world, he welcomed the chance to put his talents to work in Administration.

The fifty year old Chancellor who still labels himself a "Republicocrat" claims no strong ties to any political party, a position which he feels would be popular with the voters. He's also considered running on an independent ticket but has doubts about its viability.

In the meantime, he wishes to continue talking to people and listening to the public before making a definite decision. The irony of the whole thing, he stated, is that one of the individuals from whom he would like to seek political advice is Democratic Governor, Patrick Lucey, an old Madison neighbor and long time friend.

Today, Dreyfus affectionately refers to his job as "nifty" and he wishes he had more time to spend in the classroom. He expressed a hesitancy at this time to abandon college teaching for a different sort of position. He also mentioned that he wasn't sure whether he would be allowed to take a leave of absence should he decide to pursue the campaign trail.

When asked about his intentions of running for Governor, Dreyfus before answering said, "I've been advised by some people to at least listen. I've got to hear these people out." For awhile, Dreyfus made it clear he was leaving the door open, but eventually declined, "because I have expressed my complete commitment to this institution (UWSP) and its future.

This is far from the first time Dreyfus' name has been linked with open political posts. In 1968, he was mentioned as a possible candidate for the Senator's seat, a vacancy created by Melvin Laird's appointment to Secretary of Defense.

The Chancellor was also considered a possible appointee to the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) in 1972, but again this was ruled out. It's widely known that Governor Lucey's demand for Nixon's resignation spoiled Dreyfus' chances.

And until the University of Wisconsin Presidential Search Committee releases their choices for UW-Systems President, the Chancellor may be considered a potential replacement for the retiring incumbent.

Sources close to the Chancellor who wished their identities withheld did however confirm his intent to run for Governor, but could not say when an official announcement would be made.

The State Republican Party will be holding their spring convention on the UWSP campus May 21. Dreyfus has agreed to deliver the keynote address, one of the few times he has spoken before a partisan group.

Time alone will demonstrate whether Lee Sherman Dreyfus does have the "national talents to make a run at the Oval Office, or simply has political aspirations, or merely plans for another "live le nom" attempt.

Financial Aids frustrated by HEW law

By Gail C. Gatto

Unless Wisconsin is willing to conform to some tedious, time-consuming paperwork, the state loan program would be forced to cut off students much more than $15 million per year in federal money.

According to the Department of Health, Education and Welfare's (HEW) latest interpretation of the Education Amendments, UWSP can no longer give loans to a student unless the student first provides a statement of loan refusal from a bank. If the bank refuses to give the student a letter of denial, then the student must provide a notarized statement to the bank.

Before UWSP can make an initial loan to any new loan applicants, they must now tell them to first apply for a Guaranteed Student Loan. Then, when refused, they will be eligible to receive a Wisconsin loan.

Phil George, of UWSP's Financial Aids Office, said that this "latent statutory horror which has surfaced" will create problems for everyone involved. He said, "It is essential to inform the 600 students on this campus who receive state loans.

"We have a problem sorting out who is new," said George. "Obviously all freshmen would be new loans, but we have to sort out the upperclassmen who are just now applying for loans and therefore are also new."

George stated that they try to make the loan process as simple as possible and this will only complicate it and make it more difficult for the students. He also said that this could possibly anger the banks with all the "Mickey Mouse" paperwork involved with them.

In accordance with these new rules, once a student has been given a loan, then an employee of Financial Aids must meet with the student to make certain they understand the conditions of the loan and the repayment and any other responsibilities incurred under it.

George said the method they now use to inform the student of the terms of the loan is to send a brief explanatory cover letter first and when the loan is accepted, a promissory note explains the penalties, fee, etc. He said, "The way we've got it set up is perfectly adequate, and also the fastest and most thorough. There's no way we'll have enough staff to meet with everyone to read them the promissory note when we are restricted to groups of no more than five students."

The solution to the problem is presently resting on the State higher Education Aids Board (HEAB). They are trying to sift out the pertinent facts and discover what all this will mean to Wisconsin colleges.

George said he would like to hear if there is anything helpful he can do, such as write Washington or call our Congressman. He feels it is very important to clear up difficulties such as these immediately.

"The state HEAB is interpreting what must be done to comply," stated George. He went on to say that unless they (HEAB) can find a way around this, UWSP will have to implement these "tortuous horrors" right away.

He also explained that if Wisconsin didn't comply with the law and the federal government audited the state, Wisconsin could stand to lose over $15 million a year through default. Therefore, unless a solution is found, UWSP will be implementing these new practices into effect.

Marijuana bill intimidates

The bill to decriminalize marijuana has some key support in the State legislature. However, advocates are reserved in their enthusiasm and fear political reprisal at the polls in the next election.

Colin Babbitch, Senate Majority Leader, said the bill would stand a better chance of passing if legislators in favor of minimum publicity, according to student government representatives who talked with him last week.

Babbitch told the SGA representatives that members of the Senate would like to get the marijuana bill on the floor and over with as soon as possible so that it doesn't come up during election time.

SGA representatives, who spent a day lobbying for the bill, were told by Babbitch, "I have a firm inclination to vote for the bill!", and predicted the bill will pass, if not this year, within the next few weeks.

Babbitch said he was asked to co-sponsor the bill, but declined. "I don't need that kind of help," he told Babbitch. Babbitch, however, said he would try and convince State Senator James Flynn (D. West Allis), chairperson of the Judiciary Committee, to push the bill out of the committee and on the floor where a vote can be taken. Aids to Senator Babbitch said the bill currently stands of good chance of passing on the floor.

Flynn's committee will hold hearings on the bill in the first part of April and, according to aids of the committee chairperson, Flynn is still neutral on the bill.

Lyons Adelman, member of the Senate Judiciary Committee, is undecided but told Rick Tank, SGA Representative, "I don't know about the bill. It's a lot about it, if they want to smoke, let them. I don't think people in my district are ready for it." Adelman also told Tank, "My wife backs it (decriminalization of marijuana), and my brother backs it, but I'm afraid of it politically."

The Health and Social Services Committee will hold hearings on the bill for the assembly. Committee chairperson, Joseph Czerwinski told SGA representatives he wants to "play junior" on the bill as it passes through the committee stage. Five members of this committee were co-sponsors of the bill.

Aids to Senator Babbitch stressed the importance of having large numbers of supporters at the committee hearings.

In other developments surrounding the bill, Gene Messina, of the Wisconsin Association for the Elimination of Other Drug Abuse, will be testifying in favor of the bill before the Senate Judiciary Committee. He is also recruiting a number of physicians and professional people to do the same.

The United Council at their next meeting on March 28, will be voting on whether to support the bill. Rick Tank said he anticipates they will vote to lobby.

March 11, 1977 Page 3 Pointer
City Elections to be held April 5

By C. Wampler

The spring election for city government positions is slated for Tuesday, April 5. Voters will choose seven alderman, Comptroller-Treasurer, City Clerk, City Attorney, and three school board appointments.

Since '77 is an off-year, likewise alderman only for the odd-numbered wards will be chosen. By definition these are wards 1,3,5,7,9,11 and 13. Portions of the 3rd, 7th and 11th Wards are located on the campus. The 7th Ward contains Schmeckee and Baldwin-Hill, 11th Ward includes Watson, Burroughs, Thompson and Knudson Halls. And the 3rd Ward, including Hansen and Neale Hall, has according to the city clerk the largest number of students living off campus.

In the 1st Ward, Michael Haberman, 1756 Chippewa St. and Gloria Schultz, 1108 Smith St. are competing. Schultz is on the ticket for the first time as a city official. In the past she was active on the now-defunct Redevelopment Authority which appropriated government funds for public programs. The incumbent, Haberman, is presently ending his first term. He is Chairman of the Personnel Committee and is also a member of the Finance Commit. The Personnel Committee deals with employee salaries, benefits and negotiations.

3rd Ward nominees are Pamela Rewey, 2024 Clark St. and James D. Dunn, 1625 East Ave. Dunn said he was interested in the employment growth rate of Sentry Insurance, once a leader in the city. He is Chairman of the Personnel Committee and is also a member of the Finance Comm. The Personnel Committee deals with employee salaries, benefits and negotiations.

Dunn's opposition, Pamela Rewey, is Chairwomen of the Portage County Commission on Women, and is also involved with the League of Women Voters. As a member of the State. Pt. Transit Advisory Comm., Rewey explained she supports a bus system which would entail "storage and maintenance facilities, four 30 minute routes, and the allowance that PABCO be given the management contract for at least the first year."

The 7th Ward has only one candidate in the running, incumbent Nprbert J. Miller of 2009 Illinois Ave. He is active on the Personnel Comm., Joint Building Comm. for Schools and the Overall Economic Development Plan Comm. Miller has almost reached the status of a senior Council Member, which is a title acquired after 10 years of service in city government.

In the 7th Ward, the alderman position is sought by Leo Mancheski of 609 Union St. and incumbent Alfred Lewandowski, 1088 4th St.

Leo Mancheski, now retired, is hoping to gain back a seat in local politics. Prior to his retirement, Mancheski worked for a construction firm. Before that, however he noted, he was involved in some major decisions for 20 years. At that time he had been on several committees, which include 18 years on the Parks and Playground Comm. Mancheski said he had helped plan the expansion of Bukolt and Iveson Parks.

Incumbent Alfred Lewandowski has been serving as alderman for eight years. He is currently the "Clerk of Courts of Portage County" and has held the seat for the past 21 years. He is also a member of the Public Protection Comm; Lewandowski said there were many important issues he had to take care of in the next term. One problem, he sited, was the parking area shortage of the 7th Ward, which would entail the parking area for the Northside of town.

In the 9th Ward Jack E. Gourdeau, 157 W. Clark St., is challenging incumbent John Fabisiak. Gourdeau, who has no previous history in area politics, says he's on the ticket because the 9th Ward has not been fully represented by the incumbent. Gourdeau is a sales representative for the Northwestern Cosmetics Co. Fabisiak was convicted of DWI by the University of Wisconsin Police and was not able to run for a third term after the conviction.

In the 11th Ward is incumbent Nick Jelich, 821 S. 7th St. The nonopposed alderman will run in the 4th Ward in the spring election. Jelich is concerned about the Board of Public Works for six years and the Board of the Joint Building Comm. for Schools. Last year he was Chairman of the Finance Comm. Jelich noted that his main concern in the Northside of town is to extend some of the streets. He said some of the thoroughways have been completed and upon more streets will follow.

The 13th Ward is also unopposed by incumbent William S. Nuck, 3209 McCulloch St. Nuck is a member of the Board of Public Works as well as the Public Protection Comm. The spring election will be Nuck's second term.

Each alderman will serve a two year term and are paid $1200 per year. The polling places for each ward are as follows: 3rd Ward, Emerson School; 5th Ward, Jefferson School; 7th Ward, City Fire Station; 1701 Franklin St., 9th Ward, RC Building on W. Clark St.; 11th Ward, Peach Lutheran Center, 200 Vincent Court and 13th Ward is at the Armory building on Jefferson St.

Three School Board seats will also be up for election pending the April 5th election. These include two city positions and one outlying area position. The two unopposed city chairs are sought by Marvin K., Navarro, 3009 Belke St. and Bruce Davidson, 618 Lindbergh.

Two candidates are seeking the outlying position. They are Diane Sommers, 3209 Stevens Point and Patricia Mabie, Route 6, Box 215, Stevens Point. The outlying seat on the school board represents the Villages of Plover and Whiting and towns of Buena Vista, Grant and Stevensville.

Voter registration for the spring election may be filed at the office of city clerk through March 22, or on the day of the elections at the Polls. Absentee Ballots are available by contacting the City Clerk.

The three council seats, which serve a four year term, will run unopposed. They are Comptroller-Treasurer, held by William F. Siebert since 1962; Phyllis Wisniewski, City Clerk since 1969; and Louis J. Molepske, City Attorney since 1967.

Funding increase

UWSP has received approval to fill 19 new positions next fall to accommodate an anticipated enrollment increase.

Chancellor Lee Dreyfus, speaking Thursday to the UWSP Faculty Senate, announced he had received information on Wednesday the UW Board of Regents' central administration had revised the allocation of new teaching and non-teaching posts from eight to 19.

Last month the university was informed that it probably would receive $653,000 in additional funding because of the enrollment increase that was logged last fall and the continued growth expected this fall. Final approval, however, rests with the legislature and Governor Patrick Lucey.

There are stipulations on how the funds can be spent because new positions are tightly regulated. Dreyfus said money remaining after the new salaries are budgeted will be used for supplies and equipment chores that were delayed in the last few years.

The positions are not expected to be professional because the enrollment isn't expected to hold the high levels to which it currently is headed.

Additional laser equipment will be purchased by the University Foundation in the future, for installation in the laser laboratory in the basement of the Science Building.

New medical research and treatment is to be undertaken there and details are to be announced soon.

In addition to the senators, all provisions of the earlier imposed enrollment application limitations based on high school academic records were lifted at the recommendation of several committees. Last month the senate passed the university would be receiving extra funding for an increase in the size of the student body, the plans to cancel the "holds" were predicted.

The senators also made plans to provide input on hearings to be held in Madison this spring on faculty salaries.

In other matters, Dreyfus told the senators that he recently returned from Arizona where he gained information about Native American culture and an extension for enrolling UWSP's academic service to the numerous Indian communities in the state. He said the Stevem's Point campus currently has 57 Native American students.

Business minor established

A new academic minor in business administration has been established at UWSP. The intent of the program is to provide an opportunity to students majoring in a variety of fields the opportunity to prepare themselves for entry into the business world. Those who are able to familiarize themselves with basic concepts in accounting, economics, industrial relations and personnel administration, management, and management information systems.

Business minor established

UNBELEIVABLY CHEAP

RIGHT . . . GLAD YOU NOTICED

COSTS YOU ONLY FRACTIONS OF A PENNY TO LISTEN
TO THE BEST IN ALBUM ORIENTED ROCK MUSIC, 20 HOURS A DAY. BY TUNING YOUR FM RADIO DIAL TO 90. TAKE IT IN A BIT, SIT BACK AND RELAX, AND THEN YOU'LL SEE WHAT WE MEAN. WE'RE THE ALBUM STATION, 90FM, AND WE'RE STRIVING TO BRING YOU THE MOST PROFESSIONAL MUSICAL SOUND YOU'VE EVER HEARD.

SUNDAY MORNINGS, THE ALBERT STATION, WE'RE ON THE AIR AT 10. THE ALBUM STATION.
A problem arose when SPBAC members questioned the nature of Wine Psi Phi. Deb Dukert exclaimed, "I perceive Wine Psi Phi to be a fraternity. Therefore, I don't think we can fund them at all." Dorothy Sorensen held an opposing view, however. National organization does not consider itself a fraternity so I don't think we can classify this group as such...membership is open to anyone.

Other members went off on another tangent claiming the overall budget was too high and needed trimming. Finally, SPBAC agreed to allocate $3500 with the recommendation that the group co-sponsor speakers with other organizations.

The current budget sparked more controversy as SPBAC members battled the pros and cons of funding a yearbook. Patty Mather claimed, "I've seen yearbooks on other campuses that are self-supporting and they succeed.

Kathy Roberts pointed out that the yearbook on this campus had only been revived one year ago and still needed solid financial support in order to survive.

Emphasizing the fact that the measure is not intended to be used to gain a power hold on decision-making, the student leaders feel the bill will "facilitate true shared governance." Eaton points to problems that could arise concerning abuses of student responsibilities due to unclear meanings of shared governance.

Opposition to the bill came from administrators, faculty members, and some legislators who contend that "student politics" are not representative of the student body.

This observation is what prompted the action of State Senator James Sensenbrenner (R-Shorewood), who argued his colleagues would have control over allocations of funds for university activities as well as "primary responsibility for policy and rules, subject to approval by the Board of Regents.

Backers of the bill, which was authored by United Council and introduced by State Senator Gary Goyke (D-Shiocton), argued their case at a hearing before the Wisconsin legislature's Education and Research Committee. Sensenbrenner also defended his stance and argued the SPBAC budget should be allocated to a student group that was "self-supporting and open to anyone."

"Stronger student voice in legislative decision-making is a stronger student government. . . Allocating these funds to worthwhile projects will enhance the rights of students to participate in campus governance."

SPBAC takes axe and chops, chops, chops, ...

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Kathy Roberts pointed out that the yearbook on this campus had only been revived one year ago and still needed solid financial support in order to survive.

Other committee members questioned whether the student body even wanted a yearbook. At the present time approximately 1500 books have been sold.

Lengthy deliberation finally led to an allocation of $6380. This was $100 short of the amount requested with the difference coming from newly proposed salaried positions.

Black Student Co-op asked for $3500 to cover the costs of Black Culture Week and other special events. Mike Barry expressed his reluctance to grant full funding since the group had not achieved much success with their programming in the past. SPBAC allocated $2500 by a close margin vote.

The committee was even more stringent with the Cheerleaders and Philosophy club. These two groups were not funded at all. SPBAC argued that both organizations should seek more appropriate sources of funding.

The total Student Government budget was $18,669 and the Student Senate account was $3500 with the recommendation that the Cheerleaders and other special events be funded more appropriately.

"Board members and those interested should attend the organizational meeting March 23, 7:00 p.m., in the Red Room in U.C.

Again all are welcome
By Barb Pusche1

March II, ’1

by Barb Pusche1

Ben Wolff is an intense, energetic, speaking so fast with horn rimmed glasses and blue intox ariiav from you to raise your conscience. He wants to talk to you about getting energy from the wind.

For a few years now, Wolff has been chasing the perfect but elusive windmill design. He tries them out in the backyard of Woodworks, Inc. in the Buckminster Fuller and located in Madison. Follow all the way to the Route 53 near Milwaukee.

Wolff’s slide illustrated talk of Wednesday evening during Energy Awareness Week was an introduction to the aerodynamic, mechanical and economic aspects of the design, he told us that rather than just explaining the mechanics of wind-generated power, he wanted to show now the windmill could rid us of the “plug-in-the-wall” syndrome. This is the belief that all energy comes from the socket in the wall. He also pointed out how much better it would be to have a decentralized source of power—unlike American oil. He visualizes a patchwork of sun, wind and water powered energy that follows the ecological principle which states that with diversity comes stability. He also hinted that the solution to our energy problems might involve more than a substitute source, but a change in our way of thinking and living. Wolff demonstrated that throughout history windmills were a product of materials at hand, energy needed and sophistication of the building, and the Dutch windmills, the parts were handcrafted of wood and their design was modified over the centuries by the millers who built them. More recently, in developing countries, windmills are made of split oil drums mounted on a tower, oil drums being a common material.

Here in the United States windmills were developed in the 1800’s, first to pump water, and later, especially in the 1920’s and 30’s, to provide electrical “city” comforts to rural people. There might still have been a sizeable number of windmills working today if the government hadn’t flooded the Rural Electrification Administration to provide jobs during the depression. The latest windmills are the ones being built in people’s backyards.

They are not yet capable of providing all the power needed and breakthroughs are generated as the multitude of designs are more of experimental benefit.

There is a device called a syncronous inverter that when hooked up, will kick on regular electricity if it last wind isn’t enough or, theoretically, start sending power back to the company if your windmill produces more power than you need.

Research and design projects are currently underway for utility sized windmills. NASA, for example, has plans to build a wide, wedge type, costing over a million dollars. Other ideas including anchoring windmills to sea, on mountain tops and other windy places have been suggested.

At that moment the return on an investment of a home-sized windmill probably wouldn’t be as good, Wolff believes, because the efficiency is not overwhelming.

Wolff recommended that before anyone invest in solar heating devices, he said, that money should first be spent on maximum home insulation. He also confessed that most solar devices developed thus far, will not provide the average home with all its heating needs. Therefore, one should only think of installing a solar heating device to supplement the heating system already in use.

Meloy expressed hope that Congress will soon pass legislation that would financially and home owners in incorporating solar heating units into their homes. Last year a bill was defeated through congressional procedures that would have given home owners a 40 percent tax credit on the first $1,000 spent on solar heating system installation costs.

For those who are seriously considering the use of solar energy for home heating, Meloy said that one can obtain free information on getting started through the Sunbelt Research and Development Administration also has some printed material available to those who call 202-376-4464.

Solving solar energy once it is collected, still has one of the industry’s major problems. Most storage units now utilize rocks for heat retention, but their efficiency is not overwhelming.

Meloy recommended that before anyone invest in solar heating devices, he said, that money should first be spent on maximum home insulation. He also confessed that most solar devices developed thus far, will not provide the average home with all its heating needs. Therefore, one should only think of installing a solar heating device to supplement the heating system already in use.

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For those who are seriously considering the use of solar energy for home heating, Meloy said that one can obtain free information on getting started through the Sunbelt Research and Development Administration also has some printed material available to those who call 202-376-4464.

Storing solar energy once it is collected, still has one of the industry’s major problems. Most storage units now utilize rocks for heat retention, but their efficiency is not overwhelming.

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In considering the total costs of the home energy constitutes the bill. According to Tom Meloy is one of the most interesting people in the world. He has been following the fast pace of solar energy for over thirty years. By the time a federally sponsored competition should produce some dependable, efficient and economical windmills.

Energy feasible but imperfect

By Vicky Billings

Back on Thursday night of Energy Awareness Week was the “Energy Inside the Home” Public Transportation. First Ordinals doeschleg Dicusche of the UWSP Home Ec Dept and Joanne Leonard, Con- consumer Consultant of Wisconsin Public Service, spoke on “Using Ap- pliances—Wisely.” Later Mary Ann Baird spoke on “Interior Design and Energy Use” and Mary Thurman discussed “Transportation in Stevens Point.” Questions from the audience were encouraged and answers suggested for energy conservation were given.

Miss Doehser showed slides to complement her lecture.

By Gregg Orlowski

National priorities begin to change with the emerging energy crisis, so do the lives of those involved with research in alternative energy source. Tom Meloy is one such person.

As part of the Environmental Council’s Energy Week Symposium, Meloy shared some of the discoveries he has made since turning to solar energy, during a presentation last Wednesday evening in the CNR main lecture hall.

A nine year veteran of aircraft mechanics and part-time bee keeper, Meloy now works as a local distributor for NRG, Inc., a solar heating firm based near Iowa City, lowa.

Most of his 40 minute talk was an explanation of the basic types of solar heat collecting devices. Without bogging the minds of his audience with technical language, Meloy briefly described the two most common methods of solar energy collection.

One type, called the passive method, involves the absorption of the sun’s heat into massive concrete walls. In Wisconsin, Meloy said, this would necessitate building one’s home with small windows on the north and west sides of the house to reduce heat loss. The south and east walls would have to be made of solid concrete to retain and radiate the sun’s energy. Living in such an enclosed cubicle would probably save energy costs, but might increase one’s need for psychiatric help. The other conventional method is called the active process. This technique employs the use of a disc shaped mirrors which reflect and concentrate light rays. The active method is very efficient for generating intense heat, but is only operable on bright sunny days.

These methods and is called the hot- line model. It simply consists of a calibrated rectangular shaped box that contains a curved piece of aluminum running along its inside length. Solar heat is reflected off the aluminum sheet onto a central duct that runs the length of the device. Heat generated in the duct can then be blown into a storage unit and distributed throughout one’s home when needed.

The answer is blowing in the wind...

"Energize" your home

Joanne Leonard discussed additional energy saving measures for the home. She suggested using fluorescent instead of incandescent lights. Fluorescent lights burn longer and operate more efficiently at lower wattage. For example a 40 watt fluorescent will provide as much light as a 100 watt incandescent bulb.

One of the most interesting things Leonard talked about was the Solar Program. The team, made up of personnel, architects, etc., will design and construct energy efficient homes for those who want them.

The following speaker, Mary Ann Baird, suggested that the home can be decorated in an energy conscious manner that said textures can play a role in conserving energy. Appropriate textured drapes can help prevent heat loss but care must be taken not to cover the air ducts.

Mary Thurman ended the evening program by emphasizing the value of bus riding. She said that a bus filled to capacity is even more efficient than the car. She also mentioned that bus riders save twice as much fuel than if they were driving.

Each speaker had much to offer on the subject of energy conservation. Let’s hope the week’s consciousness was raised by the week’s thoughtful programs.
Cravens discusses international forestry

By Georg M. Noell

Over 100 people were present at the CNR building on Monday, February 28, to hear J. Craven speak on his personal experiences in International Forestry, more especially his two terms as Regional Forester in Viet Nam—1967-68 and 1973.

The major question was “How do you get involved in international forestry?” But the question was actually a statement of fact—i.e., “You do get involved in international forestry.”

Craven related how he was volunteered by the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture to organize a reforestation project under AID. This was a result of the 1966 acceleration of pacification plans to expand to all 44 provinces of Viet Nam. But there is no bitterness in Craven for having been volunteered, he had only highest remarks for his periods of service.

He applauded the U.S. Government and the Dept. of Agriculture for their indoctrination and cultural acclimatization before sending him over. He stated “This is extremely important, that you must know something of the country before you go in order to avoid “cultural shock.”

But it is his firm belief that the U.S. Government would not have become involved in Southeast Asia if there had been a better background study done of the history. This knowledge of the history, of Viet Nam would have saved millions of dollars of U.S. taxpayers money because as he said, “the money is used up but the knowledge is still being used.”

Other points covered in the slide presentation and talk included the contrast between the beauty of saigon and the ugliness of war, the species of trees (which included pine, an unusual thing for a tropical region) released into the environment they persist for long periods of time and accumulate in the tissues of animals.

Testing has shown that high fat fish species, such as carp, lake trout and salmon from some waters, accumulate relatively high levels of PCB’s, and the public has been advised by the state health officials to limit its consumption of these species to one meal per week.

Eco briefs

Asley Montague coming

Renowned anthropologist, Ashley Montague will be among the many well-versed speakers at the Population, Human Behavior and Hazard Study, that of cultural evolution.

Students can earn one credit for the evening program alone.

Man’s best friend

Man’s best friend, dogs, can pose a hazard to the state’s deer population, particularly at this time of year. Dogs running loose are often able to catch deer because they can run on top of crusted snow, while deer tend to break through, the crust. Dog owners are reminded to keep their dogs tied or penned.

‘Chief appointed

John Spinks has been named Chief of the Office of Endangered Species with the Interior Department’s U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. As Chief of the Endangered Species Office, Spinks will be responsible for administering all facets of the service programs including listing and delisting actions, recovery plans and operations, and Federal aid to State programs.

In 1974 he was appointed as Special Assistant to the Assistant Secretary of the Interior for Fish and Wildlife and Parks where he served until being named to his present position.

Wind power

Interested in wind power? Try writing: Bucknell Engineering Co. 10177 E. Bush St., El Monte, CA 91733 for information on wind powered generating equipment. For additional information write to Environmental Energies Inc., 11350 Schaefer St., Detroit, MI 48277

U.A.B. CONCERTS PRESENTS:

The Marshall Tucker Band

Friday, April 1st, 8:00 P.M.

Quandt Fieldhouse

$4.50 students, $5.50 non-student, $6.50 day of show

Ticket Outlets on Campus:

University Center

Allen & Debot Centers
Clear-cutting policy questioned

By Sandra Blba

The Natural Resources Board of the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) is currently working on a policy for the management of state and county forests.

The objective of the board in forest management is "to practice silviculture and the growing of forest crops, to maintain diversified species of plant and animal communities, to protect soil and watersheds, streams, lakes, shorelines and wetlands in meeting multiple use concepts." A further goal is "to insure stability in employment opportunities for wood producers in the communities in which the forests are located, and to increase employment opportunities for wood producers in purposes and in the future years." The DNR policy sets guidelines for two forest management practices, clear-cutting, and the establishment of plantations.

The policy defines clear-cutting as a "timber removal practice that results in a residual stand of less than 30 feet of basal area per acre upon completion of a timber sale." The proposed policy would set a maximum size for a clear-cut area of 10-80 acres. (The actual size will not be determined until public input can be obtained.)

The DNR can grant variances provided that "no more than 50 percent of the area shall be clear-cut at one time." The remaining 50 percent of the area would be left in patches and corridors for aesthetic and edge purposes and also to achieve a diversity of age classes. A minimum of five years would be required between cuttings.

According to Milton Reinke of the DNR, the intent of the variance is to allow greater areas to be clear-cut while still maintaining the maximum size limit of any single clear-cut unit. The Natural Resources Board can grant a further variance from the 50 percent limit if needed, such as in the case of over-mature, even-aged stands of aspen where larger blocks are desirable for regeneration, or to create openings for sharp-tail grouse management. This variance, said Reinke, will allow over-mature aspen in Wisconsin to be harvested before deterioration can occur. The board is set to eventually reduce the maximum size limit of a clear-cut area "as the existing acreage of over-mature even-aged stands change."

Management for fire, insect disease and weed control and damage is excluded from the clear-cutting limitations set, as are areas managed for special wildlife purposes (prairie chicken habitat, sharp-tail grouse management, etc.).

The policy formalizes the special management practices used for nesting sites, deer yards, shorelines, etc.

Guidelines proposed for plantations are that "planting will be accomplished by varying the direction of the rows or contouring to create a more natural appearance, planting on the contour, using shallow furrows or eliminating furrows where practical, and to limit planting to 40 acres except on large planting sites where not more than 70 percent of the area will be planted." The remaining 30 percent of the area would be left to revert to natural vegetation.

Public hearings on the proposed policy will be held in March at Green Bay, Rhinelander, Spooner, Eau Claire and Madison.

Public hearings on the proposed policy will be held at the following locations:

March 15 at the UW-Green Bay Community Sciences Building, room CS 250 at 7 pm.
March 22 at the County Courthouse in Rhinelander at 1 pm.
March 23 at the UW Experimental Farm east of Spooner on Hwy. 70 at 1 pm.
March 24 at the County Courthouse in Eau Claire at 9:30 am.
March 25 at the Capitol Building in Madison, north hearing room at 9:30 am.

There is a curious migration south at this time of year that lasts but a week. The species in question evidently requires extra heat and sunshine and a browning of the skin in order to recover from the harsh climate that it winters in. The migration also seems to work as a anti-depressant.
Where no man has gone before

By Waldo Bunnyjuice

And where are you going for Spring Break, bozo? Not someplace like Daytona or Fort Lauderdale, I hope. What a crashing bore—thousands of bare, tanned bodies, slithering around on beaches and bumping elbows in dark nightclubs. Who needs it?

Why not do something different? Go someplace that's worth writing home about. I've taken it upon myself to let you in on some hot travel tips for Spring Break. You won't find any of these places in those tacky travel folders. These are really exciting places. For instance, why not go to...

Atlantis

What could be more exciting than spending your Spring Break at the bottom of the Atlantic Ocean—ten full days in that mysterious sub-aquatic trend—Transylvania and No. America! Atlantis! Stuff of legends, rhymes of ancient mariners, either deep, and that's frighteningly inexpensive. Yes, hotel rates in Atlantis have really gone down. At least with the off-season. It's the basic dress in Atlantis is, of course, soporific wet. Atlantis boasts some of the most exciting water sports to be found anywhere—there's underwater cricket, underwater lawn-darts, and that old favorite, underwater shark-attack. In fact, to the beginner, virtually everything in Atlantis is an underwater sport—unpacking your bags, calling for room service, wringing out your Master Charge—it's all one big adventure.

For the other hand, you're not going to get a decent tan in Atlantis, since big, bad Mr. Sun can't reach his itty-bitty rays down there, but you can acquire a lovely coat of blue-green algae.

As you might expect, there are a number of really superb sea-food restaurants in Atlantis. All the local sea-foods eat there, so you're advised to stay away.

Transylvania

Here's a vacation you can really get your academic teeth into. Why not break over to Transylvania and dig up the roots of your distinguished family—Transylvania is the ar...aspect of your academic teeth. There are many features of Transylvania that are really worth seeing. Some of the highlights include the castles, the forests, and the wild animals. You'll see a variety of wildlife, including bears, wolves, and deer. The forests are also home to a variety of birds, such as eagles and hawks. This is a great place to go camping, hiking, or just to take a walk in nature.

Uganda

Big Daddy Ili Amin invites all American students to spend their Spring Break in Uganda, graciously at their own expense. All reports of bad doings in Uganda are lies, lies, lies. Really, there's much more to this country than torture, assassination, and suffering. For one thing, they mix a mean cocktail.

One of the biggest tourist attractions in Uganda is the wildlife. You can see a variety of animals in their natural habitats, including lions, elephants, and giraffes. The national parks in Uganda are home to a variety of wildlife, and you can take a variety of tours to see them. The interior of the country is also home to a variety of natural wonders, such as waterfalls and hot springs.

Bionic City

This one's for special tastes—or, more specifically, for those with highly developed mechanical skills. All the inhabitants of Bionic City have been planned, constructed, and repaired by experts. Girl watchers are advised to forget it—here, you can never tell whether you're looking at 36 inches of beautiful woman or 675,000 dollars worth of FM engineering.

There are plenty of sports activities available, but you won't be able to win at any of them. You can be sure that your tennis opponent will have a million dollar zoom-arm, or that your biking buddy's legs will be worth 68 times the suggested retail value of everything you own.

Dawn of Time

Tired of society? Had it up to here?

Cont. ...pg. 12

Looking for something special to do after spring break?

Bermuda Triangle

Sunday & Monday, March 20 & 21
in the Coffeehouse
9:00 P.M. - 11:00 P.M.
FREE FROM U.A.B. SPECIAL EVENTS

Hiroshima

A former boom-town, now rather quiet. After the big population explosion of August 6, 1945, it became
Our only limitations are those we place upon ourselves

By Janelle Hardin

"What education should be in a message for help? What things should you never be without in the wilderness? Why do we have wilderness areas? What are our responsibilities to these areas when we use them?" Saturday, March 5, the UAB Outdoor Symposium gave 160 people the chance to find answers to these questions like through speeches, workshops, and discussions.

Very few of us actually know what it's like to live in the wilderness for an extended amount of time. Sitting in our safe, warm, suburban surroundings we view the wilderness either with feelings of terror and awe, or with a comfort: "I could survive if I had to"; an attitude supported by books and movies like Deliverance, which pit man against wilderness.

Derek Pritchard, a 1971 Belknap Wilderness Area guide, and Simon, part of Wilderness Survival Corp., talk on "Wilderness Safety." The only real safety factors we have, he says, is the planning and judgement we make both before and during a wilderness trip. Included in these factors is the element of attitude.

"When going into the wilderness, there is a real atmosphere of "man against nature"" - a kill or be killed philosophy that seems to permeate our society. The opposite attitude, one of harmony with nature and flowing with the elements, is recommended by Pritchard.

One of the attitudes which can lead to problems in the Wilderness is "man against nature," Simon says. "We are not used to living in nature. We are used to living in the city, and the city is very different from nature. We are used to living in a controlled environment, and the wilderness is not controlled."

This relationship was investigated by Pritchard, from a slightly different perspective, when he talked on "Wilderness Safety." The only real safety factors we have, he says, are the planning and judgement we make both before and during a wilderness trip. Included in these factors is the element of attitude.

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Deer killed in Jordan Park

By Gregg Orlowski

Near the entrance to Jordan Park at the intersection of Highway 66 and County Trunk Y, there are a number of whitetail and white fallow deer for your gazing pleasure. Of course having an eight foot wire fence between you and the deer may give cause to question the "wild" aspect of the animals. Also, knowing that most of the animals were purchased from game farms or reared in similar pens, may make it hard to convince yourself that you are seeing a wild animal.

You may question the tameness of these deer, however, after reading a sign fastened to the pen which reads, "DANGER. KEEP 5 ft. AWAY. ANIMALS CHARGE FENCE." The sign was posted after park officials noticed the increasing "Wild conduct" of some of the pen's inhabitants.

Last September, a pair of elk were removed after the bull began charging the fence behind which spectators were standing. Mrs. Phyllis Grimm, Jordan Park resident manager, said that the elk originally shared closed quarters with the deer but had to be separated when the same mischievous bull attacked and killed a male whitetail deer. Placing a fence between them however, did not resolve their apparent dislikes. Grimm mentioned that the bull elk would still lunge at any deer that got too close to the dividing fence.

The elk have since been sold, but the sign warning the public of the animals' charging tendencies remains on the fence. Whitetail deer in the enclosure have also been known to thrust their antlers through the fence at people who have gotten too close to the pen. Apparently the majority of the hazing during their fall mating period comes under the "rut".

Grimm related a story in which a park employee was attacked by a whitetail buck one fall day. The deer, who normally was quite tolerant of humans, charged the worker while he was in the pen and pinned him to a building with his antlers. The man told Grimm he saw "his life pass before him" as the deer held him captive for a short time. The employee escaped injury by freeing himself from his jacket and wrapping it around the head of the angry deer.

If you are wondering why these animals appear to be more "wild" than their wilderness counterparts, some of their behavioral activities may have been patterned after human example. Gerald Ernst, park superintendent for Portage County, said that since the pen was constructed in the summer of 1969, a pair of elk and two whitetail deer have been slain.

The most recent killing took place December 17, 1976, and is still under investigation. The oldest whitetail doe, mother of two of the remaining deer in the pen, was shot several times by an assailant using a bow and arrow. The animal was then dragged under the fence, dressed for butchering, and apparently tagged and registered as a legal kill of the 1976 deer season.

Grimm stated that the doe was the most gentle animal in the group and would often come to the fence to be fed. As a result of the brutal slaying—there were a number of blood-stained arrows found scattered within the pen—the other deer, who normally were very comfortable with Grimm inside the enclosure, will now run from her as she approaches.

It may not be a bad idea if the danger sign on the front of the pen were turned around to face the deer inside. Unfortunately, these lowly animals probably would not be able to understand the communication symbols of such a highly "civilized" species.

Spring Break, cont'd

The places I've listed so far are, admittedly, a little off the beaten path. Here are a few that aren't quite so strange: Plains, Georgia; I really can't recommend this place. After all, why should you go to a place that Jimmy Carter spent so much time and money getting out of? Hell in a Handcart: An old favorite. Statistics show that most of us will be going there eventually, so why not get a head start. San Clemente: He's a nobody now—you can go to his house and do anything you want on his lawn. Snooze City: Well, why stay in Point? Debit Center: My sources tell me that this place isn't half as scary when they're not making food there. Two-Way Radio: Not bad. I spent a week there one night. Home: Ah yes, the proverbial homestead. Bull food, nice room, and low, low prices.

Super Shef

More than just another quarter pound burger.

Our mint shake will be here for St. Patricks Day

You get more to like at Burger Chef.

641 Division St. Stevens Point

Pointer Page 12 March 11, 1977

. . . ARE you dedicated to the principles of Leadership, Friendship and Service? If you are Alpha Phi Omega is where you should be. If you're already in it or would like to find out more, listen up. Alpha Phi Omega is rebuilding on the Stevens Point campus. Organizational meeting. March 23, 7:00 p.m., Red Room in U.C. Alpha Phi Omega is coed so everyone is welcome, women and men both.
Have you ever eaten yogurt? Dannor Yogurt is one of the most popular items that we sell in the co-op. Even though most of us have just discovered Dannor yogurt in the last few years, I've read that it's been around for a long time and is a common food in Middle Eastern countries.

All that yogurt is made of milk that has been fermented by beneficial bacteria. It's easy to make it yourself, even in a dorm. It tastes a little sweeter, has more protein than commercial yogurts, and it costs a lot less. This is how it works: you add a little commercial yogurt to some warm milk and the bacteria in the yogurt start to grow in the warm liquid and feed on milk sugar. Then they give off a waste product called lactic acid which curdles the milk. It takes around 5-8 hours for the milk to thicken into yogurt. But here's the point, as soon as it thickens it should be refrigerated so that the bacteria will stop growing - otherwise, the lactic acid will cause the milk to curdle too much and separate, and taste too sour to eat.

The easiest recipe for yogurt is to use one quart of milk, scaled to lukewarm (100-110) plus one-fourth cup plain fresh yogurt. Pour this into a thermos, leaving the lid loose, then gently check its thickness after four hours. If the milk is still liquid, refrigerate for a few hours before eating. Save out a little for your starter before you add fruit or flavoring.

If you have trouble making yogurt perhaps the milk was too hot or too cold for the bacteria to grow. You can just add more starter and change the temperature to correct this. Or maybe the yogurt started or milk was too old. It shouldn't be over five days old. Or perhaps while it was thickening, which could easily cause the whey and curds to separate and look more like cottage cheese.

Try mixing in any fresh or frozen fruit, honey, or flavoring that you like, but remember to use plain yogurt for your starter.

On February 21, Saga Foods began to offer the "Gourmet Dinners" to students in Debot and Allen centers. The reasons for this change were to relieve the overcrowding in the University Center, to keep more of the new coupon holders in the Allen and Debot Centers (where the facilities are capable of handling a larger number), and to provide a change to the student's menu. The "Gourmet Dinners" are served at the evening meal weekdays. The gourmet items include shrimp, stuffed hallibut, walleyed pike, and top sirloin steak. The item offered is advertised in the Pointer Poo.

The "Gourmet Dinner" costs the regular dinner price plus an additional charge. The additional charge is the cost of the special gourmet item. This is how the price of the first steak dinner was figured: 131 pounds of meat were purchased at $1.64 per pound; 238 eight ounce steaks were cut, the cost of each steak was $.84: 189 steaks were used; the total cost for the steaks used was $158.76; 89 coupon sales were made at $.95 each equaling $84.55; 106 cash sales were made at $1.15 each equaling $121.90; the total cash intake was $199.55:$.55 a $50.87 rebate was paid to the University; the total food cost was $215.63. This means that there was a $16.00 loss. The prices have since been adjusted to "break even."

If the "Gourmet Dinner" is continued, the menu will be extended to include prime rib, lobster, cordon bleu, lamb chops, cornish game hens and shishkabob. Although the dinners were created for coupon holders, the cash sales presently outnumber the coupon sales. Therefore the people who usually eat at Debot and Allen Dining Halls are purchasing the dinners instead of the intended coupon holders. The dinners are made available to the people who are available than if it was offered less. In the future the dinners may be limited to a few times a week or the gourmet line may become a separate serving line. All changes depend upon the response from the students.
Coach Jim Clark and the UWSP baseball team went south early Thursday morning on their annual spring trip. The Pointers opened their 16-game, nine-day trip Saturday with a doubleheader at McNeese State in Lake Charles, La.

Clark, after a year's leave of absence, has returned for his 11th season as coach. Last year, the Pointers, under interim coach Ron Steiner, won the southern division title in the NCAA Central Regional Conference, beating out arch-rival UW-Oshkosh for a berth in the NAIA State Tournament. They lost out in the championship game to UW-La Crosse by one run following a bizarre series of events brought on by crummy weather.

Steiner, who did such an outstanding job a year ago, won't be working with the baseball team this spring. He's been assigned to football recruiting duties instead.

Clark has a strong group of veterans back from last year's club which compiled a 22-16-1 overall record. As he prepared to go south for Texas, Louisiana and Arkansas with a 21-man squad, he was in an optimistic frame of mind. "The guys have a tremendous attitude, are relaxed and determined to go all the way this season," he said, referring to winning the state title. The Pointers have been working out on campus and have been working with the baseball team for the last two weeks. The Pointers have been hit hard by losses in the pitching corps. Gone from last year is No. 1 pitcher Mike Case, a right hander who decided to transfer back to his home town school at Winona, Minn. (State); southpaw Doug Meyer is academically ineligible; Stevens Point sophomore T.J. Althoff did not go out this season; and righthander Jim Goesch was lost to graduation. Also gone are catcher Mark Cambray, who is high on several organizations as well as his own " since Jan. 17, and second baseman Dan Hauser of Janesville is the No. 1 catcher, while the out fielders Bob Mark Cambray, Cambray will, however, return as an assistant to Coach Clark.

Clark is high on several newcomers, including freshman lefthander Pat Paveiski who may be used both as a pitcher and outfielder. Paveiski was a standout performer at SPASH. Another local boy, righthander Jim Sankey, is making a strong bid for a starting slot in the pitching rotation. Sankey starred at Pacelli High School.

Frank Stockus heads the list of returning catchers. The 6-5 Oak Creek sophomore showed great promise last season with an excellent fastball and good control. Other veterans include Stevens Point senior lefthander Randy Newby; Madison junior righthander Brad Ryan and Chicago Heights, Ill., junior lefthander Gary Weber.

"We should have excellent hitting and team defense," observed Clark. "We're working mainly on our pitching, getting the ball over the plate low and making the batter hit the ball on the ground. "We're not especially concerned with what kind of record we have on our spring trip. Our No. 1 concern is that we do everything we can to get ready for the conference season.

"We hope to run a little more this season, especially on the road. I'm more inclined to play close to the vest at home where we can take advantage of the power hitting we have."

The Pointers, who have a 35-game regular season schedule, are slated to debut at home against Winona State on April 5.

**Women '9 heads south**

The UWSP Women's Track Team took two firsts on their way to a second place finish in the state meet in Lomira. The Pointers won three of the four events to take their sixth straight state championship. That team had just one senior member.

The only loss last year was in an early season indoor meet. In that meet, La Crosse beat the Pointers by a 1-0 margin.

Coach Moley feels La Crosse's excellent indoor facilities make possible their strengths in outdoor track.

"When we meet them the next time it will be our outdoor season and I'm confident the results will be quite different," she said.

The women Thincladls return to action this Saturday, March 12, in the indoor championships at Madison. Coach Moley expressed confidence that her team will definitely finish among the top teams.

**Women dealt stunning upset by Oshkosh**

By Paul Varney

The Pointer women's basketball team suffered a stunning upset in tournament play last Friday night.

After a relatively easy 83-52 opening round victory over the Rolling Dinos, the Pointers were dealt a stunning upset by the women's Intercollegiate Athletic Conference (WIAC) champions, Oshkosh Titans. The Pointers had just had the four-year point streak and were expected to win.

The Pointers were one of the top four teams in the conference and were expected to win.

"We had high hopes for this game," said Tom Hojnacki, the Pointers' head coach. "We were just about to win, but then the Titans came and took over.

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**Applications are now being accepted for building student managers at Allen, Debot and University centers**

Must have one previous semester on campus and at least two semesters left at UWSP.

Qualifications:

1. Exceptional knowledge of campus and organizations
2. Neat and well groomed
3. Willing to accept responsibility
4. Willing to work 15 hrs. per week and some weekends

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Will Marquette give McGuire 400th win?

By Randy Wievel

The National Collegiate Athletic Association gave Al McGuire a going-away Sunday, and it wasn't even ticking!

The NCAA's tournament selection committee, which normally enjoys McGuire about as much as a good case of mono, not only bestowed a play-in bid to the 20-7 Warriors, they also sent them to a region (Midwest) they might easily win.

McGuire needs one win to hit the 400 mark for his career, but he doesn't draw any threw Saturday in Omaha. He gets a Bearcat, University of Cincinnati variety.

Cincinnati slipped by the Warriors 63-62 earlier, extending Gale Catlett's mastery over McGuire. Catlett, who carries a pocketful of Australian pennies for use in vending machines ("They're just like our dimes") has never lost to Al.

He will in Omaha.

The other six teams in the Midwest are, like MU and Cincy, well-balanced. Providence (24-4) gets Big Eight champion Kansas State (20-7). 26-1 Arkansas tangles with 22-6 Wake Forest, a dangerous Atlantic Coast squad and Arizona (24-5) collides with Southern Illinois (23-7).

No matter what happens elsewhere, the Marquette-Cincy winner will be favored to take the regional in Oklahoma City and move into the Final Four at Atlanta's Omni March 25th.

Once there, the Midwest winner's first opponent will be the kings of the Midwest, probably top-ranked Michigan.

Johnny Orr's Wolverines, runners-up in 1973, should give past outsider Holy Cross every even if All-American Rickey Green can't go. HC features Ronny Perry, one of America's finest freshmen, but needs divine intervention to win Sunday in Bloomington, Indiana.

The top-seeded Mideastern Independent is Detroit, which extends an open-door room policy to everybody but women, following a win. The Titans will continue to infuriate Gloria Steinem by bouncing Middle Tennessee.

The Mid-American titlist, Central Michigan, will find North Carolina-Charlotte's 49ers, a team named after a highway, and their star, Cornbread Marshall, hard to swallow.

Michigan's main competition appears to be Tennessee's "Ernie and Bernie Show". The Vols also have a gem on the wing in Mike Jackson and 6-9 frosh Reggie Johnson in the middle. Al, they have no bench.

In a dream pairing for Anita Bryant, the Big Orange meets Syracuse, Orangenement, a weird team with even stranger, kazoo-toting fans. Ernie (Grunfeld) and Bernie (King) should have been by, then run into UNCC's 49-47 December victim on Johnson's buzzer-beater.

Meanwhile, Michigan's greyhounds will slam Detroit's door.

A Michigan-Tennessee finale in the Midwest, played in Lexington's 23,000 seat Rupp Arena, could hinge on Michigan's superior depth as Dave Baxter, Joel Thompson and others sparkle in relief.

Nobody in the East should be able to stop Kentucky's Wildcats. The U.S.O.P.P. team - Chapel Hill Division, otherwise known as North Carolina, could be the spoiler, but gold medalists Tommy LaGarde and Walter Davis are hurting.

In fact, the Tar Heels might have real problems with their first round draw. Purdue. Fortunately for UNC, the game's in Raleigh.

Up in Philadelphia's ancient Palestra, Kentucky meets pesky Princeton, the nation's best defensive team. But the smallish Tigers would have to dip into their alumni to find anyone capable of stopping UK's two monoliths, Rick Robey and Mike Phillips. Goose Givens and Jay Shidler give the Cats an outside game, while James Lee and Truman Claytor have been dynamite off the pines.

Notre Dame's streakbusters are also in the East and possess way too much talent for poor Hofstra. Digger Phelps' clan has won 144 of 15 and are aching to avenge the 102-78 shellacking Kentucky handed them in Louisville. They should get the chance.

Last year's Eastern Cinderella, VMI, is back with gunners Ron Carter and Will Bynum. The Keydets will beat Duqueune before turning to pumpkins.

Make reservations for Atlanta if you're a Kentucky fanatic.

The West is overloaded with heavy armor. Perennial scourge UCLA, brimming with talent, opens with Denver. The Los Angelenos are coached by ex-Bruin aide Denny Crum who will wish he never left Westwood after Marques Johnson hands Ricky Gallon his head.

There's gonna be a whole lot of shooting going on in Tucson, Arizona. In an affair which will have purists reaching for the Gelsills, San Francisco (23-1) matches fireworks with Nevada-Las Vegas (25-2).

Both teams possess the discipline of Long Beach's palace guards. Both have played schedules laced with carbohydrates. Both score as frequently as they skip class.

USF, smarting from the debacle in South Bend, has a much stronger inside game than the Runnin' Rebels, but enigmatic forward James "Trouble" Hardy sometimes plays as if his head were elsewhere than atop his shoulders.

Pick the Dons...and hold your nose.

The other four entries are cannon fodder, although Utah with shooter Jeff Judkins and playmaker Jeff Jonas can count UNLV and Kentucky among its scalps.

UCLA will win the West for the eleventh year in a row. Surprise. So it should be UCLA against Kentucky and Marquette versus Michigan in the Final Four. Only one thing's certain then: the champion will wear blue.

When do you say Budweiser?

☐ When I'm thinking about girls.
☐ When I'm trying to meet girls.
☐ When I'm wondering where in the world all the girls are.

Actually, anytime's the right time to say Budweiser. And when you do, you've really said it all.
UWSP trackmen survive scare, upset Mankato

By Jay Schwikl

The Pointer track team survived a scare from the judges, and from the Mankato State University team en route to first place at the 13th Annual Southern Minnesota Relays last Saturday.

The nip-and-tuck fight for the team title went down to the final event, the mile relay, with UWSP holding a 90-87 advantage over Mankato.

After a mix-up in exchanges, the Pointer relay team was disqualified. However, the judges were responsible for placing the runners in the exchange zones, after reviewing the situation they declared the entire mile relay field was disqualified.

Thus, UWSP maintained the slim lead and the victory was clinched.

Head coach Don Amiot was impressed with the team unity: "I was pleased with the way the kids hung together. We knew after the races in the morning it was going to be Mankato or US. Everyone pulled for each other, and each man did his job."

Although the squad is still not in peak condition for the conference meet in two weeks, Amiot noted the importance of their unity: "Team camaraderie is just as vital at this tune-up as the conference race." The final week of competition with an importance of their unity: "Team camaraderie is just as vital at this tune-up as the conference race."

There were several 1st place efforts for UWSP, backed up by a slew of 2nd's and 3rd's, which are just as important. The following were 1st place finishes:

- Distance relay, 10:24.43; sprint relay, 3:26.8; mile run - Dan Buntman, 4:18.51; 60 yard low hurdles - Jim Eischler, 7.31; shot put - Tony DelPatti, 51'9".

2nd and 3rd place finishes were garnered by:


Rounding out the all-star squad are Shawano and includes Tim Valen- tyn of Kimberly and Jeff Lund of Antigo.

Coaches selected a 10-man "First team" that includes La Crosse stand- outs Larry Halverson of Dodgeville and Ed Uhlenhake of Burlington. Overall, the Pointer track team survived a scare, upset Mankato State University Conference title went down en route to first place at the 13th Annual Southern Minnesota Relays last Saturday. However, the judges were respon­ sible for placing the runners in the exchange zones; after reviewing the situation they declared the entire mile relay field was disqualified.

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Eau Claire’s Ken Anderson and Platteville’s Dick Wedewitz finished in a dead heat in the ballot for coach being chosen and four juniors.

This marks the third straight year Halverson has been chosen on the first team.

Sims, a 6-5 junior, went into the final week of competition with an even 27-point scoring average and a .536 field goal shooting mark.

Halverson, a 6-7 senior, ranks second in conference scoring with a 23.1 average. Uhlenhake, his 6-6 junior teammate, leads the league in rebounding while also averaging better than 20 points a game.

Pittman, the Falcon's 6-1 fiery playmaker, leads the conference with 6-9 assists a game with 6-3 Valen­ tyn and 6-2 Lund second and third in this department.

Demna, a lanky 6-2 junior, boosted his scoring average to 18.9 with a late season spurt, while Rogers, a 6-7 former Monona Grove prep, owns an 18.4 scoring average with 16 rebounds a game.

Upperclassmen dominate this year's selections with six seniors being chosen and four juniors.


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Name          Ht. Wt. School
Ralph Sims    6-5 190  Oshkosh
Dennis Blunk  7-0  230  Eau Claire
Larry Halverson 6-7 205  La Crosse
Ed Uhlenhake  6-6  185  La Crosse
Ted Rogers    6-7  205  Whitewater
Larry Pittman 6-1  170  River Falls
John Krajewski 6-6  220  Platteville
Tim Valen­ tyn 6-3  185  Eau Claire
Jeff Lund     6-2  183  Oshkosh
Monte Dennard 6-2  157  Superior

HONORABLE MENTION
Oshkosh-Pete Neuberger
Platteville-Robbie Sutherland, Al
Meyer
River Falls-Tom Hansen, Dan
McGinty
Stevens Point-Chuck Ryus, Steve
Menzel
Stevens-Bruce Mueller

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Bill's Pizza
1319 Water Street
Fantasy forms Mildred Wild's world

By Steve Edington

Plays can "cross-reference" themselves in interesting ways sometimes. There is an exchange in Edward Albee's Who's Afraid of Virginia Woolf? that gave me a good deal of insight into Albee's The Secret Affairs of Mildred Wild. In his play, Albee has Martha say, "Truth and illusion George, you don't know the difference"; to which her husband George replies, "No, but we must carry on as though we did."

At least with Albee's intellectually-minded George it is possible for him to "carry on" (in his case as a college history professor) as if some distinction between truth and illusion can be made. For Zindel's Mildred Wild, she cannot even pretend to be able to face the facts "kid type sister-in-law. But is an illusory world fed by film humorously, in the "real world" of a torn down candy store owned by her man-valentines, however, as he becomes Scarlett O'Hara, Ginger Rodgers, Shirley Temple, and---best of all--Brooks Darryl(1) that is Mildred Wild's truth. "I need them (the movies)...they tell me what to do," she vainly tries to explain to Helen.

She moves and functions, often humorously, in the "real world" of a shabby apartment behind a soon to be torn down candy store owned by her hardworking, non-affectionate (yet still somehow likable) husband, Roy. Additionally, this real world is peopled by a neurotic, therapy-crazed landlady and an overbearing, face-the-facts "kid type sister-in-law. But is an illusion world fed by film star magazines, endless movies, and flights of fantasy as Vivian Leigh-Scarlett O'Hara, Ginger Rodgers, Shirley Temple, and---best of all--Brooks Darryl(1) that is Mildred Wild's truth. "I need them (the movies)...they tell me what to do," she vainly tries to explain to Helen.

Then comes the point where she seems to realize this illusion is finally going to become reality as she apparently wins a trip to Hollywood and a bundle of prizes via a television quiz. Sadly, that moves on to the point where such reality proves to be a sham, as phony as the gifts and the promised screen test turn out to be.

Finally, when she and Roy leave the candy store to manage the upkeep of a convent that is being sold to the faculty(2), one is left with the realization that Mildred will have completed its run here. It was certainly worth seeing, especially for those who won't completely settle for navigating through the "real world" when there just could be a trip on the good ship Lollipop awaiting somewhere.

I would think that any director would shy away from this play on first reading when the difficulties involved in costume changes and the shifting to movieland fantasy would be realized. While the pace did get broken a few times because of this, on the whole it worked and worked well.

When Mildred changed from a bathrobed housewife to a beautiful lady-in-the-jungle being grabbed by the hand of King Kong himself in a matter of about thirty seconds—you've got a hell of a tech outfit, to say nothing of a mighty surprising scene.

A couple of spots were a little over-done in places, I thought. The timing was good in the part where Mildred wins the TV contest, with the TV announcer's voice worked in well with the pandemonium created by Roy, Mildred, and Helen. But the frankness went on a bit too long, and Mildred dropped the phone about one too many times. The same problem came up with Mildred and Roy's television interview after Mildred has won her "Hollywood Homemaker" title. The interview turns into an airing of long held resentments between Roy and Mildred, but comes off too much as an extended shooting contest. But these were only lapses in an overall well-paced and finely acted production.

The set design was put together nicely also with the neatly cluttered bedroom and the sad, small kitchen. The colors seemed to deliberately clash—the bedspread, the pillows, the purple bird cage cover.

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Film Society

Film encompasses murder, morals and humor

By Theresa Burns

Poison and marriage, provocative women and schemes, these are such that satire is made of. "Kind Hearts and Coronets," produced by Michael Balcon is a satire of Edwardian manners and morals. On March 22nd, "Kind Hearts and Coronets" will be shown by the University Film Society at 7 and 9:15 pm in the Program Banquet Room of the University Center.

Alec Guinness stars playing the roles of eight Edwardian fuddy-duddy ranging from "The Duke," to "The Admiral," to "Lady Agatha." All eight are members of a ducal clan that must be manipulated and eliminated by a young Kinsman determined to become a duke.

Dennis Price plays the young man who coolly undertakes a monstrous scheme of killing off all of his kinsfolk in order to succeed to the family coronet.

"Kind Hearts and Coronets" is a unique look at aspirations, conduct and morals that become personal desires. Produced in 1950 and directed by Robert Hamer, who also wrote the screenplay along with John Dighton in a sharp and devilish cut at contradiction. Guinness' impersonations dominate the film with sharp wit and variety. Revealed in a narrative pattern, the story unfolds candidly through the memory of the scoundrel in the finest Gallic Wit. It is all preserved and proper, as the Edwardian style.

The instincts and conduct imbied into the young man aspiring to dukedom remove him from the actual reality of his scheme. He does everything in a most considerate way, with impeccable elegance. He even eliminates one kinsman by putting dynamite in his eclair. His conduct with the provocative women, played by Valerie Hobson and Jean Greenwood, reinforce the etiquette of Edwardian chauvinism.

In the worst murder, Price poisons an aged vicar, an intricate member of the ducal clan. Price is disguised as a touring bishop, Guinness as a shrivelled clergyman. Together they pull off a comment or English stufiness and achieve the supremacy of their satire. All is done in absolute good humor, which is the saving grace of the film.

"Kind Hearts and Coronets," based on murder and scheming aspirations, is in real life a devastating plot. But the plot and respect for the fundamental laws of society are tolerable when played as a spoof on the highest level of cultivated humor. That is what this picture is, thanks to the incredible skill at vivid impersonation of Mr. Guinness and the camaradie of the entire cast.

For a humorous look at murder, a devilish cut at society's morals and an evening of good entertainment, catch "Kind Hearts and Coronets" in the Program Banquet Room of the University Center. Shown at 7 and 9:15 pm by the University Film Society.

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Art Show invites students' contribution

Students are invited to participate in the annual UWSP Student Art Exhibition, scheduled for March 28 until April 25 in the Edna Carlsten Gallery.

The exhibition is sponsored by the Edna Carlsten Gallery and the University Activities Board. All currently enrolled students are eligible to submit their works. Each artist may submit up to four entries.

Gary Hagen, director of the Gallery, states that the purpose of the exhibition is to provide an opportunity for all students to exhibit their work in a format utilized by numerous state and national exhibitions. A juried show, it attempts to recognize and encourage the highest quality work in a given area.

Work included in the show will be selected by a jury of two visiting artists: Charles Campbell, Chairman of the Department of Art at UW-Eau Claire, and Ron Lang from the Department of Art at the Marathon Center Campus, Wausau. Both are active producing artists, as well as teachers of Art, who have exhibited nationally and will bring a recognized expertise to this campus.

Students must deliver their works to the Gallery on March 21 from 10 pm to 3 pm and 7 pm to 8 pm. The jurying will take place on March 22 and an opening reception is planned for March 27.

The exhibition will accept all two and three dimensional work in any media. Mr. Hagen said that work submitted should be professional for exhibition and any work unprofessionally presented will be rejected.

A number of cash and purchase awards will be selected. Further details about the exhibition are available to interested students from Gary Hagen and the Art department in the Fine Arts Building.
The Day that Shook the World was June 28, 1914. The event was the assassination of the heir to the Austro-Hungarian Empire, Archduke Franz Ferdinand and his wife, Duchess Sophie, as they marched along a procession route in a small town in Bosnia named Sarajevo. The assassination, carried out by Serbian revolutionaries who believed this act would liberate their Bosnian homeland. It was less about the world and its last revolutions. It had not yet been heard. As a version of how the West came into existence began. That Day Shook the World is worth seeing. It will open in Stevens Point at the Campus Cinema on March 23, 1977.

Rumoured LP Out At Last

By Scott Simpkins

After an extremely lengthy wait, Fleetwood Mac's new album, Rumours, has finally been released. Because of the immense sales of their previous album—Fleetwood Mac, the newer album was held back until sales subsides enough to justify doing so. Fleetwood Mac has taken advantage of the template established by Fleetwood Mac in the newer album, with just a significant originality to keep it interesting.

"The Chain" is a wandering song that features a background blend of all their vocalists in a simple love song singing:

And if
You will never love me again
I can still hear you saying
You would never break the chain.

There is an artsy guitar solo by Lindsay Buckingham that rounds this song off well.

Christine McVie's vocals truly make "You Make Loving Fun" as it bounces along with an intertwining background of keyboards and guitars. In "Gold Dust Woman," Stevie Nicks stirs up some moving vocals to those in "lands down" off thier Fleetwood Mac album.

"Oh Daddy" is a mellow tune built upon a smooth background of acoustic guitars and synthesizers, an album where Christine McVie's vocals really shine. "I Don't Want To Know" is a joyful love song by Stevie Nicks encompassing material that she doesn't do as well as her slower tunes, a situation simplified by the music that surrounds her.

"Second Hand News" is another bouncy tune that doesn't quite own up to the rest of the album; the weak refrain and background instruments seem to detract from the musical value of the song. Stevie Nicks is at her best in "Dreams," a slow moving love song in which she sings,

"Thunder only happens when it's raining
Players only love you when they're playing
Say...women...they will come and they will go
When the rain washes you clean...you'll know.

"Never Going Back Again" and "Go Your Own Way" are probably Lindsay Buckingham's most valuable contributions to the album. They are both well-written and show some thought behind the musical layout, virtues that make them two of the better love songs on the album. "Don't Stop" could be Christine McVie's best song to date and contains lyrics like:

"Why not think about times and not about the things that you've done
If your life was bad to you
Just think what tomorrow will do.

Christine McVie wrote and played acoustic guitar in "Songbird," a column tune that has a very final aura to it.

Even though they aren't the original Fleetwood Mac, they contain the spark and vigor of the old band, as is illustrated by this album. Outing Rumours to the bone, you'll find nothing less than a decent album of superb love songs which would promptly propel Fleetwood Mac to the top of the charts once more.

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UWSP Arts & Lectures,
UWSP Students for the Advancement of Critical Thought, and UWSP Students for the Elimination of Militarism, present:

SIDNEY LENS
-award winning journalist, author and social activist in radical labor and peace movements who has written extensively on domestic and international issues - will deliver a lecture entitled:

“The Nuclear Arms Race—A Self-Fulfilling Lunacy”
Wednesday, March 23 - 8:00 P.M. Wisconsin Room, U.C.

SOCIALISM FOR THE RICH

"Corporate socialism bases itself on the old Herbert Hoover "trickle-down" theory, which holds that if a capitalist is given the incentive in the form of potential profits, he will produce more wealth, the benefits of which will somehow percolate down to the lower classes in a continuing spiral of prosperity. But Menk of Burlington Northern implies that if management is allowed to become wealthy, it cannot manage. In 1930 it was not possible to manage since 1930 without state subsidy and state direction of the economy. Private capitalism is a failure, for if the state had not intervened—and continued to intervene on an ever larger scale for the last forty years—the capitalist system would have dissolved. Good management may have contributed to the prosperity of 1940-1971, but it was the Government's expenditure of $1.25 trillion on the military in that period, and innumerable billions in subsidies to private business, that really promoted prosperity.” (From "Socialism for the Rich", by Sidney Lens, reprinted by the PROGRESSIVE)

THE DOOMSDAY MACHINE

"Because of its catastrophic scope, the nuclear menace is neither believable nor believed by the general public. It has been absorbed, grain by grain, over a period of thirty years, so that its impact has been lost. Americans have become immunized to the permanent emergency, the permanent war economy, the permanent national security state. Crises arise in endless procession, but somehow they are resolved without triggering the big boom. We all know the firecracker is there—the nuclear arsenal—but the match to light it does not seem to be in sight. And we refuse, quite properly, to believe that the potential match-lighters are lunatics. Yet, we are confronted by a lunatic process, in which every participant is sane but all collectively are trapped in psychosis. The process propels itself, like a machine gone mad. The atom bomb of 1945 encourages a win syndrome in which the bomb is to create a Pax Americana; the nuclear arms syndrome natures a massive constituency, in finance, business, the Pentagon, science, government, even labor; that constituency is compelled to overwhelm its opponents by concocting a synthetic anti-communism; anti-communism offers the pretext for more armaments and for the "mad momentum" in technology; technology spreads the illusion of power, and the illusion reinforces the win syndrome, so that the cycle continues on its own, human heads in high places serving merely as its puppets.” (From "The Doomsday Strategy" by Sidney Lens)

NUCLEAR PROLIFERATION

"In twenty years,” according to the Committee for Economic Development (CED) research group, '100 countries will possess the raw materials and the knowledge necessary to produce nuclear bombs... By the year 2000, the total plutonium produced as a by-product of global nuclear power will be the equivalent of one million atomic bombs.' This, said the researchers, 'is an alarming prospect... There is no straightforward military protection against these emerging dangers. Nor is there any foreign or commercial policy that can arrest the development of the capability to construct nuclear weapons. The problem of proliferation cannot be fitted into the 'old concepts' of private profit and national sovereignty. The Bomb, Stimson wrote, represents 'a change in the relations between man and the universe.' That change inevitably must translate into equally far-reaching social, political, and economic changes. It is impossible to curb the atom without basic institutional changes—changes in values, political structures, economic motivations. The nuclear age is not compatible with the existence of 160 nation-states nurturing their divergent interests, and it cannot be made compatible by adopting such tepid nostrums as those of the CED.” (From "Doomsday Minus One", by Sidney Lens, January 1977 PROGRESSIVE)

CARTER’S ELITE AND POLITICAL REALITY

"Of the 23 names on the Carter foreign and defense policy task force, all but a token few belong to the same tiny, incestuous world—Brookings, the magazines FOREIGN AFFAIRS and FOREIGN POLICY, the foundations, the investment and law firms—it is a seamless web in which perhaps a hundred people circulate, talking to each other, reading each other's articles (as much, one suspects, to keep track of evolving as to learn), promoting each other's and of course positioning themselves for calls from the Jimmy Carters. Theirs is a life lived mainly in carpeted offices and outboard rooms, well insulated from the rest of the country. An elite presumably sophisticated and worldly is, in fact, completely isolated and provincial... It is hard to gauge the worst results of that isolation. Because its members talk largely to themselves, the foreign policy establishment is almost entirely without a fresh or original idea. There is precisely the kind of ingrown mentality in which the myths of Vietnam survived for so long despite the stark reality. The war is gone, but the sterile intellectual quality of the establishment that fed it is still there. Things are unlikely to change, in fact, precisely because the club's remoteness and secrecy are what have traditionally kept it in power. It's no surprise that the people on Carter's foreign policy task force aren't talking openly about their views that could only hurt.” (from a WASHINGTON MONTHLY editorial, September 1976)

"Political reality, rather than the president's personality, hopes and promises, sets the stage for the next four years. As I see it, at least half of the 'American way of life' are illusions (monetary 1. Keynesian economics seems to have outlived its potential. 2. The 'favorable terms of trade' by which the industrialized states grew rich at the expense of the nonindustrial states are turning adverse in key respects. 3. Government by consent of the governed is eroding under the influence of nuclear security state, and that is in fact a second government. 4. The nuclear arms race is on the verge of runaway proliferation.” (from "Jimmy Carter: New President, New America" by Sidney Lens, in the Jan. 5, 1977 CHRISTIAN CENTURY)