INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

Foreign Student's Frame of Reference
Soviet Seminar: Back in the USSR
Amnesty International in Point
Students Around the World
Reagan's Foreign Policy
WisPIRG has been receiving much attention lately, and I wish to point out several ideas regarding this attention. I support WisPIRG's right to exist and the right to research issues they are interested in. What I do not support is their request to set up a mandatory refundable fee (MRF) structure within the UW System. I am opposed to the funding mechanism for the following reasons:

1) This MRF would have the approx. 160,000 student in the system automatically supporting WisPIRG through a $0.00-yr. in. an amount is not so much in question as is the process. This means that WisPIRG has your money, and if you want it back, you have to ask them for it.

2) WisPIRG expects itself to be a student organization "dealing with students as citizens, not students as students." If WisPIRG is a student organization, they should seek student funding through the system-wide SUFAC process other student organizations go through. If WisPIRG feels it's an exception why do they have the right then to tax all students?

3) If WisPIRG wants to obtain a system-wide fee, why not a volunteer check-off system (i.e. YES fill me $2.50 for WisPIRG, or NO, I do not support WisPIRG)? This latter is on the student. Why do they have the right then to tax all students?

WisPIRG, (Wisconsin Public Interest Research Group), up until about a month ago, was an almost unknown organization on the UWSP campus. Due to an intense information drive by a growing group of students, WisPIRG is now a recognized student organization that is creating more and more controversy as it becomes more and more known.

WisPIRG, in short, is a unique consumer education-advocate group run by students. Students choose their research, students conduct the research effort or hire the appropriate personnel. This research can then be published as student informational purposes or used as evidence to lobby for legislative changes.

Most people agree that this organization has an important purpose and useful place in society. However, there is a catch. Here is where the objection arises, from students themselves the entire way to the Board of Regents.

The amount isn't so much in question as is the funding mechanism. WisPIRG is asking the Board of Regents to add on a mandatory, completely refundable fee of $2.50 per student per semester onto the tuition bill of every university student in the UW system. The money is used for publication costs, professional staff fees and all the other expenses of running an organization.

Since mandatory fee is a part of the tuition costs, when a student pays the semester bill, he/she will automatically pay the WisPIRG fee. Other people, such as students with negative or positive check-off system, have been suggested. The problem here lies in the fact that people are most likely to check "no." This is evidenced by the constant shortage funding available to PIRGs that use this method. No money results in no research and an ineffective PIRG.

This mandatory fee is not ripping off uninformed or confused students. WisPIRG will make it a priority to inform all transfer students, incoming freshmen, foreign and returning students what they are paying for and why.

Another device to insure that students are not ripped off is the complete refundability of the entire $200 at any time during the semester. Money will be readily accessible as soon after collection as possible. UW-SP is planning a table in the Concourse for several weeks at the beginning of the semester, then an open office. Students can collect up to the last day of the semester.

WisPIRG does not support the argument that they are "innocent" or "innocent" students. WisPIRG is currently circulating a petition and information drive, to gain 500 signatures from UWSP students. This demonstrates a 50 percent support among the student body. Without this number, WisPIRG cannot demonstrate a supportive majority and will not become a reality.

An effective PIRG can only be instituted in the UW system as it is proposed if the students want it. Student help is needed of signatures, write letters to the regents and Chancellor Marshall, and consider other students and faculty members. WisPIRG is a useful, needed organization to represent the student as a member of the community. If you, as a student, agree that a PIRG is a worthwhile institution, fight for a strong, effective PIRG by agreeing that the mandatory, completely refundable fee of $2.50 is as important to the PIRG as its purpose and goals.

Lauren Chaure
"Don Juan in Hell," the central philosophical debate from George Bernard Shaw's "Man and Superman," will be held at 8 p.m. in Milwaukee Chamber Theatre on Monday, Nov. 16. The 8 p.m. performance in Michelsen Concert Hall, Fine Arts Building, will be sponsored by UW-SP's Fine Arts Series. Tickets are on sale in the Arts and Lectures box office.

Shaw's interlude done by itself without scenery, costumes or props presents four main characters adopted from Mozart's opera, "Don Giovanni": Don a.m. and 7 p.m.; and the statue of her father the Commander, and the Devil. Shaw restates the oldest problem of philosophy and religion: What is the purpose of life? There is also a second theme, contrasting and clashing with the first: What is the nature of happiness?

Future historians will note that, until 1981 at least, man's conversations with vending machines had been all one-way (and usually obscene at that). Now, thanks to the Atlanta-based Coca-Cola Co., the latest model of the Coke machine will feature a simulated human voice to "chat" with customers during the drink-buying process.

While the talking machine is not likely to be confused with Edwin Newman, it nonetheless promises to be a good deal more articulate than most of the Milwaukee Bucks. Among its one-liners are:

"Hi, I'm the Talking Vendor machine from Coca-Cola" (uttered as soon as the money is deposited), "You need to put in more money," "Make your selection, please," "Sorry, sold out," "Thank you for using the Talking Vendor. Come again, the ever popular "Don't forget your change," and — on the Atlanta models only — "Same to you, honky."

Just kidding about that last one.

**Deus Ex Coke Machina**

Here's to good old American know-how.

The electric light bulb. Television. The first moon landing. And now — can you believe it? — the talking Coke machine. Yes Virginia, it's the real thing.

Future historians will note that, until 1981 at least, man's conversations with vending machines had been all one-way (and usually obscene at that). Now, thanks to the Atlanta-based Coca-Cola Co., the latest model of the Coke machine will feature a simulated human voice to "chat" with customers during the drink-buying process.

While the talking machine is not likely to be confused with Edwin Newman, it nonetheless promises to be a good deal more articulate than most of the Milwaukee Bucks. Among its one-liners are:

"Hi, I'm the Talking Vendor machine from Coca-Cola" (uttered as soon as the money is deposited), "You need to put in more money," "Make your selection, please," "Sorry, sold out," "Thank you for using the Talking Vendor. Come again, the ever popular "Don't forget your change," and — on the Atlanta models only — "Same to you, honky."

Just kidding about that last one.

**A Toot-Uncommonly Good Trip**

A tour of Egypt, Israel and Jordan will be offered Dec. 26-31, 8 by the University of Wisconsin-Whitewater. The tour is open to all, and the $2080 cost includes three undergraduate or graduate credits, if desired.

In Egypt, sightseeing will include Cairo, the Sphinx and pyramids at Giza, the Aswan Dam, Luxor, Karnak and the Valley of Kings, site of the ancient burial ground of ancient pharaohs. In Jordan, the itinerary will include the Holy City of Madaba, the temple of Mount Nebo and the Baisan Grottoes. In Israel, the tour will include the Sea of Galilee, Nazareth, Mount of Olives, Garden of Gethsemane, Bethlehem and Jerusalem with its Wailing Wall. There will be stops at King David's tomb and the museum where the Dead Sea Scrolls are displayed, a drive down the Jordan Valley to the Dead Sea, lowest point on the earth's surface, and a cable car ride to the rock fortress of Masada with its ingeniously engineered water system.

A highlight of the tour will be a visit to Petra, ancient Arab city in southwest Jordan. Established about 400 B.C., once a thriving caravan center, now stands today, its buildings, carved from solid blocks of red Nubian sandstone, deserted.

Further information is available from Professor R.G. Nash, Department of Biology, UW-Whitewater, Whitewater, Wis., 53190, phone (414) 472-1092.

**Impromptutti Frutti**

Education students who need grade clearance in English are reminded that the Writing Lab (366 Collins) will offer impromptu exams on: Monday, Nov. 23, at 8 a.m. and 7 p.m., and Tuesday, Nov. 24, same times. Bring a pen and pencil but leave your regular classnotes and dangling participles at home.

Faculty colleagues of Professor Pauline Isaacs have established a fund which contains nearly $1,500 to perpetuate her name on campus in support of outstanding students and university programs.

They collected the money while preparing for a recent reception in her honor at the Stevens Point Country Club.

The Pauline Isaacs Fund will be administered by the UW-SP Foundation, Inc. and contributions will be encouraged at several social events during the remainder of the academic year, according to Professor Gerald Johnson who helped establish it.

Professor Isaacs, 1649 Clark St., will retire next summer after 36 years as a teacher and administrator at UW-SP.

In a tribute written by her former boss, Gov. Lee S. Dreyfus, Professor Isaacs was cited for her role in "broadening opportunities for students to venture single-handedly developing and directing the Office of International Programs chosen recipient of UW-SP's great success stories through semester offerings in England, Germany, Poland, Spain, Malaysia, India and Taiwan . . . for contributions she has made to the world community in bringing together and promoting understanding between people from all parts of the world."

Dreyfus proclaimed Saturday, Oct. 28 as "Pauline Isaacs Day" in Wisconsin.

In earlier days, Professor Isaacs chaired the former speech department and she was instrumental in curricular developments in the areas of communication, communicative disorders and English as a second language. She has been director of international programs since she founded it about 12 years ago.

**Bridge Over Troubled Groundwater**

If you're at all concerned about environmental issues, jump into this Saturday's public hearing on groundwater contamination. The hearing begins at 1 p.m. in the Plover Village Hall (located on Business 51, Plover) will be attended by a number of state and local natural resources representatives — including CFR's own Byron Shaw. Come on out and learn whether you should be for or against groundwater contamination.

**More Money**

The University of Wisconsin has received a $1.2 million endowment from the John D. and Catherine T. MacArthur Foundation to help stem the flight of professors to non-academic and higher paying jobs.

Foundation President John E. Corbally said the UW was chosen because of its credentials in the "hard sciences."
Discrimination

To the Editor:
I believe the time has come for all concerned faculty and administration, to develop an awareness of the racial prejudice that always has been around this campus.
It is the time to do more than just sit back and tell each other that it's not here. We all need to fight against racial discrimination and prejudice. Certainly, the early Sixties seem to be falling away. People of discrimination are not as prevalent as in the past, but it is as prevalent today as it has always been.

Recently Carls Wilmot and I spoke about our inter-racial relations to a English class of Dr. Louis Crew. Earlier in the day, while discussing this with my roommate, a woman sitting at the same table asked if I would like the opinion of someone from the south on 'niggers', everyone should own one." Needless to say we were not pleased with Dr. Crew's class after that type of remark. We had previously received papers submitted by Dr. Crew's class on the topic of "Segregation and Racial Prejudice" and his final reaction be if you came home married to someone of another race, I felt that the students gave honest evaluations of what we think as our family or someone's families if such an occasion should occur. The papers showed us that there is still a large number of people on campus today existing today. I am not saying that these students reflect all, of course, not our parents, but in many cases this is what happens. It begins at home. If students learn from their parents. I wouldn't have missed the experience of living in Dr. Crew's class, although at the time I was angry, nervous and scared. Most of us were very vulnerable. If we reached one person out of that class and several others with our own experience of racial discrimination, our efforts will not have been in vain.

Still, I come to the university to learn. Students and others who cut themselves off from other races because of prejudice and stereotyped thinking lose an experience for new experiences.

I would urge all who are concerned to fight incidents of racism they may observe. Be assertive; let discrimination know you don't approve; there is no need to be aggressive. This brings me to another incident that occurred on campus, Carls said that as he was eating in one of the lounges in the main floor, he found a gentleman writing a 'nigger' joke on the wall. Carls only up and asked him the statement from the wall and left. My feeling is that these types of racial jokes only serve to perpetuate racial discrimination.

The feeling solidarity on this campus, against discrimination and prejudice.
Sincerely,
Kathleen M. LaJuenta

To the Editor:
What has become of our American custom of honoring charity and kindness in honor of the memory of someone of another race.
It is a very first shrice "Ooooco - Loooco", in 1978, Olu, has been publicly maligned by someone of another race.
I've known Olu since my very first semester at the campus. I was the only black student in the first class of seventeen with whom I knew. I have always been very vulnerable. If we cut Olu out, we wouldn't have missed the opportunity to bring the campus, again today, to show solidarity on this campus.

Recently Carlus Wilmot and I spoke about our inter-racial relations to a English class of Dr. Louis Crew. Earlier in the day, while discussing this with my roommate, a woman sitting at the same table asked if I would like the opinion of someone from the south on 'niggers', everyone should own one." Needless to say we were not pleased with Dr. Crew's class after that type of remark. We had previously received papers submitted by Dr. Crew's class on the topic of "Segregation and Racial Prejudice" and his final reaction be if you came home married to someone of another race, I felt that the students gave honest evaluations of what we think as our family or someone's families if such an occasion should occur. The papers showed us that there is still a large number of people on campus today existing today. I am not saying that these students reflect all, of course, not our parents, but in many cases this is what happens. It begins at home. If students learn from their parents. I wouldn't have missed the experience of living in Dr. Crew's class, although at the time I was angry, nervous and scared. Most of us were very vulnerable. If we reached one person out of that class and several others with our own experience of racial discrimination, our efforts will not have been in vain.

Still, I come to the university to learn. Students and others who cut themselves off from other races because of prejudice and stereotyped thinking lose an experience for new experiences.

I would urge all who are concerned to fight incidents of racism they may observe. Be assertive; let discrimination know you don't approve; there is no need to be aggressive. This brings me to another incident that occurred on campus, Carls said that as he was eating in one of the lounges in the main floor, he found a gentleman writing a 'nigger' joke on the wall. Carls only up and asked him the statement from the wall and left. My feeling is that these types of racial jokes only serve to perpetuate racial discrimination.

The feeling solidarity on this campus, against discrimination and prejudice.
Sincerely,
Kathleen M. LaJuenta

To the Editor:
I'm tired of all these money making schemes for the entertainment of the public. While tuition goes up and loan availability goes down, we have to conjure up more ways to get at our money. The new design for the Grid is designed to keep the students as it is to plan to increase student food service and the student's falls into the same money making category.

What next? Maybe Arts and Crafts, all they do is provide a valuable service to the campus and make a profit at all. Last year, the uc was tossing around the idea of putting a library in Arts and Crafts, as if those are more of a benefit than a place where the students can develop their artistic talents.
Maybe we can get the UCP to provide a couple of additional floors in the library if we promise to put in a little college shop. A sub might perk their interest.
Contrary to the UC's way of doing things, not only are we not here for their well-being. We are here to get the most out of the university that this school offers. The environment we are provided either helps or hinders our quest for knowledge. It would be wise if the UC planners remember this as they tear up half the building. Their goal is to make this school a better institution of higher learning, no one of higher earnings.

Cordially yours,
John C. Savagian

UC Pay

To the Editor:
There is a petition circulating around the Union these days regarding the closing of the Music Room in the Materialia Center. It is only a small part of the growing concern for the loss of studying space in the University Center.
In light of the fact that the Grid, Pinery, and Gruny's Kitchen are now closed to students who wish to study elsewhere besides the lounge (many), closing the Music Room seems an additional threat to our studying space as we already feel as a threat to our pockets.
I see a real problem coming up with campuse, with students ever so cramped for room, getting cooped up in little out of the way places forever and ever for rice. I can see the library floors, already at the limit of their weight capacity, giving out because the weight of the student body. I can see students crazed by "cable fever" surrounding Old Main, demanding the Chancellor take action, shooing UC was tossing around the idea of putting a library in Arts and Crafts, as if those are more of a benefit than a place where the students can develop their artistic talents.
Maybe we can get the UCP to provide a couple of additional floors in the library if we promise to put in a little college shop. A sub might perk their interest.
Contrary to the UC's way of doing things, not only are we not here for their well-being. We are here to get the most out of the university that this school offers. The environment we are provided either helps or hinders our quest for knowledge. It would be wise if the UC planners remember this as they tear up half the building. Their goal is to make this school a better institution of higher learning, no one of higher earnings.

Cordially yours,
John C. Savagian

Retaliation

To the Editor:
I'm tired of all these money making schemes for the entertainment of the public. While tuition goes up and loan availability goes down, we have to conjure up more ways to get at our money. The new design for the Grid is designed to keep the students as it is to plan to increase student food service and the student's falls into the same money making category.

What next? Maybe Arts and Crafts, all they do is provide a valuable service to the campus and make a profit at all. Last year, the uc was tossing around the idea of putting a library in Arts and Crafts, as if those are more of a benefit than a place where the students can develop their artistic talents.
Maybe we can get the UCP to provide a couple of additional floors in the library if we promise to put in a little college shop. A sub might perk their interest.
Contrary to the UC's way of doing things, not only are we not here for their well-being. We are here to get the most out of the university that this school offers. The environment we are provided either helps or hinders our quest for knowledge. It would be wise if the UC planners remember this as they tear up half the building. Their goal is to make this school a better institution of higher learning, no one of higher earnings.

Cordially yours,
John C. Savagian

Human Resources

To the Editor:
I'm tired of all these money making schemes for the entertainment of the public. While tuition goes up and loan availability goes down, we have to conjure up more ways to get at our money. The new design for the Grid is designed to keep the students as it is to plan to increase student food service and the student's falls into the same money making category.

What next? Maybe Arts and Crafts, all they do is provide a valuable service to the campus and make a profit at all. Last year, the uc was tossing around the idea of putting a library in Arts and Crafts, as if those are more of a benefit than a place where the students can develop their artistic talents.
Maybe we can get the UCP to provide a couple of additional floors in the library if we promise to put in a little college shop. A sub might perk their interest.
Contrary to the UC's way of doing things, not only are we not here for their well-being. We are here to get the most out of the university that this school offers. The environment we are provided either helps or hinders our quest for knowledge. It would be wise if the UC planners remember this as they tear up half the building. Their goal is to make this school a better institution of higher learning, no one of higher earnings.

Cordially yours,
John C. Savagian
Regents Tack On Semester 2 Surcharge

by Michael Daehn

Last Friday the University of Wisconsin Board of Regents approved a second dollar special tuition surcharge for the second semester of the current school year for students attending all non-doctoral schools in the system, including UW-Stevens Point. The two doctoral universities at Madison and Milwaukee will have slightly larger surcharges of $30 per student.

The surcharge idea was proposed by UW system President Robert O'Neil as a stopgap measure for raising additional operating revenue. Use of surcharge revenues will be strictly limited to such education programs as staffing, supplying and equipping classrooms and teaching laboratories, providing direct academic support services, and such student services as guidance and counseling.

Vocal opposition to such an extra fee has been quick to surface among student representatives of the United Council. "Students cannot afford to make up for the inadequate funding provided by the legislature," claims Robert Kranz, United Council President. President Kranz contends that the surcharge won't necessarily guarantee quality, but instead could result in the denial of access to students from low income families and minority and non-traditional students.

UW-SP Hosts GLACURH '81 Conference

by Ann Reinhold

The delegates have returned home. Pictures, pins, pensants and programs and reports and scrapbooks. The GLACURH 1981 Regional Conference, held Nov. 6-8th on the UWSP campus, is over.

GLACURH, which stands for the Great Lakes Affiliation of College and University Residence Halls, is an organization created to help its members exchange program ideas for residence halls. GLACURH is also associated with NACURH, the national affiliation. Both organizations provide and exchange information through state, regional and national conferences, and through a national information center.

The UWSP chapter was notified exactly one year ago that its bid to host this year's conference had been accepted. According to conference chairmen Rod Joss and Julie Brinkmeler, the conference had been planned and arranged since then. "We spent 10 hours per week working on the conference from the time they were notified to the weekend of the conference.

In one sense, however, the conference has only just begun, not if in the delegates follow the theme of the conference, "Bringin' It Home," Dr. Zawadsky explained that too many delegates leave conferences having gained valuable knowledge but don't share that knowledge once they return to their own campuses. As a result, many of this year's sessions discussed various methods of sharing information. Says Dr. Spillane, "We put in too much time planning to have it end in one weekend. We want people to take it home and apply it to their own program." Other sessions were dedicated to sharing ideas and to personal development workshops.

On Saturday, keynote speaker Jessie Potter gave a presentation entitled "Touch in the Visible," a nationally known educator on human sexuality, marriage, intimacy, relationships and communication also ran a workshop on communication between men and women. Spillane reported that 369 people attended the conference. The UWSP schools from seven states were represented by delegations of two to thirty-five people. Delegates were charged $60 to attend. The total cost of the conference was $25,000.

Remarked Spillane, "I'm extremely pleased with our success." The comments he has received from delegates have been very positive.

President O'Neil on the other hand finds the additional fee justifiable in light of the following:

-The combination of past budgetary shortages and unexpectedly high 1981-82 enrollments has seriously strained teaching resources.
- The adequacy of library acquisitions and other learning resources at virtually all institutions is seriously threatened.
- Educational equipment is increasingly inadequate in supply, age or repairability.
- Demand for instructional computing has increased but resources have often not matched that demand; scientific laboratory equipment is in short supply, or beyond repair, or obsolete.

Academic support services such as counseling, tutorial support for minority and disadvantaged students, programs for gifted students, and other services have suffered.

O'Neil said the surcharge still needs to be approved both by Kenneth Linder, secretary of the State Department of Administration, and the Legislature's Finance Committee.

Soviet Seminar: Russia from the inside

by Julie Brinkmeler

You've always wanted to travel to the Soviet Union? Or be offered $300.00 for a pair of your oldest jeans? Well here is your chance plus an excellent opportunity to explore the history, culture, and society of one of the world's most intriguing nations—the Soviet Union.

For the past 13 years, groups of interested Wisconsin students and faculty have visited Russian schools, museums, factories, hospitals, and collective farms through the Soviet Seminar program. In two weeks these students observe the diversity of cultures and lifestyles of the U.S.S.R., and gain unique insights into how a Communist society operates. This year's seminar will be from April 3-18.

Dr. John Zawadsky, co-founder of the program and UW-SP campus director, learned the Russian language at home and has studied Russian philosophy extensively. He believes that a visit to the Soviet Union creates "a deep appreciation of how great the United States is. Most students wouldn't believe what a Soviet citizen has to cope with. They are amazed when they look in a department store window and see a wringer washer."

He also feels our present government's foreign policies will affect how the American visitors are treated. Since President Reagan is so vehemently restriction will be urban isolation. The structured itinerary will most likely keep them close to the city.

"They'll want us to see where they put their best foot forward," says Zawadsky, "not their primitive farming system. Stalin pushed for a major industrial society and succeeded: only at the expense of agriculture."

Even though the trip may be more confined than it has been in the past, Zawadsky is not overly concerned. "We are constantly on the go, either in Moscow, Kiev, or Leningrad. We never have enough time to do everything we'd like." This trip is definitely for those who want to learn about adventure, intellectual stimulation, and first hand learning experiences, and is open to all interested students. If you've had enough of Daytona Beach, why not spend your Easter break at the famed Bolshoi Ballet and the Moscow Circus? Total cost for the seminar is $1,345.00. Interested parties should register for RECES 297-397 and contact Dr. Zawadsky by December 1. A limited number of openings are still available.
Amnesty International is a voluntary human rights movement, independent of any government, political, faction or religious creed. It works for the release of men and women imprisoned anywhere for their beliefs, color, language, ethnic origin or religion, provided they have neither used nor advocated violence. These people are termed "prisoners of conscience." Supporting fair and early trials for all political prisoners, it opposes torture and the death penalty regardless of the circumstance. It works on prisoners of conscience, protects them from each other's hardship and seeks improved international standards in the treatment of prisoners and detainees.

Amnesty International's work is based on detailed research into specific cases of individual prisoners as well as mass violations of human rights. Dr. Kirby said the research group, comprised of a staff of 85 experts, receives information from many sources including the international press, transcriptions of radio announcements, letters from prisoners' colleagues, and reports from legal experts, and a wide network of Amnesty International contacts in numerous countries. The detailed reports of the research group are sent to the members of the organization with specific requests and instructions for action.

The case is then assigned to one of Amnesty International's adoption groups. It is each of these small groups which undertake the vital work of demonstrating international concern for the protection of the basic human rights violated in each case. Groups and individual members work simultaneously for two or three prisoners from contrasting ideological backgrounds or holding different political or religious beliefs.

Approximately three letters a month are dispatched not only to the government, ministers, embassies, leading newspapers, and international organizations, but also to the prisoner and to his or her relatives, and friends.

Cannie Friedrigh, a foreign student from Germany in his fourth year at UWSP, was an active member of Amnesty International in Germany, and is the only student member of the Stevens Point group. He said, "Although mailing letters as our main activity may seem boring, just knowing that you may be..."

Continued on p. 7

Third World Coalition Forming

by Laura &aure
The National Third World Coalition, formed in 1977 at a National Student Association conference, has spent the last four years fighting for equal educational rights for all minority students pursuing higher education in the United States.

The coalition started when students involved in minority student groups, related areas of study and minority student priorities for national work, discussed legislative and social trends and make a general assessment of the problems confronting minority students.

Three officers, a chairperson, a vice chairperson and secretary head the national board. There is also an executive director based in Washington who publishes a newsletter and monitors activities, issues and legislation at the capitol. The coalition is currently without this director.

In addition to researching

issues of concern to minority students, the Coalition is the only student run group in the United States that addresses issues on a day to day, issue to issue basis. There are also national meetings held once or four times per year that allow the local

organizations to establish priorities for national work, discuss legislative and social trends and make a general assessment of the problems confronting minority students.

Three officers, a chairperson, a vice chairperson and secretary head the national board. There is also an executive director based in Washington who publishes a newsletter and monitors activities, issues and legislation at the capitol. The coalition is currently without this director.

In addition to researching

issues of concern to minority

Corps helps the Third World manage its resources, naturally.

PEACE CORPS HELPS THE THIRD WORLD MANAGE ITS RESOURCES, NATURALLY.

Farms, forests, sea coasts, inland waters—all are precious resources to developing nations. If you have skills relating to resource management, forestry, fisheries, or agriculture, you can help others make the most of these resources as a Peace Corps volunteer. Manage to make a difference.
Continued from p. 6
helping another human being makes the effort worthwhile." Kirby added. "We know that over time, although the letters probably are thrown away quite often and may not be the direct cause of the release of the prisoner, they may influence the authorities to provide better food and general treatment." He reports that since 1961 (when the organization was founded), an average of two people have been released every day.

American members also have the option to belong to the Urgent Action Network which is a special network of people who are periodically called upon to send telegrams or airmail letters to assist persons in extreme danger.

In many cases, individual prisoners are released after sustained effort by an Amnesty International group. Others may benefit from a general or partial amnesty following a campaign. It is not the policy of Amnesty International to claim credit for the decision of any government to release an imprisoned individual regardless of whether the organization has investigated the case or sought the prisoner's release.

Amnesty International is financed by its members throughout the world by individual subscription and by donations. Members pay fees varying from country to country and conduct fund raising campaigns in their local communities. According to Dr. Kirby, the Stevens Point organization pays $560 a year.

Friedrich believes that having the same goal is what unites Amnesty International members. He said, "We are very loosely associated. We don't even meet like other organizations. The adoption of these prisoners is our framework."

Since 50 percent of the Stevens Point group are non-university people, Kirby feels the best form of communication is by newsletter.

Stevens Point has approximately 20 members who have adopted Peter Lashly, a man imprisoned unfairly on an island in the country of Granada, and Rev. Tien-Phien Huse, a prisoner in Taiwan who will be released in Dec. after spending a few years in jail. However, Amnesty International will continue the appeal for his unconditional release because he then faces a three-year civil rights deprivation.

Foreign Students At Workshop

by Paula Koczkowski
Fifteen UW-SP foreign students and two faculty advisors attended a NAFSA-Region V Conference in De Kalb, Illinois, on November 5th and 6th. The Region V Conference, comprised of students, advisors, and faculty members from Wisconsin, Michigan, and Illinois, was held for those interested or involved in any aspect of International Education. Various workshops held during the two-day event introduced and discussed issues and concerns of the foreign student.

Among the topics discussed during the workshops were the Role of the Foreign Student Advisor, moderated by Ene Atakpo, of Nigeria, NAFSA representative from UW-SP; the Future of Foreign Study Programs; Programming Needs for International Women; and Foreign Students' Rights and Responsibilities. One workshop, entitled Cultural Factors in Adjustment, focused on problems encountered by foreign students attending American universities. Many of the problems dealt with by foreign students can be recognized as cultural, and include such concerns as food, climate, high expectations of their families, social isolation, and loss of national identity. Vivien Woon, NAFSA representative for the state of Wisconsin, and student at UW-SP, stated concerns of the foreign student shared by many at this workshop. "One problem felt by many students is that often the professors speak too fast for the foreign student. In addition, the foreign student has a different accent, and is often afraid to speak up in class," offered Vivien.

Those attending the conference experienced continuous interaction during meal times and non-scheduled periods. During one luncheon, participants in the conference enjoyed a Malaysian salad called Rojak, comprised of fried soybean curds, bean sprouts, pineapples, and cucumbers. Following this meal, they were treated to a candle dance presented by Malaysian students from the University of De Kalb. After the lights were dimmed, the dancers attached candles to their hands and performed a dance, to the delight of all those in attendance.

Continued from p. 6
Among them are greater educational access, more financial aid, equal opportunities at both the university level as well as the basic skills level, greater recruitment programs and stronger retention programs. Beam stressed the issue of educational access as one of extreme importance as schools become more and more financially disadvantaged. Although enrollment is increasing, the percentage of minority students is decreasing. "Students of color are being priced out continuously," Beam stated.

Members of the Third World Coalition includes all minority student groups affiliated with USSA, minority students that are part of United Council automatically gain status and any interested student-at-large. As of yet, there are no members on the UWSP campus.

BOOKS!
The perfect gifts for Christmas!
We have a great selection of books for people of all ages and interests.
Now at the-
University Store,
University Center -
346-3431
Solidarity: more than just labor unrest

by Chris Celichowski

During the past eighteen months events in Poland have captured the attention of the world community. What began as a series of strikes and protests in northern port cities like Gdansk and Szczecin has spread like a bright dye into the entire fabric of Polish life. Yet, many Americans have failed to see the significance of the Solidarity movement beyond worker demands for lower food prices and higher wages. The meaning of Solidarity transcends mere economic considerations, because the movement seeks to raise the human spirit through gains in the economic, social, cultural, and perhaps political spheres of each citizen's life.

Poland's last thirty-four years under the culture of the Soviets has been marked by alternating periods of domestic calm and military turbulence, although the apparently tranquil periods have hidden the fomenting unhappiness in the nation.

The strikes, which began in the northern port cities and spread throughout the country, started as protests against large government increases in the price of meat. UWSP history professor Waclaw Soroka believes that the strikes went beyond complaints about the cost of a single commodity. Rather, the Poles demonstrated dissatisfaction with their overall standard of living. The national standard of living rose steadily after they achieved their post-World War II standard in 1919, but the institution of communism stagnated the economy and as a result the average Pole's standard of living began to fall, according to Soroka.

Shortages of essential goods are commonplace in Poland, and as a result citizens have established one of the most extensive black markets in the world. While a prospective buyer must wait up to four years to purchase a car through state channels, he can pick one up on the black market in only three weeks. As if it wasn't bad enough having to pay the cash equivalent of a year's salary for the auto, the owner cannot find gas for less than $3 a gallon.

In his interview with the Pointer, Professor Soroka pointed out that the individualistic character of the Polish people had much to do with their inability to prosper in their Communist economic system. While the government has made a great effort to form a strong industrial base, Polish agriculture remains a very important cog in that country's economy. Soroka states that to change Poland's standard of living began to fall, according to Soroka.

Farmers who run their privately owned farms find themselves hampered by unsound inheritance laws, ancient machinery, lack of availability of fertilizers, no crop choice, and a small market for their goods. Those who run state-owned farms find most of these same problems virtually non-existent. However, despite the setbacks dealt them, farmers on privately owned plots have proven markedly more productive than those on government-owned acreage in virtually all Soviet-bloc countries.

Many Poles, due to their past connections with the West, have gotten the feeling that their culture has become backward or at least behind the times. They observed many Western nations achieve greater material prosperity since World War II while their own consumption of material goods and "luxuries" continues to drop precipitously.

Historically, the Polish people have been Western civilization's trendsetters of art and culture. They are a nation who believe that such changes could be demanded in other Eastern bloc nations. Soroka feels that if the Communist party plays its cards right it could remain in power, however, it must answer the needs of the people and listen to Solidarity if it wants to exist. Indeed, Jacek Kuron believes the movement must begin to Solidarity and will spread throughout the world and into Russia itself.

The Soviets want to keep the U.S. out of Poland as much as possible, however, many Poles have developed an affection for the U.S. This is not surprising when one considers that a full one-third of the population has relatives living in the United States. The Poles admire the ideals expressed in our constitution, many of which embody individual freedom. Many of these ideas were expressed in the Polish constitution written in 1792, making it the world's second oldest written constitution.

Although the U.S. must share the burden of Poland's demise after the war ended, Professor Soroka believes the interests of Poland and America continue to overlap. Such a contention appears warranted when one observes that after the 1940 strikes the U.S. sent $670 million in aid to Poland, nearly matching the $690 million delivered by the Soviets.

The Catholic Church has played a pivotal role in the current struggle, continuing its historically strong position in Polish society. The Polish Primate, a high position in church hierarchy, was once so powerful that he ruled the country during interregnum. Today the church's role, while not political per se, remains one of moral, spiritual, and humanitarian guidance.

The Church has managed to keep an uneasy coexistence with the Communist Party, recognizing its political authority, but raising its strong voice whenever national and human rights are violated by the State.

The election of Pope John Paul II has been tremendously important to Poland. According to Waclaw Soroka, John Paul's election has allowed Poles to "lift their heads and speak their minds" while sharing in a feeling of common power.

The importance of the Church in Poland and a Polish pope has been held in such high regard that some theorists believe that the recent attempt on John Paul's life was an act of international terrorism. The Russians, these theorists argue, believe that without a visible pope the Polish people would submit to government wishes with less resistance.

In the final analysis we must conclude that Solidarity touches all spheres of Polish life and the lives of us all. While history has "taught the Poles a tough lesson of 'rationalism'" the Polish people still have a great love for life. In this respect, the triumph or failure of the Solidarity movement will be a victory or failure for humanity.
Being a stranger in a strange land

Foreign Students Adapt To Americana

by Susan Falk

Although many of the 181 foreign students at UW-SP are no different than the American students in their likes, dislikes, expectations, and observations, many have found some surprises while here.

I was surprised by the people in America and Europe. I always thought they hung their heads down and stayed in their business, but I have found people to say hello and be very friendly," said Kenneth Efange, from Cameroon, Africa.

Although many foreign student agree Americans are quite friendly initially, Angeline Lew, from Singapore, said, "It is hard to

remain somewhat childish and immature so I moved, on a different foreign student. Others said the dorm was fun and gave little chance of being alone, which is always someone to talk to.

The academic expectations are quite varied. Efange said, "I had big expectations, but found the competition to be so small in my English class. In my English class there were American students who could hardly read or write properly. Some couldn't read fluently enough to be a university student."

Lew had heard a U.S. education was much easier than that of Singapore which is under the British system. After being here for 15 months she said, "American education is slightly easier." In studying Business Administration she said, "This is much less competition."

There are many things about a U.S. university that please some foreign students. "One thing I really admire about this school is that students can go to the professor after class and kill an hour. That just doesn't happen in my country," Efange said.

Some foreign students really like the pace of life here. "It's slower and that reminds me of home. It's more relaxed. That's one reason I'm glad I chose to come to Stevens Point," said Elaine Voo, from Sabah, Malaysia.

Many foreign students choose one foreign university because they desire a faster pace, just as do some Americans. "I guess it just isn't very much to do here in Stevens Point. I want more variety, probably transfer to the west coast," Efange said.

Efange discovered one foreign student leaves a small American city. He said many girls have never been to a black person before, so they aren't very accepting of them. "Some girls just don't take twelve—it just doesn't happen," he said.

Some other disappointments mentioned by foreign students are with radio and television programming, the casual dress of students here, communicating problems, a poor transportation system.

"Transportation is really bad. You don't have airports without owning a car. I pictured Americans to be really advanced. They should have even an efficient bus service here," Angeline Lew said.

There are some redeeming factors, however. Many foreign students have been impressed with the Host Family Program, according to Foreign Student Advisor Marcus Fang. "There are about 105 families involved and they are able to welcome the foreign student and let them become a member of their families."

Lew said her Host Family has worked out "really well." They have taken her to dinner, skiing, snowmobiling, and to a play. She said she feels free and comfortable to talk to them.

"It makes you feel good to know that someone cares," said Elaine Voo of her Host Family.

One student said his experience with the Host Family Program has been a "nightmare." He said he spoke to the family only twice in his ten months here. But, he said, he has heard that many students really do enjoy their families' hospitality.

"One family even extended their hospitality to me," he said.

Lew, Efange, and Voo all said their orientation to the U.S. has been made easy by the Foreign Student Advising office here. They are able to go in with open arms," says Efange.

Many foreign students rely on information from UW-SP's foreign student office, while others make contact with relatives, friends, or pen pals in the United States. Angeline Lew said she "had a picture of America like how the mass media portrays it."
The following is a brief glimpse at the specific U.S. foreign policy under President Reagan in what appear to be the most crucial world areas currently. Asia has been omitted solely because the president hasn’t formulated policy for this area to date. The motions he has made toward two members of the Asian world, China and Taiwan have served more to confuse than anything else. Southern Africa has also been neglected, as has Australia because neither is likely to become important schematically prominent in the global division of power in the next several months. However, Reagan’s tilt toward South Africa in sharp contrast to Carter’s embrace of Black Africa and apartheid policies, is certainly worth noting, and a good indication of what future policies are likely to resemble in this area.

**LATIN AMERICA**

President Reagan’s stance toward Central America has been clearly one, and current events dictate that it will become even more so. Specifically, the human rights campaign of President Carter has been laid to rest and in its place Mr. Reagan is frantically trying to build a stable alliance network within our backyard. How? By queirling radical revolutions against right wing ruling regimes.

A quick look at any day’s morning paper shows the president is failing miserably in that regard. Political violence continues to swell in El Salvador and Nicaragua. The latter country has used Cuban military advisers and Soviet war machines to build an impressive fighting force. In response, the U.S. has promised to provide more military aid and advisers to El Salvador and anyone else threatened by the Nicaraguan buildup. However the Reagan administration has nothing more than threats and arms to offer these countries. In light of the social divisions and inequities which lie at the heart of the revolutionary fervor, such aid will not suffice and perhaps there is no form that would.

On the other hand, Reagan has fared much better with the authoritarian right wing military regimes of the southern cone." U.S. relations with Argentina, Chile, and Uruguay have noticeably improved and this should help substantially in Reagan’s anti-Cuba and anti-leftist guerrilla campaign. Finally, the administration is likely to grant diplomatic recognition to Bolivia in the near future, recognition denied by Carter because of the cocaine connection in the Bolivian government.

**WESTERN EUROPE**

Positioning American nuclear missiles in Europe lies at the heart of Reagan’s strategy for containing the Soviet Union but his chances of success are rapidly diminishing. Europe’s anti-nuclear and pacifist elements have joined forces in a vigorous campaign to make sure such a deployment never takes place and European political leaders are being forced to take this vocal opposition seriously.

The recent upsurge in the European disarmament movement has been linked to several causes. The first was the decision by NATO in 1979 to position American cruise and Pershing II missiles in Western Europe by 1983. President Reagan’s election, his hard-line Soviet stance, and his lack of enthusiasm for arms limitation negotiations further disturbed the growing ranks of Europe’s “unilateral disarmers.”

Last August, Reagan alienated still more of the continent when he authorized production of the neutron warheads without consulting his NATO allies. This lack of confidence in his compatriots is especially distressing as one considers the neutron bomb was designed to be used in Europe to halt a Soviet tank assault.

Finally President Reagan’s recent off-the-wall remarks about the possibility of a nuclear war in which Europe would be the only battleground was an incredible public relations disaster which made matters worse.

So although the President still retains the full support of British Prime Minister Thatcher and French President Mitterrand, and the grudging approval of German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt on the missile deployment issue, they too know their final accountability is to the wishes of their constituents. Likewise, their citizens know the power of the vote.

**) EASTERN EUROPE**

The current American policy toward Poland reflects the hands-off approach of the last 20 years. The West’s alternatives are severely curtailed by the Sonnenfeldt Doctrine, which states that Eastern Europe is so important to the Soviets that any overt intervention into its internal workings would be construed as an act of war.

So what can we do? Well, the U.S. and NATO have already made useless proclamations supporting the Polish worker’s bid for better conditions. Reagan has even offered food aid in exchange for the already smoldering fuse of the European Peace and Nuclear Disarmament Movement. Reagan’s vital strategic hopes for deploying Pershing and cruise missiles in Europe took a real blow to the position with this goof. Whether one agrees or disagrees with the neutron bomb decision, its timing shows a complete lack of understanding of current affairs on the continent.

With the Russians preoccupied in Poland

slap for naming the first woman Supreme Court Justice.

Unfortunately, there are many minuses as well, most of which fall into this administration’s underdeveloped, often simplistic foreign policy. Examining the entire scope of foreign policy decisions made since the regime took office, one is hard pressed to find a consistency of considered policy on most crucial world issues: Soviet-American relations, arms control, the Middle East, China-Taiwan and so on. What the American public has gotten in its place are lots of conflicting and damaging statements of policy as well as some noteworthy infighting among foreign policy cabinet members.

One of the latest Reagan verbal blunders was his statement to a collection of out-of-state newspaper editors that he ‘could see’ a nuclear exchange limited to Europe.

Needless to say, Europe reaction was one of shocked disbelief. Officials quickly produced a corrective statement for the president to issue. But this was only one of the ‘revolving door’ or tactical error episodes that have alarmed our allies and European public opinion. Earlier there was the go-ahead on the Neutron bomb without consulting our European friends, a blunder which has lit a match to the already smoldering fuse of the European Peace and Nuclear Disarmament Movement. Reagan’s vital strategic hopes for deploying Pershing and cruise missiles in Europe took a real blow to this position with this goof. Whether one agrees or disagrees with the neutron bomb decision, its timing shows a complete lack of understanding of current affairs on the continent.

With the Russians preoccupied in Poland
and Afghanistan, the opportunity was prime for strengthening the Western alliance. But the President's inordinate emphasis on military buildup and downplay of diplomatic processes destroyed any such possibilities. Outside of Europe, Reagan's most idiotic move has been his pending plan to sell new FX warplanes to Taiwan. Because of the president's apparent soft spot for this tiny oriental island, he seems willing to sacrifice the global balance of power by alienating the People's Republic of China. Their response to the administration's ludicrous policy proposal has been a noticable shift toward reopening relations with the Soviet Union.

And in the Middle East, the inconsistent U.S. postures change as frequently as George Stienbrenner switches managers. Who wears the white hats and who the black ones is becoming increasingly difficult to ascertain. Only Khadafi's role as administration punching bag stays constant rain or shine.

In his campaign speeches last year, Reagan pledged to restore consistency to U.S. Foreign Policy, in contrast to the mish-mash politics of his predecessor. Such a claim seems comical as the president attempts to run his foreign affairs in the same manner as his domestic ones — "let my cabinet take care of it." The ineffectiveness of cabinet government in foreign politicking has been amply demonstrated as this administration's State and Defense Departments and the National Security Council all march to a different drummer. In fact, judging Secretary of State Haig's frequent miscues on a variety of topics (El Salvador, a guerilla warfare campaign against his good name, are just a couple), he must be marching to a kazoo or dulcimer. Or as Mark Russell so succinctly put it, "Do you get the idea that Richard Nixon is Secretary of State and they don't have the heart to tell us?"

When Jimmy Carter failed in the foreign policy arena, neither the press nor the Congress were reluctant to let him know about it. Yet the mistakes of Ronald Reagan's first ten months seem far more obvious, menacing, and dangerous, and both our journalistic and legislative watchdogs have left their kidde gloves on in foreign policy discussions. Apparently they like Mr. Reagan considerably more than they did the "anti-Washington" Jimmy Carter. However, amiability and the return of "style" to the White House do not a coherent foreign policy make. President Reagan would be wise to start considering this. Until he does, the American people should be scared.

Reagan's Global Tunnel Vision

He's Got the Whole World Out of Hand

NORTHERN AFRICA AND THE MIDDLE EAST

The Ronald Reagan plan for peace in the Middle East reads in a nutshell: Israel gets the shaft!

For further elaboration, the Reagan administration appeared indifferent to the Israeli-Egyptian peace efforts until the opportunity to manipulate Saudi Arabia into a key anti-Soviet position came along. True they offered some fledgling support to the new ongoing Camp David accords but would never have taken it onto themselves to initiate such a peace-seeking arrangement.

In fact, after the Senate approved the controversial AWACS sale, the administration let it be known that their preferences stood with the recently proposed Saudi peace plan, which they hope will broaden the peace process to include the entire Middle East. The Saudi plan contains eight points, including the founding of a Palestinian state on the West Bank of the Jordan River, Arab recognition of Israel in return for an Israeli pullout from all occupied territory and East Jerusalem.

Reagan has held to the six year old American stand that negotiations with the PLO can proceed if the PLO recognizes Israel's right to exist.

dominated International Monetary Fund to secure a steady start on the road back to financial respectability.

Hungary, who regularly makes strides toward civil liberties, and Romania, whose autonomous foreign policy is a source of much indigestion at the Kremlin, also seem ripe for American diplomatic ventures, but at least so far, Mr. Reagan isn't as interested in this region as Mr. Carter was.

THE SOVIET UNION

To date, the dialogue between the Reagan administration and Moscow has been very limited, consisting of a few President-to-President letters and two New York meetings between Secretary of State Haig and Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko.

Reagan's policy stances toward the Soviets have been of both the "carrot" and the "stick" (twig might be more accurate). The president offered the Russians a friendly gesture when he lifted the grain embargo with no strings attached. Likely, only American farmers were happier than Leonid Brezhnev. However, Reagan's decision to produce neutron warheads has certainly taken the head off this 'hops' brew.

Currently, trade is at somewhat of a standoff between the two countries and scientific, cultural and educational exchanges have slowed to a crawl. Tradewise, Reagan is also pressuring his Western European and Japanese allies from supporting the Soviet military machine with Western technology, especially "sophisticated industrial exports."

A new round of armed limitations talks called START (Strategic Arms Reduction Talks) are tentatively scheduled to commence as early as March. However, Reagan's commitment to negotiating from a position of power could prove to be a fly in the ointment.

The Israelis, on the other hand, would rather continue to deal solely with the Egyptians and hold little hope for a comprehensive regional peace settlement. They also reject the very idea of negotiating with either the PLO or the Saudis, but may be forced into it by Reagan's polarized East-West view of every foreign policy dilemma.

Reagan's major enemy in this region is Libya's Khadafi and his Russian provided arsenal. The President and Khadafi have alternated threats as the general learns ever closer to the Sudan and Reagan attempts to destabilize the Libyan regime. In diplomatic action, the president has promised increased military aid to the Sudan and more economic aid to Libya's neighbors, Tunisia and Niger. Using power techniques, the U.S. has also shot down two Libyan fighter jets that engaged them in combat. But Khadafi remains unfazed.

control to trade." The private line has Reagan throwing a blockade around Cuba which wouldn't be relinquished for quite some time, quid pro quo and the

Regardless of what decision Moscow eventually arrives at, they will certainly have to consider the financial state of disaster Poland is presently in. And not only is the country $24 billion in debt to the West, but it is also considering membership in the American-

...Reagan pledged to restore consistency to U.S. foreign policy.
Australia

Students and teachers at all levels of Australia's educational system are organizing a publicity campaign against their country's declining support of schools and colleges. There has been a steady decrease in aid to education over the last five years. Compared with other industrialized countries, Australia has a low level of support for education. The publicity campaign is expensive and designed to influence public opinion.

Declines in education aid have been acutely felt by blue-collar families. Eighty percent of the country's working class families come from such families, but only 15 percent of Australia's college students are from the working class. The government is shifting aid from grant programs to loans, and this is likely to further discourage less affluent students. Twenty percent fewer Australian high school graduates are going to college now than in 1974.

Afghanistan

Student demonstrations against the draft spread to virtually every school and college in the Afghan capital of Kabul in mid-September. Security guards fired some shots and arrested students when the first protest marches occurred, but they took a hands-off stance as the demonstrations expanded. The protests concern a new call-up order that affects mainly people who have previously served in the military and are still under the age of 35.

Large numbers of men left the city to avoid induction. There has been a marked decline in the number of draft-age men visible on the streets and in the businesses of Kabul. In response to this massive resistance, the government has backed away from its induction order, and has issued exemptions for many categories of people. Authorities have also publicized compliance with the draft regulations, and may even have marched large contingents of soldiers, dressed in civilian clothes, to induction centers to create the appearance of an orderly functioning draft system.

Resistance to the draft is a measure of the unpopularity of the Soviet-backed regime in Afghanistan. Increases in the armed forces are required by armed resistance to the regime that is being conducted in the countryside.

South Africa

Although all universities in South Africa are racially segregated, 12,000 students at the University of Stellenbosch are preparing to vote on the question of opening their institution to students of all races. The referendum has great symbolic significance for South Africa's white minority. The vote will be voted on by students of all races "with the same exemptions that had been granted to Afrikaans as the language of instruction and academic merit as the only criterion of admission."

Afrikaans is widely-spoken among South African "coloreds," people of mixed race, who are, along with blacks, excluded from white universities. Afrikaans is not spoken by large numbers of blacks.

Integration of the universities would require a change in apartheid legislation passed in 1959. Passage of the referendum would not, therefore, result in a change in admissions practices at Stellenbosch, but it would be a symbolic victory for the opposition to the government's racial policies.

A study sponsored by the government has recently been completed by a group of leading South African educators. Although the group's report has not yet been released, there are rumors that say it will recommend the end of separate universities for different races.

A multiracial group of South African educators has recommended that its country's apartheid policies be abandoned in the field of education. Specifically it urged that all schools and universities be opened to students of all racial groups.

Shortly after the committee report was released, the government, which had requested the study, rejected its findings. The government's statement said:

The government finds acceptable the principle of freedom of choice for the individual and for parents in educational matters and the choice of a career, but within the framework of the policy that each population group should have its own schools.

Symbolic significance contains four separate educational systems for whites, blacks, "coloreds" (people of mixed race), and Indians.

The committee was sponsored by the Human Sciences Research Council. Among the points included in the report were the following:

+++ The number of black students will increase in coming decades while the number of white students will decrease. Ten times more money per student is...
...night of the live Dead

In their sixteen years of existence, the Grateful Dead have released six live albums. Four of them have been double albums, one a triple. The Dead is dynamic and energetic on stage, and for the avid Deadhead the experience is worth far more than the price of admission.

The question is, why can't they leave their live act on stage, instead of putting it on vinyl? Dead Set was recorded from the San Francisco and New York Radio City Music Hall concerts of 1980. It is the second live album recorded from these events. Reckoning, a live acoustic album released last spring, and Dead Set, a live electric album, together account for four records. Is this a fair tribute, or a sign of a lack of new studio material?

The title track, "The Friends of Mr. Cairo," is doctored by recreated sound effects from old movies. Machine guns, screeching car tires, Jimmy Stewart and Humphrey Bogart can be heard behind a very repetitious theme. These sound effects make this track sound like a novelty. Even with the help of Al Capone and Citizen Kane, this track fails to be impressive.

The remaining tracks fall into the same style. "The Mayflower," a song about pilgrims blasting into outer space, is also very weak. The vocals don't take on any constructive meaning, and Vangelis fails to come through with musical technique.

...Anderson is no Yes

The Friends of Mr. Cairo represents the latest work of Jon Anderson and Vangelis. Anderson is the ex-lead vocalist of Yes, and Vangelis is most noted for his musical work for Carl Sagan's "Cosmos" series.

In every aspect, this album is an ill spent attempt in providing a new musical direction for the duo. Vangelis' keyboard work is repetitious and lacks originality. In some places it becomes boring to the point where it is annoying. His previous work has been much more original and technical.

Jon Anderson is guilty of writing very shallow and meaningless lyrics. His singing is often either sharp or flat, often cracking in his higher registers.

The title track, "The Friends of Mr. Cairo," is doctored by recreated sound effects from old movies. Machine guns, screeching car tires, Jimmy Stewart and Humphrey Bogart can be heard behind a very repetitious theme. These sound effects make this track sound like a novelty. Even with the help of Al Capone and Citizen Kane, this track fails to be impressive.

The remaining tracks fall into the same style. "The Mayflower," a song about pilgrims blasting into outer space, is also very weak. The vocals don't take on any constructive meaning, and Vangelis fails to come through with musical technique.

...Chuck E.'s still in love

"State of Independence" could have easily been recorded by the Alan Parsons Project about five years ago. Vangelis tries to produce a sequenced synthesizer theme that fails flat.

"Beside" and "Outside of This" are meaningless slow songs that seem to go nowhere.

Both musicians are capable of much better work than what is contained on this album. Even through the use of sound effects the album is lackluster and will soon find its way to the cutout bins.
Take 40 college students at $2500 a head on a 50 day tour and...

ICH BIN EIN HAMBURGER: Prior to being selected, a tour guide (left) undergoes rigorous screening.

THE TRAVEL BOOM: Five seconds before this photo was taken, this was a bus depot. "You've got to watch out for those unattended packages," Brian says, after answering a collect call from the IRA. Next time he won't accept the charges.

IN GOTT'S COUNTRY: Compared to European brands, American brands just don't stack up. These foam-filled frauleins are keeping a close eye on their cans.

FRIENDLY NATIVES: European Dodgers fans take their baseball seriously.

WALK THIS WAY: Sacrificing comfort for fashion is de rigueur when you're on the Continent.

HEY MEESTER, WANT SOME MUENSTER?: Local cheddarfrau prepares the mold for giant cheese log. One taster later remarked, "mold is right."
you've got... EUROPE ON $2000 A DAY

PASSPORT OR POLE-VAULT: When crossing borders in Europe you'll find the last two hundred meters are the worst.

CAN-CAN TAN IN CANNES: American sun worshippers, too shy to take it all off, take strenuous measures to avoid tan lines on Europe’s shamelessly healthy nude beaches.

NERVES OF STEEL: Jolly German tour-bus driver, (center), prepares for tomorrow morning’s excursion through the treacherous Matterhorn Pass.

O, 66!: When you play bingo in St. Peter’s Basilica, you can’t see the buttress for the frieze.

BUILT TO LAST: Arches may crumble, pillars may fall, but a thing of beauty is a joy forever.
Continued from p. 12

concessions from the government last spring. With Poland in a state of acute economic and political crisis, student activism might be dealt with harshly by the government. Demonstrations would also probably be opposed by the independent union Solidarity. There is a tradition of distrust between workers and students in Poland, and Solidarity has made clear that educational reform is low on its list of priorities.

After widespread sit-ins last year, students won the right to organize an independent student union that is separate from the official government-sponsored student organization. They also achieved the elimination of certain requirements of political education in Marxism-Leninism, and the elimination of language requirements, the main one of which was in the Russian language.

As strikes spread throughout the economy of Poland, students and professors joined the latest wave of protests. Students at an engineering school in Radom and at Warsaw University staged strikes of several hours as similar short walkouts took place all over the country. Classroom buildings were occupied by faculty and students at Random. They were protesting the manner in which the rector of the institution was selected, and they demanded that the school be run by a collective.

Education in Poland is governed by a highly-centralized structure that is under the control of the Ministry of Education. Certain requirements and regulations were loosened after a wave of demonstrations last year, but the structures are still highly authoritarian.

Students and workers in Poland have often had political disagreements, refusing to participate in each other’s movements. The general wave of unrest, however, seems to be sweeping all segments of Polish society.

Educational issues were considered at last month’s meeting of Poland’s independent union Solidarity. The union approved a resolution calling for a number of changes in the educational system, especially emphasizing increased independence from the central government which currently controls education. A working group on education recommended resolutions that advocated the following principles:

- Political and ideological requirements should be
- Students and workers in Poland have often had political disagreements, refusing to participate in each other’s movements. The general wave of unrest, however, seems to be sweeping all segments of Polish society.

Continued on p. 17

American Advertising Federation
Learn about the strategies involved in political campaigning. You’ll be amazed by the methods used to win an election.

We invite you to listen to former Wis. Governor Martin Schreiber talk about political campaigning.

Thurs., Nov. 18, 4:30, Communication Room, U.C.

University Night Every Thursday
Jazz
The Dave Peters Trio
8:30-12:30
Drink Special
Cuba Libra $1.25
Beer Special
Moosehead—Canada $1.00
Czar Nicholas II canonized in NY

Czar Nicholas II, his family and 300 other Christians were slain during or after the Russian Revolution have been canonized as saints during ceremonies at a Manhattan church.

The two-part six-hour telecast was held at the headquarters of the Russian Orthodox Church outside Russia. More than 1,000 people attended the ceremonies, which honored matrys the church said were slain by Communists.

Nicholas and his family were executed in 1918.

Only You Can Prevent Handgun Violence

As a response to last week's National End Handgun Violence Week, a diverse group of Americans, ranging from Bob Hope to Raphe Clark to Tony Dorsett, called on President Reagan to take the lead in a campaign for strong national controls on handguns.

This group sent the President a telegram asking "to join us to save lives" by supporting gun control measures advocated in the recent report by the attorney general's task force on violence.

No Equality, No Movies, So There!

The Directors Guild of America is asking movie and television directors to keep their film crews out of the fifteen states that have not ratified the ERA. "It is time now for bolder action because of the June 30, 1982, deadline for any states to ratify," said union executive Robert Ellis Miller.

"Last year the motion picture industry spent more than $250 million on location filming in just Georgia, Florida, Illinois, Missouri, and Oklahoma, which have not ratified the Equal Rights Amendment. The boycott which was adopted by the guild directors last binding on the guild's 6,500 members "but a matter of personal conscience."

C'mon, a Little Swallow Can't Hurt

Could UWSP be the next San Juan Capistrano? Well, if Biology Professor Vincent Heig has his way we might.

Last summer, an exciting ornithological occurrence happened on campus—we were invaded by cliff swallows. Not just an individual swallows mind you, as is normal w/ in pimeurrets start a new colony, but hundreds of them took flight around the central campus classroom buildings.

These birds, which are the same species as those who return to San Juan Capistrano each year, are medium sized, live in open country, eat insects they catch while flying, and nest on vertical walls. Their main clusters of nests are still clinging to several campus buildings although they will soon be broken down so pest species of birds don't move into them over the winter.

Heig feels that if we treat the cliff swallow with tolerance they will return to campus annually and build new nests.

So though it might be difficult to imagine our Pointer mascot ever being replaced by a cliff swallow, an abundant existence on campus is certainly not just for the birds. If you would like further info on the current status of cliff swallow operations, feel free to give Prof. Heig a call.

Continued from p. 16

spent in white than in black schools, and the disparity in educational spending will increase if separate systems are maintained.

+++ There should be open admissions to all schools and freedom of association within schools.

+++ The current apartheid system cannot supply business and industry with a sufficient number of nonwhite students with the skills that are needed by the economy.

A group of committee members responded angrily to the government's immediate rejection of the report. A statement was issued saying, "The government's response is a slap in the face for a group of South Africans of all colors and persuasions who, in good faith, gave intensively of their professional expertise, judgment, and good will for over a year because they believed it was important to seek joint solutions to the educational malaise of this country."

Columbia should be orbiting Earth for the next five years.

For the Columbia's initial flight last April, the astronauts' objective was to prove that the space shuttle was vehicle flightworthy—which they successfully did. For an encore, a new set of astronauts expects to prove the shuttle's re-usability, the main characteristic that sets it apart from all previous space vehicles ever flown. If NASA spends a fair amount of time exercising the craft's robot arm, known as the remote manipulator system, the arm will do no lifting this time but on missions to come it will be used as a crane to pluck a satellite out of the cargo bay and drop it overboard into an orbit of its own or to grapple an old satellite for in-orbit servicing or retrieval.

Two more test flights are planned next year, with the shuttle expected to be cleared for full operational use by next September. Of course, much depends on how the Columbia performs this time out.

Yugoslavia

 Authorities in Yugoslavia have expressed concern about a growing problem of drug abuse in their country, especially the increase in the use of heroin among young people. The problem was virtually nonexistent a decade ago, and now thousands of young people are heroin addicts.

Large quantities of heroin have been transported through Yugoslavia on their way to Western Europe from the Middle East. Only recently, however, has the drug been used to a significant extent in Yugoslavia. There are recent reports of deaths by overdose, and thousands of addicts have been identified. In 1970 there were fewer than 500 known addicts in Yugoslavia.

Officials have confiscated more than 600 pounds of heroin in the last year while arresting about 300 smugglers.

Iran

Ayatollah Khomeni has called upon Iran's students and teachers to expel from their ranks people who are disloyal to the government. Ten million Iranian students returned to school in September, before the government had immediately organized to demonstrate in support of the regime. Students and teachers were not allowed to return to the schools because of their political views, and there were reports of arrests and executions.

The Ayatollah's government has come under attack by a group called the Mujahedeen, which is believed to have student members. The Mujahedeen have demonstrated surprising strength in street fighting in recent weeks.

Khomeni said: It is incumbent on both teachers and students to do their best to identify corrupt elements and to cleanse schools of the dirt of these people.

Addendum

by Kerry Lechler

This is to clarify and correct the Daddy Whiskers segment of last week's mini-feature on local bands. Inadvertently edited was a paragraph that identified the Joe and Jeff to whom the quotes were attributed. They were (and still are) the brothers Ebel, original members of the Daddy Whiskers band. Both are in the process of "phasing out" of the group after a nearly ten year on and off and on again musical marriage with DW.

Sad news for many, but alas, all things must pass (so says George Harrison anyway). The Ebel's are not retired from the music business however, only from Daddy Whiskers...for now (?).

Incorrectly named as the band's harp player was Rick Lyons, who was a singer and songwriter with DW. Pat Bowe who did indeed formerly play harp with Whiskers was on hand for last Friday's OW gig at the Second Street Pub.

SOULFUL SIDE OF 60's, 70's RHYTHM AND BLUES
Saturday Night Special NOVEMBER 14
Program Banquet Room 8:00
Tickets: $2.00 Advance (Info Desk) $2.75 Door
Commodores, Doobie Brothers, Kool and the Gang, Stevie Wonder, Jacksons
What's Happenin' with SGA
by Jack Buswell and Ed Karshna

The Student Government Senate floor was the site of some heated debate last Sunday. Most significant of the discussions concerned the granting of recognition to the UW-SP Choir Club. Vice-President Ed Karshna and Senator Sharon O'Ja locked horns over whether the status of the Choir Club is actually a club or a class and what the requirements for that class are. The point was brought up that SGA is already funding the Choir Club indirectly through SAC (Student Advisory Council) and that recognition of the Choir Club makes the Choir Club directly responsible to SGA. The other side of the argument focused on the credit aspect of the club, that SGA should not support a club that is actually a class, and that is part of the graduation requirements of some people in the music department. The Senate voted not to recognize the Choir Club.

The Political Science Association was allocated $126 to bring Eunice Edgar of the American Civil Liberties Union to UW-SP to speak on the First Amendment.

The Pom Pon Squad was given $500 to help defray the costs of buying new uniforms which cost approximately $1000. The uniforms would become property of UW-SP. In the past years the squad made their own uniforms.

In other financial matters the Tau Kappa Epsilon fraternity was refused a funding request for $230, the BIKE Club was allocated $101 for operational expenses, and the Stevens Point Area NOW Chapter received $200 to help finance the travel costs of sending a representative to Wisconsin in order to help with efforts to ratify the ERA. The Wisconsin Home Economics Association was given $422 to attend state and district workshops for home economics students.

"In the past years the squad made their own uniforms..."

The Student Senate also passed a recommendation to increase the student activity fee. The exact amount of increase will be recommended to the Senate by the SPBAC.

Student Government also passed a resolution supporting the proposed School of Business at UW-SP. The resolution, presented by Senators Brad Flatoff and Steve Hansen, acknowledges the need for UW-SP to attract quality faculty for the ever growing Business and Economics programs. A School of Business and Economics would be a non-monetary way of attracting faculty.

"What's Happenin'" is submitted each week by the UWSP Student Government Association.

OGOKALOMA
Friday, Nov. 20, 1981
Schedule Of Events:
Program Banquet Room, U.C.
- 5:45 Cash Bar
- 6:30 Dinner & Entertainment
- Jenkins Theatre, COFA
- 8:00 Oklahoma
Students $6.00
Non-Students $7.50
Tickets available at SLAP Office, located in the lower level of U.C.

Dinner then afterwards the Theatre.

Better Red (Neck) Than Dead
Comrades:
We have been reading the Pointer newspaper and agree much with your very smart English units, especially Comrade Watson. We, of the United Soviet Socialist Republics, plead with you to stop your war-mongering and end this senseless struggle. Put down your childish guns and neutron bombs, and we will do the same. (We 'promise')

Turn your sword into plowshares. Disband your capitalistic military, your disruptive ROTC and National Guard units. We only keep ours around to help speed agricultural development in Afghanistan. We do plow with our tanks. All this uproar about chemical warfare, we are only delousing the filthy, vermin-ridden population, really!

Why can't UW-SP have a HUMAN Resource Center? They could even assist rape victims! Sincerely yours, David Streicher

Can we not live in peace? We will send many "technical advisors" to your underdeveloped country to help you change. They will be waring smazy uniforms so you can identify them when you have ideological problems. Not to worry that they will have guns, no! These are only for hunting!

Our way of life is better, yes! We shall march forward, hand in hand, towards Eternal Peace, in the glorious light of Socialism.

Sincerely, Leonid Brezhnev (sic) Moscow, Nov., 1981 (as in Steve Luebke)

Organizational Merit Award.
Residence Hall Council is SGA's recipient of October's Organizational Merit Award. Congratulations are in order for John, Heidi Schumann, Cherry King, and Karen Wooley, who are the officers of RHC. They received the award for such activities as the Homecoming Tri-Celebration, the Bluegrass Festival, the Coffee House in Deb at Pizza Parlor and the College Bowl.
**Harriers surprise WSUC field**

by Steve Heiling

RIVER FALLS — Surprising everyone but themselves, the UW-Stevens Point's cross country team came away with first place in the WSU Conference meet held here last weekend.

Most coaches felt before the race that we did not stand much of a chance because of our lack of training, but we knew what we could do and with the pressure off we just went out and did it," explained an elated UWSP coach Rick Witt.

Witt was referring to the hilly terrain of the River Falls course and the Pointers' lack of any substantial hill to train on due to the flatness of the Stevens Point landscape.

"We actually went out and scoured the Stevens Point area looking for hills to train on, so that was not as big a factor as most people thought. Our guys took the course as a challenge, not as a barrier, and they were very relaxed, unafraid," Witt added.

The Pointers placed all of their five runners in the top 20 finishers, to take first with a time of 63. Favorite La Crosse and Eau Claire tied for second with 72 points apiece, and Stout in fourth with 96. Well behind the leaders were Platteville with 151, River Falls, 182; Whitewater, 196; Oshkosh, 205; and Superior, 216. And three other teams came away with first places and they were very much individuals, but I felt if we could get five runners in the top 20 we could be right in the thick of it," said Witt.

"It could not have worked any better. The guys felt no pressure to crash the top five and as a result ran a very relaxed race," Witt added.

Witt noted that while everyone at the race was busy watching the progress of the Eau Claire and La Crosse runners, they forgot about the Pointers.

When the teams reappeared from the hills, everyone noted that the top spots were occupied by runners from La Crosse and Eau Claire. But then they saw the second pack come in and realized it was made up of all Stevens Point runners. By then it was too late for them to catch us since it was past the four-mile mark," he said.

The Pointers now move on to the NAIA National Meet to be in Kenosha Nov. 12.

**Gridders drive for winning season continues**

by Joe Vanden Plas

The UW-Stevens Point football moved closer to its first winning season in four years with a 10-0 victory over UW-River Falls Saturday.

The victory, UWSP's fourth straight, puts them in a four-way tie for second place in the Wisconsin State University Conference with one game remaining, this week's season finale at UW-Platteville.

Stevens Point now owns a 4-3 conference mark and is tied with UW-La Crosse, UW-Stout and UW-Whitewater. The Eau Claire Bluejays clinched the WSUC championship with a convincing 57-0 win over Stout Saturday.

UWSP has an opportunity for its first winning season since 1977, which is also the last year the Pointers won a conference championship.

Senior split end Chuck Braun, who has experienced three consecutive losing seasons at UWSP, knows how important a winning season could be.

"A winning season would mean a whole lot to us," said the Athens native. "Being here for four years and not having had a winning season gives it even more meaning."

"It would be a big plus for the football program if we can end the season with five straight wins."

Braun, wide receiver Brion Demaski, fullback Andy Shumway, and offensive linemen Al Manci, Jamie Berlin, John Graf, Steve Heiling and Tom Maddens played the final home game before an appreciative Parent's Day crowd at Goerke Saturday.

But River Falls nearly spoiled the whole affair. The Falcons jumped out to an early 14-0 lead before the Pointers was able to score their first points.

"We then started to think of a winning season and who we had to beat in the second half," said Braun.

Pointers were right on track, for 59 yards to the end zone.

"The Falcons' momentum was simlJar to Qualley's 59-yard reception earlier. On this particular play, it happened to be Mayer.

"We just put that play in this week," explained Braun. "Every week we add a couple of new plays we think will go. They have three new people pass interference call set the UWSP up inside the five and Demaski's quarterback sneak put Stevens Point ahead to stay with 6:14 left in the third."

Point increased its lead to 35-24 when Demaski spotted Braun open in the end zone with 1:09 left in the period.

The Falcons made things interesting Medakowski fumbled a 44-yard punt and returned it 50 yards to the 25, but it was nullified by a penalty. Medakowski continued his onslaught of the Falcon secondary in the second half. Trailing 24-21, the Pointers took advantage of a short punt by Falcon specialist Kirk Iverson.

Photo by Rick McNitt

Continued on p. 20
Continued from p. 19

But the Pointer defense, which was beaten most of the day, came up with clutch plays late in the game. The Pointers recovered an errant pitch by Lusemann on fourth and one at the River Falls 35 and minutes later defensive back Mike Melnic intercepted a Lusemann pass to preserve the victory.

Both teams rolled up impressive yardage figures. Stevens Point rolled up 480 yards, 404 via the pass and 76 rushing. The Falcons rushed for 428 yards and threw for 34, giving them a total of 462. It was the first time this season the Falcon's wishbone attack had accounted for over 300 yards.

Bryan Demski, who entered the game leading the nation in passing, completed 21 of 39 passes for 404 yards and three touchdowns.

Braun, who entered the game second in the nation in receiving, had an off day with three receptions for 41 yards. For the season, Braun has 50 receptions for 776 yards and seven touchdowns. Looking ahead, Braun views this week's contest at Platteville the most important of his collegiate career. "As far as having our first winning season here, it's the most important game we'll play," he said.

Pointer notes: When Jerry O'Connor scored the winning touchdown in overtime against Oshkosh two weeks ago, he brought in the wrong play from the sidelines. The play O'Connor was supposed to bring in was a "94 blast," not a "34 dive." He was supposed to line up in the pro set and be the lead back through the hole. Instead he lined up in the "I" formation and faked the option.

In retrospect, O'Connor's mistake turned out to be a blessing when quarterback Brian Demski bobbled the snap and had no other resource but to pitch the ball to O'Connor, who then proceeded to score the winning touchdown.

WSU Standings

Superior at Dayton-NC

4 3 3

Stevens Point 35, River Falls 22

Eau Claire 31, Stout 9

Whitewater 35, La Crosse 15

Oshkosh 30, Superior 12

Platteville 11, St. Norbert 7

This week

Stevens Point at Platteville

Oshkosh at Whitewater

La Crosse at Eau Claire

Stout at River Falls

Superior at Dayton-NC

January 3-8 January 10-15

STEAMBOAT $219

WINTER PARK $189

Summit Land Package Includes:

- 6 days/5 nights lodging in a luxurious condominium
- 3 full days ski lifts
- 3 full days ski rental
- Discounts on extra days of ski lifts and rentals
- All taxes and service charges
- Ski party

- Optional Motorcoach Transportation $119

Trips are filling fast.

Sign up now.

Need more information call:

Steve Gall

346-2437

On Business Highway 51 So., Next To Shopko
Open Daily 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. Sundays 9 to 6

Our Warehouse Grocery Prices Will Save You Money!

You'll be pleasantly surprised at the low prices in the bright and clean aisles thru-out our store!

You help by marking some of the grocery prices. You help by bagging your purchases; you save the money!

More savings in our—complete Meat Department! Complete Produce Department! Complete Liquor Department! Frozen Foods and Dairy Foods, too!

SHOP COMPARE, WE HAVE THE LOWEST GROCERY PRICES!
Spikers throttle Marquette

By Tom Burkman

Improving their overall record to 35-4, the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point women’s volleyball team blanked Marquette University in straight sets last Wednesday (Oct. 3) in the Berg Gym.

The Pointers completely dominated the Division II Warriors, defeating them by scores of 15-1, 15-5 and 16-14. The last time the Pointers met the Warriors was at Marquette in the first set 15-7 but then coming back strongly to win 15-10 and 15-12.

But that game was history as the Marquette Warriors were soon to be last week but then corning back making Marquette a chance to better them as they travel to Elizabethtown Pennsylvania for the National tournament this weekend. If the Pointers beat Elizabethtown they will advance to semifinal play in Westfield Massachusetts.

Stickers face Elizabethtown

by Sharan Houthaan

The University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point women’s field hockey team owns some impressive stats this year. They have a chance to better them as they travel to Elizabethtown Pennsylvania for the National tournament this weekend. If the Pointers beat Elizabethtown they will advance to semifinal play in Westfield Massachusetts.

Steven Pinter towered over their opponents in every aspect of the game this season. They outscored opponents 83-15. They had a 740-142 shots-on-goal advantage and scored on 11.2 percent of their shots compared to 10.6 percent for their opponents. The Pointers were awarded 360 penalty corners while giving up just 94. Leading Point’s offense were All-Conference selections Barb Bernhardt and Sara Bochnlein. The two combined to score 52 goals, (36 apiece). They also lead the team in assists with 13 and 12 respectively. Jane Christianson, Madonna Golla and Cheryl Montanye bolstered Point’s offense with 8 goals each and Michelle Anderson added 4. Anderson was also credited with 10 assists.

The Pointer’s awesome defense was led by another All-Conference performer, Karen Konopacki. But it was excellent team work that allowed the Pointer’s to record 14 shutouts. Montanye, Shawn Kreckow, Nancy Luethke, Lori Mathwig and Michelle Seibert combined to make Point the best defensive team in the state.

The Pointer’s won the Wisconsin Women’s Intercollegiate Athletic Conference championship this fall with a 5-1 record. They were 15-1 against non-scholarship schools. They were seeded sixth on the final National Collegiate Athletic Association division III poll. Point will have a chance to avenge last year’s National Association of Intercollegiate Athletics tournament loss to Elizabethtown next Saturday in Pennsylvania.

Pigskin prophet

By Quince Adams

It’s a dog’s life in the NFL, as the underdogs continue to pull upsets. Last week’s 9-4 mark puts the Prophet at 89-49, or 64 percent.

WASHINGTON 21, NEW YORK GIANTS 13 — Joe Theismann continues to be the Prophet’s favorite team to win Super Bowl Berth. MIAMI 20, OAKLAND 10 — GREEN BAY 21, CHICAGO 17 — Despite Lynn and Bart, the Pack just might pull this one out. ATLANTA 24 PITTSBURGH 17 CINCINNATI 20, LOS ANGELES 14 — The Bengals have a quarterback; the Rams don’t.

DALLAS 20, DETROIT 13

NEW ENGLAND 31, NEW YORK JETS 26 — Richard Todd’s about due for one of his five-interception days.

DENVER 16, TAMPA BAY 13 — Two awesome defenses go at it in a must game for Tampa Bay. And in other games . . . San Diego 35, Seattle 34; San Francisco 23, Cleveland 20; Kansas City 20, Houston 17; Minnesota 34, New Orleans 24; Buffalo 27, St. Louis 17; and Philadelphia 44, Baltimore 17.

Overall, Schoen evaluated the game by saying, “We made very, very few mistakes, we blocked territorally and we were able to convert an offensive play of Marquette’s into an offensive attack for us.”

Although the coach repeatedly mentioned the win was totally a team effort, she gave special praise to Melanie Breitenbach, Sally Hairing, and Wendy Johnson.

Coach Schoen was also very pleased with the way the whole team is adjusting to a new offensive alignment, the 6-2. “We’ve only been playing it a couple of weeks but they are getting more confident all of the time,” stated Schoen.

The Pointers ended their conference season two weeks ago at 19-1, and are assured of at least a title tie.
SPORTS/SHORTS

Three members of the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point women's cross country team turned in strong performances in the Women's Midwest Cross Country Championships at Kenosha Saturday.

No team scores were recorded in the meet but UWSP was well represented in the individual finishes. Dawn Buntman was the second place finisher with a 5,000 meter course in 18:30.1. "She had a very good race. Her time in the individual finishes marked her as the meet for the year, even though she started slow and aimed at staying very relaxed," said Lindert.

Lindert stated. "Not having to run in an important meet was significant to Lindert and her team as it gave a number of injured runners time to recover. Those who were injured but should be back next week are Mary Bender, Tina Thyel, Kathy Upton, and Ellen Kernath."

The next meet for the Lady Pointer runners will be on Saturday, Nov. 14, when they compete in the NCAA Division III Regional Meet in Rock Island, ILL.

The UW-Stevens Point women's swim opened the 1981 season by placing fifth in the eight-team UW-Green Bay Relays Saturday. Northern Michigan won the meet with 840 points while UW-Eau Claire was second with 534 points. Rounding out the scoring were UW-Green Bay 466; UW-Lacrosse, 442; UWSP, 414; UW-Whitewater, 400; UW-Oshkosh, 332; and Carroll College, 306.

The Pointer swimmers compiled one third, three fourths, seven fifths, one sixth, two sevenths, and an eighth in compiling their score.

Lindert stated that "The Pointer swimmers compiled one third, three fourths, seven fifths, one sixth, two sevenths, and an eighth in compiling their score."

Point's third was earned by Mary Crum, Jane Germanson, Mary Moe, and Cindy Getting which covered the distance in 4:50.456.

The third four place finishes were earned by the 200 breaststroke relay of Christy Schmidt, Margaret Mandelin, Getting, and Sara Greenlaw with a time of 2:31.545; the 200 medley relay squad of Ann Finley, Schmidt, Cram, and Kim Swanson with a clocking of 2:07.634; and by the 400 freestyle relay team of Finley, Getting, Ellen Richter, and Swanson with a time of 3:59.250.

Reserve seat tickets for University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point men's basketball and ice hockey home games are now on sale in the Athletic Ticket Office in UWSP's Quadrant Fieldhouse.

Reserve tickets for each sport are $3 a game while a season reserved ticket is $20. All 12 home basketball games will be played in the Quadrant Fieldhouse while the 13 home ice hockey matches will be played in the Goeke Park Sports Complex Ice Arena.

Also available are a limited number of All-Sports Tickets at $15 for students and $30 for adults.

Getting To Know You....

by Paula Koczerowski

On October 23 and 24, the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point was the scene of an "International Exchange and Acquaintance Weekend" attended by thirty-six UW-SP students and twenty-two students from the Eau Claire, La Crosse, Parkside, and Stout campuses.

According to Vivien Woon, State Representative for NAFSA (National Association of Foreign Student Affairs) and a UW-SP student, the purpose of the weekend was "to form an inter-campus communication network, so students know what foreign students from other campuses are doing. Many of the services and events offered by the International Clubs at each university can be exchanged and adopted among the Wisconsin campuses," stated Vivien.

A dance on Friday night was followed on Saturday by a full day of group discussions, workshops, and socializing. Ene Atakpo, UW-SP student from Nigeria, and NAFSA representative from this campus, led a workshop on the role of the foreign student advisor. It was agreed that the role of the advisor included being a Resource Person, Advisor to the International Club, Counselor, Administrative channel for student problems, Director of the Orientation program, and Programmer of foreign student activities.

Those attending the conference participated in numerous get-acquainted games. One game, called the Chinese Jigsaw-Puzzle, involved taking four people out of the room, after which a group of students left in the room held hands while becoming entangled. The four who had left the room were to re-enter and attempt to untangle the students without disconnecting their hands, says Vivien, "The game is meant to teach us that even though we are from different countries, we are still able to foster communication ties despite our differences."

An unexpected element of the weekend resulted in the prevailing of student tours throughout the city, when a freak snow storm hit Central Wisconsin.
Future aid tight: George offers alternatives

Two of every nine students who were given federally subsidized loans this fall to attend the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point may be denied such assistance one year from now.

That ratio is an estimate by Philip George, director of student financial aids at UW-SP, who says there is no complete information available to use in determining the full-impact cuts in higher education.

The total number of people on campus who will have future lending opportunities either severed or severely restricted probably is about 2,000.

All told, 5,365 students or 58 percent of the total classroom population receive some form of financial assistance either in outright grants, loans or jobs. All of them will be affected by cuts, George predicted, but the loan recipients will feel the biggest pinch.

For the past three years, there were no restrictions on which students could receive the Guaranteed Student Loan Program. Students could borrow up to $4,000 a year from either a governmental or private lender and the interest would be subsidized by Uncle Sam until after graduation. Once repayment began, the students most recently were required to pay nine percent interest (it had been seven percent until recently) for the duration of the loan. The subsidy from the government has been in the difference in the interest between the amount paid by the student and the cost incurred by the government in securing the money in the first place.

New regulations for guaranteed loans, which went into effect a month ago, state that the combined gross income of a student and his parents cannot exceed $30,000 per year. But there are exceptions, such as more than one child in the family in college and the same size of family, assets, unusually high health expenses and so forth. Also, the maximum amount of loans now will be $500 less.

Of about $13 million in aids administered by George's office in the past year, about $8 1/2 million were in guaranteed loans. Have there been abuses which precipitated the cuts? George concedes that there are many stories about students both locally and nationally who have the government subordinated loans and instead are spending the money directly on their education, re-invested the money and reaped big profits in the high money market.

"Unfortunately, the students who really need this program the most will be hurt the most," he said.

There is growing concern among academic planners nationally about affects the cuts will have on enrollments. Because such a large number of students are to lose assistance, will there be large numbers of dropouts which, in turn will create budget and staffing chaos on campuses?

George said he and his financial aids colleagues here and at other institutions are concerned because students don't appear to be facing up to the realities of the cuts.

Technically, the reductions already are in force but most students aren't affected this year because their grants and loans were processed for this academic year before the beginning of the federal government's new fiscal year on Oct. 1.

George said he will send letters and hold meetings to impress upon students the importance of beginning to prepare now for alternative funding for the future. He expresses dread at the thought of an influx of frustrated students near the opening of classes next fall.

"The only thing I can recommend to students is that they write a lot of letters to legislators," he declared.

There are, however, millions of dollars still earmarked for students that were unavailable about a decade ago. The Basic Educational Opportunity Grants will continue, and about $24 million is expected to be allocated at UW-SP to more than 25 percent of the student body. Last year there were 2,475 recipients of the $600 awards which are outright gifts from the federal government not subject to repayment. Depending on individual needs, the grants ranged from $146 to $1,670, with an average allocation of $904 here.

The Supplemental Education Opportunity Grant Program, which supports some of the most needy students, is expected to fun in more than a half million dollars into the campus again next year. The Wisconsin Higher Education Grants, amounting to nearly $600,000 plus $65,000 in few wards and $120,000 in talent incentive also will continue based on need. And, a second federally-funded but small National Direct Loan Program will make five percent loans to students showing extreme need.

The Work Study Program, in which the government gives universities and governmental agencies allocations to hire collegians from lower and moderate income families, will remain about the same. The difference will be that more people may have to share in the approximately $1.1 million earmarked for UW-SP.

George does not administer allocation of Social Security funds to sons and daughters of retired people. But he has records that 183 UW-SP students are receiving support as high as nearly $2,000 per year. This program currently is being phased out; existing recipients are to continue receiving benefits but new freshmen are to get their funding elsewhere if they have special need. No longer will children of retirement people automatically be eligible for this federal aid. George said he sees merit in this change.

In a nutshell, George says the surviving financial aids programs are now going to fall behind because of inflation and begin to "stagnate."

Will his office staff begin shrinking in size, too? He doubts it. "It is harder and takes more work and time to turn people away than to aid them."
Foreign Students Visit First Americans

By Paula Koczorowski

"A massive and impressive display" was how Tony Isua, UW-SP student from Nigeria, described the pow-wow he and forty-nine other foreign students witnessed Saturday, October 10, as part of a one-day trip to the Menominee Indian Reservation in Wisconsin.

The trip was co-ordinated by Lawrence Waukau, Director of the UW-SP Upward Bound Project. Upward Bound students from the Menominee nation who attend high schools in the Menominee Reservation, Bewler, Shawano, and Gresiam, hosted and sponsored the day's events.

The day began with a visit to a logging museum in Keshena, where the students viewed such Indian artifacts as logging tools, clothing, and household goods. At St. Anthony's Gymnasium in Neopit, the group was served a lunch featuring such native American foods as venison, squash, and wild rice. This meal gave the foreign students and Upward Bound hosts a good opportunity to converse and to exchange ideas.

At the logging mill in Neopit, one of the Reservation's main sources of income, the UW-SP students were given a guided tour by the plant manager, Roger Waukau, and told how the mill operates. The uses of many pieces of logging equipment was also shown to the students.

According to UWSP English professor Bill Clark, who advises foreign students, "the international view of the native American is not clear. In Britain, they talk of the term 'Red Indians.' This word 'Indian' is a misnomer. Columbus began using this term, because he thought he was in India." Mr. Clark says that the views of the foreign student about the native American are stereotypical.

Vivian Woon, UWSP student from Malaysia, had thought that the citizens of the Menominee Reservation would be living in teepees and apartments, while Angie Lew, student from Singapore, had thought the reservation would be smaller. She was surprised to find the native Americans were not living in log cabins with sand floors, but were in fact residing in modern homes.
Friday-Sunday, November 12-15 & Tuesday-Saturday, November 17-21

OKLAHOMA! — University Theater brings Rogers and Hammerstein’s masterpiece musical to the Jenkins Theater, under the direction of Edward J. Hamilton. Songs include “Oh What a Beautiful Morning,” “Surrey With a Fringe,” “People Will Say We’re In Love,” “All or Nothing,” and “I’m Just a Girl Who Can’t Say No.” Tickets are $1.50 with current student ID and activity card, available from the University Book Office in Fine Arts. Performances begin promptly at 8 p.m.

Thursday, November 12

STUDENT EXPERIMENTAL TELEVISION — This week, Perspective on Point takes a look at veterans beginning at 6 p.m. At 6:30, three members of the Vietnam Vet’s Against the War group will be interviewed on the subject of Agent Orange. Take Three takes off at 7 with the Boote Brothers, for a half hour of music, which will be carried in stereo over 90FM. At 7:30 you can watch Point beat River Oak in last week’s football game. Cable Channel 3.

SNEAK PREVIEWS — This week film critics Roger Ebert and Gene Siskel take a look at Chanel Solitaire, Halloweed II, and Priest of Love. Next week they’ll review The Pursuit of D.B. Cooper and Tattoo. 6 p.m. on Cable Channel 10.

Sunday, November 15

THIRD WEEK — TV news veteran David Brinkley will anchor this new hour-long weekly news show, featuring news reporting, interviews, discussions, and commentary. 10:30 a.m. on ABC.

CLOSE ENCOUNTERS OF THE THIRD KIND — A little kid gets sucked up into space by a great big Unidentified Flying You-know-what, in Steven Spielberg’s 1977 X-rated saucer flick. The movie features Francois Truffaut in a supporting role, and has powerhouse special effects throughout. 7:30 p.m. on ABC.

Weekdays

GENERAL HOSPITAL — According to our TV Guide, those two adorble soap sweeties, Luke and Laura are getting married this week. We’d like to wish the couple all the happiness in the world, but we know better than that. 2 p.m. on ABC.

Sunday, November 15

WEST SUNDAY NIGHT FORUM — The topic for this week’s edition of 90 FM’s habit-forming talk show will be “Smoking and How to Stop.” Tune in at 10 p.m.

Monday, November 16

TWO-WAY RADIO — 90 FM’s two-way radio show focuses on death and dying. The show airs at a new time, 10 p.m., for the benefit of those people who have night classes.

I.T., which stands for Invisible Theater, makes its debut on 90FM. This first edition will feature a radio dramatization of Edgar Allen Poe’s, “The Masque of the Red Death.” Turn out the lights, lock your doors, and tune in at 11 p.m.

Saturday, November 14

POINTER FOOTBALL — The Pointers vs. Platteville, there, the ever-pessimistic crystal football fans the Pointers will not achieve their first winning season since 1976, the Luck Point will take this one by a field goal, and be on its way to doing just that. Game time is 1 p.m., and you can hear it on 90FM.

THE FLAME

MARIA DRIVE NEAR SECOND ST.
SIX BLOCKS FROM THE DORMS

NEW BOOKING CHRISTMAS & END-OF-SEMESTER PARTIES FOR DORMS, FRATERNITIES, SORORITIES & OTHER CAMPUS GROUPS...

CALL 344-1841 (DAYS) 344-8997 (AFTER 5:00 P.M.)

• NEW WAVE EVERY MONDAY
• BARGAIN BEER NITE TUESDAYS
• LADIES NIGHT EVERY WEDNESDAY
• “LOADING ZONE” IS COMING
STUDENTS—Why Settle For Less?

LIVE AT THE VILLAGE ... THE ULTIMATE IN APARTMENT LIVING
301 MICHIGAN—STEVENS POINT, WIS.

EACH APARTMENT HAS:

* 2 BEDROOMS AND TWO FULL BATHS WITH VANTIES
* COLOR COORDINATED RANGE AND REFRIGERATOR, DISHWASHER AND DISPOSAL
* COMPLETELY FURNISHED IN MEDITERRANEAN DECOR
* CARPETING AND DRAPES
* AIR CONDITIONING
* CABLE T.V. HOOK-UP
* INDIVIDUAL HEAT CONTROL
* PANELING IN LIVING ROOM
* TELEPHONE OUTLET IN EACH ROOM
* LAUNDRY FACILITIES
* SEMI-PRIVATE ENTRANCES
* EACH STUDENT IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ONLY THEIR SHARE OF THE RENT.

LIMITED OPENINGS FOR THE SPRING SEMESTER
NOW ACCEPTING APPLICATIONS

For Information
And Application
Contact:

the Village
301 MICHIGAN AVE.
CALL 341-2120
BETWEEN 9 A.M. & 5 P.M.
**FOR SALE:** Dexter hiking books. Womens size 7. Like new, excellent condition. $45.00. Call 341-9747.

**FOR SALE:** New Shur Cartwright 255 EZ. For Gerard turntables. $65.00. Call 341-7913.

**FOR SALE:** 1989 Suzuki Winner. Good condition. Best offer. Call 3421-5599 after 5 p.m.

**FOR SALE:** 1965 Fender Mustang guitar. Also a bass, only $55.00. So you wanna be a rock 'n roll star... Call Vic at 344-3592.

**FOR SALE:** 10-speed Austro-Daimler bicycle. In great shape, $60.00. Call 345-0286.

**FOR SALE:** Bird cage, was $45.00. So call 341-8747.

**FOR SALE:** For $100. A pair of Wildcat. Good boots. Womens size 7. Like new. Call 344-3552.

**FOR SALE:** Apartment furnished. One bedroom. MS-0294. Roomy, fiat-month, from December 1 '375 For more Info. Four month, all utilities included. For rent. Call 345-0936.

**FOR RENT:** Available December 1 (possibly sooner). Two bedroom lower flat—remoovy, only two blocks from campus. $340.00 per month, unfurnished with garage. For more info. Call 345-0294.

**FOR RENT:** To sublet for second semester. Female, $375 per semester-single. Four blocks from campus. For more info. Call Lynda at 344-1475.

**FOR RENT:** Need to get away from campus? Split a two bedroom apartment in the North Point complex. Furnished, clean, quiet. $197.00 plus. Call 341-6998.

**FOR RENT:** One private room at the Hotel Fremont also one space in a double. $345.00 and $445.00. Closer than the dorms to classes. Free cable, washer and dryer. Big kitchen. Call Eric at 341-5733 or stop at 1109 Fremont.

**FOR RENT:** Room for rent in a quiet county home seven miles from campus. $75.00 per month. Call Dennis or Don at 344-7076.

**FOR RENT:** One bedroom in a two bedroom apartment. Newly remodeled. Apartment fully furnished—bedroom not. New range and refrigerator. Within walking distance of the university and downtown. Female only. $110.00 per month, all electric utilities not included. Available December 23. Call 341-6944.

**ANNOUNCEMENTS:**

- **French film "Jules at Jim."** November 12 at 8 p.m. Communications Building room 333. Free admission. In French with English subtitles.

- **FOR SALE:** All individuals interested in the Arts: On November 17 at 7 p.m. at the downtown Sentry auditorium, Mary Agard of the Wisconsin Arts Board will speak on the coming Arts Board in Stevens Point.

- **FOR SALE:** Sociological-Anthropology ADVISING: Nov. 23-25 and Nov. 26-Dec. 4. See your advisor for an appointment. Advisor MUST sign your green card before you may register for classes. If you need an advisor, see secretary in 405CCC.

- **FOR SALE:** Sociological-Anthropology PRE-REGISTRATION for majors-minors who are juniors-seniors will take place Monday, Nov. 30 through noon on Friday, Dec. 4, in 405CCC. Signed green cards required to pre-register.

- **ANNOUNCEMENTS:**
  - **ATTENTION PSYCH MAJORS AND MINORS—** Pre-registration for 2nd Semester, 1981-82. Psychology Majors and Minors will be held Monday, Nov. 30, Tuesday, Dec. 1, and Wednesday, Dec. 2nd in Room D608 Science Bldg. Pre-registration hours are as follows:
    - Monday, Nov. 30th, 10:00-1:00
    - Tuesday, Dec. 1st, 10:00-1:00
    - Wednesday, Dec. 2nd, 10:12-12:00 and 1:30-4:00.
  - When you pre-register, please bring a prepared list of psychology course(s) you wish to pre-register for. Also, YOUR PACKET WILL BE ASKED FOR TO VERIFY YOUR PSYCHOLOGY MAJOR-MINOR; SO BRING YOUR PACKET TO PRE-REGISTER.

- **ANNOUNCEMENTS:**
  - **GREEN CARDS:** The CWR Peer Advising and Information Center has all of the green study list cards for CWR majors listed as 1st and 2nd semester freshmen (less than 30 credits earned). You must pick up your card before Nov. 30 in Room 125 CWR. In a.m.-3 p.m. you must have a green card in order to register for second semester!
  - **QUESTIONS???? Call T. Wild 341-3637 or X4992 or Chris Thomas X4992

- **ANNOUNCEMENTS:**
  - **The CWR Peer Advising and Information Center is sponsoring a program on Effective Time Management.** Meet on Nov. 15 at 6:00 p.m. in Room 112 CNR. Anyone interested is invited to attend. (Approx. 1 hour).
  - **QUESTIONS???? Call Tina Wild 341-3637 Or X4992 or Chris Thomas X4992.

**employment**

**EMPLOYMENT:**

- **EMPLOYMENT:** Overseas jobs—Summer and year-round. Europe, South America, Australia, Asia. All fields. $500 to $1100 monthly. Sightseeing. Free info. Write LJC Box 55-WI-6 Corona Del Mar, CA 92625.

- **EMPLOYMENT:** Information on Alaskan and Overseas Employment. Excellent income potential. Call 212-741-9784, extension 7984.

- **EMPLOYMENT:** MARKETING COORDINATORS NEEDED: Part time position involves marketing and promoting high quality Spring break trips on campus. Earn commission plus free travel. Call Summit Tours Phone 1 (800) 325-4439.

- **EMPLOYMENT:** The following organizations will conduct on-campus interviews for select positions in the Career Counseling and Placement Office next week:
  - Ralph Johnson 11-16
  - IBM Corp. 11-16
  - United States Steel Corporation 11-17

---

**There's a better way to get there this Thanksgiving.**

Greyhound is going your way with trouble-free, economical service. You can leave directly from campus or other nearby locations. Most schedules have stops at convenient suburban locations. And talk about comfort. You get a soft, reclining seat and plenty of room for carry-on bags.

**GO GREYHOUND. And leave the driving to us.**

There's a better way to get there this Thanksgiving.
Christmas Gift Ideas...

Stuffed Animals

Books

Gift Wraps

Children's Wear

Games

University Store
University Center
346-3431

Art Supplies

Ornaments

Cards

Candles