Lee Burress speaking at the Eleventh Annual W.I.F.C. Conference

**Folk Fest strumming along**

**UWSP News Service**

The University Activities Board will host "Folk Fest '88," Friday through Sunday, March 4 through 6, at the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point.

Advance passes for the event in the Encore of the University Center are available at the Information Desk and at the Stevens Point Area Co-Op. The passes are $7 each. A limited number of tickets for individual shows will be available at the door for $4. On Sunday, admission is free and children will be admitted free.

On Friday afternoon, preceding the opening of the Folk Fest, the electric guitar, a local progressive dance band, will play from 3 to 5 p.m. in The Encore. Sponsored by UAB, admission to the performance is free.

At 8 p.m., local artists Mike Skurek will begin the festival entertainment, followed by singer/songwriter Jim Post. Post will perform his one-man musical docu-drama, "Galena Ross: How Whisky Won the West." The story chronicles the history of Galena during its mining boom and decline during the mid-1800s. An acclaimed vocalist, humorist and writer of more than 600 songs, Post has recorded 13 albums and appeared in concert throughout the country.

On Saturday at 8 p.m., Bell and Shore, an Iowa-based country-folk duo, will begin the concert. The backbones of their material is Nathan Bell's music, described by reviewers as "socially incisive...with a twist of comedy," "educated and lucid," "literate, highly original." Appearing frequently on National Public Radio, the duo has performed at colleges, clubs and concert halls throughout the United States. The couple's first album, "Little Movie," a Flying Fish 400, is due out this month.

Detroit native Claudia Schmidt, who now lives in Milwaukee, will follow Bell and Shore. Schmidt has been performing professionally for 10 years, beginning in Chicago, then moving across the U.S. and Canada, and recently touring in western Europe. She has played extensively on public radio, serving as a frequent and popular guest on "A Prairie Home Companion." As Garrison Keillor, creator and former host of the program says, "When 'audia sings a song, it stays with you.'" Tom Surwecz of Minnesota's "City Pages," describes her voice as, "clear as a supper bell, strong as three-day-old tea." Stereo Review awarded her album, "Midwestern Heart," an honorable mention as album of the year.

On Sunday, area artists J.R. and Tom Pease will present a family-oriented show, beginning at 3 p.m. Booth, of Amherst, is a writer/musician who accompanies himself on guitar, piano and flute. His songs are extensions of his working and traveling experiences, a Portland lumberyard, oil rigs in Wyoming and Nacs in the Stevens Point healing, carpentry work in Texas, factories in Milwaukee, and points in between. Booth's first recording, "Yarns," released on his own label, Firefly Jam Music, is a collection of 10 original tunes featuring backing musicians Randy Sahlen, Scott Huebert and Dan Alffuth.

Pease, who also lives in Amherst, is a modern-day troubador whose songs often reflect his strong sense of place and community. He performs for young people in Wisconsin schools, sings at coffee-shops and festivals and plays on radio and television. "Monsters in the Closet," is the title of his recent recording for children, and "Boogie, Boogie, Boogie," is the name of a recent album.

A number of faculty, administrators, and community representatives gathered Monday to discuss minority faculty retention at UWSP.

**Minority faculty discrimination noted**

**Paul Jankowski**

News Editor

Chancellor Phillip Marshall chaired an open meeting of the university faculty, administration and community representatives Monday in the Founder's Room of Old Main. The meeting discussed means of increasing minority faculty retention on the Stevens Point campus.

Minority faculty noted discrimination in housing in Stevens Point. When mentioning that they worked for the university people often asked if they were working as janitors. One man noted an instance where someone in a pickup truck tried...
Robertson rocks
Pat Robertson is making a strong showing in the Republican presidential candidate races. The former television evangelist for the Christian Broadcasting Network has some interesting presidential views.

Inter Greek Council
IGC was officially sanctioned by the UWSP Student Government Association last Thursday evening as forty plus "Greeks" looked on. The new organization will bring together various already-existing greek organizations on campus.

G'day mate
Notes from abroad come as the way from Australia this week. See what fellow students are up to in the land down under.

Everybody was Kungfu
ning, and fun are all a part of the judo club's philosophy. The Oshkosh group will conduct their next training session on Friday.

Runners' weekend
Both the men's and women's track teams made strong showings at last weekend's meets in Oshkosh.

Grappling glory
Ryan Burns' hot streak continues and Bob Calhoun overcame a four back as both wrestlers earned births in the National Wrestling Tournament.

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FOR SALE

Common Cause held a news conference at 9 A.M. Monday at the Holiday Inn here in Stevens Point.

The purpose of the News Conference was to release the results of a public opinion survey of taxpayer attitudes toward public financing of elections in Wisconsin and Minnesota. The random telephone survey was funded by Common Cause and conducted by the Survey Center at St. Norbert College in De Pere.

The nonpartisan government watchdog group also announced the selection of Portage County for a test of a public information campaign on election financing. The test will determine whether public education efforts can be used to increase public understanding and support of the $1 income tax check-off.

Participants in the news conference included Common Cause staff and state Governing Board members, a representative of the St. Norbert College Survey Center and area legislators.

According to Stevens Point College Republican President Mike Roth, Stevens Point will see two prominent Republicans this Friday and Saturday.

At 6:00 P.M. this Friday Governor Tommy Thompson will be speaking in the Sentry Theater about his Property Tax Initiative.

Fortune 500 companies report that marijuana use (or the suspicion of same) is the single biggest disinqualifier of otherwise qualified job applicants. More than two-thirds of those surveyed said smoking marijuana after work decreased an employee's productivity, and 47 percent said they wouldn't hire an otherwise qualified candidate if they believed the person smoked marijuana.

MR? MEASELS? Rubella, actually, a highly contagious strain. When three students at Fort Lewis College (Colo.) contracted it in December, public health officials moved in and quarantined the entire college for a short time. Those who couldn't prove immunization couldn't go to class. Also, the under-30 set who weren't around the last time there was a rubella epidemic, and thus did not acquire natural immunity, were banned from basketball games.

CAMPAININ IN HIS NA­ TIVE SOUTH, Reverend Jesse Jackson told students at the U of Alabama that he would help create a "New South" as president. The longtime Chicago resident won an enthusiastic reception.

Turn to page 31

Weekend Forecast

Thursday, March 3-
Partly cloudy and cool, with a high of 32 degrees. Winds northeast at 7-12 miles per hour.

Friday, March 4-
Partly cloudy and pleasant, with a high of 36 degrees.

Saturday, March 5-
Partly cloudy and with a high of 43 degrees.

Writer's needed
Dial X2249

Campus Notes

HERE'S A TWIST: A West Point cadet with a 2.4 GPA says he's been kicked out of the academy because he refused, as an upperclassman, to haze freshmen. At the academy, upperclassmen are supposed to enforce the "Fourth Class System," where plebes are forced to do things like walk at a quick pace around the place and eat at a position of attention. He refused to support the practice and upon returning from winter break, officials told him he was dismissed.

IT'S SAFE TO GO BACK INTO THE WATER-hot tubs, that is—at Richs College (Idaho). School officials decided to delay until next fall the adoption of a rule restricting men and women from sharing hot tubs because of complaints by the only hot-tub owner in town—who also runs a university-approved residence hall. The rule states that hot tubs may not serve men and women at the same time and that, if a university-approved residence hall decides to build them, they must be far enough apart to "secure the privacy and integrity of the users."

SMOKE MARIJUANA? WE'RE NOT HIRING. A survey of personnel directors among Fortune 500 companies reports that marijuana use (or the suspicion of same) is the single biggest disinqualifier of otherwise qualified job applicants. More than two-thirds of those surveyed said smoking marijuana after work decreased an employee's productivity, and 47 percent said they wouldn't hire an otherwise qualified candidate if they believed the person smoked marijuana.

Restless Heart
March 17 St. Patrick's Day
7 p.m.
Country Rock sounds from a group that is riding the crest of current popular appeal. A number one album. Single hits that have made the top 40 charts, including the popular "I'll Still Be Loving You." One show only.

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"The Inn With The Stars"
Leadership conference
Women leaders share insights
UWSP News Service
The first of what is expected to be an annual Women in Leadership Conference will be held Saturday, March 5, at UWSP.
Shirley Faughn, co-founder and executive consultant for the Asian Group, a management training firm in Champaign, Ill., will be the keynote speaker.
She repeatedly tells audiences that "the most difficult challenge facing the woman leader today is not the question of 'can she do the job?' but 'will she be perceived as being able to do the job.'"
Faughn, who is in the process of completing work on a Ph.D in higher education administration at the University of Illinois, conducts programs on listening, assertiveness, time management, supervision and leadership.

Robertson running strong
by Paul Jankowski
News Editor
In spite of comedians, Pat Robertson is no joke. The former television evangelist who hosted the 700 Club is now a significant factor in the race for the Republican Presidential nomination for this year. Given almost no chance of success early on, he decisively won the first GOP caucus in Hawaii, came in second in Iowa, and is perceived as being able to do well in the primaries.

Remodeling delayed
by Paul Jankowski
News Editor
It won't be until 1990 or 1991 that the Foreign Language Lab will be remodeled according to Dr. Mark Seller, Chairman of the Foreign Language Department and William Johnson, Assistant to the Dean of the College of Letters and Science.
Under the Lab Modernization Program, several labs are scheduled for improvement. Unfortunately, for the Foreign Language Lab, it's not high on the priority list. Seller says that after the Biology, Chemistry, and Physics labs are completed, then it'll be time for the Foreign Language one.

Greeks ratified
by Paul Lehman
Staff writer
Last Thursday the UWSP Student Government Association recognized the InterGreek Council (IGC), allowing it to use university facilities and resources. Because fraternities and sororities discriminate against opposite sexes, IGC will receive no funding from SGA. IGC has been temporarily recognized since mid-October, giving it time to write its constitution.
According to John Lampert, president of IGC, the InterGreek Council will be a subsidiary of the SGA SOURCE subcommittee and will make only recommendations. SOURCE will make all final decisions.

Turn to page 5
Two senior art students at the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point are concerned that state officials will seek short-term cost savings and opt to install a new, inappropriate roofing material on Old Main Building that would be architecturally inappropriate.

Officially at the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point are concerned that state officials will seek short-term cost savings and opt to install a new, inappropriate roofing material on Old Main Building that would be architecturally inappropriate.

Over the long haul, the copper would be the most cost effective. Its proponents argue, because it would last about 80 years as opposed to an asphalt roof life expectancy of about 20 years.

Mary Williams, special assistant to the chancellor, said the state and the university have worked diligently in the past to retain the architectural integrity of Old Main during a removal of the north and west wings. The exterior of the building is very close to its appearance at the time it was erected in 1894.

It would be unfortunate to undo so much of what was done in the 1979-80 refurbishing project with the addition now of some inappropriate roofing materials, Williams laments.

"The roof on this building is extremely important to the overall appearance of this particular building," she adds.

Although the issue is scheduled to go before the State Building Commission tomorrow (Wednesday), Williams is trying to delay action until the next meeting in early April.

Two faculty members at the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point have been named to administrative positions after serving in those jobs recently on temporary appointments.

Eugene Johnson of the chemistry department was recommended by a search and screen committee and named by Justin Paul, dean of the College of Letters, Science and Education, to be associate dean of that college, beginning in January.

Johnson, who is chair of the Faculty Senate, will have a half-time teaching assignment and half-time administrative duties. He holds a doctorate from the University of North Carolina and Chapel Hill and has been at UWSP since 1978.

La Rene Tufts, who served the university since 1967, has been recommended by the faculty in the School of Communication Disorders to be head of that unit and associate dean of the College of Professional Studies. Holder of a doctorate from Indiana University, she was appointed to her position by Joan North, dean of the College of Professional Studies.

**Old Main's new roof disputed**

**Write the story break the news be a reporter x-4031**

**Lighting Improved**

**Blair Cleary**

Staff writer

Action has been taken on the lighting problem brought up earlier in the semester by Lynn Rosenow's security walk. Rosenow brought to the attention of the university several places in need of better night lighting. These locations included sidewalks both on campus and off.

Andy Hauck, an L and S faculty member, said that he would like to light the entire campus with metal lights but that cost is high. Hauck said that much was accomplished on the lighting problem in the hour-long meeting. Several places were mentioned for lighting improvements.

- A Baldwin Hall light was repaired 5 hours after the meeting.
- Lights on the south side of the University Center will be re-directed to light the entire building.
- Several new lights are on order for the Fine Arts Building and should be in place by next semester.
- Once the leaves come in in the spring they will be trimmed.

**Turn to page 5**

**Here's a shot of summer camp recruitment day. The event took place yesterday in the P.R.-U.C.**

**Johnson, Tufts moving up**

**UWSP News Service**

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**Spring Break Special**

**Lutsen**

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**Highest**

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**Utsen mountains**

**Good March 21, 1988**

**Lincoln Center** during March and at the Ruth Gilfry Center during April.

Nancy Watling of Rothschild will show 13 abstract watercolors and Joyce J. Heil of Fond du Lac will show about 10 abstract handmade paper pieces and watercolors. The displays are open to the public without charge between 7:30 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday.

This is Watling's exhibition to satisfy the requirements for a B.F.A. degree.

The daughter of Russell and Ruth Watling, 707 Urban, Rothschild, she is a 1983 graduate of Lower Meridian High School. A member of Phi Kappa honor society, the Spanish Club which she has served as president, Phi Kappa Phi honor society, and the Student Art League which she serves as vice-president.

Ruth Watling, 707 Urban, Rothschild, has published a poem in "Barney Street," the University Writers publication. She also co-facilitates an eating disorders group on campus.

Heil, daughter of John B. and Marjorie Heil, 32 N. Sallie Ave., Fond du Lac, is a 1984 graduate of L.P. Goodrich High School. A National Merit Finalist, she was the recipient of the Fond du Lac Artists' Association Scholarship and a Federated Women's Club award. An art and Spanish major, she traveled to Spain in 1985 on the Semester Abroad program.

At UWSP Heil is a member of Alpha Mu Gamama, the foreign language honor society, the Spanish Club which she has served as president, Phi Kappa Phi honor society, and the Student Art League which she serves as vice-president.

She received honorable mention in last year's juried student show and she was part of a recent "Food for Thought" exhibition at the Wausau Center for the Visual Arts. In April she will join several other art students in a B.F.A. exhibition at the Edma Carlson Gallery in the Fine Arts Center.

**JOB OPENING**

Operations Manager

Gain experience with personnel & accounting.

Must have good written and oral communication skills. Applications available Mon., Feb. 29, 10 a.m. Due by Mon., March 7.

Applications Available At: the Lower U.C.
346-3646
Welfare would be replaced by workfare-payment by state and local authorities for productive work. He also wants legislation to force fathers regardless of their marital status to pay for the cost of raising their own children.

In foreign affairs he says that the United States has a special responsibility to defend freedom wherever it is threatened, and to work for the peace and long term of the free world. However, aside from the doctrine of containment that followed World War II, and the unilaterally trustful policy of detente which succeeded it, a coherent strategy for U.S. foreign policy has yet to be formulated. One of the first priorities of his administration would be to formulate a foreign and defense policy comprehensive to national strategy.

Still, the Soviet Union is our greatest danger. Citing Soviet non-compliance with SALT I and II and the ABM Treaty, he opposes any arms control agreements, including INF, until this is accounted for.

Soviet Grand Strategy is succeeding in vitally weakening the U.S. and the West. That is splitting NATO nations away from the U.S., gaining political and physical control of Middle East oil and South African minerals, and the building of a submarine force to negate the U.S. Navy and Merchant Marine.

The Central American Arias Peace Plan doesn't offer a realistic basis for returning genuine freedom and peace in the area. Noting the Sandinistas' massive military buildup and broken promises, he wants the overthrow of the Nicaraguan government.

In the Middle East he staunchly supports Israel and retention of the West Bank, the Golan Heights, and the Gaza Strip. Regarding the violence in those areas, Israelis should use non-lethal riot control tactics wherever possible. Lastly, the Soviet Union has no place whatever in the region.

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Say goodbye to the off-campus courtesy phones. Citing exorbitant maintenance costs, The University Center's Policy Board decided to do away with the privilege, all calls will soon be restricted to on-campus ones.

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The ULTIMATE Student Housing
Brand New TOWNHOME - 4 Blocks to Campus

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-100% efficient zone control heat
-100% foundation perimeter insulation
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-Same type of unit earned Northern States Power Company Energy Conservation Certificate in Menominee
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RENTAL TERMS
-Groups up to 7 persons (smaller groups can check our list of other interests)
-3-6 month leases available
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-Lease and deposit required
-Lease runs for 2 semesters
-Plays you off the unit for summer - FREE! to stay for free or subject and pocket the money.

$625 based on rates for groups of seven

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Robertson from page 3
nations. A new accounting sys-
tem is also in the works.

Welfare is also attacked. Wel-
fare in America is a costly fail-
ure, he says. Citing his Opera-
tion Blessing, a private sector relief program he began in 1978, he claims that it assisted 25 million people without any gov-
ernment assistance whatsoever. His campaign staff say ninety-
ine and one half percent of all contributions reach the poor.

This demonstrates how much can be done without the appara-
tus of huge government bureau-
cracies.

Abortion is his most contro-
versial issue. So long as the term 'prochoice' be used to justify the wanton slaughter of one-half million babies each year. As a birth control method, abortion is mankind's. His staff says that this has created a long term popu-
lation crisis in America. By the year 2000, the estimated 60 mil-
lion children...aborted through the year 2000 would have contri-
buted $1.4 trillion each year to the Gross National Prod-
uct...they would have contrib-
uted $330 billion annually in taxes, and would have averted the current crisis in our Social Security system.

His campaign is working for a paramount Human Life Amend-
ment to the Constitution, elimi-
nation of all federal funding for abortions and organizations which recommend them, and for court appointments of only pro-life judges and judges.

Regarding AIDS, when the rights to privacy of an individu-
ally threaten the very survival of an entire society, the rights of society as a whole must take precedence over those of the in-
dividual. Robertson wants to shift concern about the virus to the medical protection of socie-
ty and not on civil rights issues raised by testing procedures.

Agriculture, under Robertson, would see declining federal sup-
port. The free market, however, is the key to agriculture in the next century. He promotes pushing global agriculture to the free market model by the year 2000. International bacteri-
oma of commodities for strategic minerals is also an option for the government and private sec-
tor to pursue.

LAB from page 3

Kristin Maage, a lab assist-
ant, notes that the lab's use is decreased due to the poor equip-
ment and tapes. Currently out of the 36 booths in it, five have no tape recorders whatsoever and seven or eight others aren't working as well. She says that some of the machines are can-
nabalized to keep the others running. High speed duplication is increasing as more and more students are dissatisfied with the lab.

Many foreign language stu-
dents are required to use the lab. A senior says that hundreds pass through it each week.

Johnson says that this Tues-
day, March 8th, the Vice-Chan-
cello will consider all the lab requests and prioritize all the campus lab modernization pro-
jects. $194,000 is set aside for such projects with the state budget as currently set. How-
ever, since this money is from General Purpose Revenue funds, Johnson says that the state could "pull the plug any-
time" on the projects.

Lighting from page 4

where needed to allow existing light to shine through.

- New lights will be placed in Parking Lot J as work on the lot continues.

- In the spring new lights will be placed around the Allen Cen-
ter and Lot Q to augment alre-
day existing lights.

- Finally, in the spring the trees-blocking lights situation of Neale Hall will be investigated in detail.

Hauck stressed that students and the administration need not be at odds on issues. Cooperation is a way that the student's accomplishments. Hauck also stated that many times all 

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nabalized to keep the others running. High speed duplication is increasing as more and more students are dissatisfied with the lab.

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time" on the projects.

Purpose of IGC will be to keep a check over the campus greek organizations that it represents, reporting any violations such as hazing to SOURCE. IGC will also promote greek life on cam-
pus. Clubs such as Slaeire and honor societies are not included in IGC.

According to Chris Ammond, former president of IGC, there are approximately 150 members in greek organizations, up from under 30 in the spring of 1986. And though there are no con-
crete plans as of yet, Lampert hopes someday to be able to hold some sort of greek week on campus. "We want to promote greeks and keep a good reputa-
tion for ourselves," he said.
Morgan donates 200 books to L.R.C.

UWSP News Service

The library of the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point has been given books on Latin American, Spain and Poland as memorials to a longtime faculty member and to a former participant in public programs at the school.

Mrs. Mary Morgan and her children have donated about 200 books from the collection of her husband, Michael, who died in November after teaching Spanish in the foreign language department about 16 years. The books are primarily about Spanish and Latin American literature and history, some focusing on the medieval period. They have been placed in the general collection of the library and some have been sent to the federal correctional institution in Oxford where Morgan taught courses in a special program UW-SP provides for prisoners there.

During his early involvement with the prison, the professor translated its rules from the English to Spanish for use by Hispanic inmates.

The other gift, provided by Margaret Boharewicz, is a collection of books in the Polish language. This memorial is given to Mrs. Boharewicz’ late husband, Jan, includes about 15 books of literature, many of which are by the leading authors in the country during the 20th century.

Jan Boharewicz attended many public programs at UWSP, most of which dealt with Polish culture, history and politics. He often became involved in lively debates with the speakers during question and answer periods.

He was living in the Plainfield area at the time of his death several years ago.

Local artists display work

Two local artists are showing their work in Milwaukee, Beloit and Green Bay this winter.

Gary Hagen, a faculty member at UWSP and Lois Freeheart, a free-lance artist, have their work included in shows throughout the state.

Hagen’s “Baffin 13,” a rice paper and acrylic piece with wooden frame, is part of the Dynamic Dimensions: Crafts in the New Age exhibition at the Milwaukee Art Museum’s Cudahy Gallery of Wisconsin Art. Freeheart’s “Treway,” a ceramic stoneware sculpture, was selected for the 31st Annual Bellevue and Vicinity Exhibition, which opened Feb. 21 and will continue until April 3.

Burress, Reagan from page 1

vice versa. Methodist groups objected to both Catholic and Lutheran prayers as well. The issue now isn’t voluntary but required prayer. Should school officials have the power to force students to pray? How would you keep kids from voluntary prayer? Before a test, what kid doesn’t pray?

Burress attacked Reagan’s claim that God is now barred from the classroom. Reasserting that one of God’s qualities is omnipotence, he said that only somebody profoundly ignorant of Christian beliefs would make such a statement. He added, I don’t know whether to laugh or cry.

Burress praised the separation of church and state in the public schools. Highlighting the religious violence of Northern Ireland and India, he noted that because of the separation, public schools are able to operate in a highly diversified society. He concluded that we can operate the public schools in this society (and that) this is one of the remarkable achievements of this society.

Musical revue performs

A new musical revue group has been formed at the UWSP to provide entertainment for community organizations.

OnStage is the name of the 14-member song and dance ensemble which performs a half-hour program entitled “Gotta Sing, Gotta Dance.” According to its founder and director, Susan Ruhs of the theatre arts faculty, the show is about the joys and struggles of young actors auditioning for Broadway, the musical theatre capital of the world.

The group is available for free performances in schools, hospitals and nursing homes and for other community organizations.

Conceived and directed by Ruhs, who was a professional actress for several years, the program is choreographed by Basalie Moritz of Norway, Michigan, and accompanied by pianist Michael Cuesto of Sheboygan.

The 10 OnStage performers are Guy Atkins of Chippewa Falls; Kelli Cramer of Wisconsin Rapids; Lori Marcoux of Nekoosa; Paul Nyro of Franklin; Ted Strother of Milwaukee; Scott Schooerning of Milwaukee; Dennis Schultz of Baraboo; Lisa Soppa of Arcadia; Susan Spencer of Greendale; and Cristina Van Valkenburg of Waupaca.

Further information and show arrangements are available through Rush, Theatre Arts Department, Fine Arts Center, UWSP, (715) 346-6073.

Bloodmobile comes to campus

The Red Cross Bloodmobile will be on campus March 8, 9, and 10 in the Wright Lounge of the University Center, from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. Make appointments in the Concours booth, Allen, and Debott Centers on March 2, 3, and 4.

Again this year, University Center Building Managers will donate a free pizza party at Jeremiah’s to the residence hall which donates the most blood.

If you can’t donate blood, or are afraid to donate, you can still help by volunteering to work for the Bloodmobile. Workers are needed to set up, escort donors, cater, type, sign donors and do a variety of other jobs. The more help we get the more successful the Bloodmobile will be. Dates to sign up for volunteer service are March 3, 4, and 7, in the U. C. Concours.

The Bloodmobile, which visits the UWSP campus once every semester, is being coordinated this year by Randy Smith, a Building Manager at the University Center. Each Bloodmobile visit is vitally important since the Red Cross depends heavily on university students and faculty for their blood donations.

With the recent hysteria created by the media concerning AIDS, however, donations have declined and hospital blood supplies have dropped substantially. Although AIDS is indeed a very horrible, deadly disease, there are many misperceptions about how it is spread. One of these misperceptions is that you can contract AIDS by donating blood. You CANNOT get AIDS by giving blood. That myth in itself is what has led to the sharp decline in blood donations. All equipment used by the Red Cross is sterile. Needles used during the blood donation process are disposed of immediately after their initial use. Needles are NEVER used twice.

It has been extremely difficult to lay this myth to rest, and the fear of getting AIDS from donating blood. You can’t. The remarkabine thing is what has led to the sharp decline in blood donations. All equipment used by the Red Cross is sterile. Needles used during the blood donation process are disposed of immediately after their initial use. Needles are NEVER used twice.

Burress, Reagan from page 1
In addition, two specially targeted Natural Resources Careers Workshops will be held. From July 24-30, a workshop for minority high school students will take place. This camp is co-sponsored by the Educational Opportunities Program at UWSP. From August 21-27, senior girls scouts from a five-state area will be encamped. This session is co-sponsored by Woodland Girl Scout Council. A Boundary Waters canoe trip is scheduled from July 5-20 for 14 and 15 year-olds. Along the canoe route participants will discover the natural and cultural history of the area. The fee is $275.

Nature Adventure Camp is a residential camp for 9 to 13-year-old boys and girls who have a special appreciation for nature and its bounty. Activities will include swimming, boating, canoeing, arts and crafts, and investigations of beavers, fish, deer, hawks, owls and insects in their natural habitats.

The regular Nature Adventure Camp sessions for 9 to 11 year-olds are scheduled for June 13-17 and June 20-24. Sessions for 11 to 13-year olds will be July 31-August 5, and August 7-12. The fee is $160.

Timbertop Nature Adventure Camp is for boys and girls between ages 9 and 13 who are in learning disabilities programs. In addition to the regular Nature Adventure Camp activities, the participants will receive reading instruction and practice. Timbertop runs from July 19-23. The fee is $265.

Organizations interested in information about sponsorship, or students requesting application materials, should write to: Summer Camps, Central Wisconsin Environmental Station, 7290 County MM, Amherst Junction, WI 53910. Telephone 715-824-9428.
Mr. Lucky's presents

March 6
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8 P.M.

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FOGHAT

Tickets available at Ziggy's and Mr. Lucky's
Judo club flipping with enthusiasm

by Jodi Ott
Staff Writer

Are you afraid to walk across campus by yourself at night? Would you like to become more physically fit? Do you enjoy flipping people over your head? If you answered yes to any or all of the above questions, then you should think about joining the UWSP Judo Club.

Judo, which in Japanese means the gentle way, has been practiced in Japan for approximately 500-1000 years. Dr. Jigoro Kano is credited with developing the sport. Judo has been the only martial art in the Olympics since 1960. Women's Judo and Karate will be exhibition events in the upcoming Olympics.

Karate is like boxing, whereas judo is like wrestling, said Kelly Kassow, a UWSP Judo Club member.

The UWSP Judo Club welcomes all students of the university and any member of the community. The club now consists of a variety of ages and sizes. This is an advantage because it is good to practice with more weight and different body types to prepare for competition.

Although practical competition maneuvers are taught, with some modifications these techniques can be used for self-defense. Techniques taught are: arm bars (the locking of any joint), choke holds, throws and hold downs. You also learn sacrificing techniques where a competitor puts himself in an undefendable position to gain competition points from a maneuver. The sport is still relatively safe because you are taught to fall properly and absorb the impact.

Katas are also performed in competition. A kata is two people working together in a set routine. Each one knows what the other will do next. There is Nage-no-kata; the kata of throwing techniques. Katame-no-kata is the kata of hold down techniques and Jo-no-kata is the gentle kata. To be a black belt you must know one kata.

The ranking system in judo belts is: white, yellow, blue, green, three degrees of brown and 13 degrees of black. For a promotion, the athlete must have a certain number of competition points. He must also pass an exam which is half written and half practical. The written part involves translating English phrases into Japanese and a few general questions.

Ken Camlek gives Jim Heiferman the flight of his life.

men have attained the tenth degree black belt and only one man has ever reached the third tenth degree black belt.

The UWSP Judo Club, which is affiliated with the United States Judo Association, also competes in tournaments. The club sponsored a tournament on January 23 in the Berg Gymnasium. Judo clubs from Oakosh, Milwaukee, West Bend and Edgerton participated. On February 27, Madison hosted an eight state competition.

Turn to page 10

International programs announce South Pacific trip

by Jim Malzewski
Features Editor

As you walk into the International Programs office there is a large world map hanging on the wall, colored thumbtacks mark locations of various semester's abroad. A sign below says, "Hey, there is more to the world than Stevens Point...and we want to help you see it."

And they will, if you let them.

Destinations are as varied as individual interests: Britain, Poland, Germany, and a newly announced South Pacific trip take place in the fall. In the spring there is Britain again, Greece, Spain, Australia, and Taiwan.

Although the trips offer extensive travel, classes still come into play. Students are required to take 13-17 credits, the majority of which are humanities. Director of International Programs, Dr. Helen Cornell, says that the combination of actual experience and coursework adds a whole new dimension to learning. "Particpants not only gain extraordinary knowledge about countries, art and history, but they also learn a lot about themselves. They really find themselves," Cornell said.

Cornell believes that taking a semester abroad can be beneficial to future career plans, especially for teachers and those going into international business. "More and more our programs will count, if we are doing what we should," Cornell said. "We are preparing students for an interdependent world. The day of the only American should be over."

Cornell said that students who want to go abroad this coming fall should get moving, especially those interested in the South Pacific trip. Just announced this week, the trip "down under" already has ten applicants and will be limited to 25. Most of these are overflow from the spring Australia trip, which currently has 40 members in Australia and is already filled up for next spring.

Tentative plans for the South Pacific include a week in Rarotonga or Fiji, nine weeks in Sydney, Australia at Dunmore Lang College, and five weeks in New Zealand. The cost of the program isn't definite, but is likely to compare with the current Australian trip, which is expected around $4300.

Both trips "down under" are the most expensive of all the trips abroad, mostly due to the distance and high air fares. Less costly trips are available, and in fact, keeping costs reasonable for all students is an overriding force in designing the programs. Housing, and departure dates, as well as contact costs, although tentatively set, are not officially announced until a month or two before the trip. This enables Cornell to get the lowest cost possible, and thus, keep the programs as inexpensive as possible.

Poland is the least expensive of all the trips. Amazingly, the cost for the fall in Poland is not expected to rise much above this past year's cost, $3350. This is true in spite of rising tuition and airfare costs and the poor state of the dollar.

Turn to page 14
Notes from Abroad comes to us this week from the land Down Under, Australia. Next week it's off to the birthplace of civilization, Greece.

by Jeannie Finley
Special to the Pointer

G'day Mate! Hello from Down Under!
The photo that accompanies this article is us, the 1986 Austral­ians. It's a little scary, but you can see us. We look like this too after a 19 hour flight. After touching down in Auckland, New Zealand, we were whisked away to a bus for a tour of the city and ended up on an extinct volcano, Mount Eden. Here we viewed the city and the infamous group photo was taken, in the rain. It wasn't too glorious a beginning but, nevertheless, the adventure had begun.

In every adventure there are a few rough spots, and our group has had no exception: Pat's lost luggage that arrived six days late; Molly and Julian's VIP's; countless spiders and cockroaches that extend the length of a few guys while perving some birds, but they didn't get facaces until they met up with one Auscie; he and his cobbers showed them a few skoeners of gorg till they were pretty blind. From those looks this morning it'll be a good sight of time till they dink pigs again.

See what I mean, a whole new English. In addition to the above vocabulary, we've learned that nice girls don't root for sports and never proclaim you're stuffed after a big meal. Also, never root for let's buy as natural, or to go bird watching with.

Luckily, the Australians are very patient, and often very amused, with our ignorance of their language. Usually they are happy to clarify their meaning. Whatever terminology we can't understand we ask Dr. Danbridge, our Australian language and culture instructor. He is one of many instructors we have. The other institutes' specialties are economics, geography and anthropology.

Our Australian instructors are really enjoyable because they give a behind the scenes look at the subjects we take, and they usually have dozens of amusing stories that help clarify a point. Mr. and Mrs. Heaton are also doing a bit of teaching in their special areas of Natural Resources and English. Mr. Heaton has brought in some incredible professional to lecture on controversial natural resource topics, and Mrs. Heaton has been showing us Australian movies and bringing in famous auburns, such as Alan Fox (author of the Kacock Man).

One of the nice things about classes is their emphasis on learning outside the classroom, as well as in. The Australians know that the real spirit of their people, and all that has happened since the first aborrigine set foot on the continent, goes back to the land itself.

It's a continent that's almost the size of America, the population is about a third of the US; most of that is on the edges of the continent, since about two-thirds of Australia is desert. Australia is heaps different than America. It's a land where eucalyptus and gum trees are abundant, and alms and alms are considered exotic species. Even more striking are their birds. They tend to be bigger than ours in the states, with bolder colors and manermanners. The blue, green, orange and red colors of the lacekeets that feed on orange slices on our balcony. There are also parrots, kookatoos, galahs and, of course, the laughing kookaburra that adds to the jungle-like atmosphere. From Ayers Rock in the center of Australia to the Great Barrier Reef, differences abound that convince even the most confused tourist that he is in Australia; it's one of the most beautiful and unique places in the world.

The spirit of the land and that of its people came together on a very special day, January 26. All 42 of us joined 4.5 million Australians in Sydney to wish the country a happy 200th birthday.

A small group of us accompanied the crowds of people in the botanic gardens to watch the harbor festivities. As we sat on a patch of grass and listened to three symphonies play traditional Australian songs, a stream of dignitaries got off yachts and made their way up the Opera House steps. The crowd sang excitedly and gave a loud cheer when Prince Charles and Princess Di stepped off the royal barge about 200 yards from us (almost as exciting as when Olympic diver Greg Laganus stayed in our dorm).

Then came the parade of tall ships from all over the world: Magnificent, large vessels with willoivy sails, firing cannons and parading sailors. The rest of the day was a blur of activity; there were hands playing in every part of town. "The Rocks," dating back to early convict days as one of the oldest and most unique sections of Sydney with a wild, sordid reputation, was as wild as ever. The scene must have resembled what would have been happening 200 years ago. All the crowds from the pub had spilled onto the streets and everyone was singing and dancing to the racy add-time bar songs. It was quite a sight to see!

The evening ended with 30 minutes of non-stop lights and colors, as fireworks erupted around the Opera House. It was a spectacular sight; one I haven't the ability to describe, but will remember forever.

The fun ended clearer about the day, however, is that for a short while I celebrated Australia's birthday with all the Aussies. I felt like an Australian, and not like an American looking over their shoulder.

Well, the bus is almost at the station, and this article is beginning to become a novel. We think of you guys often, usually when we're at the beach. Everyone here sends their best wishes.

Vigette forever.

P.S. If you happen to have a spare postcard lying around, we all would love to hear from the states. Our address is Dunmore Lane, Solsgrove, 130 Herring Road, North Clyde, N.S.W. 2113.

No worries--

This picture sent by the 1986 Australia group raises one question: We know water goes down a drain counter-clockwise in the Southern Hemisphere, but do negatives get reversed also?

Judo, from page 9

Teournaments are dou­ble/single elimination or round robin elimination and the clubs compete as individuals. One match can last from three to twenty minutes. There is one referee and two judges. To com­pete you must be physically fit and mentally alert.

You have to keep your mind open at all times to catch your options. You have to feel what your opponent is going to do so you can defend yourself, said Kassow.

G'day Kassow, a green belt, is secretary/treasurer of the club and Sher Ringleasser, another green belt, serves as president. Peter Kasson, a physical education instructor, is the club advis­or.

Jim Wiedner, a physics teacher at SPASH and Tom Gustin, Lake Emily Park Supervisor, are instructors for the club. Wiedner and Gustin are both up for their third degree black belt promotions. Ken Cannick, a first degree black belt will also be instructing.

The club meets Monday nights in the wrestling room at Pacelli High School from 6:30-4 p.m. It also meets on Tuesday nights on campus in the gym­nastics room from 6:30-5 p.m.

Anyone is welcome to join the sessions at any time. The class can be taken as one active physical education credit if you go through the physical education department.

1. Name the filmmaker who recently received the Golden C­amers Award in Berlin, West Germany.
2. Who hosted Superman's 50th anniversary celebration this week?
3. Name the American TV star who will appear on a Soviet children's program titled (in English), "Good Night, Little Ones."?
4. Name the actor (?) who stars in the Energizer battery commercials.
5. Ed-Led Zeppellin frontman new album climbing the charts. What is the album's title?

Answers on page 11.
**Smart users not so smart**

Name withheld upon request

*Special to the Pointer*

This is a short description of some of the faults that I, a lab assistant/coordinator, feel the teaching faculty could learn a thing or two from.

First off, I will never profess to know everything, but after assisting students in doing their homework and taking a class on it myself, I think I possess a better understanding of it than most students and possibly a few teachers.

Users: Computers do only what you tell them to. If you think that computers are stupid, look in the mirror and admit that you are just as guilty. If you have questions, ask, but for God’s sake use your brain once in a while. What do you think HELP means?

Professors: Don’t assume that everyone needs to be spoon fed. You may think all teachers should be this way and this truly leads to brain damage. I admit that a one credit class shouldn’t be too demanding, but some students think that if anything is missing from their recipe assignment it can’t be done. I wish more principles and methodologies of the specific assignments would be stressed, rather than mere examples.

Lab Assistants: We are not Gods. If we know everything, why are we still in school? I sympathize with students that ask for help only after reading the HELP and looking through their manuals (remember what those are?).

Formatting a disk: This should be explained so people don’t think they have to reformat a disk every time they use a new software package. Disks are formatted to use operating systems, not one particular software package.

Printing a file: There is a difference sometimes between what people want and what they want to print. Unless your file hasn’t been changed in any way since the last time you saved it, you can select it from the pop-up menu during the print sequence; otherwise, select default. The only thing default means is current. My suggestion is to use default, and save your work when you’re done printing. If you want options, be sure to press default.

Finally, enhanced print should only be used when you are changing your font or your document contains a graph.

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**Trade imbalance sparks rhetorical babble**

by James DeCruz

*Staff writer*

The four Asian valetudinarians have come of age. The recent monthly General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs (GATT) meeting in Geneva was responding to the General System of Preferences (GSP) and how the so-called "dragons of Asia" (principally South Korea, Taiwan, Hong Kong and Singapore) had graduated as newly industrialized countries (NICs) based on the economic successes they have had.

Translated in global trade terms, this means the stripping away of nearly $10 billion worth of exports by the United States by these NICs.

Next, one might ask what has that Omnibus Trade Bill endorsed by the Reagan administration to do with the United States Congress and presidential candidates going neck-to-neck on formulating their own US trade policies? The answer lies in the fact that Congress can end duty-free privileges based on the GSP model and start trade imbalances with the four dragons.

With 1988 being an election year, let us examine some of the candidatorial rhetoric and ideas on trade graduation and how best they perceive trade imbalances with the four dragons of Asia.

Of the contenders, only Rep. Richard Gephardt has made trade policy formulation a cornerstone of his presidential campaign. The Missouri Democrat resurrected his faltering Iowa campaign by harping on the trade issue. He likes to tell audiences that after South Korea finishes imposing trade tariffs and taxes, an imported $10,000 Chrysler K-Car costs $14,000.

Aside from Illinois Sen. Paul Simon, who has lobbied for protectionist legislation, most other candidates oppose curbing imports, though they don’t make a big issue of it. Vice President George Bush thinks it’s "fool’s gold" while former Secretary of State Alexander Haig calls it "a gimmick."


Meanwhile, former Arizona governor Bruce Babbitt has boldly proposed new taxes to cut America’s gaping budget deficit and Massachusetts Gov. Michael Dukakis seeks relief for heavily indebted nations and support for small U.S. exporters. Another Super Tuesday hopeful, Sen. Albert Gore proposes a "competitiveness strategy" stressing high technology and entrepreneurship.

On the ''sailantly side'', Pat Robertson wants to improve the quality of U.S. goods and reduce stifflgulation of business. And on the brighter side, whoever wins will have to work with an increasingly protectionist Congress, which cares little for Asian jobs and meeting half-way to make this global village an international marketplace.

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*TOGO'S 341-1111*

**Trivia Answers**

1. 1. Kirk Douglas
2. 2. Dana Carvey
3. 2. Mr. Rogers
4. 4. Jacko
5. 5. Now and Zen

*by Bill Kiel Trivia Consultant*

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**University Centers**

**STUDENT EMPLOYMENT PROGRAM**

Learn more about on-campus employment opportunities.

We will have representatives from each of the employment areas, present in the University Center Concours to answer any questions you may have.

**POSITIONS ARE AVAILABLE IN THE FOLLOWING AREAS:**

- Building Managers (in the Centers)
- Material Centers
- U.C. Design & Printing
- U.C. Administration
- University Food Service
- Information Center
- U.C. Bookstore
- March 8-9, 1988
- 9:00 a.m. - 3:00 p.m.
In January, the LRC began enforcing its policy prohibiting food and drink in all areas of the library except the After Hours Study Rooms (108 and 110). Has this been long overdue, or is it an infringement of student rights? We asked: “Do you feel the enforcement of the food and drink policy in the library is necessary?”

No! A little food and beverage while studying helps people think. We're in college. I think we're responsible enough to dispose of our trash properly.

No! We don't need any more rules. The most of the floors where the materials are used frequently and have the most chance of getting trashed (periodicals and government documents).

What can I do?

Quit canning it

by Sheri Hall
Special to the Pointer

UWSP students are affected by many major environmental problems every day, most of which can't be solved by students. However, students can make an impact on the environment and start to solve part of the problem by recycling non-renewable, mineral resources.

So let's go UWSP students! We can start with the common minerals, aluminum, found in our beverage containers.

The advantages of recycling are substantial: Recycling aluminum reduces air pollution associated with its production by 95% and requires 92% less energy than mining and processing virgin aluminum ore. If returnable bottles replaced the 30 billion thrown away beverage cans produced annually, enough energy would be saved to provide electricity for 13 million people.

Although surveys indicate that 70% of all Americans favor recycling, only about 10% of the waste in the US is now recycled. This leaves room for a 90% improvement.

How can we do it?

For non-profit, purely environmental reasons, dispose your cans into the blue, “aluminum only eating containers” that are scattered across campus in the various buildings.

Next time you drink a soda, for example, make an effort to throw your empty can into an aluminum can receptacle. If you can't find one in the building, inform the dean of that college's need.

If you're interested in making money, which most of us are, then save your cans. They're worth hard, cold cash.

Three places are available to students: Northside IGA has the Golden Goat can-eating machine. This is open 24 hours a day, close to campus and offers 40-45 cents a pound. The Mid-State Distributing in Industrial Park pays 40 cents a pound and is located across from Herschner's. Intra-State...
Big Brothers and Big Sisters needs you

Special to the Pointer

Big Brothers and Big Sisters of Portage County is a non-profit organization that needs your support. Imagine yourself growing up all over again, except this time with only one parent and no one around to play baseball, go fishing, baking cookies, or just talk with. Today, there are over 1,900 kids growing up in single parent families in Portage County alone. Their parent cares for them, but because of jobs, younger brothers or sisters, maintaining the household, or just being too busy, they often have a hard time giving these kids the attention they need.

Big Brothers and Big Sisters strive to make a difference with these children. It is a non-profit organization, which means that it has to supply its own life-line by having to raise money to help these needy kids. You as volunteers or even donors can help supply the blood for this organization.

If you are 19 years or older and are willing to make a difference in some child’s life stop and fill out an application at the Big Brothers/Big Sisters headquarters in Stevens Point, 811 Theatre Drive., just 5 min. South on Business 51. And if you feel that you just don’t have the time, you can help just as much by attending the 3rd Annual Bid-A-Date Fundraiser being held April 8, 1988 in the University Center Encore Room.

by Jeff Griepentrog

Midterms got you down?:
Sure bets for acing tests

by Vicky Braun

It’s that time of year again―
midterms. Along with them comes an abundance of stressed out college students.

Why is so much stress caused by these tests? Mainly, it’s the fact that they all fall during the same week. But what, then, is the best way to handle a week with three or four midterms in it?

First, priorities have to be set straight and study time needs to be allotted for all tests. Second, there has to be personal time set aside; all the time can’t be spent studying. You would go nuts.

A good study break that works great is exercise. After running one or two miles, you can go back to your books refreshed.

Even if you don’t exercise, there is the option of going for a walk. This will get you outside and your mind off of homework.

If neither of these appeals to you, you might try being alone. This can give you time to think about personal things or do something you’ve always wanted to do, like work on a scrap-book or write letters.

So when you are tired of studying and your mind needs a break, do something completely different. This will give your brain a chance to relax, and coming back to the books won’t be so hard. Nothing is ever as bad as it seems.

Best of luck on midterms!
Fine Arts Activity

Soprano Jean Saladino, a member of the music faculty, will perform in a recital at 8:15 p.m., Monday, March 7 at the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point.

The performance in Michelsen Hall, Fine Arts Center, is open to the public without charge.

The vocalist will be assisted by pianists Charles Goan and John Radd, reader Susan Rush, guitarist Glen Shulfer, and clarinetist Andrea Splittergerber-Rosen.

A Kansas native, Saladino has performed extensively in operatic and musical theatre.

She has been in residence at the Central City Opera Company in Colorado and has had numerous performances with the White Heron Opera Company in Wisconsin. She has taught voice at Florida State University and South Dakota State University. Saladino holds the Master of Music degree in vocal performance from Florida State.

The performance in Michelsen Hall is sponsored by the Arts Activity Committee and is supported by the Wisconsin Arts Board. The program will include Shostakovich's "Festive Overture," Hindemith's "Symphony on b flat," Krommer's "Octet Partita," and Grainger's "Irish Tune from County Derry."

Evangelism

The program will include the演绎 of the TV evangelist Jimmy Swaggart's sermon. The evangelist claims that they are saviors of the world. Pat Robertson used to heal people over the TV airways, but now that he's running for president he denies it. I'm surprised to see Robertson running for president and not God.

It seems that all of the TV evangelists have a direct link with God and they all act as if they can heal, save, and control the average person. I've never seen the clergyman in my church act in this way.

Furthermore, he has never proclaimed he could act in this manner. The TV ministers are from page 9 just using the people to earn an extra dollar and they are making a lot of extra dollars.

I would like to see some proof. If these TV evangelists are what they claim, or imply, I would like to see the facts. I remember one time when I watched one of the God squad sessions, the minister just cried and allowed him to walk.

I want to see one of these healers come to Stevens Point and put on a show in the UC. We can all come with our problems and he can cure them. If the minister has a true link with God, then no problem should be too big or too small for him to handle.

Abroad

Because of the sensitivity of the areas visited, the Poland semester is limited to around 20 members. Cornell said that Poland usually attracts experienced travelers and second-time visitors to Europe, although this isn't necessarily the case. People who go to Poland want more than the typical European experience. She calls Poland a "life-changing trip."

The semester in Germany is becoming increasingly difficult to keep affordable, due to the decline of the dollar. One of the plans for this fall is to spend close to three weeks in the less expensive East German city of Dresden. Although not definite, this would alleviate the higher Western costs and also provide the invaluable experience of living in an Eastern bloc country.

The Britain trip, although rising in cost, always remains a popular program; hence, it is the only program that takes place both semesters. The group for next fall will be limited to around 40 members.

All the leaders for the trips this fall should be announced in a week or two. They are currently being finalized and await their respective department release.

Students from all across America have taken part in past semester's abroad. While precedence is given to UWSP and other Wisconsin state students, out-of-state students are taken when room is available. This allows for lower costs and the high diversity of trips.

International Programs emphasizes that they are not a travel agency. If you want a vacation, go to Miami Beach. The purpose of a semester abroad is to learn. Students should approach a semester abroad "with humility, with open minds, and with a spirit of discovery, in the hope that they may be changed and they may learn," an International Programs booklet reads.

If the above definition describes you, then go abroad.

You will never be the same.
Log cabin building workshop sponsored

UWSP will sponsor a log cabin-building workshop from April 8 through 10 at its Central Wisconsin Environmental Station about 17 miles east of campus. Participants will learn the fine tradition of building with logs from standing trees to finished building. Emphasis is on blending new tools and technology to old Scandinavian methods resulting in construction techniques practical for today. The workshop will include instruction on site selection, foundations and basements, costs of construction, tools needed, methods of construction, hints for good design, log handling techniques and timber fitting secrets.

In addition, there will be practical demonstrations of scribing and setting logs, saddle notch and lateral groove making and proper tool use. And there will be discussions about problems peculiar to log construction such as the installation of doors and windows, log settling and shrinkage, roof design, trusses, heating systems and preservations of wood. The participants will actually work on a log cabin under construction at the environmental station. Instructors will be Dave Eschenbauch and Kim Tonione. Eschenbauch has been involved in log construction 15 years and had taught numerous workshops dealing with the Scandinavian full scribe method of log construction. Tonione is a Wisconsin

by Kyle White

The Shape Of Things To Come

A square pizza slice. Not the usual shape for pizza slices... but then Rocky Rococo Pan Style Pizza is not your usual pizza. It's a generous ½ lb. single serving, conveniently boxed to stay hot and fresh. Ready almost instantly to eat-in or carry-out.

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Minority Faculty

from page 1
to run him over on a sidewalk by the square. When he jumped out of the way, the driver went around the block and tried it again. He missed.

A representative of the Stevens Point Journal noted that twenty years of affirmative action in Stevens Point has had no results.

A number of people commented that people's attitude toward minorities must be changed first. One person suggested that only by minorities continuous community exposure would people be able to change things.

Ideas were discussed on how to ease the transition of minorities into the Stevens Point Community. Advanced iOS, host families and community mentors were some of the ideas raised.

A number of people though in the Adult Indian Weekend College Program were pleased at the appreciation and kindness shown to them. However, one Indian administrator commented that after years of rejection and ostracism by the community, "It's the little things that are hard to deal with."

Live Music & Dancing

WEDNESDAY - 9 P.M.
THURSDAY - 9 P.M.
SATURDAY 8:30 P.M.

The "POODLES"...30¢ Off Any Update
"Apply or die."

I saw that tender message on a UAB Board of U.C. Concourse a few weeks ago. They were trying to recruit new students for the organization. I assumed it was meant to be:

a. luring
b. Thought-provoking
c. Funny.

I thought it was funny then. I still do (you know, you’re walking through the U.C. on your way to get a soda from the Corner Market for $1.95, you see the banner, turn to a friend, and say “Oh jeez, I’ve just begun to live. Do you have a phone?”)

But since then I’ve waxed philosophical, become introspective and yes, desperate for editorial ideas. But these are the conclusions I came to.

I didn’t enroll before I came to college, how gung ho the world is on joining things. Be a leader. Be, be your parent’s favorite kid. Build a Resume, study hard, and have a beer. You’ve earned one.

It’s not just UAB. I don’t mean to slam them really, I’m just very, very, very, Communally dead.

I know it has something to do with politics. Let’s not forget the Four F’s: that’s me appearing on the Pointer Staff this year. It’s just that I saw the banner, turned to a friend, and said “Oh jez, I’ve just begun to live. Do you have a phone?”

Don’t mean to slam them really, just be your parent’s favorite kid. Build a Resume, study hard, have a beer. You’ve earned one.

“FOUL”?

How long will we have to endure this nonsense? This may be the year of the Dragon but, in the words of the President, be a pal, be your parents promise! Near out of an armchair, and send your own party.

And then there’s Tim: Hi Tim. Sorry I can’t talk louder. We’re out there on maneuvers to scream at you? Turn to page 6

Now, imagine student letters to the Editor that have suggested that, although my articles have shown incredible insight and understanding in regards to the importance of life and other such topics, I have never really taken a stand. People have openly told me of being too soft that I am afraid to rock the boat.

I have been also informed, by high people in places, that the average reader of The Pointer enjoys reading offensive editorials. Apparently, after reading previously defensive editorials, people feel inspired to write offensive editorials of their own; thus, more people get upset and write their own offensive editorials, and the vicious circle continues, thus enriching the lives of many. The time has come, therefore, for Stud Weasil to take a stand.

What follows are several of my opinions, which will hopefully be pleasing to those of you who get off on reading offensive editorials.

As a result, to the Editor, if you decide to do so, please make a point to include irrational and illogical statements, emotional arguments, and standorous attacks on myself and my family, that have nothing whatsoever to do with your primary them. Please remember to not check your spelling, and, at all times to write in words:  

Editor

by Karen Rivedal

I was informed recently that due to the fact that On Life - By Stud Weasil (that’s me) appears on the Pointer Staff Editorial page, it is my job to express some sort of opinion. In response to this, all I have to say is: Turn to page 6

In addition, student letters to the Editor have suggested that, unless I get something else for? I know it has something to do with politics. Let’s not forget the Four F’s: that’s me appearing on the Pointer Staff this year. It’s just that I saw the banner, turned to a friend, and said “Oh jez, I’ve just begun to live. Do you have a phone?”

Don’t mean to slam them really, just be your parent’s favorite kid. Build a Resume, study hard, have a beer. You’ve earned one.

“FOUL”?

How long will we have to endure this nonsense? This may be the year of the Dragon but, in the words of the President, be a pal, be your parents promise! Near out of an armchair, and send your own party.

And then there’s Tim: Hi Tim. Sorry I can’t talk louder. We’re out there on maneuvers to scream at you? Turn to page 6

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What follows are several of my opinions, which will hopefully be pleasing to those of you who get off on reading offensive editorials.

As a result, to the Editor, if you decide to do so, please make a point to include irrational and illogical statements, emotional arguments, and standorous attacks on myself and my family, that have nothing whatsoever to do with your primary them. Please remember to not check your spelling, and, at all times to write in words:

Editor

by Karen Rivedal

I was informed recently that due to the fact that On Life - By Stud Weasil (that’s me) appears on the Pointer Staff Editorial page, it is my job to express some sort of opinion. In response to this, all I have to say is: Turn to page 6

In addition, student letters to the Editor have suggested that, unless I get something else for? I know it has something to do with politics. Let’s not forget the Four F’s: that’s me appearing on the Pointer Staff this year. It’s just that I saw the banner, turned to a friend, and said “Oh jez, I’ve just begun to live. Do you have a phone?”

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LETTERS

Party with care

"Spring Break" is nearing and members of Florida Mothers Against Drunk Driving (MADD) are concerned about your safety during this time. We want you to enjoy all that our state has to offer and return home with memories of a pleasant vacation.

In years past, there have been out-of-state students who have not had the opportunity to savor these memories. Each year there are those who have lost their lives due to driving impaired by drugs or alcohol.

Please come to Florida, enjoy our beaches and all our state has to offer, but do not drink and drive. Make your spring break safe.

Sincerely, Betty Jane Spencer Administrator Florida MADD

SETV PROGRAMMING SCHEDULE

Spring Semester - 1988

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Programming/Cartoons</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3:00 pm - 4:00 pm</td>
<td>SETV</td>
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<tr>
<td>4:00 pm - 5:00 pm</td>
<td>Campus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5:00 pm - 6:00 pm</td>
<td>Uncensored-NCTV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6:00 pm - 7:00 pm</td>
<td>Richard Brown's Screening Room-NCTV</td>
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<tr>
<td>7:00 pm - 8:00 pm</td>
<td>Richard Diamond's Private Detective-NCTV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8:00 pm - 10:00 pm</td>
<td>New Grooves with Meg Griffin</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Take the plunge this summer.

Sign up for Army ROTC Basic Camp. You'll get six weeks of challenges that can build up your leadership skills as well as your body. You'll also get almost $700! But hurry. This summer may be your last chance to graduate from college with a degree and an officer's commission.

See your Professor of Military Science for details.

CAPTAIN MARK SHRIVES
Room 204, Student Services Building
346-4016

ARMS RESERVE OFFICERS' TRAINING CORPS

A question of definition

To the Editor:

I'm writing concerning the article in the Feb. 25, 1988 issue of the Pointer entitled "Gay People's Union Explained." This article was written about me. I was interviewed by Paul Lehman who thought he didn't know a gay or lesbian person. He also admitted to not knowing anything about the subject.

I feel the interviewer should have researched the subject which I got the impression he hasn't gone to do. This is a common approach when the media is dealing with the gay population.

If he would have had some background in dealing with gay people, he would have known that there is a difference between a gay person and a homosexual. A homosexual is an individual who has feelings of love, emotional attachment and sexual attraction towards people of their own gender. This has no indication of the gender of the individual. A gay person means a male homosexual and a lesbian is a female homosexual.

The Pointer should, in my opinion, instead of referring to us as homosexuals, refer to us as either gay or lesbian. The word "homosexual" seems to us to refer to sexuality and our orientation means far more to us than that. Men prefer to be called gay, while women prefer to be called lesbian.

A word which derives from the Greek island of Lesbos. This was the home, in the 6th century B.C., of the great poet Sappho, whose works often celebrated love between women. The use of the word homosexual in my quotes was incorrect.

The Gay People's Union is celebrating its 10th anniversary because of the hard work of many people. It is not "my organization," as seemed to be stated in the article. The purpose of the Gay People's Union is to educate and inform the students and the community that gays and lesbians have been, are and will always be part of the community.

I think to be fair to the lady in the picture next to the article it might be a good idea to have a caption underneath the picture. This would cause less misunderstandings.

I'm glad the Pointer took the initiative to write the article, but I feel it should have been done in a more knowledgeable way.

Evelyn Cress

Editor's note:

The Pointer agrees that the picture on page 3 of last week's paper should certainly have been captioned. The woman who was pictured is Professor Natalia Detwyler of the UWSP foreign languages dept. Our apologies for any confusion this omission may have caused.

SNIF notes poster mystery

To the Editor:

Due to the fine quality of art work on our posters, members of SNIF have found that our legally posted flyers disappear soon after being put up in various locations around campus. Because this leads to difficulties in advertising for meetings and events, SNIF has decided to give Pointer readers access to these dates:

March 7 - Film "Dr. Strange-love"-7 p.m. in the Nicolas-Marquette Room-U.C.
March 9 - Speaker, Dorothy Legwrarratza on the Health Effects of Low-Level Radiation. Reception at 7 p.m. in the Blue Room, U.C. Lecture at 8 in the Communications Room, U.C.
March 10 - Film "Highwaymen"-7 p.m. in the Communications Room, U.C.
March 12 - Film "Salvador"-7 p.m. in the Communications Room, UC.
March 14 - Film "The Outdoorsman"-7 p.m. in the Communications Room, U.C.

All of these events are free and open to the public. Please come!

And back to the mysterious disappearing posters. If there is someone so threatened by SNIF that they must resort to the violation of our constitutional right to free speech, would you consider just writing the word "commies" across the posters like you used to?

Sincerely, The members of SNIF
The Evolution of a Sportsman

"A Perfectly Natural Thing To Do"

by Andrew Fendos

Outdoors Editor

The mountain can only be conquered once

Helping Out Where You Can

Feeding Wisconsin's Wildlife

by Andrew Fendos

Outdoors Editor

OUTDOORS

March 3, 1988

Elderberry plants provide shelter for animals and food for birds. Gather a bushel of the elderberries and new growth, scatter them on a clean floor and let them dry until very brittle. Run the stems and seeds through a kitchen grinder to separate the seeds from the chaff. Store in a closed container in the refrigerator until early spring, then scatter the seeds in likely places. After clearing the ground of leaves and debris, plant the elderberry seeds. Cover lightly with leaves.

Sunflowers are great food for game—plant the seeds as you would corn. If you are on private land, ask the landowner for permission. You may just get some help.
Almost 90 percent of the garbage that Americans create are buried in landfills. Each year about 18 countries that had plowed CFC use in half by the end of the century. The cut would be phased in over the last 11 years of the century. The United Nations Environment Program drew up and presented the agreement.

Repercussions continue to be felt from the 1986 Chernobyl nuclear reactor disaster in the Soviet Union. Italian voters recently sent a clear message to their legislators by voting to reject a request for additional nuclear developments in that country. Only 3 nuclear plants are in operation and Italy and 3 are under construction. Heavy radioactive fallout from Chernobyl is still affecting Europe. There is growing evidence that chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs) used in aerosols, refrigerators, and plastic foam are depleting the earth’s ozone layer that protects us from the sun’s ultraviolet radiation. A historic document was signed in Montreal last year by 20 countries that pledged to cut CFC use in half by the end of the century. The cut would be phased in over the last 11 years of the century. The United Nations Environment Program drew up and presented the agreement.

Farmers are proud to do their part in maintaining the high quality of the environment. Wisconsin farmers have made sincere efforts to comply with federal and state guidelines or standards for water, air, and solid wastes. These efforts are frustrated and often nullified by the imposition of poorly developed standards and regulations. Any regulations which are unduly restrictive of individual farm operations should not be applied unless research has developed practical methods of maintaining an efficient and economical farming operations. Pollution problems, occurring where previously accepted guidelines and regulations have not been complied with, should be remedied at public expense. We favor incentives and innovative sharing of pollution abatement and structural improvements to encourage farmers to use and to diminish potentially devastating costs.

GROUND WATER—A continuing and abundant supply of clean groundwater is vital to agricultural and rural families across the state. There is a need for increased monitoring, research, and education relating to groundwater problems. We believe that there should be uniform national pesticide residue standards and that any regulations should be applied as uniformly as possible and based on geological conditions. ANIMAL WASTES—We believe that animal waste disposal should be economically sound and administered by the Wisconsin Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection.

SOIL CONSERVATION—We urge all farmers to work with local land conservation committees to establish good farm practices in the interest of pollution control and land conservation. Retaining soil and agricultural chemicals is necessary for the best interests of the farm community both economically and environmentally.

Soil conservation programs should be of a voluntary nature with a minimum of regulations. Such programs should be administered at the local and state levels by agencies closely associated with agriculture, and which provide for farmer representation.

Because of new farming practices such as no-till and minimum till that greatly reduce soil losses we recommend that the

Number one since World War II when it surpassed pork. In 1976 beef was consumed at an average of 90 pounds per person annually. Today beef consumption is at 76 pounds. Poultry (mostly chicken) has risen to 79 pounds. This has prompted new ad campaigns and beef diet programs to promote leaner beef for consumers.

The South Pacific island of Guam is experiencing a wildlife catastrophe. The southeast Asian brown snake has appeared on the island, probably after an accidental boat ride. With no natural predators, the snake has multiplied and has extirpated at least three species of birds found nowhere else. The snake is threatening three million bird species and a type of fruit bat. A further complication is the U.S. Navy’s proposed plan to construct a large radar installation (rumored to be a Star Wars project) right in the middle of the area identified by the Fish and Wildlife Service as essential to protect threatened species.

France cuts emissions in half

Press INFO

Nuclear electricity is not only giving France the cheapest electricity in Europe, but large scale use of the atom has helped them make deep cuts in atmospheric releases of sulphur dioxide.

Jean-Pierre Capron, head of the French Energy Department, cited this environmental benefit of the French nuclear energy program in an address to the Energy Forum held in Los Angeles last November. The annual meeting is sponsored by the energy industry trade associations.

Capron said nuclear energy has advantages over other major fuels used worldwide in terms of environmental impact and occupational risks. Nuclear energy is an “extremely clean” energy source, he said.

It is demonstrated that in France, between 1980 and 1988, the release of sulphur dioxide from any origin has been cut in half, whereas the production of electricity increased by 40 percent. This achievement has been made possible by decommissioning a large number of conventional power stations and concurrently increasing the number of nuclear facilities. In other European nations, where the penetration of nuclear energy is slower, the reduction of sulphur dioxide emissions amounted to only 20 percent, he said.

Capron said there is “increasing evidence that acid rains are linked to discharge of large quantities of sulphur dioxide in the atmosphere.”

Capron went on to note that, despite large global reserves of energy, OPEC may once again be able to dictate world oil prices because the resources are not evenly divided among nations. Moreover, many experts in conservation are voicing misjudgments.

When OPEC controls more than 50 percent of the market, as it did in the 1970’s, it’s members are in the position to exact the price they want, Capron said. The “Achilles’ heel” of OPEC is China, which North Sea’s oil fields are setting up to the Gulf of Guinea. “These are the producers with rather short reserves.”

Environmental impacts of Electricity Generation (1 GWe Installed Generating 6.5 TWh/Y)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COAL</th>
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<tr>
<td>700</td>
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<td>4000</td>
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<td>5500</td>
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</tbody>
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(+) Including all nuclear industry activity

Turn to page 20

Chernobyl, toxic traffic and snakes

By Cindy Byers

Global reserves urge all American cities will run out of landfill space by 1990. Environmental regulations and citizen opposition are making it harder to find places for new landfills. Four states and one major city are moving to solve this problem with legislation to encourage or require separation of recyclables from the rest of the garbage. Paper, metals, glass, and leavings are currently the biggest items separated, but it is thought that more difficult materials such as plastics, batteries, and motor oils will be added as programs mature.

There is growing evidence that chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs) used in aerosols, refrigerators, and plastic foam are depleting the earth’s ozone layer that protects us from the sun’s ultraviolet radiation. A historic document was signed in Montreal last year by 18 countries that pledged to cut CFC use in half by the end of the century. The cut would be phased in over the last 11 years of the century. The United Nations Environment Program drew up and presented the agreement.

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DRAINAGE AND WATER LAW: We urge the Legislature and Congress to revise our laws pertaining to navigable waters, to provide less regulation and insure that the riparian rights of landowners are better recognized.

We believe that the Wisconsin Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection should be given more authority over agricultural drainage matters. Drainage laws as now stand permit public and municipal held lands to get by on little or no payments on drainage clean projects. Agricultural land borders on or are land locked behind such public holdings have no recourse but to pay the entire cost of clean out projects even though on a benefited acres basis the public holding in many cases would have over 50 percent of the benefit. We support a uniform ruling on "benefit acres" based on drainage benefits and not cropped acre benefits as pertaining to Wisconsin Drainage Statutes.

We oppose DNR interference with water control and conservation of dams, including those on cranberry operations.

RECYCLING: We support more recycling and expanded use of biodegradable packaging materials. We believe that rules and regulations should be established to drastically reduce the amount of material, including glass, being taken to the landfills.

We support stricter enforcement of our current litter laws and urge that beverage container depositors have a significant return deposit to reduce the cost of cleaning up road sides and to reduce the losses incurred by farmers due to damaged equipment and injury to livestock.

FORESTRY: We support efforts to promote the proper utilization and management of our forest resources. We urge greater effort by the DNR to enforce compliance with the management contracts entered into under the Managed Forest Law.

WILDLIFE: In certain areas of the state the excessive wild life population is causing severe loss of crops and income for farm families. We recommend the following actions be taken: reduce the deer herd to at least DNR goals, allow a two deer limited in problem areas, increase night shooting permits where requested by landowners suffering extreme crop losses, continue and expand the wildlife damage abatement program including increasing the damage payment ceilings and lowering the damage payment deductible paid by farmers to $150, seek greater participation by farmers in Conservation Congress activities, allow landowners to transfer their preference rights for hunter's choice permits to relatives or the person managing the farm for which the permit will be issued. We also recommend that the Department and the federal government make every effort to raise sufficient food on the Horicon Marsh for the geese and increase the yearly goose harvest in proportion to flock growth.

We support legislation to permit counties to offer bounties on rat catchers.

We urge the use of leghold traps for continued predator control.

We urge state and federal action to control blackbirds.

We urge that elected representatives of the Wisconsin Conservation Congress accurately represent the wishes of the Wisconsin sportsman and not just echo DNR staff.

AG CHEMICALS: We recognize the problems involved in the use of agricultural chemicals as they relate to our environment. We are concerned that farmers may lose the opportunity to use essential agricultural chemicals and drugs in an appropriate and safe manner. We urge users of these products to be aware of the dangers involved and to conform to recommended usage.

We believe that compliance with federally approved label instructions when applying ag chemicals should absolve farmers from liability for any contamination that may result.

We oppose a complete ban on the use of any agricultural chemical or drug unless it can be demonstrated positively by prolonged and responsible research that use of the product represents a clear and present danger to health or that its use would seriously jeopardize our environment.

We support research by the university system that will result in development of agricultural chemicals for weed and pest control.

We support an expanded program or Farm Bureau to inform and educate the public on the need for agricultural chemicals.

We support federal indemnification to relieve catastrophic losses from accidentally contaminate farm products.

Wisconsin ranks atop FREE ratings again

MADISON, Wis.- A representative of Gov. Tommy G. Thompson has accepted, on behalf of the state, a national award recognizing the second year in a row Wisconsin's environmental protection efforts.

State Energy Disagrr Schott Neitzel accepted the award from the Fund for Reusable Energy and the Environment (FREE), which said Wisconsin ranked tops following evolutions in six separate environmental categories.

In accepting the award for Thompson, Neitzel, who coordinates intergovernmental programs for the Department of Administration, said:

"In his commitment to economic development, Governor Thompson reflects the views of state citizens who want to hand down a clean environment to their children. Wisconsin's natural resources have been the foundation of our economy since statehood and — if we properly care for them — can continue to give us the quality of life valued by present and future generations." (FREE).

"We recognize the need for a strong and uniform national approach to environmental protection," Neitzel added. "Without this national commitment and support, progressive states like Wisconsin will be pitted against states that drag their feet."

This is the second year of the FREE award and the second year Wisconsin has ranked number one. This year, Wisconsin shares the top spot with Massachusetts.

Neitzel added that this year's honor is viewed by Gov. Thompson "as not an award, but as a challenge," to return next year as the number one state.

FREE is a non-profit, tax-exempt educational organization working toward a sustainable future by promoting a safe and healthy environment. Chairman of the organization is Dennis Hayes, a San Francisco, California attorney.

Each year FREE selects a listing of six environmental topics to grade all 50 states to provide "a State of the States" perspective. Last year the states were tied for second, with Wisconsin in the top five and Massachusetts sharing the top spot with California.

Categories for judging the 1988 award included surface water protection, reducing pesticide contamination, land use planning, eliminating indoor pollution, highway safety, and energy pollution control. Each category was scored on a 10-point basis with a top score being 60 points. Both Wisconsin and Massachusetts had 60 points.

"Wisconsin scored high in each category, illustrating the breadth of our strong resource stewardship ethic and depth of commitment our citizens have toward the outdoors and the environment," Helen Jacobos, chair of the Natural Resources Board programs said. "That ethic isn't only apparent in DNR programs, but also in programs administered by the Departments of Agriculture, Health and Social Services, Transportation and the Public Service Commission that all share this dedication."

"As proud as Wisconsin is to receive this award, more work to preserve the environment must be done," Jacobos added. "As board chairperson, I see Wisconsin's progress in surface water protection since FREE's last ranking. Our next challenge—one we are taking on this year—will be to address the issue of protecting the air and water from toxic contamination."

Ranking behind Wisconsin and Massachusetts in the top five were California and New Jersey tied for third with 44 points and Maryland and Connecticut with 41. The lowest-ranking states included Nevada, Oklahoma, and Texas, tied with 19 points, Arkansas and Mississippi tied with 17, and Wyoming last with 15 points.
Are we toxic waste sites?

Toluene, benzene, ethylbenzene, 1,2,3,7,8-pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin, and chlorobenzene. These are five of the dozens of toxic chemicals known to be in the fatty tissue of United States citizens. In fact, at least 90 percent of Americans have absorbed these synthetic chemicals, as well as nine others. Some of these are known to cause cancer, leukemia, macrocytic anemia, liver damage, immune system damage and other diseases.

In addition, seven out of ten Americans have been found to contain the following chemicals: hexachlorobenzene, PCBs, BHC, 2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin and hexa chlorobenzo-p-dioxin. We know this thanks to the work of a U.S. EPA program called the National Human Adipose Tissue Survey. Far more than 20 years, this department has provided information that helps reveal the long-term effects on humans of toxins in the environment and therefore charts the direction of more in-depth research. NHATS was responsible for uncovering information that led to the ban on the production of PCBs.

The Reagan administration wants to eliminate this program. The program’s zero budget for 1986 was discovered in December when a non-profit group asked the EPA to carry out a test. This program is the only way to get really effective information about the exposure of people to toxic chemicals. Destroying the opportunity to get that information is an outrageous act of environmental carelessness.

Apparently government officials feel it’s better not to know what toxic chemicals are invading human flesh, or what effects they might have. In addition to getting the NHATS, the current administration prohibited the EPA from cooperating in a global World Health Organization study on toxins in mother’s milk and is now in the process of reversing downward its assessments of the health risks posed by many other hazardous chemicals. And a District Court judge ruled that the EPA may have collaborated with the paper industry in suppressing research finding on dioxin contamination found in paper products.

Incidentally, the NHATS also discovered that every single sample of tissue they looked at contained styrene, 1,4-dichlorobenzene, xylene, ethyleneol and octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin, the last of which is notorious for attacking the human immune system. And 90 percent of the samples were contaminated with HexCDD, one of the two most potent carcinogens yet evaluated by the EPA.

Wisconsin cougars

Large cats roam Wisconsin again

“"I'm convinced we've got them,” says Bill Creed, wildlife research biologist for the DNR at Rhinelander. They're probably pets that escaped or were intentionally released, however, according to the biologist, and not a remnant population of the wild cougars that once existed in this region.

Still, Creed relates, cougar sightings have been made in Wisconsin, Minnesota, and the Upper Peninsula of Michigan. Sightings in the U.P. are not as uncommon as they are here, he says, but in both states the cats have been seen by DNR and U.S. Forest Service personnel. Reports from other reliable observers are just too numerous and geographically clustered to doubt that these people are seeing anything other than the real thing.

"For instance, we had a report of a sightin on Highway 47 between Rhinelander and Woodruff recently, and another sighting down on Highway 8."

Creed himself is "ninety percent sure" that pug marks he saw near one of his bobcat survey areas last September were those of a mountain lion. "And the big set had another set, small ones, probably a cougar kitten, next to it," he reported. Some other large feline tracks the biologist has observed in the wild also appear to have been made by cougars, he believes, but like the good, distinct track he saw in September, the others were obscured by mud or were difficult to identify with any degree of confidence.

According to records kept by the DNR's Bureau of Endangered Resources, cougars have been sighted in 22 different Wisconsin townships between 1973 and 1989. Regarding the status of the cougar in the state, the Bureau's "Endangered and Non-game Species Handbook" states:

This large, unsporting cat, also known as the mountain lion, probably occurred throughout most of Wisconsin before the 1870s, particularly in valleys of the Mississippi and Fox rivers. The last verified sighting of a cougar in Wisconsin was in 1906. However, scattered reports have been received of cougar sightings, so it is possible that a few cougars may be found in the state today.

"Large scale logging of Wisconsin's forests in the late 1800's deprived the cougar of needed habitat, driving it from the state. While good populations of the western subspecies of the cougar exist, the eastern cougar is rare in the U.S. and listed as federally endangered."

The protected status of the cougar in Wisconsin is important to note; killing one can bring severe penalty. Besides, the animal is usually shy and retiring, and there would be little justification or defense for shooting one.

Outdoor reporters needed.
Dial x4031.

MIKE SKUREK*
Singer • Entertainer • Swell Guy

Appearing At:

ENCORE

8:30 pm
THURSDAY, MARCH 3rd

Admission $0.00

* Mike will not be wearing Spandex.
"Drain America first"

"Oiling" in arctic national wildlife refuge

Is this pristine area worth a few months of oil

by Andrew Fendos
Outdoors Editor

The U.S. Department of the Interior calls it "Section 1002," but to environmentalists and the like it is the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge (ANWR). Spanning a hundred miles of pristine coastline in Alaska's north-eastern corner, ANWR is one of a handful of unspoiled arctic regions protected under national laws.

Although cold and forbidding most of the year, ANWR is the host of a rich and diverse ecosystem. Located off shore from the ANWR, the Beaufort Sea's frigid waters are home to whales, seals, walrus and a variety of marine life, while the tundra of the ANWR supports arctic foxes, wolves, grizzly and polar bears, ground squirrels, wolverines, muskoxen, Dall's sheep, and the majestic herd of Porcupine caribou. Hidden in the spring bloom of grasses and wildflowers are nests of ptarmigan, peregrine falcon and snowy owls. The ANWR is a prime example of a full-spectrum arctic environment. And it is here that the U.S. government wants to drill for oil.

Critics call the policy "drain America first." Promoted by U.S. Secretary of the Interior Donald Hodel, it calls for opening up much of the coastline and ANWR to oil drilling, ostensibly to end "our dependence on foreign oil." It is by far the most controversial plank in the administration's energy policy.

When the Alaska National Interest Land Conservation Act was passed eight years ago, pressure from the oil industry stopped ANWR from gaining the permanent protection it deserves. Instead, Congress instructed the Department of the Interior (DOI) to study the region for its oil and gas potential and to make recommendations to Congress. In 1987 DOI reported back, recommending that drilling begin. Under this pristine wilderness lies 600 million to 9.2 billion barrels of oil. The mean estimate was 3.2 billion barrels, or enough oil to supply the United States for a little over six months.

For some, a six month supply of oil is enough reason to start tearing apart the tundra to build the massive infrastructure required to extract the oil. But a closer look at the reports calls even this prediction to question!

DOI scientists admit that the chances of the oil being concentrated in such a way for cost-effective recovery are less than one in five. According to the Rocky Mountain Institute, the chances are one in a hundred that the region will produce a yield comparable to that of ANWR's productive neighbor, the oil field at Prudhoe Bay.

It is the promise of another Prudoe that brought the oil industry here in the first place. And it is this same specter that angers environmentalists. Contrary to industry assertions, Prudhoe Bay has not been the paragon of ecological integrity. Road and building construction has caused thawing of the permafrost and flooding, with effects on wetlands that extend well beyond the confines of the construction area itself. "Flaring gas and liquids spew black smoke into the arctic sky, and air pollution from Prudoe as a whole rivals that of the city of Chicago."

According to the Natural Resources Defense Council, some 63 million gallons of waste water containing varying amounts of hydrocarbons, chemical additives, lead and arsenic have been released directly into the environment at Prudoe Bay.

Regulators report up to 600 oil spills a year and five hazardous waste sites at Prudoe are already candidates for clean-up under the Federal Superfund law. In addition, oil companies have been cited for numerous violations of federal and state environmental laws.

Opening Alaska's wilderness to oil exploration is only one example of the federal policies that favor short term oil supply over the nation's ecological integrity. Other DOI plans include leasing the entire Washington and Oregon coastlines for offshore oil drilling, a plan that analysts predict will yield roughly two months worth of oil. Also on the block are the environmentally sensitive waters of the Florida straits, where the DOI says that the chances are even that a major oil spill will occur in the next 35 years and the abundant New England fishing grounds called Georges Bank.

Risking these natural areas for a few months supply of oil is a crime against the environment, and against common sense!