Nuclear Referendum

Wisconsin's Gubernatorial Primary

Inside...
- Nuke Freeze
- Governor's Race
- Point's Pro Hopefuls
Lou Wants You! (to fight for civil liberties)

By poetic definition, a friend is one who inspires his companions to growth and the pursuit of a better vision. The character of Lou Grant as played by actor Ed Asner has been such a vicarious friend to millions of Americans weekly.

Wills were his passing of natural causes, the mourning period would be long but tolerable—with the subsiding inevitable realization that even the world’s most watched newspaper lives or dies by its subscription volume.

Unfortunately, the cancellation of America’s foremost thought-provoking network series had little to do with Nielsen numbers. The death of Lou Grant was a political assassination!

The official line given by CBS executives indicated the series’ ratings dropped from a 35 percent audience share to an average of 27 percent, an all-time low. CBS was faced with the inescapable fact that the country’s current conservative climate. If CBS was forced to make a decision, they could plausibly argue that keeping Lou Grant on the air would be a non-productive use of their resources.

Unfortunately, the cancellation of the show has left little room for dissent either, as Mr. Asner coldly discovered.

When the actor lent his respected image to several worthy causes, in particular to the striking PATCO workers and toward the task of providing food and medicine for the ravaged victims of the Reagan-backed El Salvadoran military reign, he had made his final misstep.

President Reagan made a national statement by branding Asner’s behavior as against America’s best interests. The Moral Majority initiated a mail campaign asking its disciples to write letters to Lou Grant advertisers, protesting the show’s Satan spawned libelous behavior. Several conservative congressmen jumped into the denouncing arena to stir up links of Asner’s name with “communism” and “treason.”

The final chapter was written when several substantial advertisers in Lou Grant’s stable buckled under a trickle of negative letters. Vidal Sassoon began to wilt after receiving only 13 letters. Peter Paul Cadbury, the candy manufacturer, dropped out after only “six to seven” letters. Kimberly-Clark, based in Neenah, Wisconsin, has holdings in El Salvador under the protection of the Reagan backed military junta and also withdrew their ads as a result of the actor’s personal statements.

Seizing this small opening to rid himself of a knee jerk headache, CBS don William Paley was quick to jump on this multi-front reasserting his right wing loyalties by yanking the series. The free speech guarantees of the First Amendment had been effectively squashed for one broken liberal spokesperson.

We think this political assault stinks and want the parties involved to know that we understand what they did. So the Pointer is sponsoring a booth today.
I'm Sooo Confused

Twenty percent of all new freshmen who were admitted to the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point for the fall semester which began Monday were undecided about the major they would pursue.

John Larsen, director of admissions, says the "undecided" represent the largest bloc of first semester college students.

A total of 469 students said they had not made up their minds about their career plans by the time they had filed their applications.

Larsen used a computer to sort out which academic disciplines are most popular at UW-SP, and based the study on all freshmen who were admitted during the past academic year. (Traditionally at least one-third of those admitted do not enroll, which was the case this fall by a narrow margin.)

The study is part of the most popular specific program. Two hundred and fifty-eight students or 10 percent of the applicants enrolled in it.

Second to business is forestry with 173 admissions or 7 percent; paper science, 116, or 5 percent; mathematics, 71, three percent; psychology, 90, four percent; sociology, 66, three percent; biology, 66, three percent; physical education, 55, two percent; accounting, 45, two percent; and communicative disorder, 40, two percent.

What are university officials' reactions to such a larger number of students who say they cannot determine what major they want to pursue?

"It's healthy," Larsen responds.

There is plenty of time, during the first few semesters for students to explore what interests them both academically and careerwise, he explains, and the university has become a leader in helping students make objective decisions.

In addition to counseling and various activities, there now is service available in which students can answer a series of questions which are analyzed by a computer. Based on various value judgments, expressed in the responses, the computer suggests disciplines that are likely to appeal to the student and cites careers that could be pursued.

This is the first year Larsen has made a study on the academic interests of freshmen. It will be the basis for comparisons in future years.

"It is a good year to start," the admissions director contends. "because this is the first year we had a $10 fee to register. The charge is believed to have reduced significantly the trend of prospective students sending applications to several UW campuses.

The information is useful to many different people for many different reasons. Larsen said prospective students should give particular attention to the fact that some of the majors with the best career potential this year had low attraction rates.

While there are fewer opportunities for employment nowadays, some disciplines still are quite strong, particularly arts and sciences.

At UW-SP, they attracted few new freshmen.

But indicated they planned to major in physics, 10 in mathematics, 11 in general science and 17 in chemistry.

Likewise, the accounting field has remained quite strong through the recession. But only 45 new freshmen signed up as majors in this field here, Larsen said.

Help in Minding Your Business

This fall the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point will implement a certificate program in professional management for business people.

Officials in the UW System have approved what is planned to be an extensive offering of its kind in the state. It will include a series of weekly seminars over a three-year period.

John Moxing, who coordinates outreach activities for the UW-SP Division of Economics and Business, will arrange and direct the seminars. He, Robert Taylor and James Himes of the faculty, will be instructors.

Topics will be chosen and sessions will be constructed to appeal specifically to people interested in acquiring more business skills and management expertise without being responsible for meeting requirements of courses and degree programs.

The program fee will be $190 per year and cover cost of all instruction, personalization of notebooks, refreshments, textbooks and materials.

Three eight-week sessions will be offered in each of the three year cycles, and 2.4 continuing education units will be awarded for completion of each session.

The first seminar will be held in Wausau from 7 p.m. to 10 p.m. on eight Tuesdays beginning Oct. 12. Subsequent sessions will be at the most convenient locations for the majority of the participants.

Moxing said he is encouraging companies whose personnel are sensitive to the programs to make commitments of participation for at least one year.

There will be a limit of 30 people per session.

The sessions will be structured to encourage extensive exchange between students and professor. There will be informal quizzes and supplemental reading assignments that will require two to four hours per week.

But there will be no tests, papers, final exams or grades.

One of the instructors, Taylor, who also head the Division at UW-SP, said outreach is getting more encouragement because businesses and other institutions are aware of the need to get better educated.

And some people already working in the field find that instruction leading to a master of business administration offered in this area in cooperation with UW-Oshkosh "is simply not enough," Taylor explained.

Registration and additional information for the certificate program is available from Moxing at his office in Room 108 of the Phillips Classroom Center at UW-SP. His telephone number is 346-3391.

Need a Lift To Polls?

by Joseph Yandez Pias

Senior News Editor

SGA has announced its schedule for transporting dormitory students to voting locations Tuesday.

There will be four university vehicles leaving designated areas at one, three and six p.m. on Tuesday.

Vehicle number one will serve the Second Ward, which consists of Hyer Rosch and Smith Halls and Ward Eight, which consists of Nelson and South Halls.

Students residing in Wards Two and Eight will vote at the Recreation Center at Goerke Park.

Vehicle number two will serve Ward Three, which consists of students in Pray.

First Art Show Opens

An exhibition of fabrics, metal and ceramics by four state artists will be the opening show of the 1983-84 season at the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point's Edna Carlsen Gallery.

The public is invited to attend the opening reception from 7 to 9 p.m., Tuesday, Sept. 7, and view the work of Sister Remy Revor, Clare Kuntsch, Michael Brandt and Teri Weis. The 10-piece show will continue through Sept. 29.

Colleen Garvey of the UW-SP art faculty will direct the Carlsen Gallery for the first semester and Lisa Aronson, also of the art faculty, will administer the facility during the spring semester. Sue Konop of New Franken is assistant gallery director and Melody Geronde of Wisconsin Rapids is assistant curator of the permanent collection. Both of them are students.

Gallery hours are: Monday through Friday, 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.; evenings-Monday through Thursday, 7 to 9 p.m. and Saturday and Sunday, 1 to 4 p.m.
Mural, mural on the wall
To the Editor:
We feel honored to be an integral component of this University, especially when we look at some of its latest accomplishments. For instance, anybody ambiling across the sundial can't help but notice one of these achievements: the large mural being constructed on the south wall of the C. N. R. It will be an impressive display of this University’s capability to spend thousands of dollars on such an important “asset.” Just think, if a relatively small amount was further donated we could purchase a large curtain and charge admission for the grand unveiling. The proceeds from this could go toward the purchase of new vegetation to replace that which was destroyed during construction.

Now when times are difficult, it's comforting to know that a higher educational institute knows how to spend its donated money. Why should it waste its money on something foolish like a scanning electron microscope, retaining laid off teachers, or something totally ridiculous like installing solar collectors on the south wall of the C. N. R. What could U. W. S. P. possibly do with the money saved from allowing the sun to heat a building anyway?

We are glad to see that U. W. S. P. considers it more important to have an entry in the Guinness Book of World Records rather than be the meek owners of some new but insignificant learning tools for its students.

Just recently our chancellor was on the television stating facts about our classes becoming larger because we can't afford as many teachers, and the L.R. C. is not purchasing as many new books because of, you guessed it, budget cuts. Isn't it great to know that this kind hearted University, with its donors, consider it more important to have a beautiful impression left upon the world well rounded intellectual young men and women that everyone could be proud of?

A nuclear exchange
To the Editor:
Since Wisconsin voters have the opportunity of voting For or Against a Freeze on the Nuclear Arms Race in this September’s primary ... I decided to interview Professor Quick Kaboom, Chairman of the Nuclear Thaw Committee.

Ed. “Professor Kaboom, what are the basic objectives of the Nuclear Thaw Committee (NTC)?”

Professor Kaboom: “In a nutshell, we contend that a thermal nuclear exchange between the superpowers would be a positive experience. The benefits are quite obvious: (1) the European community would finally believe we mean business against the Russians; (2) modern life has become boring and our North American peoples need to be reintegrated with a sense of adventure, and (3) the planet is simply overcrowded with people. Ever go to a movie or tube the Apple River, and not meet anyone you know? I think not. My point; there is too much familiarity among us...most unhealthy.”

Kaboom: “Good gravy man, that's exactly what we are after. The whole problem with nuclear weapons is that the superpowers are run by panic governments, too scared to push the button. Now there are plenty of third world countries with nothing to lose except bothersome neighbors who do have the hubs to clobber each other nuclearly.”

Ed: “Professor Kaboom, I must comment that the views of the NTC are simply madness, no one would ever win a nuclear war!”

Kaboom: “That’s where you are wrong. If no one wins then at least one’s opponents didn’t win and thus, we have really won. It’s like taking your hat and ball home when the other team has the bases loaded and no outs. In closing, we of the NTC foresee a day when nuclear weapons are as common as tooth brushes. All good Americans will have them under their beds or over the fireplace mantel. We will even work on a special canine holster, so one’s dog could carry a micro-nuclear warhead along when out for walks, thus giving the owner a true sense of security.”

At this point Professor Kaboom broke off the interview...there was a blue light special at K-Mart on luggage.

Edward Meister

Mail

SALE ON JACKETS

Prices Reduced Up To 30%

Windbreakers—Wintercoats—Band Jackets—& More

These are end-of-stock items so come early for best selection.

Sale From Thursday, Sept. 9—19

(coupons not applicable to this sale)

UNIVERSITY CENTER
UNIVERSITY STORE 346-3431
Obey Discusses Student Issues

by Joseph Vanden Plas
Senior News Editor

Seventh District Congressman David Obey visited UWSP last week to speak to students about issues with the student media. Obey is running unopposed in Tuesday's Democratic Congressional primary but will be opposed by either Republican Bernard A. Zimmerman or Republican Michael R. Zazke in November.

The congressman commented on several student-related issues during his visit. Here are Obey's views.

On whether peace-time draft registration is willing to accept since the peace-time draft registration is silly. It doesn't really give you much time because, unlike Vietnam, it's a massive non-compliance number one, and number two, people move so quickly and just fail to re-register that your list is so hopelessly out of date that you have to re-do the operation anyway before you could have any effective call up any draft that would be faced.

On the Reagan Administration's contention that so many non-registrants are not properly informed about the registration process. 'Some are. I think that's true in some cases but I think others are just against it and don't want to register."

On whether prosecution efforts will induce more young men to register, 'I don't think you'll see a big increase in the number who register.' On whether young men are less willing to fight for their country in the aftermath of Vietnam. 'I'm not sure. This country has never been very well conscripted. There have been some short periods where that was not true between the Korean War and Vietnam. But Vietnam, I think, is an exception to that is simply return the country to the position it was in prior to that in the twentieth century. And I think the whole question of public feelings on the issue, I think they're very skeptical of government at all levels. I think that if the draft is available as a tool that they may be looking for, it shouldn't be sent for certain causes they don't believe in.

If the country were really faced with a serious threat to the national interest, you would have a much greater willingness to sign up and become much tighter. It's true today just as it was 20 or 30 years ago that money put into education and job training returns to the country as a skilled populace and a skilled populace is one that is easier to compete in a national market. We haven't put enough attention into the technical areas in the past few years and that led to a drain on human resources in the area of science.

On the value of colleges and universities in national and international marketing efforts, 'Wisconsin pioneered the effort of using academic enterprise to improve national policy. It is an old and very sensible idea.'

On federal spending for higher education, 'I'm uncertain of what is going to happen in terms of the education budget. Over the past two years President Reagan has pushed reducing taxes over the last two years by several billions, reducing the civilian spending, which includes education, by $14 billion and increasing military spending by $190 billion. He's supposed to cut spending but it's actually increased by $2 billion in the fall. Deficit spending has increased by $34 billion.'

"There is a 15 percent increase in this year's tuition at colleges compared to tuition last year, Parents have been cut by five percent and education budgets have gotten about 20 percent serve than you have now. People want to know what the specific threat is and what our national interest is and why it's necessary for them to take a very personal risk."

"In my opinion, if anyone is planning to leave this institution in the next two to three years to look for a job on the outside, it is going to be a mighty bleak job market if we don't have a significant turn-around in government policy."

-David Obey-

On how colleges and universities should contribute to the nation's economic productivity is related to quality education. Quality education has been open to lots of people, a much higher percentage of people than in other countries. If we do not continue with this, our resource base will become extremely wasteful. Now that resource base is past two years President Reagan has pushed reducing taxes over the last two years by several billions, reducing the civilian spending, which includes education, by $14 billion and increasing military spending by $190 billion. He's supposed to cut spending but it's actually increased by $2 billion in the fall. Deficit spending has increased by $34 billion.

On the Strategic Arms Reduction Talks (START), "They're better than nothing, Presently we have done an agreement with the Soviets that was reached during the SALT talks. The President has said he will abide by the SALT II treaty as long as the Soviets do the same.

"I agree with Henry Kissinger that an agreement should be ratified and this would not threaten our national security. By not having a ratification agreement, we are giving the Soviets an excuse to negotiate seriously on the round of arms talks. Therefore, Soviet allies also have reason not to negotiate with the United States on the grounds that we will not live up to agreements that are negotiated anyway."

"Any new arms talks are going to be long time to produce anything. While these new talks are going on, we're going to be advancing the possibility of being more quickly toward nuclear war, regardless of what is agreed upon during talks."

-SALTY II treaty as long as the Soviets do the same.

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Former Syrian ambassador tabbed for address

Talcott W. Seelye, former U. S. Ambassador to Syria, will be the speaker Wednesday, Sept. 15, at a convocation that will formally mark the opening of the 80th academic year at the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point.

The public is invited to attend the program without charge, beginning at 10:30 a.m. in Quandt Gym.

A procession of the faculty in academic garb will precede the fifth annual convocation during which time all classes will be cancelled and classified employees may leave their job stations to attend.

Seelye will discuss "Prospects for Peace in the Middle East."

He will also head an open question and answer session from 1:30 to 2:30 p.m. which also will be open to the public without charge.

The location of the afternoon program will be announced at a later date.

Sharing the platform with Seelye will be 1868 winners of UW-SP's awards for faculty to teaching, scholarship and service. The outstanding teachers are James Hardin, natural resources; Larry Graham, paper science; Gail Skelton, sociology; and Isabel Stelmahoke, English.

Cited for scholarship are Richard Wilke, natural resources; and Robert Wolensky, sociology. Myrvyn Christoperson of communication, is the recipient of the service award.

Seelye became Ambassador to the Syrian Arab Republic in 1978 and served until last October. Prior to that time, he was Senior Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for African Affairs.

A career foreign service officer, he was born in Lebanon to American parents. He received a Bachelor of Arts degree from Amherst College and an M. D. degree by that school in 1974. He served in the U. S. Army from 1943 to 1946.

Following a one-year course in Arabic language and area specialization in Beirut, Lebanon, Seelye served in Kuwait as Counsel and for four years in the State Department. After a one-year assignment to the National War College he transferred to Washington where he worked in the Middle East. In 1978 he was named Ambassador to Syria, a post he held in that capacity until 1976. In 1976 he was sent to Lebanon as special presidential envoy following the assassination of Ambassador Meloy.

For not talk at UW-SP, Seelye will contrast myths about the Middle East with his views of realities in that troubled area of the world.

Cosmic Debris

by Chris Celichowski

Sound familiar?

In the past two weeks five Saudi Arabian students studying commercial flight training at Indian Hills Community College in Ottumwa, Iowa, were severely beaten by local thugs. In addition, two students were shot at while driving a sports car, but both narrowly escaped injury.

Some townspeople have rationalized the attacks by pointing to unsubstantiated accusations claiming the students were harassing citizens, driving recklessly, and soliciting sex from unwilling local women.

Others believe that a defeated local bond issue, which would have expanded the college's pilot training facilities, has somehow spurred the assaults.

A few of the 150 Saudis have decided to leave, fearing for their personal safety. Many residents fear a mass exodus because the students would take their millions which have helped fuel the local economy.

Tooth fairy crooked?

An employee at the Smithsonian Institution has found the lower half of a George Washington's gold and ivory dentures not far from where they disappeared over a year ago. The upper half, however, remain missing, probably because of their heavy golden weight.

The "historical artifacts" were made in 1795, according to one Smithsonian official. Despite the decided lack of aesthetic beauty, the ivory blocks are considered valuable because of their rarity, and Institution officials are hoping that the upper half of the ancient choppers will be returned.

Life imitates art

Remember the killer-bee movies a few years back that critics panned as foolish, idiotic, and impossible? Well, some citizens of Gloucester Township, New Jersey, may watch re-runs of those films with a sense of nightmarish deja vu.

Two weeks ago, a truck carrying beehives struck a speed bump causing one of the hives to fall off the truck, releasing thousands of swarming, angry, homeless honey bees.

The insects descended on a 900 unit apartment complex and began stinging occupants, sending 29 persons to local hospitals. Two men were hospitalized after receiving over 100 strings of poison from which they were treated and released, and the remaining dozen needed no treatment.

Officials rounded up many of the disturbed workers and drones before releasing a queen in their midst. Although some bees remained in the apartments overnight, most checked out the next morning. Some distraught residents complained that their soap and towels were missing.

Mellowed Woodstock

Last weekend over 500,000 converged on San Bernardino, CA, for the US Festival, a Labor Day weekend rock concert featuring the likes of Fleetwood Mac, Tom Petty, Jackson Browne, and the Police.

Local members of the law enforcement community reported that enormous crowds would present the myriad of problems present at Woodstock.

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Continued from page 5

and tomorrow (Friday) in the U. C. Concourse as part of a petition, which condemns the violations of Mr. Asner. The rights will be sent to CBS, MTM productions, the finicky advertisers, the union and Gene Reynolds, and Mr. Asner. Please stop by and sign.

Individuals letters complaining about the show's political demise or the lack of a final episode (for which HBO has tried to work a deal) should be sent to:

B. Donald Grant
President
CBS Entertainment
7800 Beverly Blvd.
Los Angeles, Calif. 90036

M. D.
Ellery Optimistic About New Post

by Joe Stinson
Poet News Writer

Wisconsin's new secretary of veteran affairs feels good about his recent appointment.

"There is nothing I would rather be doing," says UWSP communications professor and administrator John B. Ellery, who was chosen last week to succeed retiring secretary John Moses.

"Of all the government agencies, the only one that interested me was veterans affairs," said the 63-year-old New York City native.

Ellery's interest in the agency stems partly from his own experience with the Veterans Administration after being wounded in World War II.

"My medical treatment, and the help I received to get through college was all first class. I hope to do all I can to make sure Wisconsin vets get similar treatment."

He also said his interest was sparked in 1980 when he was appointed Veteran's Day chairman for Wisconsin. His meeting with veterans across the state and an introduction to the activities of the agency convinced him that veterans "deserve special attention."

The new secretary sees himself in a unique position because redistricting, coupled with the fall elections, promise a great changeover in the makeup of the state's legislature.

"New legislators will need an introduction to the agency. I'll need to ensure their understanding and support for our people and programs," he said. "I'm not going to make sure they know where our department is located."

Under a new law Ellery will serve at the pleasure of the Veterans Board; a change that doesn't bother him.

"The secretary's position was never meant to a lifetime appointment, and tenure has never meant much to me. If I couldn't hold a job on my own merits I didn't deserve the job," he commented.

He could not discuss any future agency strategy, "It's much too vast a department for me to talk about anything specific. Right now I can't even tell you where the back door is, let alone point out any weaknesses."

Ellery did say his responsibilities would include overseeing all agency expenditures, in addition to being in charge of personnel and training.

He had recently served as director of telecommunications at the university; however he had worked in a variety of administrative positions during his career here.

"I've been a department chairman, dean, assistant to the chancellor and vice chancellor. I've held just about every administrative post there is. In a university setting there's nothing left for me to do," he said.

He was scheduled to start work in Madison this week, but he would not formally assume the post until Moses retired Oct. 4.

WELCOME
STUDENTS, FACULTY AND STAFF
HAVE A GOOD YEAR

ENGAGEMENT RINGS
BY
KEEPSAKE—ORANGE BLOSSOM
COLUMBIA—COSMIC
KAYNAR—BELOVED

PUT A SET ON LAY-AWAY NOW
FOR A FUTURE DATE
PERHAPS A CHRISTMAS ENGAGEMENT

DIAMONDS OUR SPECIALTY

CHECK OUR PRICES

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966 MAIN ST. ST. POINT, WIS.
STUDENT SENATE OPENINGS

STUDENT SENATE APPLICATIONS ARE NOW AVAILABLE IN THE STUDENT GOVERNMENT OFFICE.

Senate qualifications:

1. UWSP Student
2. Have a 2.0 or better GPA
3. Carry either 9 undergraduate credits or 3 graduate credits

ALL SENATE APPLICATIONS MUST BE RETURNED TO THE SGA OFFICE BY SEPTEMBER 13th.

The SGA office is located in the Activities complex on the lower level of the University Center.

For more information, stop by or call SGA at 346-3721.

Student Senate Elections
Sept. 15 & 16
Suspect Indicted in Beating Incident

by Joe Sitton
Prairie News Writer

Even without the testimony of UWSP student Anthony Isua, Judge Fred Fleisbauer ordered a town of Dewey man to stand trial in connection with the July 3 assault of Isua at the Outer Limits Nite Club, 1208 Union St.

Although no date was set, Paul J. Wojtalewicz, 2658 N. Highway J, will be tried on a charge of aggravated battery involving the assault on Isua. Fleisbauer also ordered bond continued at $5,500.

Isua, who was subpoenaed to appear at the hearing, did not show because of an apparent communication mix-up with the Stevens Point police department.

According to Marcus Fang, director of the International Students Association, Isua thought he was to be "picked up" by local authorities and taken to the hearing.

Despite Isua's absence, Fleisbauer ruled Sept. 2 that there was sufficient testimony for Wojtalewicz to stand trial.

Nathaniel Ayedatiwa, one of the Nigerians involved in the incident, explained that after being struck in the mouth that night, he ran out of the club. When he was about 30 yards outside the club's entrance he said he turned around and saw Isua being grabbed by the shirt collar.

Ayedatiwa said he ran down College Avenue but then returned to the club, where he found Isua lying on the sidewalk. He said with the help of Nigerian Ezime Anyaogu—who was not injured in the incident—they carried Isua into his car.

The three eventually drove to a friend of Isua's where they phoned for the police and an ambulance, Ayedatiwa said.

Orthopedic surgeon, Dr. John Kirsch, who treated Isua at St. Michael's Hospital, testified that there will be some permanent damage to Isua's left leg. The fracture of Isua's tibia, the large bone below the knee, was unusual he said, and there could be several causes for his fracture. Kirsch said that this type of fracture is "usually caused by a direct blow from outside the knee."

The injury, he testified, could stop him from a fall or a kick.

The court also heard testimony from 19-year-old Michael Stremkowski of Custer; he is awaiting sentencing after pleading no contest to being party to battery for kicking Isua. Stremkowski said he and two friends entered the Outer Limits about 1 a.m. When a number of patrons moved outside in a group he followed them.

A few steps from the door, he said, he saw Wojtalewicz standing over a black man, "kicking him like a football." He also said that after Wojtalewicz said to him, "let's get this guy," he kicked the man several times in the abdomen.

When they stopped, he said, he went back into the club. A request to dismiss the charge by Wojtalewicz's court-appointed attorney James Bablitch was denied by Fleisbauer. Bablitch said that Isua's failure to testify left little evidence to show a connection between Wojtalewicz and Isua; he also argued that testimony failed to show how Isua was injured.

by Joseph Vandev Plas
Senior News Editor

Giving Peace a Chance

UW-Madison Chancellor Irving Shain has told peace activists that his university may soon establish a center for the study of peace.

Representatives from the Peace Conversion Project and the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom met with Shain last week to ask his support in resisting military influence at the university. They specifically objected to two Army contracts under which the UW's Food Research Institute will study fatal food poisons. The U.S. Army said these studies are part of the country's defense effort against biological warfare.

Un-professional?

Professor William Croft of UW-Madison has become the subject of a State Justice Department's white collar crime unit investigation.

The investigation centers around Croft's billing the town of Weston in Marathon County $129,000 for work he performed between March and December of 1981 to determine whether there was asbestos contamination in the town's drinking water and if it posed a health hazard.

Weston officials contested the bill, prompting an University of Wisconsin which led to the state investigation.
VOTE YES ON SEPT. 14

NUCLEAR WEAPONS FREEZE REFERENDUM

YES ☐ NO ☐
Shall the Secretary of State of Wisconsin inform the President and the Congress of the United States that it is the desire of the people of Wisconsin to have the government of the United States work vigorously to negotiate a mutual nuclear weapons moratorium and reduction, with appropriate verification, with the Soviet Union and other nations?

The following people have paid for this space because they support the Wisconsin Nuclear Weapons Referendum. We urge all voters to vote YES for a verifiable, bilateral freeze on nuclear weapons:

SUPPORTERS

Janice L. Beckman
Kristen Young
William Dyb
Carl Radonaki
Jeff Marzofka
Michael E. Hall
David L. Beedle
Sam Corzalla
Mary Swan
Karen LeBouton
Phil Gaudet
Ducan Hamilton
Tom McComb
Tomas A. Neuhauser
M. Andrea Neuhauser
Suzanne Matheson
Kelly Girard
Donna Kranig
John C. Espes
Rev. Dan Bartkowski
Kathy Roovers
John C. Savaglan
Andrew Savaglan
John Pence
Jeff Pence
Lawrence Ripani
Vic Ziolekowski
Dorice Dillow
Anne Judge
D.J. Tomas
Richard T. Raulin
Patrice E. Shannon
Guy Gibson
Donna Carpenter
Gene Hahn
Kirk Ireland Marlow
Dan Groebner
Adrian P. Gansen
Joe Leek
Nancy Leek
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Nancy Lea Paine
Ann McManus
Hank Narus
Jeanie Gotcher
Chaz Steltenpoch
Ger Steltenpoch
Michael Duchemin
Ed Torpy
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Theresa Slabo
Jeff Schimpf
Ron Laswell
Valerie Marquardt
Jenny Wendtensen
Jon D. Pike
John J. Duplase
Karen Simake
Caryn L. Schoetes
Gary S. Klenowski
Dr. Crow
Dr. Shumway
Dr. Andrews
Steve Hankin
Tim Lismire
Jane Lismire
Daniel Stewart
Dee Martz
Donald E. Greene
Brian Martz
Tom Rodgers
Linda Caldwell
John S. Moran
Willa Kawski
Ruth Kawski
David G. Personias
Rob McLennan
Jim Him
Chris Olsen
Timothy Teske
Nuralida Mohd Noor
Kevin Aylesworth
Dawn Zager
Frank Hein
Kathy Isg
Melissa Smith
Kevin Syrud
Brian Syrud
Sarah Smith
Karen Joyce Grieve
Todd B. Holthkiss
John Volrath
John Baliff
Joel Mickelson
Laura Hartnett
Student Speech & Hearing Association
Walt Daum
Mary Holtz
David R. Wrone
Mark A. Koepke
Stephen Pistono
Eric Nei
Neil S. Lawie
Kirby Throckmorton
Richard Christopherson
John Morser
Robert P. Walske
Henry R. Sparapani
R. M. Copping
Randy Matis
Bruce Strunc
Sarah J. Tesch
Todd Sponti
David G. Tesch
Jack Worzalla
Brian Kenney
Todd Nick
Renee Gehrke
Ellen Ryan
Brian Mickelson
Kathy Reinhard
Joanie LaBonte
Peter Sturgis
Susan Nielen
W. M. George Paul
Saral J. Solney
Chris Burgard
Mark Danelsson
Jay W. Peterson
Tom Manning
Lise Herwod
Wally Irons
Clarey Busse
Faith
Hope
Joy

Paid for by the Students of the Wisconsin Nuclear Weapons Freeze Campaign.
The Cinderella Complex: Women's Hidden Fear of Independence
by Colette Dowling
Pocket Books, Simon and Schuster $3.95

Reviewed by Lora Holman
Reading The Cinderella Complex was a challenging effort. Initially, I was hesitant (actually scared) to read this book. I finally came to grips with my strange fear and did read it. It was worth it.

While reading it, I realized that the characteristics of Cinderella dwell, carefully nurtured, inside me. These exist in all women, in differing degrees, according to author Colette Dowling.

The thoroughly documented evidence in this book shows that women of all generations, at some time in their lives, play Cinderella. While reading it, I realized that a large number of very talented people were involved with the film version of the dating classic. Cinderella has come to the screen as top flight entertainment.

Director George Roy Hill (The Sting, Butch Cassidy, Slaughterhouse Five) and Scriptwriter Steve Tesich (Breaking Away, Eyewitness) pull all the stops to a master movie audiences, starting with the very first frames. The opening credits play to a backdrop of a naked baby boy bouncing into the wild blue yonder of life itself.

Moments later, we learn the airborne infant was conceived during a brief tryst between Jenny, a resolute nurse from Dog's Head Harbor, New Hampshire, and Technical Sergeant Garp, a mortally wounded tailgunner whose libido threatened to outlive the rest of him.

Lust, Jenny insisted, had nothing to do with it. She wanted a child. And had it been possible to bear one without the muss and bother of sex, she would gladly have done so.

From that bizarre beginning, Garp and his film chronicle takes off with a special blend of love of life and fear of life, in which the absurdly comic and hauntingly real coexist in a Yin-Yang standoff. The film consequently is funny, horrifying, heartbreaking — and uneven.

One sore spot with many Irving purists was Hill’s casting of Robin Williams as the movie’s protagonist. This was, after all, the comedian’s first venture into the serious acting arena, a far cry from sticking fingers into a glass of milk, and Garp was one of the

...cont. on p. 17
Wisconsin First to Test Nuke Freeze Waters

by Lauren Cuare
Pointers Features Writer

Even if you don't care who takes power next election year, you may want to visit the polls next Tuesday to express your opinion on the nuclear arms race issue.

This referendum question, which Secretary of State of Wisconsin inform the president and the congress of institutions, "It's everyone's responsibility to work for peace," says Labovitz. Before the final goal of a nuclear free world, the United States and the Soviet Union must agree on some basic provisions of an arms freeze. As the two leaders of the race and world super-powers, the responsibility rests principally on these two nations.

The emergence of nuclear weapons at the end of WWII, efforts have been made to control their proliferation. The General Assembly of the United Nations adopted a resolution calling for a complete prohibition of nuclear arms as early as 1946. During the 1960's the effort was concentrated on establishing a demilitarized zone into which no nuclear arms could be introduced. At the start of 1969's the USSR and the US tried to work toward a general and complete disarmament. The drafts offered by the two powers differed so radically that they achieved no agreement.

Serious negotiation began again in 1969 with the Strategic Arms Limitation Talks. As of September 1972, the agreement limited the anti-ballistic missile systems of the US and USSR (the two nuclear super-powers), and put a five year interim ceiling real significance lies in its symbolic indication that real agreement can be reached. Following SALT seven years later came SALT II, which placed an overall ceiling on the number of strategic nuclear delivery systems for both the US and Russia. SALT II does not limit the development of MX missiles and the limited deployment of cruise missiles. The treaty has yet to be ratified by both parties.

This referendum, the result of intensive "grass-roots" campaign, is one of the most powerful. It will be held Tuesday to determine "Shall the United States ratify the Test Nuke Freeze treaty?"

Source: The September-October Issue of Mother Jones. Mother Jones is offering an $18" by 20" poster including these illustrations and more for $3.50, postpaid. Send orders to: Believe It or Else Poster, Mother Jones, 635 Third Street, San Francisco, CA 94107.

What's a political know-nothing to do?

By Barb Harwood
Pointers Features Writer

I've noticed lately that I've been eating politics for breakfast, lunch, dinner and leftovers. I've tried doing anything to become interested, at least knowledgeable, in politics but all I can make of it is hash containing mashed parties, sliced debates, and enough promises to season to taste. I can handle the basic political terminology; President, Vice President, election and red tape. What I don't understand is the supposed common terminology in the political scene.

For instance, before every major election a primary occurs. The first time I thought "primary" was a U.S.D.A. grade of steak. Also, until I looked in the dictionary, ratification was an exhortation of rodents, and "veto" was a term to describe a prescriptive. I had only been in high school a year or so and never arose out of a discussion of politics for me was when I overheard some students discussing a filibuster and how it really did the job on the floor. It sounds great—I've been meaning to buy a new vacuum cleaner.

Eventually, all this government confusion began to gnaw at my conscience. So, to help myself survive the blizzard of political snow whirling around me, I liked to the library to see what I could learn. Walking into the building I spotted the "ps" card catalogue and immediately dove in. Out of what seemed like a million books, I wrote down a few titles and began my reading. Having given up the pursuit of becoming "all knowing" in politics, I settled for a guide to voting and elections. At least it could enable me to make an intelligent decision on a candidate. I read the book, only to find that...
Continued from page 12

politicizing, is the beginning of another serious attempt at a meaningful peace in Europe that would ultimately eliminate all nuclear weapons. "Now is the time," the Wisconsin Council asserts Labovitz, "before it's too late to turn back!"

Behind both sides of the Nuclear Arms Freeze Campaign are underlying fears. The principal fear of those in favor of arms production at the current or increased rate is that the US is—will be—falling behind the Soviet Union in military strength, thus leading to a nuclear arms race vulnerable to attack, invasion or destruction. One of the most powerful proponents of this philosophy is the American Security Council, a national organization whose goal is to keep America strong through superior military capabilities. In Wisconsin, there is the Wisconsin Committee for National Defense, who is still concentrating their effort on the larger cities.

Organizations such as this claim that the USSR already has missile superiority over the US, with 1477 missiles compared to the US's 1064. The controversy arises when the fact is raised that it is warheads that destroy and not, missiles. USSR has 30,000 total missiles while the US has 30,000. Many other facts and numbers have been twisted or are simply not known in order to make a sound judgment on who has military superiority.

Another concern of many Americans is can the Soviet Union be trusted? Given the fact that Soviet Russian foreign policy is so aggressive in Eastern Europe and Afghanistan, some question the reliability of the Soviets. The Soviets may have the same problem with the United States and accuse this country of foreign aggression while citing Korea, Vietnam, Latin America and the Middle East. Mutual distrust may make the situation more tense, creating areas in energy, trade, urban development, education and health and others will suffer as the public money is diverted to the military. Even with the growing military, the bulk of money will be spent on material goods instead of personnel. It is even claimed that for every job in the military, three are eliminated in the public due to the inability of the US to produce any goods.

As "Yes" voters fear the threat of nuclear war. Despite the horrors of Hiroshima and Nagasaki, they pale in comparison to the world wide effect of a nuclear war between the United States and the Soviet Union.

Some opponents of the freeze view the arms race as an economic quick fix. Increased military spending, they argue, stimulates the economy. However, feeding the government funds in private industry, as well as creating jobs for the people, is not increased military budget as a losing proposition for the current economy. They believe that cost of this spending will be high as job creating areas in energy production, urban development, education and health and others will suffer as the public money is diverted to the military. Even with the growing military, the bulk of money will be spent on material goods instead of personnel. It is even claimed that for every job in the military, three are eliminated in the public due to the inability of the US to produce any goods.

The "Yes" voters fear the threat of nuclear war. Despite the horrors of Hiroshima and Nagasaki, they pale in comparison to the world wide effect of a nuclear war between the United States and the Soviet Union.

The freeze campaign expects other states and even countries to follow. The sum effects will be felt around the world and the world will no longer be able to feel safe in its own environment.

One major point used by those in favor of an arms freeze is the futility of producing more weapons—both America and Russia can already destroy the world several times over. There is no need for more weapons. According to Wisconsin Nuclear Freeze organization, instead of harming or debilitating the US, a mutual nuclear freeze would benefit the country by:

1. Putting a stop to the momentum of the arms race to start reversing the trend of escalation to cut back on the number of weapons.

2. Reducing of tension between the US and USSR.

3. A halt in the development of first strikes whenever.


5. An improvement in prospects for halting the spread of nuclear weapons to other countries.

6. A strengthening of our economy by the cessations of diverting funds, talent and resources away from civilian areas.

7. As a result of the above, an increase in national and international security.

As a voter, the decision has been put in your hands. The referendum is especially important, not only to Wisconsin, but to the rest of the country as well, because it is the first of its kind. Wisconsin Nuclear Weapons Freeze Campaign expects a positive vote on Tuesday, one which other states and even Ronald Reagan can consider what kind of world the people want to live in.

Wisconsin voters will have an unusual opportunity, when they cast their primary election ballots on Sept. 14, to express their opinion about what is surely the most important issue of our time—the nuclear arms race.

In the first statewide referendum on the issue, Wisconsin voters will be asked whether to favor or oppose a nuclear freeze— a halt, by both the U.S. and Soviet Union, to the production of more nuclear weapons.

The specific question on the ballot has been carefully worded to give a balanced view and win bipartisan support. The fact that it has been endorsed by Gov. Lee Dreyfus and five major candidates to succeed him, Republican and Democrat alike, is evidence of its reasonable, nonpartisan position.

The ballot question: "Shall the Secretary of State of Wisconsin inform the President and the Congress of the United States that it is the desire of the people of Wisconsin to have the government of the United States work vigorously to negotiate a mutual nuclear weapons moratorium and reduction, with appropriate verification, with the Soviet Union and other nations?"

The question is put forward straightforwardly and intentionally so. It is not an attempt to negotiate a treaty or to tie the United States to an extremely narrow arms control or disarmament proposal.

It merely requests that the Wisconsin Legislature to send a message from Wisconsin to Washington, D.C.—and beyond, to Moscow and other capitals of the world—that the time has come to stop the deadly arms race, which threatens the survival of the planet.

The freeze by itself won't solve the problem. A "Yes" vote on the referendum won't end the arms race. But, as supporters of the freeze referendum say, we must start somewhere to say that enough is enough, and that the existing US-SSRK stockpile of 50,000 nuclear warheads is too much. The freeze is a logical first step toward the eventual easing of tensions and reduction of nuclear arms.

We strongly recommend a "Yes" vote on the freeze referendum on Sept. 14.

The above is an editorial statement by The Pointer staff.

The three bears revisited

by Laura Sternewald

Pointe Features Writer

Although no one reported seeing them, the three bears were sighted in the Stevens Point area on Wednesday, Sept. 14.

A 190 lb. female bear and her two 75 lb. cubs were first seen by a Madison woman approximately 3 p.m. last Wednesday. During their overlapping times on screen, they were also sighted near Sentry Insurance, UWSP, Galloway Landscaping, and Schmaltz's Armory.

On Thursday, Sept. 2, Jim Piotrowski, 3068 High St., town of Hall, spotted the bears in a maple tree near his home. Piotrowski and his wife then contacted the Portage County Sheriff's Department.

When DNR Game Warden Don Gruber learned that the bears had taken up residence in the Piotrowski residence, armed with tranquilizer darts. Groebner said that when this time this summer that bears had been caught in the Stevens Point area, and that there had been other instances when visiting bears have eluded the DNR.

Groebner also claimed that having the university in the community was an asset, and that his help in an emergency was appreciated.

After the bears were sedated, they were weighed, measured, and tagged, and taken to Oneida County, where they may continue their travels in a less populous area.

Student leaders

HAVE YOU ...

1) Had your organization re-organized

2) Received information about The Campus Leaders Workshop for ORGANIZATIONAL EFFECTIVENESS 9-17-19 ??

If not, come down to the S.L.A.P. office in the U.C. NOW -- you'll be glad you did and so will your organization.
**Primaries ’82**

**Five major candidates**

by Chris Celichowski

**Editor’s Note:**

The reader may notice that the sections dealing with Democratic candidates are considerably more detailed than those of the Republican candidates. This was not an intentional omission on the part of the paper. It is due, in large part, to a failure of the local and state-wide Republican machinery to provide us with adequate information on Terry Kohler and Lowell Jackson. We encourage you to investigate the issues addressed by all candidates more thoroughly before casting your vote on September 14.

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**“A society with 10 percent unemployment is an assault upon basic human dignity.”**

James Wood

Wisconsin’s economy

According to the Milwaukee Sentinel “Wood has produced more far-reaching proposals for restoring Wisconsin’s economic health than any other candidate, Democrat or Republican.” Here are some of them:

- The Wisconsin Workforce Training-Relocating Program would train workers in public works projects, eventually phasing in specific skills training and cutting back on the participants in public works requirements. Workers can leave the program at any time for the job of their choice. Financing for the program would theoretically come from $3-$1.5 billion in new tax revenues generated by the newly employed.

- A plan designed to encourage labor-intensive, small and medium-sized firms to locate here, the Wisconsin Business Attraction Package, would attract firms with high growth potential to the state. In addition to offering them a five year 50 percent reduction in corporate taxes, the BAF includes a five year freeze on the costs of property taxes, health care, and energy for companies investing capital in the state so that they can predict their overhead costs.

- Private lending institutions would be encouraged to form a $500 million capital pool, The New Construction-New Buyer Program, in order to finance new home construction at current market interest rates. The state would encourage construction of homes less than $80,000 by offering a 2 percent subsidy and, in addition, agreeing to match a 1 percent decrease in mortgage rates by the state’s lending institutions for a possible 4 percent decrease in interest rates.

- The Home Improvement Incentive Program and the Existing Home Sales Incentive Program would provide specific property and personal income tax breaks in order to revive Wisconsin’s floundering construction industry.

**Taxes**

Always a tricky political issue, Jim Wood offers the following as part of his tax package:

- An immediate five year freeze on residential property taxes.

- A shift away from regressive property and sales taxes to a progressive income tax in order to finance some government costs.

- Allow taxpayers to allocate up to 10 percent of their taxes to specific public agencies.

- A special task force to investigate and deal with the state’s underground economy, which exchanges millions of untaxed dollars.

- Stimulating small business growth through creation of a tax-exempt Wisconsin Venture Capital Pool.

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**“This isn’t leadership and we all know it... people may not always agree with me, but they know where I stand on the issues.”** Tony Earl

**Wisconsin’s Economy**

Anthony Earl believes that the state government should play an integral part in revitalizing the state’s economy, and proposes:

- The Invest in Wisconsin Fund, a voluntary program which would call upon state insurance companies, banks, and the State Investment Board to pool a small part of their assets and invest them in sound, job-intensive businesses.

- Attracting food processors to the state, reversing the export of Wisconsin’s many agricultural products to other states for processing.

- Accelerated harvesting of 250,000-300,000 mature trees in state forests, an action designed to save the paper industry the high cost of exporting logs.

- Increased examination, at federal and state levels, of externally acquired state-based businesses for anti-trust violations in an attempt to stop the loss of billions in lost sales volume.

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**State assurance to local governments concerning funding for “infrastructure” projects such as sewers, water treatment plants, and streets, including a moratorium on tampering with state aids and a 5 percent-6 percent increase in state aid to local governments for these projects.**

**Taxes**

With the state’s budget deficit projected as high as $900,000, Earl proposes a mixture of tax increases and select cuts such as:

- A temporary income tax surcharge teamed with a reduction in some business tax breaks as opposed to permanent installation of the 5 percent sales tax.

- Property tax relief to local governments in the form of increased state aid obtained from the progressive income tax, and removal of general relief from municipal responsibilities.

- A new jobs tax credit to reward job creation.

- Challenging the notion of Wisconsin as a high tax state, pointing out that it ranked fourth in job creation during the last decade.

**Education**

The Democratic candidate feels that Wisconsin’s educational system will play an integral role in attracting businesses, especially high tech firms, to the state and offers:

- Opposition to across the board cuts in the UW budget so that the state can keep its highly qualified faculty and continue to receive millions in research funds.

- Support of faculty collective bargaining, to be determined by profs at individual campuses.

- Proposed state school aids of 40 percent-50 percent of local costs for elementary and secondary schools.

- Adequate state support of vocational-educational programs.

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**“We have to provide jobs for our people. That’s the best and quickest way to get Wisconsin back on its feet.”** Martin Schreiber

**Wisconsin’s Economy**

Having served Wisconsinites as governor, Schreiber believes that he has answers to our economic woes. Here are some of them:

- Because Reagan’s New Federalism threatens the state’s tradition of responding to social needs, Schreiber would oppose it vehemently.

- Steps will be taken to upgrade the...
state's bond rating back to AAA, because the current rating will cost the state $5 million over the next four years.

—The Wisconsin Idea Program would emphasize research, product development, and entrepreneurial growth so that Wisconsin's economy could adapt to "new technologies, new market conditions, new demographic relationships, and an overall economic change." The UW-System and the state's many other private research firms would play an integral role in fulfilling the WIP's aims.

—The Wisconsin Business Financing Program would generate up to $1 billion in new business loans for Wisconsin firms over the next five years, using a newly developed Wisconsin Economic Development Finance Authority with authorization to lend a maximum of $500 million over five years. Three other elements involving additional private loan commitments would combine with the WEDF in generating an estimated 40,000 to 50,000 new jobs for the state.

—Promote Wisconsin as a year-round vacation alternative.

—Expand the marketing efforts of the state's agricultural industry.

—Complete modernization of specific highway corridors in addition to maintaining the state's 30 percent share of mass transit costs.

Taxes

Schreiber recognizes the inevitability of raising some taxes in order to prevent the state from sinking deeper into the red, and proposes:

—Continued state aid to cities in the form of property tax relief until the current economic downturn improves.

—Retention of the 5 percent sales tax.

—An income tax surcharge if additional revenues are needed.

Education

Wisconsin's educational system has received national accolades and the Democratic candidate offers the following in hopes of continuing that tradition:

—Allocation of adequate resources to local school aids, Wisconsin's voc-ED system, and the University of Wisconsin network.

—Opposition to local cost controls.

—Binding arbitration as a method of solving strikes.

—Raising Wisconsin's share of local school support 50 percent over the next five years.

Energy

Because the state imports 96 percent of its energy, Schreiber proposes the following in hopes of reducing our energy dependency:

—Developing a tandem approach of conservation and alternative energy sources, especially hydro-electric power, as a means of speeding economic development.

—Supporting a moratorium on the new construction of nuclear power plants.

—Fighting disposal of nuclear waste on both federal and state levels.

—Expansion of the Homestead Tax Credit for energy assistance and weatherization.

Women's Issues

Martin Schreiber contends that the following proposals will improve the place of women economically and socially:

—Accelerated lobbying for a state ERA because of dim prospects for passage of the federal version.

—Opposition to pro-abortion advocates.

"We need more people paying taxes because they're working, not just more taxes for people to pay." Terry Kohler

Wisconsin's economy

Terry Kohler has put a tremendous emphasis on shrinking unemployment in Wisconsin and offers the following as means to accomplish that goal:

—One-stop shopping for regulatory permits so that businesses, especially small firms, can expand and hire new workers.

—Encouraging lending institutions to give longer term loans to farmers.

—Halting any increase in the employment level of state employees.

—Encouraging the development and location of high technology firms in Wisconsin.

—Adopting regulatory policies that would "get government off the backs of business in this state."

Taxes

The Sheboygan Republican believes that the state's tax policies have discouraged the development of business in this state and proposes:

—No increase in the state income tax.

—Application of the 1 percent sales tax increase to property tax relief after July, 1983.

—Tying state return of tax money to municipalities to their population and possibly total sales.

—Reduction of the inheritance tax.

—Continued indexing of Wisconsin income taxes.

Education

Kohler has designed the following proposals to maintain the integrity of Wisconsin's educational system:

—Fighting cuts in funds for the University of Wisconsin System.

—Strengthening entrance requirements to UW campuses so that students who are academically inclined are accepted.

—Encouraging UW faculty to joining private firms in advisory capacities so that they can supplement low salaries with consulting fees.

—Freeing aids to local school districts.

—Increasing the flexibility of arbitrators in choosing contract settlements between school districts and educators.

Energy

Terry Kohler contends that economic growth cannot take place in the state until it reduces its dependence on external energy sources and encourages the following:

—Purchasing Canadian hydro-electric power to stimulate economic growth in the state.

—A moratorium on the construction of nuclear power plants because of the long construction period involved.

—Opposition to efforts to develop an elected Public Service Commission.

Women's issues

While Kohler has expounded on economic issues, many political analysts believe he has not adequately addressed other prevailing issues. It is known, however, that he opposes abortion except in cases of rape, incest, or threat to a mother's health.
Hi there boys and girls, and welcome to another boffo installment of Ask Uncle Bob, the advice column written by the man Jerry Falwell calls, "a major Satanic force in today's world."

Uncle Bob hopes you all had a swell summer and are all set to take on another awful semester of higher education here at UWSP—but just in case you didn't and you aren't, he's here to help.

Do you have problems? Troubles? Heartaches? Heartaches? Troubles? Heartaches?

Then tracking you down and maybe he'll look pretty normal to me.

Ask Uncle Bob

Dear Roger:

I'm disillusioned. I've been seriously thinking of leaving you down and offering you my sensationally sexy body, but after reading your piece on how you spent your summer vacation, I'm not sure it would be worth it.

Yes, but that doesn't count any you're good for? minutes for sex. Is that really as a now-befo~)

Dear Lama:

I have drowned you when you think you end up with something like this: His nose?" the horrors of nuclear proliferation, and it goes something like this: There's this down-on-his-luck physicist who's become a whiz. He wears baggy clothes, smells bad, and has nothing he can call his own except a bottle of muscatal and a small, low-grade nuclear device. One day he goes up to this businessman and says, "Give me fifty cents for a cup of coffee or I'll blow up New York." The businessman refuses, and the wino turns the Big Apple into a Gigant Mushroom. I think it's a pretty good story, but my agent says it's too depressing. How can I make the ending more upbeat without sacrificing the deep social commentary?

John L.

Dear Tina:

I bet you can't guess where the horrors of nuclear proliferation, and it goes something like this: There's this down-on-his-luck physicist who's become a whiz. He wears baggy clothes, smells bad, and has nothing he can call his own except a bottle of muscatal and a small, low-grade nuclear device. One day he goes up to this businessman and says, "Give me fifty cents for a cup of coffee or I'll blow up New York." The businessman refuses, and the wino turns the Big Apple into a Gigant Mushroom. I think it's a pretty good story, but my agent says it's too depressing. How can I make the ending more upbeat without sacrificing the deep social commentary?

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Dear Tina:

I bet you can't guess where
George Roy Hill (right) directs Robin Williams & "Garp" author John Irving in a scene from the movie. Continued from page 11 decade's treatise, most taxing roles to date. Their fears were misguided—Williams is little short of superb. A younger actress should've been used for Garp's teen years but even as an adolescent, Williams fleshes out an exciting 3-dimensional character. His familiar quirky mannerisms are most evident during these early sequences and give the necessary mix of insecurity versus self-assurance found in every teenager.

As an adult, Williams is even more impressive. His portrayal of the changing Garp requires a firm grasp of a plethora of emotions—love, guilt, despair, anger, tolerance and courage. The substantial dramatic skills of Williams are grappled with each and every scene.

There were a number of high caliber supporting performances also. Mary Beth Hurt, best known for her Obey nominated work in Broadway's "Crimes of the Heart," gives a stylish rendering of Garp's school teacher wife. Her sensitive handling of situations which an adult, Williams emotionally and intellectually with a cumulative effect. Usually they do, but sometimes they simply smack of too much fragmentation. This is especially obvious during the film's early sequences, the director also tries too hard to instill brevity into humorless situations. The audience laughs but finds themselves temporarily out of the film's empathetic bubble. Yet, these flaws are minor when considered against all the film's pluses. In a tidy little package, moviegoers will find persuasive actors, an intriguing interplay of ideas, and more quality chuckles (the brand you don't feel guilty about later) than any film since Annie Hall. The World According To Garp is a pretty nice place to see.

Phyllis Flies Again

Phyllis Schlafly, ambivalent about the film's pluses. In a tidy list. Again the fiercely conservative constitutionalist of the federal courts," The last chapter finally deals with the question, "How do I improve?" Although this chapter is disappointingly short, and often more commendable in literary style than in content, Dowling presents her method to becoming independent. It's a formula of cognizance, desire to change and steady, hard work.

If you dare, read The Cinderella Complex and ceaselessly make your choice. Review the facts given and either accept your present lifestyle or begin to work toward a more independent life. Whatever your decision, just remember that Cinderella's lavish coach does indeed turn back into a pumpkin!

Phyllis Flies Again

ERA opposition leader Phyllis Schlafly is at it again. Barely one month after the defeat of ERA, Schlafly and her Coalition are preparing a campaign against a nuclear freeze and for a constitutional amendment banning abortion. Schlafly's organization, the Eagle Forum, is also supporting constitutional amendments to balance the federal budget, allow prayer in schools and "cut the power of the federal courts."

Choice of film narrative techniques. The movie is constructed of a series of short scenes, few more than 90 seconds in length. Hill hoped that such a framework would cause the scenes to flow together, emotionally and intellectually with a cumulative effect. Usually they do, but sometimes they simply smack of too much fragmentation. This is especially obvious during the film's leading catalysts, Williams and Hurt, seem unmotivated or incredible. Perhaps, in some of these scenes, the the director also tries too hard to instill brevity into humorless situations. The audience laughs but finds themselves temporarily out of the film's empathetic bubble. Yet, these flaws are minor when considered against all the film's pluses. In a tidy little package, moviegoers will find persuasive actors, an intriguing interplay of ideas, and more quality chuckles (the brand you don't feel guilty about later) than any film since Annie Hall. The World According To Garp is a pretty nice place to see.

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DOE cancels public hearing: ?'s a bound

By Todd Hotchkiss
Pointer Environment Editor

The Department of Energy (DOE) suddenly cancelled a public meeting scheduled for yesterday in Wausau regarding the possibility of Wisconsin being the site of an experimental high-level radioactive waste repository. After receiving a letter from the State Radioactive Waste Review Board's Council to say it was deliberately done to avoid the public, Wade Ballard, Director of Repository, Division of DOE, cancelled the meeting late Friday, September 3. As late as September 1 the local League Against Nuclear Dangers (LAND) and other groups were receiving letters from DOE about the meeting.

The purpose of the meeting was for the DOE to initiate a literature search through the State Radioactive Waste Review Board. This search is for information regarding the siting of a radioactive waste repository here in Wisconsin. The meeting was held in Wausau because LAND had written letters to the Waste Board on July 24 requesting the meeting be held at a more northern site. The DOE and the Waste Board commonly hold their meetings in Madison.

"It sounds as if it was done on purpose," said Naomi Jacobsen of LAND and who sits on the Policy Council. Jacobsen felt that with the cancellation coming late Friday afternoon and with Labor Day on Monday, immediate response by proponents of the meeting could not be made.

The DOE, according to Jacobsen, in the process of the cancellation said that the program for establishing a nuclear waste disposal in granite, which is ideal for Wisconsin, has changed. However, the DOE failed to elaborate on the nature of the changes.

In cancelling the meeting the DOE decided to bypass the State Radioactive Waste Review Board in their literature search and embark on their search exclusive of state organizations. These organizations are the Wisconsin Geological Survey, the Public Service Commission, the Department of Transportation, the Radiation Protection Board, the State Natural Resources Board, Office of Emergency Government, the Governor and Legislature, the Department of Justice, the Division of State Energy, the DNR.

The DOE, according to Jacobsen, didn't like the meeting being held out of Madison because the constituents are much friendlier to them. They have familiar contacts there and a good face can be made to people who live more in the

Authority anything but solid

by Todd Hotchkiss
Pointer Environment Editor

Acting in one of the few ways left open for rescusitation, two local Assembly people have asked the Joint Finance Committee to loan the Wisconsin Solid Waste Recycling Authority $21,800 in order to keep the Authority alive through December when a new Governor and Legislature can determine the Authority's future.

Dave Helbach (D-Stevens Point and Barbara Wise (D-Wisconsin Rapids) have made the request in hope that the Board will keep the Authority alive enough to secure a contract with Ore-Ida. Helbach is concerned about the garage into steam energy recycling project at Ore-Ida's Florid plant.

Gov. Dryfus had cut the Authority's $400,000 appropriation last year and sustained the veto when the Authority was not able to come up with a figure for landfill of $21,800. Since then the Authority has been scratching for life by selling furniture and reducing its staff from 8 to the present 2 while continuing to house a contract.

The contract between Ore-Ida and the Authority is "nearly complete" according to a letter by Helbach and Schneider. The only real hitch to securing contractual agreement is whether the Authority will be around to carry the contract.

The recycling project around which the Authority revolves changed in nature and effect in late July. The steam generation of energy went from a combination of coal and steam, 10 tons per year, to straight garbage generated steam energy. 400 tons of garbage are burned, cooked by oil, gas or coal fed system. The cost likewise has changed, dropping from $73 per ton in 1987 to $40 per ton. The long-term economics have improved also as the price per ton to communities for disposing their waste has been set in stone.

By comparison John Gardner, Portage County Solid Waste Manager, has estimated a $18-$19 per ton, save transportation cost and cost to borrow money, for waste disposal in the new Portage County landfill due to open late this year. This figure for landfill disposal is for this year and will only go up.

The chief obstacle remaining that prevents contractual agreement is Ore-Ida's "incurability" regarding the Authority's ability to carry out the contract. "If Ore-Ida knows the contract can be carried out," says Assemblyperson Helbach, meaning the Authority lives and is solvent, then a contract will be agreed upon. The funding from the Joint Finance Committee is contingent upon the Authority securing a signed contract with Ore-Ida. No contract, no funding.

It appears now that whether the Authority continues to function is in its control. While the Authority may continue to pursue a contract with Ore-Ida, Ore-Ida may not agree because the Authority may soon die. However, if the Authority does not reach a contract with Ore-Ida soon the Joint Finance Committee will be more likely to not grant the loan and severely damage current prospects of any kind of contractual agreement.

The Joint Finance Committee meets September 2 to take up the Authority's $21,800 loan. Meanwhile, Ore-Ida and the Authority continue to negotiate. In the balance is the life of the Authority and potential large-scale resource recovery for Central Wisconsin.

Nuclear apartheid in South Africa

by Todd Hotchkiss
Pointer Environment Editor

This is the second of a two-part interview with Samuel H. Hay, contributing editor of The Progressive. Sam recently returned from a trip to South Africa to investigate the South African nuclear weapons complex. His findings were published in the September issue of The Progressive.

Day's major conclusion was that South Africa does have an atomic bomb; that the white minority government will not hesitate to use it to preserve their governmental structure and composition.

Last week Day talked about the secrecy and evolution of the South African nuclear weapons program. Today he will discuss the role of the United States' nuclear weapons program in relation to the South African program. He will conclude by discussing the role of the American blacks in the fight for freedom in South Africa and the world.

Part II

Nuclear apartheid in South Africa

by Todd Hotchkiss
Pointer Environment Editor

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Continued from page 18

J.S.: South Africa has denied having the bomb. But when they call it a wrong, they come out saying they do have the bomb it can create the panic. And if you feel there is a threat, although they can continue to deny it.

S.D.: It does have an effect, play into their hands because there's somebody else saying, 'Look, they really do have the bomb, they're not bluffing.' Even with that problem I think it is still important that we know the facts and not have it a matter of conjecture. Once the facts are known I think it's more likely that we'll get some kind of political action to deal with it.

J.S.: Can't do a country which has many parts the way we can do the South Africans?

S.D.: What can be done is to impress upon Americans they can do much as possible on South Africa, to not continue in the direction of legitimizing South Africa, to not continue in the direction of legitimizing South Africa, to not continue in the direction of legitimizing South Africa.

T.H.L: South Africa has joined the nuclear weapons club with the nuclear weapons of either the United States or the Soviet Union. What effect will that have on the Frontline states?

S.D.: It should tend to make people more scared than the South Africans because it is not only the real source of proliferation, because the genie is not only out of the bottle but it is living an independent life in more and more countries, and it is less and less subject to control. We must not only take note of this development but get the little countries to quit doing it, but by looking at our nuclear program which is the real source of proliferation.

I don't think the South Africans are the problem the American bomb is because ours is so much bigger and more respected than theirs. Maybe the specter of an Afrikander Bomb or an Apartheid Bomb or any kind of ugly way you want to put it, may help to build up the public fear and dislike of nuclear weapons in and of themselves.

T.H.L: Reagan Administration replied to your article?

J.S.: Yes.

S.D.: Do you expect them to?

T.H.L: I rather doubt it. We did get a reply from the South African Council-General in Chicago who said our article was wrong. But you would expect that, this is the official South African position. I suppose the American government would not go beyond what they have already said. In a way, what's happening suits the purposes of our own government to not have the South African program visible and acknowledged. Because that way we can continue to say that we have a workable non-proliferation policy. After all, India was the last country to officially go nuclear and that was eight years ago. But if we acknowledge that South Africa really does have an atomic bomb, and that Israel has one too, if that's the case, it tends to demonstrate that our anti-proliferation policy is not working, and that would lead us to have to ask why.

I think that's why Carter pulled back from ever doing a really serious investigation of the South African program at the time the question came up. Remember 1979, the double flash, he appointed this commission, a White House commission, which did a study and came up with the finding that, 'We're not sure but we think maybe it was a natural phenomenon.' So that sort of let the Carter Administration off the hook.

So for different reasons Carter and Reagan are able to cling to an illusion which exists with the hard work that would be needed to really develop an effective anti-proliferation policy. Particularly when you consider that the United States has not only an effective anti-proliferation policy in the first place is to reverse our own program. That's the step that neither Carter nor Reagan want to do is to stop our own vertical proliferation.

The day may come, perhaps sooner than we think, when South Africa will be under intense, immediate pressure. There will be uprisings going on in Sweto and many other towns. There will be uprisings in the white cities themselves, and there will be support coming from the Frontline states—a real source of proliferation.

No Israeli involvement

S.A. built own bomb

"Nobody has ever come up with any evidence of an Israeli test. There has been speculation that they were collaborating with the South Africans in the September, 1979 test. To me it doesn't make any sense.

First, the South Africans certainly didn't need any Israeli help. They had their own warhead, they didn't need to test an Israeli weapon. They didn't need any help from the Israeli navy because it is far from Israel. So there was no reason why the South Africans would go to any help from the Israelis.

At the same time the Israelis had no need to test their weapon. The general assumption is they do have weapons and that these weapons will work. You know, you don't really have to test weapons any more if you know what you're doing. You can follow simple, standardized methods and build reliable, atomic fission warheads. So the Israelis didn't need to test.

There would be no particular point in their collaborating with South Africa in this particular area because the Israelis are very sensitive about their relationship to South Africa. They feel an empathy with them because they are both sort of pariah states in the eyes of the U.N. and others. Nevertheless the Israelis do not like the concept of apartheid.

South Africa is probably the most anti-Semitic country in the world, it's just saturated with anti-Semitism even while they love what the Israelis are doing they still hate the Jews. It just doesn't add up to me that they would expose themselves to the universal criticism by participating in a South African nuclear weapons test. I think the South Africans did this purely by themselves in the utmost secrecy."
Continued from page 19

T.H.: Do you think that the size of the bomb is meant to be merely a warning? I guess implicit in my question is could they build one much bigger?

S.D.: I'm sure that they could. If you can build a 3-kiloton bomb you can build a 30-kiloton bomb with just a little bit more uranium. Of course, even a 2- or 3-kiloton bomb is plenty big. You're talking about cities that aren't all that huge. I don't know the population of Maputu but it is not any more than rather not use it. They are out of the bomb size of the bomb is meant to could they build one much bigger? I don't know if they can search everybody everyday. No way you can guarantee that their oil plants are going to be blown up or their power lines or your police stations.

Just the way we did it in North Vietnam. The fighting was mainly in South Vietnam and North Vietnam was viewed as a privileged sanctuary for the National Liberation Front (NLF). That was Johnson's motivation in bomb ing Hanoi, at least in the early days. He said, "All right, you guys just keep helping the Viet Cong or else we'll bomb the hell out of you." And he bombed the hell out of them, because of the logistical support that they were providing the NLF.

That's the sort of parallel that South Africa has for pretty much the same reasons. Only rather than using conventional bombs the South Africans would use the atomic bomb. They would not shrink as we did because they have more at stake.

One & one equaled a silent two

"Prime Minister P.W. Botha gave a speech three days after the weapons test on September 25, 1979, to a political assembly down in Cape Town. He made some cryptic allusions to South Africa having recently developed a new weapon that nobody else knew anything about and bragging about it and not saying anything more about it. This was three days after the test when it was evident to him that the test had been successful, and also that South Africa had gotten away with it with nobody having discovered it because the data stings was not made public. South African sources provide a kind of pervasive showing that something had happened, and that it was that weapons test.

That particular speech was only in one South African newspaper at the time, and I talked to the reporter who wrote the story who was with the Cape-Times. I asked him. 'Why the hell didn't you follow up on it? Here you wrote the story and you've got this bragging by Botha of a new super weapon and then a month later here are the Americans screaming about the test. Why didn't you follow up the speech? Didn't you put the two together?'

He said, 'Sure I put the two together and it seemed to me to be obvious that he was referring to the nuclear weapons test. But what would be the point of my trying? I couldn't print the story, and I couldn't even ask the question without putting my ass on the line.'

He was a political reporter and he wanted to stay a political reporter so he didn't pursue it. But his feeling was so typical of lots of people in South Africa—English-speaking, Afrikaans or Blacks—most of them who would give it any thought, who have an opinion, do believe that they have a weapon. They feel that the logic of the situation suggests that they have a weapon if they are physically able to make one."

CALENDAR OF LOCAL FREEZE EVENTS

Friday, September 10—Doug LaFollette Band at 11:00 Wisconsin Room University Center
Saturday, September 11—Ecumenical Service at 7:30 St. Stan's Church
Sunday, September 12—Fund Raising Concert—Larry Ken and local folk singers at 2:00 Pfifferner Bandshell $1.00

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TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

1-FNC Texas Instruments
Ex-Pointers reflect on pro experience

By Mary-Margaret Vogel
Pointers Sports Editor

Beware of the Turk — a well-known phrase in the world of professional football that refers to the man who brings the dreaded news — "You're cut." Three former Pointers football standouts describe their experiences after hearing "the Turk." They have difficulty adjusting to the world of professional football: the news of being cut is harsh. But after taking a few days to digest everything, they've only begun working out again recently, in preparation for football.

Teammates quarterback Brion Demski and running back Andy Shumway, both All-WSUC first-teamers, signed as free agents with the Seattle Seahawks in May of this year. Demski was the second all-time leading passer in UWSP history and led both the NAIA and NCAA Division III in passing yards in 1981. Shumway, who averaged 4.3 yards per carry, and scored five touchdowns last season, was also an All-American honoree in track and field in the long jump.

Both men join Braun in Stevens Point this semester. Braun was a seven-summer NFL veteran. Demski is an assistant running back coach for the Pointers and Demski coaches the freshman team.

"We went to orientation for the Seahawks in May to see what workouts would be like and get our playbooks," remembers Shumway, "we reported to regular camp at the end of July. I felt I was given a fair chance but I just wasn't big enough — I even dropped 10 pounds at camp from all the workouts."

"My problem was that I had a hard time reading defenses and I was slow to catch on," confessed Demski. "When they cut me I was just getting it, it was just clicking. It was a real deficit just getting to know the ropes."

"I got a call from an USFL agent in Chicago three days after being cut from the Seahawks, said Demski. "Right now they're still setting up their front offices and haven't started recruiting players yet but they're going to send someone up to see me when the time comes. That way they can take a look at Chuck and Andy at the same time."

And the men are ready.

"Andy and I started our conditioning program again after a few weeks off. We want to be prepared for USFL practice," added Demski optimistically.

None of the men seem bitter over their recent brief professional football experience. Perhaps Shumway sums it up the best: "The last seven summers in the CFL — they have no weak spots and they just couldn't break up the core they had there. I learned a lot about professional football in Canada, but the vets had the edge. I could read the handwriting on the wall — I knew the cut was coming. When this goes to the next level where everyone has talent — same size, same ability — it comes down to the mind, the presence and savvy on the professional field."

Braun spent the remainder of his summer relaxing in his hometown of Athens, Wisconsin:

"The last seven summers were workouts, workouts and more workouts in preparation for football. I really needed the summer to just take it easy for awhile and digest everything. I've only begun working out again recently."

"The Canadian game is a lot different than the way we play here. Their field is 15 yards wider and they have only three downs to get a first down, but the difference didn't get in the way. Saskatchewan has the best receiving crew in the world of professional football. Delayed."
Pointers, D.J. win debut

by Tom Burkman
Pointers Asst. Sports Editor

First year coach D. J. LeRoy didn't have to wait too long for his first victory at the Pointer helm as his squad, led by freshman quarterback Dave Geissler, downed Augsburg College 33-6 in Minneapolis, Minnesota last Saturday.

Geissler, the 1981 Wisconsin player of the year from Chippewa Falls, completed 17 of 25 pass attempts for 268 yards, one touchdown and one interception. Before it was over, the Pointers rolled up 404 yards of total offense while Augsburg had a respectable 250 yards of offense.

Coach LeRoy commented on the freshman’s performance, “He did a good job in the pocket and showed good positioning, he still has a lot of work to do but he hung right in there and a couple of times took the sack rather than putting the ball up for grabs.”

Also impressive was senior linebacker Bob Lewitzke who was credited with nine solo tackles and assisted on eight others.

Another senior, placekicker Randy Ryskoski, opened the scoring with a 51 yard field goal. He then proceeded to connect on four of four points after touchdown. The field goal was the longest in his career.

After the field goal, the Pointers scored a safety just two minutes later to lead 5-0. Only three minutes had passed when at 9:12 of the second quarter Jerry O'Connor burst off right tackle for a 5 yard run and a 13-0 Pointer lead after the point after kick. Finally, with only 26 seconds left in the half, Gary Peseniczny climaxed a 10 play 73 yard drive with a seven yard spinning move into the end zone.

With the PAT, the Pointers went in the locker room at halftime with a 19-0 cushion.

Both teams again went on the scoreboard in the second half with a Pointers full back Rod Mayer plugging a 10 yard run for his first career score. Finally, with only 26 seconds left in the game, Augsburg’s quarterback Mike Roesler took the ball 50 yards to make it close, but LeRoy didn’t have to wait too long for his first victory at the Pointer helm as his squad, led by freshman quarterback Dave Geissler, downed Augsburg College 33-6 in Minneapolis, Minnesota last Saturday.

O'Connor burst off right tackle for a 10 play 73 yard drive with a seven yard spinning move into the end zone.

With the PAT, the Pointers were ahead 19-0. The Pointers included Gary Peseniczny, 65 yards in 13 carries; Mike Gaab, 42 in 10 while Tim Lau had 19 catches. Pointers currently have two catches for 82 yards.

The Pointers take on UW-Whitewater in their conference opener Saturday, September 18 at 1:30 p.m., but without the services of sophomore flanker Craig Quailley who suffered a broken right clavicle and is sidelined at least six weeks.

Individual leaders for the Pointers included Gary Peseniczny, 65 yards in 13 carries; Mike Gaab, 42 in 10 while Tim Lau had 19 catches. Five, seven with only 33 seconds left to play, senior running back Rod Mayer climax a 56 yard drive with a one yard plunge.

Coach LeRoy was satisfied with the final outcome but added, “We must be more aggressive and more physical on offense, while we have to get more total team effort and more intensity on the field on defense.”

JAMES WOOD
Continued from page 14

Education
As a former professor, Wood recognizes the importance of a strong state educational system and proposes:

— Higher funding for the UW-System.
— Improved use of the UW-System in areas of marketing and research hoping that such actions would stimulate Wisconsin’s economy.

— Unionization of UW-System faculty and collective bargaining.

Energy
Wood contends that since $7 billion of the $9 billion that the state will spend on energy in the next five years will leave the state, Wisconsin must reduce its energy dependency in the following manner:

— A state-created financing authority would lend up to $1,500 to homeowners wishing to weatherize their homes with currently available materials. After work is completed by a certified contractor, homeowners will pay the loan, plus interest, back with their projected 25 percent energy savings.

— The UW-System would serve as caretaker for an Alternative Energy Research Center that will develop “safe and productive” energy alternatives, with all patents derived there-in becoming state property. Firms could purchase patent rights from the state provided they agree to manufacture the product here.

Women’s issues
The Democrat recognizes the importance of women in both the economy and society and supports:

Mens XC team victorious

by Julie Denker
Pointers Sports Writer

The University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point men’s cross country team started out its season by defeating UW-Parkside, UW-Whitewater, and Carthage College at Kenosha on Saturday, September 4.

UW-SP easily outdistanced its fellow opponents with a total score of 18, for 45 runner-up Wisconsin Parkside.

Top finishes for the Pointers were Lou Agnew, first, 26:25; Dan Schoopke, second, 26:39; Chris Celichowski, fourth, 26:55; Ray Prefuskoski, fifth, 27:18; Jim Kowalczyn, sixth, 27:17; and Ted Jacobson, seventh, 27:17; and Tom Andry, 27:48.

Pointer Coach Rick Witt is cautiously optimistic for this season’s success.

“We have seven returning lettermen which should help us. I think we have a good group of runners, no great superstars but a good team of runners. As to how our season will progress, it all depends on how fast our freshmen develop and fill in. Many of the runners are running for the first time on varsity and are fairly inexperienced.”

The next meet is an Invitational in Milwaukee, hosting nine teams and will take place this Saturday.

Hey Bunkie!!
You say you can’t get enough exercise here on campus!!
I’m going to the Stevens Point YMCA for $30.00 a semester you can’t beat it!!

Call 341-1770 for more information.
Wood
Continued from page 22
—Both federal and state Equal Rights Amendments.
—The right of women to have an abortion.
—The Munis Property Reform Bill, designed to provide wide-ranging marital property reform.

Environment
Wood's positions on the environment do not differ substantially from those of fellow Democrat Tony Earl, with one exception:
—Wood would like to see copper mining in the Crandon area, but only if the Wolf River can escape significant environmental damage.

Nuclear freeze referendum
Wood supports the September 14 referendum on a nuclear freeze.

Background
—Executive Assistant to Governor Pat Lucey.

TERRY KOHLER
Continued from page 15

Environment
Schreiber believes he can maintain Wisconsin's environmental integrity through the following programs:
—Continuation of the Wisconsin Fund that offers state aid to municipalities in controlling pollution.
—Reauthorization of the Clean Air Act.
—Development of strategies to combat acid rain.
—Wetland preservation.

Nuclear freeze referendum
Schreiber believes that the freeze is imperative because 'continued proliferation will assure the destruction of society' and these weapons draw limited funds from needed social programs.

Background
—Wisconsin State Senator.
—Lieutenant Governor.
—Part-Time professor-UW System.

LOWELL JACKSON
cont. from p. 15

in the University of Wisconsin System.
—Maintaining the current level of funding to local school districts in the state.
—Support for unionization efforts by UW faculty.

Women's issues
At press time the Pointer could not find a detailed stance from Jackson concerning women's issues.

Environment
The Republican candidate believes the following proposals can help maintain the quality of the state's environment:
—Immediate action concerning soil pollution, which threatens Wisconsin's all-important agricultural industry.
—Continued storage of nuclear power plant waste within the state, provided it only comes from Wisconsin plants.

Nuclear freeze referendum
Lowell Jackson joins the other four candidates in supporting Wisconsin's nuclear freeze referendum.

Energy
Jackson offers the following solutions to Wisconsin's energy problems:
—Continued reliance on nuclear power as an inexpensive means of producing needed electricity.
—Conservation programs designed to reduce Wisconsin's reliance on external energy sources.

Background
—Engineering professor-University of Wisconsin.
—Wisconsin State Secretary of Transportation.
—Head of the Wisconsin Department of Industry, Labor and Human Relations.
Sept. 27 - Oct. 4

"Point The Way" To...

Decathlon: Mon.-Fri. Sponsored By Intramurals

Paul Zimmerman: Magician/Comedian
Tues., Sept. 28 U.C. PBR Rm.
8:00 P.M. FREE

UAB Movies: Knute Rockne Sept. 26 & 27
6:30 & 9:15 P.M. U.C. Wis. Room $1.00

Victor/Victoria Sept. 30 & Oct. 1
6:30 & 9:15 P.M. U.C. Wis. Room $1.50

Parade: Saturday, Oct. 2 10:00 A.M.
Including Band & Float Competition

Game: See The Pointers Take On The
La Crosse Indians
Sat., Oct. 2 2:00 P.M. Goerke Field

Dinner Show: The Black Student Coalition Is Sponsor­
ing A Buffet Dinner And Cocktail Hour Sat., Oct. 2 At
5:00 P.M. In U.C. PBR Room.

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fall fashion can make you feel-

VERY ESPRIT

—Don’t forget, all Esprit fashion show, Tues., Sept. 14th, Bruisers 7:00 P.M.
Saturday, September 11
ART IN THE PARK—The Children’s Art Program is sponsoring its 13th annual outdoor art fest at Bukolt Park, from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Over 120 artists will demonstrate and sell their work, and there’ll be lots of stuff for the kids to do, including chalk drawings, paperbag puppets, and clothespin butterflies. Entertainment will be provided throughout the day by the YMCA gymnastics team, St. Joe’s Folk Choir, Suzuki Strings, and the SPASH Jazz Ensemble. In the event of rotten weather, Art in the Park will take place at SPASH. Refreshments will be available, and admission is free.

**MISCELLANEOUS**

Wednesday, September 15
ACADEMIC CONVOCATION—This year’s speaker, former US Ambassador to Syria, Talcott W. Seey, will speak on the subject, “Prospects for Peace in the Middle East.” The convocation begins at 10:30 a.m. in Quandt Gym. Classes will be cancelled at that time to allow students to attend.

Night game kicks off at 8 p.m. with the Steelers gunning for the Cowboys in Dallas. Keep your ears open for strike reports.

**LIVE**

Wednesday, September 15
TEXACO STAR THEATER returns to television with 17 stars and 23 showstoppers from America’s greatest musicals. Included will be medleys from Oklahoma!, Dreamgirls, and various Broadway hits, and selections from Annie, A Chorus Line, Follies, Guys and Dolls, Pal Joey, My Fair Lady, Three’s a Crowd, Gentlemen Prefer Blondes, South Pacific, The Music Man, and Hello Dolly. 7:30 p.m. on NBC.

Monday, September 13
LOU GRANT—This is the final episode of this outstanding television series, and if you’re as pissed about that as we are, stop by the Pointer’s booth in the UC Concourse and sign our petition. (For more info, check out this week’s editorial.) 9 p.m. on CBS.

POINTER PROGRAM is published as a student service. Any group wishing to have an event considered for publication should bring pertinent information about it to the Senior Editor’s desk in 132 CAC, by noon on Tuesday. We are looking for events which interest students and which don’t cost an arm and a leg.

For further programming information, check out the Pointer Daily or call Dial An Event at 346-3900.

**SPORTS**

Sunday & Monday, September 15 & 16
PRO FOOTBALL ON TV—Come on down to Jeremiah’s and watch the games. On Sunday at noon, the Pack attacks Los Angeles at Green Bay. The Monday
WELCOME BACK U.W.S.P.

We at SALON I AUDIO are pleased to be of service to you. During the year, stop in, visit us, and find out why we are so different. To start with, we are a STEREO shop, not a "HI-FI" store. If you listen around, and then come to us, you'll notice a great difference.

We offer you:

- The best selection of quality equipment in the state
- Remarkable service and repair
- Free home trial of all equipment before you purchase
- Free set up and alignment on turntables
- Willing to match or beat any quoted price on any current piece of equipment

Newest decks from **ONKYO**

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10 TDK Mac 90 $110.00 Retail
10 TDK SA 90 $45.90

Special Together $285.00
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**ONKYO** TX 11 Receiver
3D cube speakers
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Current Tape Specials — All Are C90's

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A system designed for the dorm

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* Limited Edition Items
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"We are in your neighborhood, if we don’t have it, we’ll find it!"

"NO DEALERS"
"RAIN CHECKS WILL BE ISSUED ON OUT OF STOCKS"
Classifieds

for sale

FOR SALE: 1978 Honda 400 Hawk—only $700. For more information call 341-7772.

FOR SALE: 1/2 German Shepherd, 1/4 Doberman pups. Excellent well-behaved dog. For more info. contact Brandy—room 407 Roach, 2447.

To give away to good home: Adorable charcoal gray male kitten. Four months old. Please call 341-2903.

FOR SALE: Atari Video Computer system game. Only two months old and absolutely just like brand new. Hooks up to any TV in two minutes. Play Asteroids, Space Invaders, Donkey Kong, Pac-Man or choose from over 150 different cartridges. Will sacrifice for Pac-Man cartridge for $125. Call 345-1727.


FOR SALE: Twin bed with bookcase headboard—excellent condition. Call 341-2064 and ask for Betsy.

EMPLOYMENT

EMPLOYMENT: Marketing Rep needed to sell SKI & BEACH TRIPS. Earn cash & free vacations. You must be available—Eckankar, “The Path to Total Awareness” on Tuesday, Sept. 14.

EMPLOYMENT: Now available—Eckankar, “The Path to Total Awareness” will be having a 12 week, non-credit class which is free to the public to be held in A106 of the Science Building. 7:00-8:00, Sept. 13th—Nov. 29th.

PERSONAL:

PERSONAL: To whoever took a white UWP jacket at the Subway in Allen Center on Tuesday night, August 31, between 8:46 and 9:06 p.m.: All I want is my jacket returned. If you have a conscience (and I know you do), please return it to either the Smith Hall front desk or the Student Manager’s office at Allen Center. There will be no questions asked, no charges filed. Unless you want the fact that you have stolen a jacket eating away at your conscience for the rest of your life, please return this jacket. Jeff Schaefer, 430 Smith Hall.

PERSONAL: Party Comrades, it saddens me not to be returning to your company, I didn’t mean to move on. Mike, T.P., C.T., Jeff, you must rock on! I will return again! On the waves...Plant.

PERSONAL: Women of 3 East Roach—Just want to tell you that I feel this is going to be an adventurous year. Let’s make the most of it. I believe in you all. Peace, Elaine Jane.

PERSONAL: Jeff, I’m ready to take the risk.

for rent

FOR RENT: Only $200. Two bedroom duplex with garage. Call Rental Services at 341-4022.


wanted

WANTED: One or two people to share nice apartment, preferably non-smokers. It’s close to campus, reasonable rent. Call us soon. Ask for Karen or Lots at 341-6094.

WANTED: Studio room, basement, or other room suitable for local band to practice in. Need electricity, heat. Will pay. Call Mike at 344-7177 or Art at 341-6721.

WANTED: to give away

Declined.

FOR SALE:

FOR SALE: Apartment, Shepherd, Call us soon. Ask for Karen or information call Excellent well-behaved dog.

FOR SALE: Bookcase—brand new. Hook up to any TV in two minutes. Play Asteroids, Space Invaders, Donkey Kong, Pac-Man or choose from over 150 different cartridges. Will sacrifice for Pac-Man cartridge for $125. Call 345-1727.

Announcements

ANNOUNCEMENT: Try something new. Learn to windsurf with Rec. Services Sat., Sept. 11, and Sun., Sept. 12, throughout the day. Mini lessons are free. Transportation & equipment provided. Sign up at Rec. Services.

ANNOUNCEMENT: There will be a reunion of souls on the eve of Thursday, Sept. 16th. For further info. contact Elaine, 334 Roach, 4919.

ANNOUNCEMENTS: International Folk Dancing for recreational pleasure—a community group meeting on Thursday evenings starting Sept. 9 at 7:30—HOME-STEAD TAVERN—Junction of Hwy. 66 and Z, about 10 miles east of Stevens Point in Polonia. Each evening will consist of the teaching of new dances, review of previously taught dances, and general requests. No partners are needed—open to all adults. Call Vince or Ariene Heig—715-692-4329 (toll free from Stevens Point) for additional information or a request for car pool rides.

Dr. James D. Hom
Dentist
1025 Clark St.
For Appointment Call
Stevens Point
341-1212

OPEN HOUSE

CATURA'S TAE KWON DO
ACADEMY AND FITNESS CENTER

FREE Karate Demonstrations At
2:00 & 4:00 P.M.

Sat., Sept. 11th — 12:00-6:00 P.M.

Sign up Saturday and receive
a 25% discount on Karate lessons!

* Fitness Center Demonstrations Daily
FULLY EQUIPPED GYM

—Weight Machines And Free Weights—
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920 Main (Lower-Level) Stevens Point

Rogers Fox Theatre
341-4890

Rogers Cinema I
344-8730

The most talked about movie in
Germany is coming to America.

THE 13TH
FRI
DATE
3D
THE BOOT

THE OTHER SIDE OF WORLD WAR II

A New Dimension in Terror...
A PARAMOUNT PICTURE

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The hottest in techno-pop & Eurodance Music.

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Now in it's 10th year, Stevens Point's original 50's & 60's night.

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