Minimum wage decrease

When I became editor, I dove head-first into a sea of specifications. Six hours and one 12-pack of Mountain Dew later, I surfaced with 16 out of 17 jobs filled. The copy editor position was still vacant. If the future copy editor was eligible for work study, our student salary budget was in good shape.

Last week I hired a copy editor. She’s bright. She’s experienced. She also doesn’t get work study.

As I contemplated juggling the budget again, a newspaper article caught my unenthusiastic eye. The article gave a brief description of Reagan’s proposed minimum wage reduction for teenagers.

Reagan’s proposal would decrease the minimum wage to $2.50 per hour for workers age 20 and under. A 25 percent reduction for the current $3.35 requirement, proponents anticipate such a reduction would create 400,000 more jobs for youth. This statistic is based on the theory that if employers can pay youth less, they can hire more of them. Supporters also claim disadvantaged and minority youth employment would increase, thus creating more skilled workers for future job markets.

After reading the article, I turned back to the budget. From an employee’s point of view, it would be nice to cut salaries for employees 20 and under. The 25 percent cut would give the Pointer an extra $1000 to play around with, (providing SGA still allocated us the same amount of money).

But would we take that extra $1000 and hire three more people? Probably not. We would most likely apply it to some other area of our budget. Or maybe we’d pay our current staff for more hours per week. Like every other student organization or academic department, the Pointer struggles to make ends meet. Inventing more paid positions is not a top priority when it comes to budgeting.

Why should other employees feel differently? Case In Point: When employed in my father’s business, I received a whopping $2.00 an hour. “Family doesn’t have to be paid minimums!” (Minimum was then $2.50). Did my paternal employer hire more help with his savings? No way!

Legislative aid Ken Hughes agrees. “Most employers will turn the excess money into profit. Why shouldn’t they? If they’ve been getting along with a specific number of employees, why hire more? It doesn’t make economic sense!”

Another problem with Reagan’s proposal concerns the loss of adult jobs. Many college students 21 and older rely on fast food, retail and tourist jobs for summer of permanent employment. Which would an employer be most likely to hire — the 20 year old at $2.50 or the 21 year old at $3.35? If both are equally qualified, the 21 year old has just been put out to pasture.

Finally, many youths are attempting to finance college or technical schooling. A decrease in wages may result in a decrease in school enrollment. And a decrease in enrollment, while increasing the blue collar work force, will do little to improve individual economic conditions.

Youth unemployment is definitely a major problem, especially among minority and disadvantaged youths. But lowering the minimum wage will not solve the problem. Says Hughes, “(Reagan’s) logic when it comes to this proposal is based on questionable facts and theories. It won’t even begin to dent the problem. It may just make matters worse.”

Melissa Gross

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Contents

News

Hettler proposes meat... p. 3
Vice Chancellor... p. 3

Reviews

Fantasticks... p. 9
Working... p. 9
Apple tree... p. 9

Features

Wellness Conference... p. 7
New president candidate... p. 9
Orientation oddities... p. 7
Geographic literacy... p. 6
Hettler proposes moat for Allen complex

By Melissa Gross

Dr. William Hettler, M.D., Director of Health Services, has proposed the building of a fitness facility onto Allen Center.

In a memo to student leaders, faculty and staff, Hettler stated that student interest in fitness and wellness programs had risen over the past ten years. Because of this increased interest, the need for a complete health and fitness facility has become apparent.

According to Hettler's proposal, the center would be built in a circular shape completely enclosing the existing Allen Center. The addition would be three stories high with the first level being primarily senior citizens.

"The first level would consist of a swimming moat. Because of the moat's circular shape, swimmers would be able to swim eight laps to a mile without interruptions," said Hettler.

The second level of the proposed facility would consist of a weight room, sauna, whirlpool, areas for aerobic dance and office space.

This level could have areas of glass flooring so swimmers on the first level could be seen by those working out.

A running track would constitute the third level. With the swimming moat, runners would be able to run eight laps to a mile continuously.

Hettler said he chose Allen Center for the site of his proposed facility because of the amount of space surrounding the building, the convenient parking and its central location. In addition, there had been a proposal to turn Allen into a conference center which eventually may be affiliated with Health Services. But regardless of what the building was used for, Hettler says his proposed facility would not interfere with Allen's interior.

Hettler feels the project would be fairly economic. "By building the facility around an already existing building, one wall would already be in place," said Hettler. "The moat on the first level would not have to be deep, and as a result would require less reinforcement and filtration than a deep pool."

In order to finance this facility, Hettler has suggested that a given amount of money be taken from student fees per semester.

Supreme Court rules on draft

by Mike Daehn

The Supreme Court ruled last Thursday that the governor is not infringing unconstitutional punishment by denying federal aid to male college students who fail to register for the draft.

In a 6-2 vote the justices upheld 1982 law that disqualifies male college students who haven't registered from receiving federal grant or loan money.

The draft status disclosure law was challenged by 11 students who were represented by MPIRG (Minnesota Public Interest Research Group) lawyers, in a federal court last year.

They claimed it was a law "by which the federal government attempts an end around the constitution, overriding individual rights for the sake of mere administrative convenience."

MPIRG further complained that the "forces self-incrimination, punishes allegedly criminal conduct without trial or conviction, and discriminates on the basis of race, sex and wealth."

Federal Judge Donald Alan Minnesota court agreed the law was discriminatory and an impermissible form of punishment.

The Supreme Court decision was the result of a federal appeal on the MPIRG case. In his majority opinion on the draft registration law, often referred to as the Solemn Oath, Chief Justice War-ren Burger wrote: "Conditioning receipt of federal aid on the registration ofSelective Service plainly a rational means to improve compliance with the registration requirement."

Burger added that no student was under any compulsion to seek federal financial aid and therefore had no reason to make any statement as to whether or not he had registered. Consequently, the court ruled students are not being coerced into a self-incriminating statement.

The ruling has little direct bearing on UWSP financial aid procedures since the campus office has been asking federal aid recipients to sign a registration statement for over a year, with very few complaints. The Supreme Court ruling just means they'll continue this procedure—at the cost of a little extra paperwork.

Lawsuit update

by Mike Daehn

The question of whether terms of the Nigerian law-suit, settled out of court, should be made public might have to be decided by a judge.

The lawsuit, filed by three UWSP Nigerian students against the city, several police officers, and several private parties back to a summer of 1982 beating incident. The three received various injuries in an assault outside a downtown drinking establishment.

Portage County District Attorney John Ongsa has been exploring a variety of means to secure the settlement figures for public knowledge. The Stevens Point Journal has requested his assistance in gaining access to the appropriate city records, but Ongsa said these records are in the private possession of Sentry Insurance, which handled the city's claim.

According to City Attorney Lodey Molespeke, both Sentry and the city want the terms made public. But student allegedly requested a confidence clause be written into the settlement. Molespeke says the city is bound by the terms of the agreement. He has, however, asked for a formal reply from Sentry stating why the terms won't be released.

Based on the content of that reply, Molespeke will decide whether to ask Federal Judge John Shabas to allow the settlement in such a way that the city's expenses may be made public. Ongsa is also waiting for this formal response before planning any further action.

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SGA named best in system

For the second time, the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point has been honored for having the outstanding student government of the year in the UW System.

President Robert O'Neil announced the recognition and presented a traveling plaque to Scott West, outgoing president of the UW-SP Student Government Association and to UW-SP Chancellor Philip Marshall.

The award was established in 1976, and UW-SP was a winner for the 1980-81 academic year. Only UW- Stout and UW-Superior have been two-time winners previously.

West said student leaders have excelled during the past year in the administration and budgeting of student activity fees; communication efforts to encourage greater student involvement in campus governance and of its kind in the nation, according to West.

For many years, UW-SP student government has had unusually broad power from the top university administration to handle and decide on the distribution of student activities fees to campus organizations.

In its stepped up efforts to have stronger communication ties with the student body, the campus government leaders established a newsletter and also mailed post cards to everyone enrolled at UW-SP before each election of both public and campus government elected officials. West said that getting out a larger than usual number of student voters in the spring election resulted in the victories of two student members to the county board of supervisors and one student member to the city council.

Helbach runs again

State Senator David Helbach (D-Stevens Point) announced today that he will seek re-election to his 24th Senate District seat this fall. The 24th Senate District includes all of Portage and Wood counties and portions of Adams and Waupaca counties.

Helbach, 35, was elected to the Senate last August in a special election to complete the term of William Babbit, who was elected to the State Supreme Court. He is seeking a full four-year term in the November election, which will be his third election race in two years. He ran for and gained re-election to the State Assembly in 1982 and campaigned a year later for his current seat in the Senate.

Senator Helbach was first elected to the Assembly in 1978 and was re-elected in 1980 and again in 1982. Shortly after his election to the Senate, Helbach was appointed to the Legislature's Joint Committee on Finance, in a move unprecedented for that body. Appointment to the powerful committee traditionally is based on seniority. He also is chairman of the Senate Subcommittee on Groundwater and is a member of the Senate Committees on Energy and Environmental Resources, Judiciary and Consumer Affairs, and Tourism and Revenue.

As a member of the Assembly for five years, Helbach served on the Joint Finance Committee and was co-chairman of the Legislature's Rural Caucus. He also chaired the Assembly Elections Committee and was a member of a number of other committees of that House.

"While I've had the opportunity to address today's major issues, my primary concern has been to make state government as responsive and accessible as possible to the people I represent," Helbach said in announcing his candidacy.

"Government should not overwhelm people; it should serve them. But too often bureaucratic red tape makes our government seem remote and inaccessible. I have worked to cut that red tape by helping people throughout our district with the everyday problems they've had with state government."

Helbach is a lifelong resident of the 24th Senate District. He was born in Stevens Point, graduated from Pacelli High School in 1967 and was a 1972 graduate of the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point.

"I believe I know the people of this district and understand their concerns," he said. "Combined with my legislative experience, this makes it possible for me to be an active voice for Central Wisconsin in the State Senate."

The past year as a member of the Senate has been a rewarding one for me in terms of accomplished legislative goals.
Job market looking good for 1984 graduates

Two pieces of information are being emphasized when students seek assistance from career counselors at the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point:

1. Employment opportuni-
ties are available, especial-
ly for graduates with de-
grees from UW-SP hav-
ing been expanding during the past year, giving hope for bright for more improve-
ments in the next few months.

2. There is a growing number of people entering teaching careers, and burnout is a major concern. What are the implications for graduates in fields such as education and the sciences? Many students are seeking alternatives to traditional teaching positions.

Faculty unsatisfied with salary recommendations

After a series of debates throughout the spring on how to react to a Governor's Fac-
ulty Compensation Study Committee report, profes-
sors at the University of Wis-
consin-Stevens Point have come to a consensus.

In short, they are not happy with the re-
recommendations but applaud the fact that formal action has been taken in support of their demands for improved salaries.

The UW-SP Faculty Senate unanimously passed a resolu-
tion Wednesday that was drafted by its Faculty Compensation Study Committee, stating that the senate "supports any effort that results in equitable distribution of sal-
aries within the UW System.

"Although there are seri-
ous flaws in documenting the salary crisis in institutions of the University Cluster, the Senate believes the recom-
"mendations made by the Governor's Faculty Compen-
sation Study Committee con-
imply the decisive first step toward resolving the inade-
quate, unwarranted and unjust salary levels of the UW faculty and academic staff, and ensuring that these inadequate considera-
tions do not recur," the report states.

"Furthermore, the Senate believes an appropriate sec-
ond step must be to bring faculty and academic staff salary levels to the level of purchasing power which ex-
isted prior to the merger in 1972," the resolution con-
cluded.

Justus Paul, chairman of the senate, commended the leadership role that his colleagues played in the debate over the proposal, and other professors also supported the senate's resolution.

Greece Program

by Phil Janus

With the popularity of in-
national programs, Helen
Cornell, director of the pro-
grams, continues to work on expanding them. According to Cornell, the most impor-
tant part in the planning stage is finding a place for the students to stay.

"I'm going to Greece next week to look for a site. Based on this, it's just a guess, we'll probably end up in Athens," she said.

The trips abroad run any-
where from four to eight weeks with Spain being the least expensive and Australia being the most expensive.

"The difference in price range comes simply from travel and room expenses," Cornell said.

Included in the semester abroad fees are tuition costs (with 13 to 17 credits avail-
able), room and board, a three to four-week tour of assorted countries, and sev-
eral sponsored trips. Stu-
dents supply only their spending money.

An average of approxi-
ately 25 students per year with the exception of the increasingly popular Britain trip, partici-
ate in exchange programs. An-
average of 50 students travel to Britain each semester.

Fail trips include various countries such as Britain, Germany, Spain, Poland and Taiwan. In the spring, pro-
grams are offered in Britain, Australia and possibly Greece.
UWSP department promotes "Geographic Literacy"

American students may be able to speak intelligently about current events, but they are often ignorant of the location of the happenings. For that reason, the geography/geology department at the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point is involved in being part of a new campaign to promote "geographic literacy" in all levels of education.

Computers are expected to be effective in helping do the job, explains Thomas Detwyler, who chairs the department. He will begin his second three-year term in that office this fall.

A specialist in environmental science who came to UWSP from Willamette University in Salem, Ore., in 1981, Detwyler says his discipline has been poorly represented in the schools of this country. The result is epitomized in the fact that almost half of the participants in a national survey could not identify on maps the locations of some of the most important countries of the world.

Colorado has become a leader in overcoming the problem, Detwyler reports. He and his colleagues within their own UWSP department plus geography departments throughout the UW System are exploring ways to help begin correcting the situation in Wisconsin.

Uncle Sam wants Spot

The Department of Defense Dog Center at Lackland AFB in San Antonio, Texas, is offering a rewarding career in the military for your dog. You or your dog can donate your pet or receive up to $400.00 if the dog is accepted into the program.

At least 22 inches tall at the shoulders, and weigh at least 55 pounds, the dogs must pass certain psychological and physical tests including a response to gunfire, a test for aggression and a physical examination.

Command trains the dogs in a variety of duties including protection of the president, detection of explosives and narcotics, and patrolling military installations.

Recruiters at the center are looking for German Shepherds, Rottweilers and Border Collies that possess the right qualifications for the military working dog program. They must show predominant characteristics of their breed, be between one and three years old, be able to speak intelligently about current events, but they are often ignorant of the location of the happenings. For that reason, the geography/geology department at the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point is involved in being part of a new campaign to promote "geographic literacy" in all levels of education.

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Would you like to own a car that had an engine made of plastic?

A chemist at the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point has been selected to help the scientific community find new ways of producing materials that would make it possible to mass produce such devices. The engine is only one example of the kinds of things that could become commonplace if high-strength polymers, such as plastics, could be perfected to withstand high temperatures for extended periods of time.

John Droske, 27-year-old resident of the city, is the recipient of a $15,000 grant from the American Chemical Society Petroleum Research Fund to finance his independent studies during the next two years.

The sponsoring organization awards about 100 grants each year to finance research by younger faculty on American campuses. However, only 15 of the recipients are chosen from institutions that specialize in undergraduate instruction such as UWSP. All other award winners represent Ph.D.-granting schools.

Droske has completed his second year at UWSP. He received his Ph.D. in 1983 from Colorado State University. Most plastics decompose at temperatures less than 200 degrees Celsius, so the assistant professor says he will explore ways to prepare polymers that withstand temperatures of 600 degrees Fahrenheit or 316 degrees Celsius for extended periods of time.

Examples of the current needs, he explains are jet and rocket engines, aircraft exteriors and interior components, and auto engines.

A prototype auto engine has been made with thermally stable polymers, he reports. The engine, including the block, is made primarily of graphite-reinforced plastic composites. It weighs about 30 percent less than a conventional metal auto engine.

Droske says jet and rocket engines are beginning to be designed with thermally stable plastic parts because decreasing weight affords increased fuel efficiency and/or speed.

Department chairs appointed

James M. Haine, a corporate attorney turned professor, has been named acting head of the division of business and economics at the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point. His appointment is effective Aug. 1 and continues for one year.

Haine will succeed Robert Taylor who had been in the position the past three years and is leaving to assume a similar position at the University of Louisville in Kentucky.

He will teach part-time, handle administrative duties and be involved in the recruitment of a new head of the division, which has one of the fastest growing academic programs on campus.

Russell Oliver has been reappointed as head of the School of Education at the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point.

He also will continue holding the concurrent title of associate dean of the College of Professional Studies.

Oliver is completing his 20th year on the UWSP faculty and became head of the School of Education in 1978.
By Becky Otto

Are you overtired? Are you once slender thighs now thundering every time you walk? Does the thought of making it for lunch anymore? Is the pressure of school making you feel like you're losing your marbles? If you find any of these questions to be true, maybe you should take part in the National Wellness Conference slated for the week of July 15-21, here at UWSP.

The Conference has scheduled workshops all week long, including such topics as: spiritual wellness, nutrition and wellness, and the healing power of laughter. The latter is a workshop given by Matt Slabon, as a way of the medical world has incorporated the element of laughter and play into recovery programs.

The wellness concept is relatively new, but boasts a long following. Jane P. Jones, Assistant, Director of UWSP's Institute for Lifestyle Improvement, explained, "It's an idea whose time has come. People want to be responsible for all areas of their life. Feeling good is important and knowing they are contributing to their well-being is a part of this."

The wellness craze at UWSP started nine years ago, when Bill Hetlinger and Bob Bowen sponsored the first National Conference. The Conference focuses people's concept of wellness and the importance of their practices into their lifestyles. Students, staff, and faculty can take advantage of this conference since they are able to attend for free.

The constitution of the Institute for Lifestyle Improvement, which sponsors the National Conference states, "The purpose of the Conference is to provide national leadership in the development of wellness and health promotion programs." The objective is to get people involved with themselves and improve their quality of wellness in their lives. Programs in nutrition, stress, and exercise help people get in touch with their bodies and do make a difference in their lives.

Jones says, "Forty years ago exercise wasn't considered fun, especially for women. Our mothers had little idea about the benefits of nutrition and exercise. Not exercising was commonplace as a sign of health was unheard of."

The highlight of the Conference will be the final keynote address given by Sister Colman O'Connell on Spiritual Wellness. Spiritual Wellness is a fast growing aspect of wellness.

"Spiritual Wellness is different to everyone. To me, it means being happy with my religion and God, and the universe. It means having a purpose in life and always being on a unique journey.

In today's society where public values and morals are always in constant turmoil, to be at spiritual peace with yourself is important for total well-being," explained Jones.

Where is this wellness concept leading people? According to Jones, "Today, in society, we pay for insurance to cover our illnesses. Wellness practice is another preventive medicine. Jones stated, "People will be healthier if they take more responsibility for themselves and their health practices. Earlier health care, knowing the benefits of exercising, and knowing the risks of smoking will help achieve longer and healthier lives."

Opinion

by Phil Jannus

The debate on who should pick baseball's summer classic has been a problem ever since its induction in 1933.

In its first two years of existence, the fans picked, but from 1935-1946 the honor was given to the managers. For nine years from 1946-58, the fans were again allowed to pick the all-stars, until a Cincinnati radio station campaign put five Reds in the starting lineup. This brought yet another halt to fan voting.

The present system where fans pick the starters and the managers do the rest was introduced in 1970 and has been a mainstay ever since.

The argument that fans don't give the all-stars of today but rather the superstar of yesterday is only partly true. One reason is the plethora of the Pirates and the Cubs' Ryne Sandberg, both young superstars, were voted to the starting lineup in the National League.

As for the rest of the team, it seems the fans didn't aprove an admirable job. According to a poll of baseball players taken by USA Today, 11 of the same starters were named to the team. Only two players in the National League and three in the American separate the fans' team from the players' team.

The two mistakes the fans supposedly made in the National League were at first base and right field. The players felt the Cubs' Leon Durham and the Giants' Jack Clark should have filled those respective spots instead of the fans' choice of Steve Garvey and Darryl Strawberry.

The alleged mistakes by the fans started nine years ago seem to get real small when you consider that neither Durham nor Clark were even named to the reserve by National League Manager Paul Owens.

In the American League the differences between fans and players were at first base, third base and right field. The fans voted to see three future Hall-of-Famers, Rod Carew, George Brett and Reggie Jackson, and the players felt Eddie Murray of Baltimore, Buddy Bell of Texas and Jim Rice of Boston earned those starting spots.

Before I even examine the differences here, I think it's fair to point out that the all-star game is a fans' game. Also, no matter who picks the team there are always going to be players with outstanding years left off. With a 28-man roster you just can't please everyone.

Case in point; neither Durham and Brett were left off this year's National League squad. As for the fans choosing Carew, Brett and Jackson, I don't think any major league manager would complain about having those three in the lineup. After all, it wasn't long ago that Carew and Brett were making their bids at a .400 season, and Reggie was earning his illustrious nickname, "Mr. October."

The all-star game is a fun game for the average baseball fan. To me that means you need a Reggie Jackson, a Steve Garvey, and some of the other all-time greats. After all, what's an all-star game without those few future Hall-of-Famers?

For the true baseball purist there's the pennant races and the World Series. Let the average baseball fan have the mid-season classic. And if the majority of people want to see the likes of Carew, Brett and Garvey, then so be it. After all, aren't the true all-stars the fans' favorite anyway?

Orientation oddities observed

by Chris Celicowski

As a group leader who has taken hundreds of freshmen through the registration program here this summer, I've been fortunate to observe the diversity among them that makes the college campus a unique ecosystem. With this in mind, and my sincerest apologies to the father of taxonomy Carolus Linneaus, I present excerpts from the UW-Stevens Point Field Guide to Entering Freshmen.

SPACECADET (Whatisgoingon) - Members of this species are easily identified by the faded rock concert t-shirt or music shirt adorned with their backs. Males of this species perform an exotic pre-mating ritual at the orientation dance called "air guitar" playing. Females frequently tried to interest them in their hobbies by simply saying, "I like to party."

REBEL WITHOUT A CAUSE (Arrogant disruptors) - Although indistinguishable by most physical characteristics, these animals are easily spotted through their attitude. Lightheartedness and boredom impress even the most casual observer. These creatures can be laughable little because they claim to "know it all." They frequently congregate together because no one else in the orientation pack can stand them.

JOCK (Naive naive) - These amiable folks talk to their "coach" before they can perform even the simplest of tasks. They demonstrate such faith in the coach that they believe even a ves­ tigious death wouldn't have trouble duplicating.

And another species is the "gangster," defined as students that "graduated." From there they will insinuate into any one of several hundred species and join a society of more confusing ecosystem known as society.

The preceding is just a sample of the many species of freshmen that enter the hallowed walls of academe every fall. Fortunately, most members of the family will mutate in some way or another into a more portable form and classes for them. This species frequently becomes depressed in the fall and dies off after one or two years. However, research scientists have recently developed an antigravity product within the campus habitat usually lasts two to three years.

AURORAYDS (Pusilastic parents) - This species lies at the bottom of the food chain. Overbearing and overprotective parents want to be a part of their offspring's education so much, they take them to class and classes for them. This species frequently becomes depressed in the fall and dies off after one or two years. However, research scientists have recently developed an antigravity product within the campus habitat usually lasts two to three years.

BRIDAL BETTY (Kwiknuptunia) - Once thought to have been a dying breed, this species has made a strong comeback on college campuses like UWSP. These creatures come to college hoping to leave with a Mrs. degree. Their plumage varies with current culture, style and taste and is designed to attract possessive "graduates." This species becomes depressed in the fall and dies off after one or two years. However, research scientists have recently developed an antigravity product within the campus habitat usually lasts two to three years.

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Mad party announces presidential nominee

Alfred E. Neuman today announced his candidacy for the MAD Party nomination for president of the United States. He was immediately challenged to a debate by Pat Paulsen, perennial candidate for president, who attended the press conference.

Calling for less campaign rhetoric as one answer to air pollution, Neuman vowed not to promise a thing. He claims he made all the promises in 1980 that his opponents are making now.

"Do you realize the country in the brink of ruin?" he asked. "Elect me and I'll eat men even more mice." He was really excited last November, appears he has recovered. But he wasn't interested because he said, "I want to reach the people." Paulsen proclaimed. "I want to hear their inner thoughts, soothe their wounded pride. But most of all I'd like to make a buck; why should I be different from anybody else?"

In spite of his past political defeats, Paulsen has once more tossed his hat in the ring because, he said, "I don't have any new ideas .. . I just recycle the old ones.

"If elected, I will pattern my administration after that of the man I consider the greatest president we ever had, William Henry Harrision. He served only 31 days."

Neuman declared his opposition to urban blight by demanding that each political poster be responsible for removing all his campaign posters after the election.

During the ensuing debate between the two candidates, Paulsen, as standard bearer for the Straight Talking American Government (STAG) Party, outlined his position on a number of important issues:

Regarding proposed tax cuts, he stated, "Cutting taxes is a big mistake. The people don't need money, the government does. The people will just blow it on things like food and clothing.

Paulsen reminded the audience that solutions are not the answer. Commenting on patriotism, he said, "You hear a lot of unpatriotic talk that America has lost its edge in mediocrity ... ball feathers."

On sex education he summed up his feelings by declaring, "I am opposed to sex education in schools. Let the man clarify his position on various key issues:

The peace time draft. "I will raise the draft age to 65 and remove the exemption for legislators. If they know the man clarified his position on various key issues:

The peace time draft. "I will raise the draft age to 65 and remove the exemption for legislators. If they know the Republican Party.

"The Republican Party has a program to solve all the problems of 1928, in case this year ever comes back."

"The Democratic Party.

"The Democratic Party offers hundreds of programs to benefit those who are willing to vote, but not willing to work."

The energy crisis. Every time OPEC raises the price of oil, we should raise the price of Coke and Pepsi overseas."

Urging the American people to "vote mad" and support the Write-in Neuman (W.I.N.) ticket, Alfred declared, "Sure I'm dumb, but tell me something smart that the others have done!"

Neuman for President T-shirts, bumper stickers and write-in ballots are available. For information write to: Alfred For President, 2080 A Calumet Street, Clearwater, FL 33575.

Snake savors succulent snack after illness

Beauregard the boa constrictor, which was found burned and dehydrated in the closet of a student rooming house in Stevens Point last November, appears to have recovered.

He has been nursed back to health in the Museum of Natural History at the University of Wisconsin-Steven Point "where I had my doubts for the longest time that he'd ever get better," says Education Curator Ed Marks.

Earlier this month marked a major turning point. The snake ate 17 mice. It was the first food he had consumed since Christmas time.

"We had been offering him mice about every two weeks, but he wasn't interested before," Marks reports. "He ate them right out of my hand. I had to watch it because he could have nicked me when he would strike so fast. He was really excited and probably could have eaten even more mice."

Boas can live, according to information gathered by Marks, up to a year without eating if they start out healthy and with ample weight. Beauregard probably was eating well prior to being found wrapped around a hot water pipe in the closet of the rooming house, the curator reports. The students had been living there about seven months.

Because he is a creature of the tropics and needs to be warm to digest food and have normal metabolic processes, the pipe which was connected to a hot water heating system was an attraction. However, his skin became badly burned in parts and he was covered with sores when the Portage County Humane Society brought him to the museum for care. Besides that, the dehydration was a problem and a stubborn respiratory ailment reduced chances for recovery of the snake which is believed to be about 3½ years old.

Michael Rosek, a local veterinarian, donated his services in the treatments. The museum, in turn, purchased vitamin C and about $20 worth of medication to treat the respiratory problem. The stores continued to heal with each shedding of skin. Some scar tissue remains, though.

Marks says Beauregard, which has been curled up in a cage in view of museum visitors, is expected to be used in the future for interpretative programs.

Meanwhile, Marks is giving a "Mad" breakfast in honor of Beauregard in about two weeks. A freshly-killed rat may be served to the five foot snake.

I want your mice!

Summer Sale Days

Great bargains throughout the store. Save up to 80% on summer dresses, skirts, blouses, es, camisoles, and sundresses. Hurry in for the best selection.

Hardly Ever

Mon.-Tues. 10-5:30
Weds. 10-1:00
Fri. 10-5:00
Sat. 10-5:00
Glass with class

"New Glass," sculptural glass works by four Wisconsin artists is on exhibit through July 28 in the Edna Carter Gallery, Fine Arts Center.

Artists exhibiting in the show are: Tom Schrader, a Philadelphia native who now teaches at UW-Marathon Center; David Leppel, a Minneapolis artist who was educated at the University of Massachusetts and at UW-Madison; and James Van Deursen, who was born in De Pere, educated in UW-Madison, and was a visiting artist at Kent State during the spring semester.

According to Mark Spencer, gallery director, Wisconsin has had a strong tradition of "studio glass," beginning with Harvey Littleton of UW-Madison in the 1960s. Spencer says all of the artists in this show have had an association with Wisconsin, by being born here, going to school in the state or currently living and teaching here.

Summer gallery hours are 10 a.m. to 2 p.m., Monday through Friday, and 7 to 9 p.m., July 10-28, during the university's summer theatre season.

Wildlife art boosts Treehaven

An oil painting by an award-winning artist has been donated to the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point Foundation for use in raising money to complete Treehaven, the UW-SP natural resources field station/camp near Tomahawk.

A limited number of 500 prints of "Ruffled Grouse in Snow" by Lee LeBlanc of Iron River, Mich., and Mcnecqua, are being made for sale at the price of $125 each.

Leonard Gibb, the foundation's executive director, expects sales to clear about $7,500.

LeBlanc, who won the 1973-74 federal duck stamp competition, says the value of the painting at $5,000. When Treehaven is completed, the work will be placed on permanent display there.

Treehaven covers about 1,000 acres in the Town of King, Lincoln County, and is scheduled to open next summer with a housing, dining and general purpose lodge and overnight accommodations for about 130 people.

The second phase of construction is expected to begin in August on two 24-bed dorms plus the 6,000 square foot classroom building at a total cost of about $200,000. The state will pay about half of that amount on the classroom building and back a loan for the other half which will be repaid by revenues from student users.

The UW-SP foundation established the camp after receiving the land as a gift from Jacques and Dorothy Valler of Fox Point, Tomahawk. The first $800,000 in improvements on the property, including a lodge named for the late Irwin Young of Palmyra, a director's residence and storage buildings, roads, parking, water and sewer facilities were constructed with money donated from private sources. To speed up the project so the camp could be occupied by next year, the state agreed to finance the second phase of work.

LeBlanc's prints will be the kickoff for a $400,000 fund raising campaign to cover the third and final phase of the plan. This phase are two eight-bed dorms to house faculty and students as well as a 4,000 square foot building, and utility/landscaping improvements.

Cont. on p. 10
Cartography defined

by Ed Torpy

Cartography is defined as the art of science of making maps. If things go as expected, cartography will have a new meaning for UWSP students. It is quite possible that a cartography specialization will be offered with a geography major or minor.

But why would anyone want to make maps for a living? Well, if you’ve been watching the news or reading the papers, you have probably heard that we are becoming less of an industrial society and more of an information society. This is where maps come in. A map has the ability to give a great deal of information at a glance.

Another reason why cartography may be offered as an emphasis in a geography major or minor is because of the advancement in computer technology. It is now possible to program a computer to make maps from the data that is fed into it. This means that it is now possible to provide very detailed and specialized maps much more quickly and easily than was possible only a few years ago.

Private industry is now beginning to utilize this valuable information that cartography can provide. For example, when McDonald’s decides to build another franchise, it will first try to determine the best location.

But there is more to choosing a location than looking at present conditions; it is also important to consider how the location may change in the future. Through the use of computer assisted cartography, it is possible to draw a hypothetical map of a city ten years in the future. At the present, the government makes more maps than any major publishing agency. But it is expected that as society becomes more information oriented, so will businesses; and the demand for people in cartography will continue to grow rapidly.

Cartography looks like a very attractive field for anyone interested in geography.

LeBlanc art, cont.

Gibb said he hopes phase three can get underway next summer and be completed by the summer of 1986.

For construction to get started next month on the two 24-bed dorms and classroom building, the state is utilizing designs commissioned last year by the university foundation from Architecture North Limited of Woodruff.

Gibb said the state will not be involved in financing any part of the final phase of work. It was fortunate, he explained, that assistance could be received for the work about to begin. “Due to the strength of our natural resources program, the state was eager to help make the camp operational,” he added.

A mailing list of alumni, parents of natural resources students, past supporters of the UW-SP natural resources program and of organizations concerned about environmental protection will be used to make solicitations for the sale of the LeBlanc prints.

A 4 by 5-inch replica of the painting will be included in each letter of solicitation. LeBlanc’s work has become known to many of those on the mailing lists. He is a former administrator of special photographic effects for MGM Studios who went into book illustration work after leaving his post in California in 1962. Several state chapters of Ducks Unlimited have named him “artist of the year.” The states of Arkansas and South Carolina chose him as the artist to design their “First of State” Migratory Waterfowl Hunting Stamps for 1981. He also did the Deer Unlimited, Wild Turkey Federation and Striped Bass Association stamps and prints in 1982.
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Letters to the Editor

To the Editor:

If a man who would make the U.S. Constitution, the Congress and the Supreme Court subject to the dictates of a World Government and a World Court is not to be classified as a Traitor, then to whom should the term apply? And why?

During World War Two, President Franklin D. Roosevelt and Sir Winston Churchill joined with Russia, (our declared enemy then, as now) to defeat Germany.

Russia has four times the population and more than sixty times the land of Germany. It is a danger to the United States, which Germany was not.

Today, President Ronald Reagan, under the pressure of American Jews, is driving Moslem nation after nation into the arms of Russian Communistism. Who are the traitors? Where are the fools?

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PERSONAL: Dear Little Dude: I'm sorry I can't make it to your birthday party. Save me a piece of smashed cake and remember that you're my sweetie! Happy Birthday! Love M—.

PERSONAL: Hey Mark and Deb! Congratulations and best wishes. Hope you two can survive each other. The Atlantic Ocean may never be the same after your cruise! Love, the accident victim.

PERSONAL: A big thanks to everybody who worked on the Pointer summer issues. Your help was most appreciated! Melissa.

Three outdoor movies, free to the public, will be held during July at the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point.

The University Activities Board, a student organization, will sponsor the showings as a public service in the landscaped outdoor lounge area behind the dormitories at the corner of Maria Drive and Isadore Streets.

The schedule is “Dead Men Don't Wear Plaid,” July 12; “Close Encounters of the Third Kind,” July 19; and “On Golden Pond,” July 26.

Showtimes will be at dusk, about 8:30 p.m.

Free parking is available in lots P and V on Isadore Street, directly across from the DeBot Center.

Vb, fr. [L. de- Liberare: to liberate] 1) to set free 2) to hand over, convey

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Aug. 6th-Aug. 24th
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