THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE WISCONSIN SUPPLEMENT TO NATIONAL PROJECT WET: A WATER RESOURCES GUIDE FOR EDUCATORS

by

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Abstract

In July 1995, the national water education program, Project WET (Water Education for Teachers), was brought to Wisconsin. The program trains teachers to use the <u>Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide</u> (Guide) to enhance their water education programs. Four statewide surveys in Wisconsin, Missouri, Colorado, and Iowa have indicated that teachers want environmental education (EE) materials specific to their state and region. Based on the interests of teachers for regional EE materials, a graduate research project was undertaken to make the national Project WET Guide more specific to Wisconsin.

The result of this project will be a Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET:

A Water Resources Guide for Educators (Wisconsin Supplement) to be completed in fall
1997. The purpose of this Wisconsin Supplement is to assist Wisconsin educators in
making the national Project WET activities more relevant to their students. In addition, the
Wisconsin Supplement will help educators identify other state and local educational
materials, organizations, field trip ideas, and guest speaker contacts to compliment their
water education efforts.

The Educational Research and Development process was used to create and validate this educational product. Literature reviews of state agency reports and a teacher survey were utilized to identify Wisconsin's water education priorities and educators' needs. Phone interviews were conducted with water resources specialists to identify Wisconsin water resources information, materials, and organizations available to educators. Six 'Wisconsinized' Project WET activities were written by state teachers to include in the Wisconsin Supplement. Those teachers were interviewed to provide suggestions for other educators planning to adapt Project WET activities to their region of the state.

The draft *Supplement* was field-tested through two teacher training workshops (38 participants) where evaluations were completed by participants immediately after the workshop. A validity panel of nine water resources specialists and educators also evaluated the draft *Wisconsin Supplement*. Revisions were made based on those qualitative and quantitative evaluations. The final *Wisconsin Supplement* will be disseminated to educators through six-hour training workshops.

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One of the most wonderful aspects of working in water education is that it literally involves everything. And in terms of this project, it included the involvement of a watershed of people overflowing with support, advice, patience, love, and trust. This project was only possible because of the help of so many people.

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Chapter One

The Problem and Its Setting

The Importance of the Study

Project WET (Water Education for Teachers) is an international, interdisciplinary water education program for K-12 educators and their students. The goal of Project WET is to increase people's awareness, understanding, and stewardship of water resources. This goal is being addressed through Project WET's teaching materials and state programs. The national program was established in 1989 and is currently being utilized in 43 states in the United States, Saskatchewan, Canada, and the Northern Mariana Islands. Similar to its predecessors, Project Learning Tree and Project WILD, the *Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide* (Guide) is disseminated to educators through educator training workshops. These environmental education (EE) materials are designed to supplement a school's curriculum or nonformal EE program.

Each state develops its Project WET program independently and implements the program however it chooses within certain guidelines. In July 1995, Project WET was established in Wisconsin by the Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, a collaborative effort among the University of Wisconsin-Extension (UWEX), the Department of Natural Resources (DNR), and citizens, primarily represented by the Wisconsin Association of Lakes (WAL). As Wisconsin began to plan its strategy for implementing Project WET, the state coordinator and advisory committee members decided that state-specific materials should be produced for Wisconsin educators.

Wisconsin is blessed with a wealth of water resources. Over 15,000 lakes, 40,000 miles of rivers and streams, 5.3 million acres of wetlands, and enough groundwater that if it were all brought to the surface it would cover the entire state in thirty feet of water. In addition, to this vast array of inland waters, the state borders two Great Lakes, Lake Michigan and Lake Superior, and the Mississippi River. Wisconsin is truly a water-rich state.

The Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources has taken an innovative step to integrate its programs by creating an "ecosystem approach" to natural resources management

where regional offices are designated by watershed boundaries not county boundaries (DNR 1994). "The water quality issues for a water-rich state such as Wisconsin are vastly different from the desert southwest, and each state has in place different structures for addressing pollution problems (DNR 1994)". The abundance of waters, diversity of aquatic ecosystems and issues, and that Wisconsin's waterways attracts thousands of state residents and visitors each year all contribute to the unique nature of Wisconsin's water resources. Because of the unique quality of the state's waters, it is important to create water education materials specific to Wisconsin.

Further justification for creating a Wisconsin-specific supplement to national Project WET is exemplified by four statewide surveys conducted in Wisconsin, Missouri, Colorado, and Iowa that indicate teachers want environmental education materials specific to their state and region. A 1996 Wisconsin teacher survey also identified local water resources information as a top resource need of state educators (Dixon 1996). Based on the interest of teachers and Project WET-Wisconsin coordinators, a graduate research project was undertaken to create a Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators (Wisconsin Supplement).

The purpose of this *Wisconsin Supplement* is to assist Wisconsin educators in making the national Project WET activities more relevant to the state's citizens. The goal of this project is to provide Wisconsin educators with state-specific water resources information to assist them in adapting the national Project WET activities to Wisconsin water resources and issues. In addition, the *Wisconsin Supplement* will help educators identify other state and local educational materials, organizations, field trip ideas, and guest speaker contacts to compliment their water education efforts. The addition of these materials to the existing Guide could potentially create a well-informed citizenry on Wisconsin water resources and issues.

Problem Statement

This research proposes to identify water resource education topics of concern to selected Wisconsin educators and water resource professionals; to identify Wisconsin water resources information available to educators based on these concerns; to create a Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators (Wisconsin

Supplement) as a supplement to the Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide; and to field-test and evaluate the effectiveness of this educational product.

The Subproblems

The subproblems are the following:

- 1. Determine aquatic education topics of greatest concern to selected Wisconsin educators and water resource professionals.
- 2. Identify Wisconsin water resources information available to educators.
- 3. Create a Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources

 Guide for Educators (Wisconsin Supplement) as a supplement to the Project WET

 Curriculum and Activity Guide.
- 4. Determine selected Wisconsin educators' attitudes toward the effectiveness of the *Wisconsin Supplement*.

The Limitations

- 1. In Subproblem One, the literature review will not include responses from all educators and water resource professionals from the state of Wisconsin. The Wisconsin priority water education topics list will be a compilation of information obtained through existing state reports and surveys followed by the Wisconsin Project WET advisory committee members validity review of the chosen topics.
- 2. The study will not determine all of the aquatic education topics of concern. In addition, not every chosen topic will be addressed in a Wisconsin version of a Project WET activity found in the *Wisconsin Supplement*.
- 3. The *Wisconsin Supplement* will be as comprehensive as possible but will not contain all available water-related resources within the state.
- 4. The activities included in the *Wisconsin Supplement* will be appropriate for certain grade levels. Educators may need to adapt activities to the grade level of their students.
- 5. The workshop participants involved in evaluating the effectiveness of the *Wisconsin Supplement* will not be randomly chosen.

The Definitions of Terms

Formal Educators. Classroom teachers (Pre K-12)

<u>Greatest Concern</u>. Greatest concern in reference to the aquatic education topics means that the topics are of priority focus for the state agencies and teachers included in the literature review for Subproblem One. The organizations or individuals decided which topics interested them the most, are critical for students to understand, are underrepresented in water education at present, and/or are perceived as of vital concern in protecting water resources.

National Project WET Activities. These are the existing activities found in the *Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide* developed and pilot-tested by teachers from throughout the United States and produced by The Watercourse and the Council on Environmental Education (formerly Western Regional Environmental Education Council).

Non-formal Educators. Educators who do not teach in a traditional school setting. For example, nature center staff, county 4-H/Youth Development Agents, scout leaders, etc.

Relevant Modifications. Relevant modifications to Project WET activities might include altering the original Project WET activity to make them more specific to Wisconsin water resources and issues, providing additional material about Wisconsin water history, etc.

These modifications consist of content changes made to existing WET activities that will not change the objectives or structure of the *Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide* or the individual activities.

<u>Selected Project WET Activities</u>. Activities that can be adapted to Wisconsin water resources will be pre-selected for potential modification based on the results of Subproblem One.

<u>Water Resource Professionals</u>. They would include water resource related staff from the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, University of Wisconsin-Extension, Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center, University of Wisconsin-Sea Grant staff, environmental education center staff, non-profit environmental organizations, and others.

<u>Wisconsin-specific or 'Wisconsinized'</u>. These are adaptations of existing national Project WET activities which are specific to Wisconsin's water resources, species, and issues.

Abbreviations

DNR is the abbreviation used for the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources.

DPI is the abbreviation for the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction.

EE is the abbreviation for Environmental Education.

PLT is the abbreviation for Project Learning Tree.

R & D is the abbreviation for Research and Development.

USDA is the United States Department of Agriculture.

UWEX is the abbreviation for the University of Wisconsin - Extension.

UWSP is the abbreviation for the University of Wisconsin - Stevens Point.

WET is the abbreviation for Water Education for Teachers.

WI is the abbreviation for Wisconsin.

WILD is the abbreviation for Project Wildlife in Learning Design.

WISCONSIN SUPPLEMENT is the abbreviation for the Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators.

Assumptions

The assumptions are that:

- There are aquatic education topics of greatest concern to Wisconsin natural resource agencies and educators.
- 2. Enough resource personnel will agree to be interviewed to provide a nearly complete
 - listing of available Wisconsin water resource materials and organizations.
- 3. Educators will be willing to evaluate the effectiveness of the *Wisconsin Supplement*.
- 4. Educators will use the *Wisconsin Supplement* to enhance their water education efforts.
- 5. The *Wisconsin Supplement* will assist educators in adapting Project WET activities to Wisconsin and thus make them more relevant to students.

Chapter Two

Literature Review

Water Education in the Classroom

Water is the common ingredient needed for all life forms to exist; it is vital to humans' personal, economic, and political survival. Yet, as the world's need for food continues to dramatically increase, it becomes increasingly difficult to supply life-giving water to farmers (Postel 1996). Meanwhile, water use worldwide has more than tripled since 1950 (Postel 1996). Water use experts believe that water will be the crisis of the next century, and that water issues will continue to create escalating strife between and within nations (Theroux 1997). Some of the threats to freshwater systems include competition for water, pollution, habitat degradation and fragmentation, introduction of nonnative species, commercial exploitation, and climate change (Abramovitz 1996). It is because of these concerns, that the importance of aquatic education both in and out of the classroom has been escalated. Education is the link to informed decision-making regarding water use and management. Aquatic education is critical to our successful livelihood as individuals, nations, and as a planet.

The challenge of environmental educators is to help produce an electorate informed in environmental matters and able to make wise decisions for our planetary future (Fortner 1981). With water comprising 70% of the Earth's surface, it was nearly inevitable that aquatic education should become a major tributary of environmental education. The critical importance of water education should be emphasized in proportion to its importance in the ecosphere (Fortner 1981).

In 1988, Cooperative Extension directors and administrators named water quality the greatest national priority for cooperative extension. In 1990, USDA Cooperative State Research Education and Extension Service made youth water education a priority for that agency. As a result of these decisions, state Cooperative Extension programs throughout the nation focused on water education of youth and adults (Andrews 1992).

Peterson (1982) found that an adult's environmental sensitivity was formed, on

average, by the age of twelve. It is therefore critical that we increase youth awareness and understanding of our water resources and the potential effects of our actions. Hungerford, et. al. (1978) feel that the forum for environmental problem solving lies within the classroom. Water education units taught in the classroom can affect the knowledge and attitudes of students regarding water conservation (Birch and Scwaab 1983). After a group of seventh grade students were taught a unit on water conservation, Birch and Schwaab (1983) found that their knowledge and attitudes about water conservation had changed as a result. Water education in the classroom is crucial to ensure the protection and conservation of our water resources.

One of the goals of aquatic education as described by Goodwin and Schaadt (1978) is to develop a 'water ethic' that includes the "proper uses, protection and conservation of water resources." To achieve that water ethic, educators must be able to provide learning opportunities and information to help students make informed decisions. Project WET aims to achieve those same goals through state programs and the <u>Project WET Curriculum and</u> Activity Guide.

Summary

As water issues become more critical at the local, national, and global levels, water education in the classroom also becomes more critical. One of the goals of aquatic education is to develop a "water ethic." To achieve this water ethic, educators must be equipped to prepare students to make informed decisions about water use and management. Project WET aims to help teachers and students develop awareness, understanding, and stewardship for the world's water resources.

Project WET Goals

"The goal of Project WET is to facilitate and promote awareness, appreciation, knowledge, and stewardship of water resources through the development and dissemination of classroom-ready teaching aids and through the establishment of state and internationally sponsored Project WET programs (Project WET 1995)."

Project WET concentrates on strengthening educators' understanding of the

importance of water for all water users and that informed water management is critical to the future social and economic prosperity of all nations. Informed educators are then able to share water education programs with their students that are balanced and based on well-understood concepts. The activities are process-oriented and incorporate a wide variety of teaching techniques.

The *Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide* is designed to provide teachers with an interdisciplinary, easy-to-use supplement to their curriculum (Brody 1995). Educators can use Project WET activities to supplement their curricular units or to use as a core element of program development.

Summary

Project WET provides an interdisciplinary program for educators designed to promote knowledge, awareness, appreciation, and stewardship of water resources.

State-specific and Local Adaptations to National EE Curricula

Three teacher and superintendent surveys in Missouri, Colorado, and Iowa show that educators want local information about environmental education topics (Botinelli 1976, Trojcak and Harvey 1976, Gigar 1996). The authors of a Missouri survey of 270 superintendents, administrators, and curriculum and science specialists concluded that teachers prefer to "develop and use more 'customized' EE materials to fit the unique needs of their districts (Trojcak and Harvey 1976)". A 1975 survey of Colorado superintendents found that there was a need for "inexpensive and easy-to-administer materials that relate to local problems (Botinelli 1976)."

In terms of teacher inservice education, Wade (1996) argues that the current "fast food approach to EE inservice education does little to promote local cuisine or culinary experimentation." As a result, teachers are not being encouraged to explore learning opportunities available through their local communities (Wade 1996).

It was recommended in Assessing National Water Quality Education Needs for the Nonformal Youth Audience (Andrews 1992) that regionally-specific environmental education materials be developed. This report states:

"With respect to existing materials, an ideal water curriculum package might include: a general curriculum, like <u>Aquatic WILD</u> or another well rounded curriculum, to provide a general overall choice of activity topics, levels, and types; accompanied by materials which provide education about a regional water resource and materials which provide information about drinking water education (Andrews 1992)."

The Iowa Department of Natural Resources has taken the initiative to develop supplemental Iowa guides to be distributed to educators attending PLT, Project WILD and Aquatic WILD workshops. The Iowa DNR compiled 95 evaluations of the Aquatic WILD program completed by workshop participants and found that 82% of respondents stated that they used *An Iowa Supplement to Aquatic WILD* (Gigar 1996).

Interest among Project WET coordinators to create state-specific materials has increased over the last few years, motivating several states to develop their own state supplements. Nevada was the first state to create a companion piece for Project WET, focusing on the unique hydrology of Nevada and its effects on water use and water rights issues. Virginia has developed a supplement that recommends specific Virginia and Chesapeake Bay publications to enhance certain Project WET activities. Saskatchewan Project WET is creating a Canada Supplement that will include a directory of Canadian water education resources and a variety of Canada-adapted Project WET activities.

Some Project WILD coordinators have pursued the development of state supplements to their national program. In 1992, Hawai'i Project WILD created a Hawai'i Supplement to Project WILD Aquatic to make certain activities more relevant to Hawai'i's environment, and therefore, more useful to Hawai'i teachers and students. New Mexico Project WILD has also created a state supplement.

A Summary of Project WILD research findings (from surveys conducted around the U.S. from 1983-1995) included a "Needs Expressed by Educators" section. Some of the educators' needs included: "state-specific resources," "information on state-specific wildlife," "information on speakers, materials, and artifacts available for loan from the state agency," and a "need for links to current events" (Project WILD 1996).

The need to create a state-specific water education curriculum was determined as important in Wyoming by Beiswenger et al. (1992). The Wyoming elementary educators'

water education questionnaire indicated the need to develop a water curriculum for Wyoming's elementary grade levels and concluded that:

"These efforts will undoubtedly increase Wyoming students' water literacy and result in wiser decisions concerning the long-term uses of Wyoming's water."

Previous research suggests Wisconsin teachers and students would benefit from a water education curriculum specific to Wisconsin's unique water resources, history, and water-related issues (Dixon 1996, Botinelli 1976, Trocjak and Harvey 1976, Gigar 1996, Wade 1996). These educational tools would provide a sense of appreciation, understanding and stewardship of Wisconsin's waters.

Summary

Several state surveys indicate that teachers want EE materials specific to their state or region. A number of national EE programs have developed state-specific supplements to enhance their programs. Project WET-Wisconsin is interested in providing a *Wisconsin Supplement* to Project WET. This *Wisconsin Supplement* will help teachers increase student awareness and understanding of the importance of Wisconsin's vast water resources and the challenges we face in our state's water use and management.

Wisconsin Water Education Needs

Several documents and teacher surveys have indicated a need for further water education implementation strategies for Wisconsin. Preliminary results of a study, "Evaluating Wisconsin K-12 Teachers' Perceived Environmental Education Resource Needs," highlighted local water resources information as one of the needs addressed by teachers (Dixon 1996). The 1993 teacher survey, "Educational Inventory of Water Related Subject Needs," indicated that K-12 teachers perceived a need for a wide variety of information on water resources in order to teach those concepts to their students (UWEX 1993).

In 1990, the University of Wisconsin-Extension Water Issues Team, compiled a final report entitled "Addressing Water Resources Education Needs in Wisconsin." This document identified five broad areas of emphasis to focus water education priorities for

statewide UW-Extension staff including: groundwater education, surface water (quantity and quality) education, water-related land management education (agriculture, urban and rural development, solid waste management), water-related education pertinent to human well being, and ecosystem education (UWEX 1990).

These studies indicate a continued need for statewide water education curriculum development and enhancement. There is a multitude of water-related educational resources in Wisconsin. The challenge is to make that information accessible to educators by identifying and locating the sources of relevant materials and organizations. The *Wisconsin Supplement* will provide a tool to assist educators in helping students develop a 'water ethic' and stewardship for local water resources.

Summary

Several statewide surveys and state agency reports indicate a need to develop water education programs and materials specific to Wisconsin. The *Wisconsin Supplement* will provide a tool to assist educators in finding state-specific water education resources to use with the national Project WET materials.

Educational Research and Development

The process of educational research and development (R & D) is used to develop and validate educational products (Borg and Gall 1983). Educational research and development unites research with actual practice. R & D draws from applied research to develop and implement educational products.

Wittrock (1967) emphasized the importance of research when developing educational products. If the product developer foregoes conducting research, the product outcome is purely based on his or her own opinions and priorities without scientific inquiry and support for his or her choices. Basic research generally does not create educational products of value to students and instruction (Wittrock 1967). Both basic and applied research should involve theory and well developed experimental designs for data collection and analysis. There are four scientific research elements that Wittrock suggests to make the results of product development general to new problems:

- 1. **Attitude**: A researcher needs to be willing to modify his or her procedures, ideas, and beliefs in response to the empirical data.
- 2. **Experimentation**: A change in attitude often requires a change in methodology and therefore experimentation in research design.
- 3. **Theory**: The theory behind the product development methodology may change as a result of a change in attitude and experimentation through data results.
- 4. **Communication of Results**: It is important to both review related literature on product development as well as share the final project results for other educational product developers to use as a model or source of insight in developing their own projects.

The design of the R & D process used in this study was developed by the Far West Laboratory for Educational Research and Development in San Francisco, one of ten regional laboratories of the U.S. Office of Education focused on the improvement of education through research and development. The R & D cycle includes:

- 1. Study of research findings pertinent to the product to be developed.
- 2. Development of the product based on those findings.
- 3. Field-testing the product where it will eventually be used.
- 4. Revisions of the product based on field-testing results.

Evaluation plays a major role in the R & D cycle. Ideally, there are several field-test and revision cycles in order to focus on different aspects of evaluation to insure the product meets its developmental objectives.

Schutz (1979) provides evidence that "professional advances in education can be visibly demonstrated through programmatic R & D which produces useful educational products. Today, thirty years after these early research papers were written about educational R & D, the educational community is much more involved with educational research and development methods in product and program development.

Summary

Educational research and development is used to develop and validate new educational products. The research and development process appropriately fits the design of

this research project. The R & D cycle employed in this study includes the four major steps:

- 1. Study of research findings pertinent to the product to be developed.
- 2. Development of the product based on those findings.
- 3. Field-testing the product where it will eventually be used.
- 4. Revisions of the product based on field-testing results.

Interviews as a Research Tool

This project required the input of many state water resource specialists and educators regarding questions about Wisconsin-specific water education resources available to educators. Interviews can provide the researcher with detailed information and lengthy answers to questions Borg and Gall 1983). One definition of interviewing according to Stewart and Cash (1991) is "a process of dyadic, relational communication, with a predetermined and serious purpose designed to interchange behavior and involving the asking and answering of questions." The type of interview relevant to this study is considered "information gathering" to obtain facts, information, available resources, and attitudes. Interviews allow for greater depth of qualitative data collection than questionnaires (Borg and Gall 1983). Opinions and feelings are easier to reach while conducting interviews (Borg and Gall 1983) and respondents are more accessible through personal interview techniques. For example, it has been found that a higher proportion of respondents completed an interview item when compared to the same questionnaire item (Jackson et al. 1961). Ninety-eight percent of the planned interviews were completed for that study while only 83% of the mailed questionnaires were completed.

Semi-structured interview

Semi-structured interviews include structured questions but allow room to delve further into responses to find the information desired. This allows for objective questioning but leaves room to explore the responses further. This type of interview is considered to be most appropriate in educational research (Borg and Gall 1983).

Telephone Interviews

To satisfy the timeline of this project, telephone interviewing provides an efficient, inexpensive method to gather Wisconsin water-related educational resources, organizations, and other information to include in the *Wisconsin Supplement*. Through phone interviews:

- a. water resource specialists can recommend Wisconsin resources and organizations available to educators.
- b. teachers who have adapted Project WET activities to Wisconsin or their local region can provide detailed and valuable suggestions for other educators using the Wisconsin Supplement.

Telephone interviews tend to cost half as much as face-to-face interviews. In cases where the interviewees are spread across a large region, it is much easier to interview by phone. According to Jaeger (1988), advantages include:

- 1. The researcher can select subjects from a large geographic area, and is therefore less limited in the section population.
- 2. Because the interviews are from one location, there is more consistency and quality control for the researcher.
- 3. If the interviewee forgets the appointment, little time or expenditures are lost.
- 4. Due to the nature of their jobs, many people are easier to reach by telephone than in person.

A few disadvantages or potential errors of using interviews include:

- 1. The "response effects" where the responder is untruthful in their responses (this is not an issue in this research project where only impersonal questions are asked).
- 2. The interviewer is uncomfortable in her or his role, her/his opinions influence what she/he hears and/or records, she/he has expectations of the interviewee's responses.
- 3. The procedures are inconsistent or not explained to the interviewee (i.e. length of interview, interviewee distractions).

Thorough planning and practice help alleviate these concerns.

Summary

In the case of this study, semi-structured phone interviews provide a more reliable, detailed, inexpensive, and efficient method of retrieving information, although, from a smaller population than a mailed questionnaire. Water resource specialists will be interviewed to recommend the resources and organizations to be included in the *Wisconsin Supplement*. Interviews of individuals who have adapted state-specific information to national curricula can provide detailed and valuable suggestions to be included in the *Wisconsin Supplement*.

Field Test and Evaluation of Educational Products

Field-testing

Field-testing is considered an integral part of the research and development process (Rogers 1991). The purpose of field-testing is to evaluate the new educational product and to determine whether it meets the objectives of its development (Borg and Gall 1983). The process is used to assess the product's overall quality, effectiveness of intent, usability, amount of information, and relevance to the audience. Through field-testing, information is obtained to improve the product through revisions.

Borg and Gall (1987) emphasize that the field-testing site should be similar to the actual site of the final product use. In addition, the field-testing format should mimic the format for use of the final product. Ideally, a cycle of field-testing and revisions continues until the product has met its developmental objectives.

Evaluations and Questionnaires

This research proposes to identify Wisconsin water resources information available to educators through the use of phone interview questionnaires and to evaluate the draft *Wisconsin Supplement* through evaluation form questionnaires. Questionnaires for evaluation are an effective method of reaching the attitudes and feelings of people (Leedy 1989). They are efficient in terms of this project's timeline requirements and they provide the ability to reach a large audience of respondents (Forcese and Richer 1973). The questionnaire format could provide the data needed and be an efficient method to obtain the

responses of potentially more than fifty water resource professionals.

An evaluation-type questionnaire would be useful to assess the effectiveness of the draft *Wisconsin Supplement*. Michael Scriven (1974) developed suggested criteria for evaluating educational products that include:

- Need
- Market
- Performance -True Field Trials
- Performance True Consumer
- Performance Critical Comparisons
- Performance Long Term
- Performance Side Effects
- Performance Process
- Performance -Causation
- Performance Statistical Significance
- Performance Educational Significance
- Cost-effectiveness
- Extended Support

Although these are strict standards and most curricula and educational products do not meet these standards, they are worth achieving and considering during evaluation where appropriate. There are a number of other evaluation checklists developed by other consumeroriented evaluation researchers (Worthen 1987). These can be very useful tools in developing evaluation strategies for new educational products being developed by educators, agencies, or corporations.

Questionnaire Development

It is critical to create a questionnaire that is valid, reliable, and meets the researchers' objectives. The following steps provide a guide to follow in the development of questionnaires (Berdie 1986):

1. Determine objectives of the questions.

- 2. Determine types of questions (open-ended, multiple choice, etc.).
- 3. Develop draft questions to address objectives.
- 4. Evaluate the questions for bias, redundancy, clarity, ability to elicit the intended responses.
- 5. Revise the questions based on the evaluation.

Formative Evaluation

Formative evaluation is designed to evaluate educational programs while they are being developed. Michael Scriven (1967) explains that "the role of formative evaluation is to discover deficiencies and successes in the intermediate versions of a new curriculum." The formative evaluation data can be used to mold the product according to the evaluator's recommendations and needs. This type of evaluation allows the researcher to improve the product and gauge the quality, relevance, and accuracy of the product before it is completed. Formative evaluation is also desirable when under time and money pressures to create the best educational product as possible in a limited time, with limited funds. The evaluators must therefore represent the future audience of the product in order to provide adequate and relevant data.

One hidden benefit found through field-testing a new educational product is that teachers become interested in the project and committed to using the materials with their students (Rogers 1991).

Summary

Formative evaluation through field-testing and evaluation (questionnaire) provides an efficient and effective method for evaluating the attitudes of educators toward a new educational publication as the product is being developed.

Teacher Training as an Effective Dissemination Technique for Educational Materials

The 1977 Tblisi Conference highlighted pre-service and in-service teacher training as a top priority for the effective development and implementation of EE programs (UNESCO 1977). Teacher training workshops are considered an effective strategy for increasing teacher use of environmental education materials (Wilke 1979). Ruskey (1994) explains that, "Teachers play a key role in both developing and delivering quality environmental education programs at the local level." Project WET has followed the successful models of its predecessors, Project WILD and Project Learning Tree, by requiring at least six-hour workshops to receive the *Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide* and soon the *Wisconsin Supplement*.

Volk, Hungerford, and Tomera's research (1983) revealed teachers' inservice needs of EE goals as perceived by environmental education professionals. At the elementary level, ecological foundations were the primary need for teacher inservice education. For middle school, citizenship action, ecological foundations, issue investigation/evaluation and awareness areas were also high. Conclusions included that teacher education needs improvement in the areas of content and skills development in EE and that all goal levels should be addressed during training at all grade levels.

Mayer and Fortner's (1987) research has shown that short, intensive workshops are the best method for dissemination of curriculum materials to teachers. Bollwinkel's research in Iowa revealed that weekend teacher training workshops make a difference in the activities teachers use with their students (1990). Because teacher training workshops can impact an educator's curriculum, it appears that when developing new educational materials, it is important to extensively evaluate the effectiveness of the product and involve teachers and EE professionals in the development process.

Project WET is designed to facilitate local implementation of water education through its states' facilitator networks. The state facilitators can choose to offer workshops specific

to their area of the state or workshops focused on special topics (i.e. groundwater issues, Great Lakes, the local watershed, etc.). Local EE programs provide training and materials specific to a community, addressing the community's issues, needs, natural, and cultural sites (Ruskey, 1994).

It appears that local teacher training workshops could provide an ideal forum to field-test and disseminate a state supplement to a national EE program. To that end, the Wisconsin Supplement will be distributed to teachers by facilitators with the national Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide during local Project WET workshops, and will be an integral part of those workshops.

Summary

Teacher training workshops are an integral component to disseminating new EE materials and programs. These workshops make a difference in the activities teachers' use with their students. Teacher training appears to be the best method for both field-testing and disseminating the Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators.

Chapter Summary

Water can be considered Wisconsin's most valuable natural resource. Without our vast water resources, we would not experience the personal, social, and economic prosperity that we do in this state. It is evident that there is still a need for quality water education materials that specifically address Wisconsin's aquatic ecosystems, history, and water-related issues.

Teachers throughout the U.S. and in Wisconsin have expressed a need for educational materials specific to their region. By using these materials in their classrooms, students could more easily relate what they learned in the classroom to their own lives and communities. Water education units taught in the classroom can affect the knowledge and attitudes of students regarding water conservation. Project WET provides an excellent teaching guide of activities to assist teachers in developing water education programs. It is

also important to provide Wisconsin educators with state-specific water resources information to assist them in adapting the national Project WET activities to Wisconsin's water environment and water-related issues.

To collect the information needed to complete this state supplement, phone interviews of water resources specialists and state educators would provide an inexpensive and efficient approach. Field-testing through teacher training workshops and the use of evaluation/questionnaire forms would allow the draft *Wisconsin Supplement* to be introduced to and evaluated by its future audience.

Chapter Three

Methods

Overview

In July 1995, Project WET was established in Wisconsin. At that time, the Project WET-Wisconsin Coordinator and Project WET Advisory Committee members were interested in creating a Wisconsin supplement to accompany the national Project WET materials.

Two surveys of Wisconsin teachers indicate that teachers want information about a variety of water-related topics and about their local water resources (Dixon 1996, UW-Extension 1993). In August of 1995, a graduate assistant position was developed with Project WET-Wisconsin, University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point, and University of Wisconsin-Extension to develop a state supplement to accompany the national <u>Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide</u>.

The purpose of this Wisconsin supplement is to assist teachers in making the national Project WET activities more relevant to Wisconsin students by providing: a directory of Wisconsin water education materials (publications, videos, models, etc.) organized by priority water education topics; water-related organizations to contact for further information; suggested Wisconsin resources to use with each national Project WET activity; suggestions from teachers for how to localize Project WET; and examples of Project WET activities adapted to Wisconsin and local communities. One of the goals of Project WET is to develop stewardship of water resources. The Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators is being developed as a way to connect state educators and youth with Wisconsin's vast water resources. This chapter describes the methods utilized to develop and evaluate the Wisconsin Supplement.

Planning

The planning for this project began in fall 1995. The Project WET-Wisconsin Advisory Committee members, a group of eighteen water resource specialists, water educators, environmental educators, education specialists, and classroom teachers expressed

an interest in developing a state-oriented resource guide to supplement the national Project WET materials (see "Acknowledgments" in the *Wisconsin Supplement*, Appendix S, for the list of Project WET-Wisconsin Advisory Committee members). In spring 1996, a preliminary assessment was conducted asking whether this *Wisconsin Supplement* would be duplicating previous efforts in the state. To investigate this question, current compilations of water resources information were reviewed including *Wisconsin Water Resources Catalogue* (DNR), the *Wisconsin Groundwater Education Resource Directory*, and the *Directory of Great Lakes Education Material*. Key Wisconsin water resource educators were informally interviewed by phone to determine their attitudes about this project (April 1996).

After preliminary project approval, an investigation was initiated to find other states that have created state-specific adaptations to national curricula. The national offices for Project WET, Project Learning Tree (PLT), and Project WILD (Wildlife in Learning Design) were contacted to see if their state programs had created supplements specific to their state. In addition, a detailed request for information was included in a "Project WETFAX" sent to each Project WET state coordinator. Several state coordinators of Project WILD and Project WET were contacted and their state supplements reviewed (Hawaii Project WILD Aquatic, Iowa Project WILD and PLT, Nevada Project WET, New Mexico Project WILD, and Virginia Project WET). The state coordinators were asked to describe their purpose and process for creating their state supplement and to provide suggestions for the development of the *Wisconsin Supplement*.

The Project WET-Wisconsin Advisory Committee members were sent a project proposal and letter requesting their assistance throughout the development of this project as members of the project's Validity Panel (see Appendix A). The initial idea of creating a 'Wisconsinized' Project WET activities packet was revised by the researcher and graduate committee members and evolved into the development of a Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators that would include six Wisconsin-specific Project WET activities in addition to: Wisconsin water education resources, organizations, and field trip contacts; Wisconsin resources recommended for each national Project WET activity; and teachers' suggestions to other educators planning to adapt Project WET activities to their region. The general format for the Wisconsin Supplement was developed through meetings with graduate advisor and committee members.

The final plan for the Wisconsin Supplement (spring 1996) included four main sections:

- 1. **Resources:** "People, Places & Things" listed by water topic (e.g. wetlands, groundwater, nonpoint source pollution).
- 2. **Organizations:** State government offices, statewide organizations, computer networking sites, and organizations listed by watershed, region, and counties.
- 3. Wisconsin water resources information recommended for Project WET activities: Each of the 91 Project WET activities listed with recommended Wisconsin resources (same resources and organizations as in Sections One and Two).
- 4. Suggestions for localizing national curricula and examples of six 'Wisconsinized'
 Project WET activities: This section will include suggestions for incorporating the
 Wisconsin Supplement information into Project WET activities. Examples of six
 'Wisconsinized' activities will be included in this section for educators to use and assist
 them in creating their own local adaptations to Project WET activities.

Educational Research and Development Process

The research and development (R & D) process was employed to create and evaluate this new educational product. This section will focus on the research and development cycle used in this study that includes the following steps:

- 1. Study research findings and other information pertinent to the product being developed
- 2. Product development based on those research findings
- 3. Field-test/evaluation of product
- 4. Product revisions based on field-testing

Selection of Methods for Each R & D Cycle Step

Literature Review (April 1996)

R & D Cycle: Study research findings and other information pertinent to the product being developed

The literature review method was selected because of the existence of appropriate state reports and surveys pertinent to this educational product. Priority water education

topics to accomplish Objective One¹ were addressed by state reports to Congress, a state agency committee planning report, and a teacher survey of water related subject needs.

Phone Interviews (Summer-Fall 1996)

R & D Cycle: - Study research findings and other information pertinent to the product being developed

- Product Development based on those research findings

In order to create the *Wisconsin Supplement*, a great deal of information was needed from state water specialists. Phone interviews were chosen instead of questionnaires because the likelihood of receiving responses was more reliable. Although a questionnaire could easily be sent to hundreds of people around the state, phone interviews provide the depth of information needed from the water specialists. Phone interviews tend to cost half as much as face-to-face interviews, are logistically easier to conduct, and allow the researcher to obtain in-depth responses and detailed information.

Field Testing Workshops (Winter 1997)

R & D Cycle: Field-testing/Evaluation of product

Field-testing is a critical part of the R & D cycle. It allows the future audience of this educational publication to use and evaluate the product's ability to meet the objectives of its development, while in a setting similar to the actual setting of dissemination of the product. This setting will be a six-hour Project WET educator workshop where participants are exposed to at least six Project WET activities through peer and facilitator teaching and also have time to plan how to use Project WET in their own curriculum (see Appendix R for a workshop agenda). In addition, the six 'Wisconsinized' Project WET activities could be practiced with workshop participants to assess their effectiveness. Field-testing results provide the information needed to improve the product through revisions.

¹ Determine aquatic education topics of greatest concern to selected Wisconsin educators and water resource professionals determined by summary reports of the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR), University of Wisconsin-Extension (UWEX), 1994 teacher survey "Educational Inventory of Water Related Subject Needs" conducted by UWEX, and selected Wisconsin educators and water resource professionals who are members of the Project WET Advisory Committee.

Evaluation Forms/Questionnaires (Winter 1997)

R & D Cycle: Field-testing/Evaluation of product

As part of the field-testing process, evaluation forms were the most appropriate evaluative tool for workshop participants and Advisory Committee members to complete after reviewing the *Wisconsin Supplement*. Formative evaluation (evaluation that occurs during the development phase of a product) is considered an excellent method for creating successful educational products when under time and money pressures. Evaluation or questionnaire forms provide a direct, fast, and inexpensive method for analyzing the quality of the reviewed document.

Both qualitative and quantitative questions will be used in order to elicit the information needed from evaluators. The open-ended, qualitative questions allow the evaluators freedom to provide detailed responses in their own style and language, while the quantitative responses provide quantifiable data for efficient analysis (Borg and Gall 1983, Oppenheim 1966). Likert scale statements will be used for evaluators to rate their responses according to the following scale: Strongly Disagree = 1, Disagree = 2, Neutral = 3, Agree = 4, Strongly Agree = 5. Likert scale items were chosen as a method of evaluation because they provide accurate information regarding the evaluators' degree of agreement or disagreement with the statement in question (Likert, 1932). Both qualitative and quantitative methods were used to compliment each other in the evaluation process. This way, evaluators' responses could provide both detailed, personal opinions and data that was easy to quantify and compare.

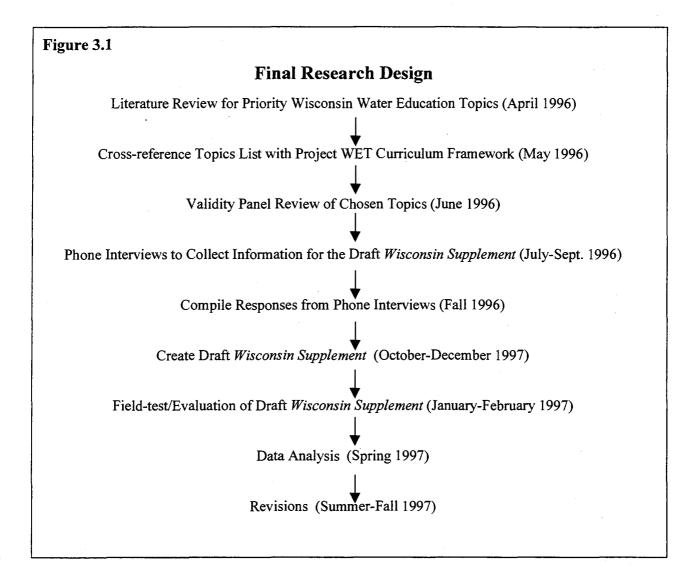
Through this format, evaluators can assess the product's overall quality, effectiveness of intent, usability and format effectiveness, value, amount of information available, relevance to students, and their own plans for product use.

Quantitative and Qualitative Data Analysis (Spring-Summer 1997)

R & D Cycle: Product revisions based on field-testing

The qualitative and quantitative data will be compiled for each section and category of the *Wisconsin Supplement*. All qualitative data will be incorporated unless it is absolutely impossible due to time and document size constraints. The quantitative data responses will be incorporated if the mean score for that item is below 4.0=agree (although all responses

will be looked at closely and considered for inclusion in revisions). Compiled responses will be reviewed by the researcher and graduate committee members and incorporated through revisions to the draft *Wisconsin Supplement*.



The Data

1. The primary data: The primary data will include qualitative data derived from the review of existing state reports and surveys; qualitative data compiled from phone interview responses; qualitative data from the returned evaluation forms; quantitative data from the returned evaluation forms; and qualitative data from direct edits to the draft *Wisconsin Supplement*.

2. *The secondary data*: Secondary data includes verbal qualitative comments expressed during the field-testing workshops included in the study.

The Criteria for the Admissibility of the Data

The criteria used will include:

- 1. Partially completed evaluation forms of the draft *Wisconsin Supplement* will be considered if more than half of the questions have been answered.
- 2. Only participants who remained for the entire six-hour Project WET workshop will complete an evaluation form.

The Research Methodology

Objective One Methods

Objective 1: Determine aquatic education topics of greatest concern to selected Wisconsin educators and water resource professionals determined by summary reports of the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR), University of Wisconsin-Extension (UWEX), 1994 teacher survey "Educational Inventory of Water Related Subject Needs" conducted by UWEX, and selected Wisconsin educators and water resource professionals who are members of the Project WET Advisory Committee.

R & D Cycle: Study research findings and other information pertinent to the product being developed

A. Data needed:

- 1. Water education topics of greatest concern to selected Wisconsin educators and water resource professionals.
- 2. Topics cross-referenced with Project WET Curriculum Framework that includes the following sections (see Appendix B for detailed curriculum framework):
 - > Water has unique physical and chemical characteristics.
 - > Water is essential for all life to exist.
 - > Water connects all earth systems.

- > Water is a natural resource.
- > Water resources are managed.
- > Water resources exist within social constructs.
- > Water resources exist within cultural contexts.
- **B.** The Location of the data: This information will be found in state government reports on water education priorities in Wisconsin (DNR, Cooperative Extension), the Wisconsin teacher survey conducted by UWEX entitled "Educational Inventory of Water Related Subject Needs," "Water Quality Education Topics and Major Subtopics," Project WET Curriculum Framework, and review of the chosen topics by the Wisconsin Project WET Advisory Committee.
- C. How the data will be secured: Report and literature review.

During the winter of 1996, two state government reports and one statewide teacher survey were reviewed for Wisconsin's priority water education topics. The following documents were chosen because they are statewide in focus and highlight water quality issues and education topics of priority for the entire state:

- "State of the Waters: Report to Congress, Executive Summary 1994" (DNR)
- "Addressing Water Resources Education Needs in Wisconsin" 1990 (UWEX)
- "Educational Inventory of Water Related Subject Needs" Wisconsin Teacher Survey, 1993 (UWEX)
- D. How the data will be treated and interpreted: A priority list of water education topics of greatest concern will be compiled as a result of the overlapping priorities of the organizations and individuals listed above. The information will be categorized according to "Water Quality Education Topics and Major Subtopics" (see Appendix C) framework developed by Andrews (1995) and placed in a priority list of water education topics. This organized list will be cross-referenced to see that the topics fit within the Project WET curriculum framework. Finally, the list of water education topics of greatest concern was sent in June 1996 to the Wisconsin Project WET Advisory Committee (the project's

Validity Panel) to review for accuracy and adequate coverage of critical topics (see letter to Validity Panel members, Appendix D).

Validation of Literature Review Results

The Validity Panel includes the Project WET-Wisconsin Advisory Committee members, consisting of eighteen water resource specialists and educators. They reviewed the list of water education topics of greatest concern for accuracy and adequate coverage of their perceived Wisconsin priority topics. Revisions were made to the list based on their comments.

Objective Two Methods

Objective 2: Identify Wisconsin water resources information available to educators.

R & D Cycle: Study research findings and other information pertinent to the product being developed

- **A. Data needed**: Phone interview responses from Wisconsin water resources specialists and follow-up literature review findings.
- **B.** Where the data are located: The data are located with selected Wisconsin water resources professionals from around the state and Wisconsin water resources directories.
- C. How the data will be secured: The Wisconsin water resources information will be collected through phone interviews and follow-up literature review.

1. Phone Interview Question Development

- 1. Determine objectives of questions.
 - a. What Wisconsin water resources education materials or publications relevant to these priority topics are recommended for state educators to use in developing water education programs for their students?
 - b. What state and regional organizations are recommended for educators to contact for information about these topics?

- c. What state and regional organizations are recommended for educators to contact for information about field trips and classroom presenters related to these topics?
- d. Who else should I contact for further information related to these topics?
- 2. Determine type of questions (open-ended or qualitative).
- 3. Develop draft questions to address objectives.
- 4. Evaluate the questions for bias and/or redundancy.
- 5. Review by Validity Panel (Project WET-Wisconsin Advisory Committee review).

The open-ended questions were developed during the spring of 1996. Validity Panel members evaluated the draft questions for clarity and ability to draw the intended responses from the respondents (see Appendix D for the letter and phone interview review questions sent to Validity Panel members). Revisions were made to the questions based on Validity Panel edits and comments.

2. Select Interviewees

Project WET-Wisconsin Advisory Committee members recommended people to interview based on their perception of the individual's expertise regarding education related to each priority water topic from Objective One (e.g. groundwater education). One interviewee was selected for each topic based on their expertise. If little information was received on a particular topic from the primary interviewee, additional water specialists were contacted for that topic. The individuals were selected to represent different locations of the state and a diversity of organizations (see p. 5, "Acknowledgments" in Appendix S, *Wisconsin Supplement*, for the list of interviewees).

3. Contact Interviewees

Each person was contacted by phone to see if they were interested in being interviewed. The project and purpose for the interview was explained to them. If they agreed to the interview, an interview date was set for a 1-1 ½ hour period. A confirmation letter including the interview date and time was sent with the interview questions approximately 2 weeks before the scheduled interview (see Appendix E).

4. Conduct Interviews

The individual was called, asked if this was still a good time to conduct the interview, and whether they would mind being recorded for back-up purposes in case information was omitted in the computer recording. While on the phone, the information was recorded directly on the computer as well as on audio tape.

D. How the Data will be treated and interpreted: See Objective Three, Product Development)

Objective Three Methods

Objective 3: Create a Wisconsin Water Resources Guide for Educators (Wisconsin Supplement) as a supplement to the Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide.

R & D Cycle: Product Development based on those research findings

- A. Data needed: Phone interview responses from water resources specialists and teachers.
- **B.** Where the data are located: The data are located with selected water resource professionals and teachers and Wisconsin water resources directories.
- C. How the data will be secured: The data will be collected through responses from Objective Two and phone interviews of teachers who have developed 'Wisconsinized' Project WET activities.
- **D.** How the data will be treated and interpreted: Refer to each section of the product below.

Product Development

The Wisconsin Supplement will be comprised of four sections:

1. **Resources:** Listed by water resource type as defined by the chosen water education topics from Objective One (e.g. wetlands, groundwater, nonpoint source pollution, etc.). This section provides a list of educational materials (e.g. models, videos, publications,

fact sheets, etc.) and their sources, related statewide and regional organizations, and field trip location contacts.

Analysis of Phone Interview Responses

Resources were chosen based on how well they addressed the priority list of water education topics of greatest concern (results from Objective One). A selection criteria was implemented to determine which materials (if not all) identified by respondents would be included in the *Wisconsin Supplement*. For example, certain suggested items may be excluded due to their degree of relevance to Wisconsin educators and/or if the resource or organization is nationally-oriented, not specific to Wisconsin.

- 2. **Organizations:** State government offices, statewide organizations, some national and international organizations, computer networking sites, and organizations listed by watershed, region, and counties.
- 3. Wisconsin water resources information recommended for Project WET activities: Each of the 91 activities is listed with recommended Wisconsin resources (same resources and organizations as in Sections One and Two).
- 4. Suggestions for localizing national curricula and examples of six 'Wisconsinized' Project WET Activities: This section includes suggestions for adapting national Project WET activities to Wisconsin and local regions. Examples of six 'Wisconsinized' activities are included for educators to use and assist them in creating their own local adaptations to national Project WET activities.

Selection of 'Wisconsinized' Project WET Activities

In the summer of 1996, a Project WET Leadership Institute was offered for one graduate credit to educators as part of the summer Master's degree program, EE Institute, at UW-Stevens Point. As part of their graduate assignment, students were offered the option to adapt a Project WET activity to Wisconsin or their region (see assignment, Appendix F). Several of their activities were chosen to represent a variety of grade levels based on how well they were adapted to Wisconsin or a local region of the state.

Phone Interviews of Wisconsin Teachers Who Have Developed 'Wisconsinized' Activities

This section of the *Wisconsin Supplement* will include synopses of structured phone interviews with teachers who have modified Project WET activities with state or locally-specific information. The objective for interviewing teachers who have developed 'Wisconsinized' Project WET activities is to provide other educators with suggestions for adapting Project WET activities to Wisconsin or their region.

1. Phone Interview Question Development

- 1. Determine objectives of questions.
 - a. What suggestions would these teachers give other educators interested in adapting a national Project WET activity to Wisconsin or their region?
 - b. What steps would they recommend other educators follow in this process?
 - c. Was this a useful process for them to experience?
 - d. Will they use the adapted activities?
- 2. Determine type of questions (open-ended, yes/no).
- 3. Develop draft questions to address objectives.
- 4. Evaluate the questions for bias and/or redundancy (members of graduate committee review).

2. Contact Interviewees

Select ten interviewees based on the extent of their 'Wisconsinized' activity adaptation for the graduate credit assignment. Each person was contacted by phone to see if they were interested in being interviewed. The project and purpose for the interview was explained. If they agreed to the interview, an interview date was set for a one-hour period. A confirmation letter including the interview date and time was sent with the interview questions approximately 2 weeks before the interview was scheduled (see Appendix G).

3. Conduct Interviews

The individual was called, asked if this was still a good time to conduct the interview, and whether they would mind being recorded for back-up purposes in case information was

omitted in the computer recording. During the phone interview, the responses were recorded directly on the computer as well as on audio tape.

4. Qualitative Response Analysis

- a. Teacher responses were compiled and organized into categories.
- b. The categories were organized into a logical progression with recommended steps for adapting Project WET activities to local Wisconsin regions.

5. Draft Completion

A draft of the Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators was completed in January 1997 to be evaluated by state educators and water resources specialists (Validity Panel members).

Objective Four Methods

Objective 4: Determine selected Wisconsin educators' attitudes toward the effectiveness of the draft *Wisconsin Supplement*.

R & D Cycle: Field-test/Evaluation

- **A. Data Needed**: Compiled responses from field-test Project WET workshop evaluation forms.
- **B.** Where the data are located: The data are located with educators who have completed a Wisconsin Project WET workshop as part of this study (includes training and practical experience using the *Wisconsin Supplement*) and Validity Panel members who received the draft *Wisconsin Supplement* in the mail.
- C. How the data will be secured: The data will be collected through formative evaluation forms with both qualitative and Likert scale (1=strongly disagree, 2=disagree, 3=neutral, 4=agree, 5=strongly agree) questions.

During the winter of 1996, both formal and nonformal educators reviewed the draft *Wisconsin Supplement* for clarity, format, accuracy, and ability for use. The reviewers included formal teachers, nonformal environmental educators, and Project WET-Wisconsin Advisory Committee members.

Workshop Development

Three workshops were planned to field-test the *Wisconsin Supplement* and the six 'Wisconsinized' activities. Workshops were scheduled, advertised, and planned (two workshops were required in the research proposal, but one extra was scheduled in case of low enrollment or workshop cancellation of any of the three). Listed below are the workshop locations and dates:

- ➤ Jan. 24,1997. Treehaven Environmental and Conference Center, Lincoln County, northern Wisconsin. This was a pre-conference workshop for the Wisconsin Association for Environmental Education (WAEE) Winter Workshop.
- ➤ Feb. 7, 1997. Havenwoods Environmental Awareness Center, Milwaukee County, southeastern Wisconsin.
- Feb. 14, 1997. Owen-Withee Public Schools, Clark County, central Wisconsin.

Correspondence was sent to confirm applicants' registration for the workshop. The letter included a description of the workshop and requested their assistance with a postworkshop evaluation of the *Wisconsin Supplement*.

During the workshop, the *Wisconsin Supplement* would be introduced to workshop participants and used by them to adapt an activity of their interest. At the end of the workshop, participants would complete an evaluation form for the draft *Wisconsin Supplement* (see Appendix R for a workshop agenda).

Evaluation Forms/Questionnaire Development

Evaluation forms were developed, reviewed by the Validity Panel, and revised. The questions were chosen based on the primary objectives for the product. Specific questions

were developed regarding overall value of the *Wisconsin Supplement*, overall format, relevance of information, quality of information, usefulness of sections, and effectiveness of 'Wisconsinized' activities. Other evaluation forms and related literature were reviewed for questionnaire format ideas and question structure. The initial reviews and final Validity Panel review of questions involved a careful screening for bias, clarity, and ability to draw the intended responses (see Appendix J for letter to Validity Panel members). These evaluation form questions were completed at the end of the field-testing workshops designed to introduce and utilize the *Wisconsin Supplement*. One hour was allotted for participants to complete the forms.

D. How the data will be treated and interpreted: See Revisions, Data Analysis below

Revisions

R & D Cycle: Revisions based on field testing

Data types:

- 1. Qualitative data from evaluation forms completed by educators attending one of two pilot workshops and by Validity Panel members
- 2. Quantitative data from evaluation forms completed by educators attending one of two pilot workshops and by Validity Panel members
- 3. Revisions made directly to the Wisconsin Supplement by Validity Panel members.

Data Analysis:

All qualitative data will be incorporated into the revisions unless it was absolutely impossible due to time constraints. The quantitative data will be averaged for each Likert scale item. Mean scores will help determine revisions that need to be made to the draft *Wisconsin Supplement*.

Validation of Final Wisconsin Supplement

The final *Wisconsin Supplement* changes will be reviewed by a host of volunteer editors including graduate advisor, Dr. Dennis Yockers, graduate committee member and

Project WET-Wisconsin Coordinator, Libby McCann, and several other environmental educators.

Dissemination

Two thousand copies of the Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators will be printed in fall 1997. One thousand will be sent with a letter of introduction and suggestions for Wisconsin Supplement use to educators who have completed a Project WET-Wisconsin workshop. The other thousand copies will be disseminated to state educators as a companion to the national Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide through educator training workshops.

Chapter Summary

This chapter describes the methods used in the development of the *Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators*. In spring 1996, a preliminary assessment was conducted to find out if the *Wisconsin Supplement* would be duplicating previous efforts in the state. After preliminary project approval, other state supplements to national environmental education programs were investigated. The educational research and development process was used to create and evaluate this new educational product. The following methods were employed in the process (refer to the timeline in Appendix Q):

- A literature review of three statewide documents revealed Wisconsin's priority water education topics to focus the information included in the Wisconsin Supplement (Spring 1996).
- 2. The Validity Panel reviewed the priority water education topics and phone interview questions (June 1996).
- 3. Phone interviews of water resources specialists were used to collect recommended resources (e.g. publications, videos, models, organizations, etc.) on Wisconsin priority water education topics (June-September 1996).
- 4. Phone interview responses were compiled and gaps filled in through follow-up phone calls and literature review (Fall 1996).

- 5. Create draft Wisconsin Supplement (September-December 1996).
 - ♦ Phone interviews were conducted with teachers who have modified Project WET activities to Wisconsin or their local area. Their responses provided suggestions for other educators planning to adapt Project WET activities to their region.
- 6. Field-testing/Evaluation (January-February 1997).
 - ♦ Three workshops were scheduled to field-test and evaluate the draft *Wisconsin Supplement*.
 - ♦ An evaluation form was developed for educators to complete at the end of the workshop and for Validity Panel members.
- 7. Evaluation Form Data Analysis (Spring 1997).
 - ♦ Qualitative evaluation form responses were incorporated into revisions as much as possible depending on time and space factors.
 - ♦ Quantitative evaluation form responses were compiled and Likert scale item means were calculated to help determine what revisions needed to be made to the draft *Wisconsin Supplement*.
- 8. Revisions were made based on the field testing and evaluation responses (Summer-Fall 1997).

Chapter Four

Results

Overview

The purpose of this project was to develop the Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators. The research and development cycle for educational products was employed as a framework for the methodology of this project. The Research and Development Cycle steps used in this project are listed below:

- 1. Study of research findings related to the product being developed (literature review of statewide documents to create Wisconsin's priority water education topics list)
- 2. Development of the product based on these findings (and other methods; i.e. phone interviews, cross-referencing results, searching and filling gaps)
- 3. Field-testing and evaluation (field-testing workshops and evaluation forms)
- 4. Revisions based on field-testing (qualitative and quantitative data analysis)

This chapter will summarize the results of the review of related literature, phone interviews used to develop the contents of the draft *Wisconsin Supplement*, field tests, and evaluations of the draft. The results will be presented for each project objective and corresponding research and development step. Figure 4.1 offers a review of the methods used in the research and development process for this project:

Figure 4.1 Research and Development Process Steps

Literature Review to Create Wisconsin's Priority Water Education Topics List

Cross-reference Priority Water Education Topics List with Project WET Curriculum Framework

Validity Panel Review

Phone Interviews to Gather Information to Include in the Draft Wisconsin Supplement

Compile Responses

Create Draft Wisconsin Supplement

Field-test/Evaluation of the Draft Wisconsin Supplement

Data Analysis

Revisions to the Draft to Create the Final Wisconsin Supplement

Preliminary Assessment

The preliminary assessment for this project included informal interviews with key Wisconsin water resources educators regarding their attitudes about this project. Those questioned include Elaine Andrews, UW-Extension; Susan Gilchrist, Department of Natural Resources; Libby McCann, UW-Extension; Al Stenstrup, Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources; Suzanne Wade, UW- Extension; and Dr. Dennis Yockers, Wisconsin Center for Environmental Education and University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point. These individuals felt that creating a Wisconsin Supplement to Project WET would be valuable to Wisconsin educators and would not duplicate other Wisconsin water-related directories. The Project WET-Wisconsin Advisory Committee accepted the project's proposal after it was presented to them.

Objective One

Objective 1: Determine aquatic education topics of greatest concern to selected Wisconsin educators and water resource professionals determined by summary reports of the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR), University of Wisconsin-Extension (UWEX), 1994 teacher survey "Educational Inventory of Water Related Subject Needs" conducted by UWEX, and selected Wisconsin educators and water resource professionals who are members of the Project WET Advisory Committee.

R & D Cycle: Study research findings and other information pertinent to the product being developed.

Two state government reports and one teacher survey were reviewed to compile a list of Wisconsin priority water education topics (UW-Extension 1990, Department of Natural Resources 1994, UW-Extension 1993). A list of water education topics was compiled as a result of the overlapping priorities of the organizations and individuals involved with the documents listed below. A framework was needed for listing the water education topics of greatest concern. The "Water Quality Education Topics and Major Subtopics" list created by Andrews et. al. (1995) provided a thorough framework for adding the priority water-related education topics and water quality issues of concern from the documents described below (Appendix C).

The aquatic education topics of greatest concern were compiled from the following three documents:

- 1. Educational Inventory of Water Related Subject Needs 1993
- 2. State of the Waters: Report to Congress, Executive Summary 1994
- 3. Addressing Water Resources Education Needs in Wisconsin 1990

The priority issues and education topics listed in each of the above documents were compiled within the existing list of "Water Quality Education Topics and Major Subtopics" used as a framework for this study (see Figure 4.2 for the compiled teachers', DNR, and UWEX topics list). Individual descriptions of the priority topics from each of these reports can be found in Appendix I.

Figure 4.2

Priority Water Education Topics and Major Subtopics Chosen by DNR, UWEX, and Selected Wisconsin Teachers

<u>Key</u>

DNR UWEX Ed. DNR State of the Waters: Report to Congress, Executive Summary 1994 UW-Extension Addressing Water Resources Education Needs in Wisconsin Educational Inventory of Water Related Subject Needs. Teachers' survey results and means for each topic and grade level category where:

0=no need

K-2 (Kindergarten-2nd grade teachers)

1=some need

3-5 (3rd-5th grade teachers)

2=great need

6-8 (6th-8th grade teachers)

9-10 (9th-10th grade teachers) 11-12 (11th-12th grade teachers)

x = 1 of the 3 documents emphasized the importance of this topic for water education

xx = 2 of the 3 documents emphasized the importance of this topic for water education

xxx = 3 of the 3 documents emphasized the importance of this topic for water education

Science of water

- _x_ Properties (Ed. K-2, 1.17))
- __ Geology/hydrology dynamics
 - x Groundwater (UWEX)

Water related ecosystems

- x Types of ecosystems (UWEX)
 - _x_ lakes (Ed. K-2/1.13, 3-5/1.13)
 - _x_ wetlands (Ed. K-2/1.09), 3-5/1.21, 6-8/1.16)
 - _xx_ rivers (UWEX, Ed. K-2/1.13, 3-5/1.12, 6-8/1.29)
 - _x_ watersheds (Ed. 3-5/1.57, 6-8/1.44, 9-10/1.10)
 - _x_ ponds (Ed. 3-5/1.03)
 - _x_ oceans (Ed. K-2/1.19, , 9-10/1.09, 11-12/1.17)
 - _x_ streams (Ed. K-2/1.13, 3-5/1.12, 6-8/1.29
 - _x_ riparian (Ed. K-2/1.33, 3-5/1.77, 6-8/1.26, 9-10/1.36, 11-12/1.5

Drinking water supply: quantity and quality

- Delivery
 - _x_ treatment of drinking water (Ed. K-2/1.27, 3-5/1.3, 6-8/1.54, 11-12/1.290)
- _x_ Lifestyle impacts/conservation (Ed. K-2/1.5, 3-5/1.31, 6-8/1.25, 9-10/1.22
- *_x_ Source of drinking water (Ed. K-2/1.08, 3-5/1.04, 6-8/1.44)

Figure 4.2 (continued) Water use Use of water by many groups (Ed. 3-5/1.33, 6-8/1.5); agriculture. _X_ commercial, domestic, industrial, municipal, power production, recreation Conservation by user groups (Ed. K-2/1.13, 3-5/1.33, 6-8/1.08, 9-10/1.22) _X_ Issues/conflicts between user groups (Ed. 3-5/1.12, 6-8/1.17, 9-10/1.22, X 11-12/1.10) Sources of water pollution/contamination Point Source agricultural sources (DNR, Ed. K-2/1.4, 3-5/1.11, 6-8/1.5) public and/or private wastewater (DNR, Ed. K-2/1.25, 3-5/1.3, industrial and business hazardous wastes (DNR, Ed. K-2/1.17, XX 3-5/1.09, 6-8/1.4) energy production wastes (Ed. K-2/1.4, 3-5/1.11, 6-8/1.29) X Nonpoint source (DNR) _X_ atmospheric deposition (DNR, Ed. 3-5/1.24, 6-8/1.64, 9-10/1.17) XXagricultural (DNR) _X_ mining (Ed. 3-5/1.11, 6-8/1.29) _X_ urban (DNR, Ed. 3-5/1.13, 6-8/1.43) $\mathbf{X}\mathbf{X}$ Water quality: risk assessment & reduction * Water Quality Concerns (Ed. K-2/1.2, 3-5/1.21, 6-8/1.43, 9-10/1.05) _X_ Curriculum addresses the concept of how risk decisions are made (Ed. 3-_X_ 5/1.67, 9-10/1.48, 11-12/1.63) xxx Impact of water quality on health (DNR, UWEX, Ed. K-2/1.05, 3-5/1.2, 6-8/1.5, $9-10/\sim1.2$, 11-12/1.19) xx Impact of water quality on human food sources (UWEX, Ed. K-2/1.19, 3-5/1.08, 6-8/1.2, 9-10/1.17) xxx Impact of water quality on plant and animal communities (DNR, UWEX, Ed. K-2/1.06, 3-5/1.04, 9-10/1.17) Understanding and reducing risks for specific contaminants bacteria (Ed. 3-5/1.5, 6-8/1.31, 9-10/1.08) _X_ nitrates (DNR, Ed. 3-5/1.15, 6-8/1.28, 9-10/1.33, 11-12/1.33) _XX pesticides (DNR, Ed. K-2/1.3, 3-5/1.14, 6-8/1.18, 9-10/1.21) $_{\mathbf{XX}}_{\mathbf{X}}$ sediments (DNR, Ed. 3-5/1.14, 6-8/1.31/9-10/1.13, 11-12/~1.10) $_{\mathbf{XX}}_{\mathbf{-}}$ salinity (Ed. 3-5/1.15, 6-8/1.36, 9-10/~1.15, 11-12/1.08) _x_ other chemicals (DNR, ED. 3-5/1.35, 6-8/1.36, 9-10/1.36, $_{\mathbf{XX}}_{\mathbf{-}}$ 11-12/1.07) Water quality indicators (*streambank surveys, abiotic and biotic) (Ed. _x_

 $3-5/\sim1.2$, $6-8/\sim1.15$, $9-10/\sim1.3$, $11-12/\sim1.13$)

Figure 4.2 (continued)			
Management	t & protection strategies for specific uses		
xx			
	9-10/1.36)		
x	Chemical spills and emergencies (Ed. 3-5/1.04, 6-8/1.21, 11-12/1.25)		
xx	Chemical/fuel storage (DNR, Ed. 3-5/1.15, 6-8/1.07, 11-12/~1.24)		
xx	Development issues/pressures (UWEX, Ed. 3-5/1.05, 6-8/~1.18,		
	9-10/1.25, 11-12/~1.18)		
x	Natural disasters (Ed. 3-5/1.21, 6-8/1.11)		
x	Recreational use (Ed. K-2/1.10, 9-10/1.24, 11-12/1.13)		
xx	Solid waste management decisions (UWEX, Ed. 3-5/1.13, 9-10/1.37)		
	Wastewater treatment (Ed. 3-5/1.08, 6-8/1.29)		
xxx	Wildlife habitat/land stewardship management (DNR, UWEX, Ed.		
	K-2/1.10, 3-5/1.2, 6-8/1.43, 9-10/1.4)		
	Zoning strategies		
	x wellhead/groundwater recharge areas (DNR)		
Government	& citizenship issues		
x	Policy issues (Ed. 3-5/1.04, 6-8/1.19, 9-10/~1.25)		
X	Role of local government in developing protection strategies (Ed. 6-8/1.2, 9-10/1.15, 11-12/1.4)		
x	Citizen involvement and participation (*Taking Action) (Ed. 3-5/1.2,		
	6-8/1.15, 9-10/1.25, 11-12/1.25)		
x	Legislation, regulation, incentives/disincentives (Ed. 3-5/1.09, 6-8/1.07,		
	9-10/1.11, 11-12/1.33)		
Water-relate	d careers		
x	Technical: (Ed. 3-5/1.23, 6-8/1.13, 9-10/1.07, 11-12/1.5)		
x_	Professional: (Ed. 3-5/1.22, 6-8/1.10, 9-10/~1.35, 11-12/~1.4)		
* added to original list			
Water Quality Education Topics and Subtopics was developed by Elaine Andrews and Karen Poulin, University of			
wisconsin Cooper	ative Extension, Environmental Resources Center, 1992.		

Cross-reference Priority Wisconsin Water Education Topics List with Project WET Curriculum Framework

The topics list (Figure 4.2) was cross-referenced with the Project WET Curriculum Framework developed through Michael Brody's (1995) research (see Appendix B) to see if

the topics fit within the Project WET curriculum. Because the Project WET curriculum framework is very broad, it was not difficult to find that each chosen topic fit within one of the conceptual framework categories.

Validity Panel Review of Wisconsin Water Education Topics List

The Wisconsin water education topics list was then sent to the Validity Panel with a form to review the list for accuracy and thoroughness. The Validity Panel recommended additional topics and other minor changes to add to the list (see Appendix J). The compiled Validity Panel evaluation forms are included below in Figure 4.3.

Figure 4.3

Compiled Validity Panel Responses from Review of Priority Wisconsin Water Education Topics List

- In your opinion does this list adequately cover priority water education topics for Wisconsin? Yes 1 No 8
- 2. What is missing?
 - Habitat and ecology (Wisconsin water provides vital habitat for plants and animals)
 - Water law (Wisconsin has a rich history of water law and its importance for students to understand their rights and the rights of others. It is important for students to know that water resources are held in trust (Public Trust Doctrine) by the state for the public.
 - Pollution Prevention/Anti-Degradation of Ecosystems
 - Water observation and aesthetics
 - Sources and solutions should always be linked to prevent finger pointing
 - Water's intrinsic value
 - Spiritual values associated with water
 - Role of water in transportation
 - Historical role of water
 - Watersheds in Wisconsin
 - How water influences/ties together terrestrial systems
 - Include the residential homeowner who over fertilizes
 - May need to make certain topics or issues more specific (i.e. urban vs. agricultural nonpoint source pollution)
 - Exotics
 - Land Use (forestry, construction, etc.)
 - Metals

Figure 4.3 (continued)

- Include curricula materials available for each topic (Be sure to reference the yearbook of agriculture on water it still is an excellent resource)
- 3. What should not be included?
 - Oceáns

All of their recommendations were incorporated into the final priority list (Figure 4.4). This final priority list is what was used to determine who should be interviewed as specialists for these topics in order to provide recommended educational resources regarding these topics (refer to Objective Two).

Figure 4.4 **Final Priority Topics List** Water Quality Education Topics and Major Subtopics Chosen by DNR, **UWEX**, and Selected Wisconsin Teachers Water has unique physical and chemical characteristics **Properties** Geology/hydrology dynamics Groundwater Water connects all earth systems Types of water related ecosystems wetlands rivers/streams/riparian watersheds ponds/lakes great lakes Water is essential for all life to exist Drinking water supply: quantity and quality Delivery treatment of drinking water infrastructure Lifestyle impacts/conservation

Figure 4.4 (continued)			
	Source of drinking water		
	Private water supplies		
	Drinking water diseases		
Water quality	risk assessment & reduction Water quality concerns		
· <u></u>	Impact of water quality on human health, food and plant and animal		
	communities		
	Waste water treatment issues		
	Understanding and reducing risks for specific contaminants		
	bacteria		
	nitrates		
	pesticides		
	sediments		
	salinity		
	other chemicals		
	VOC's		
	metals (Hg, Pb)		
	Radon/Radium		
	Water quality indicators		
Water Habita	ts and Ecosystems in balance		
	Biodiversity		
	Ecosystem		
	Pools, riffles, runs		
	Littoral zone		
	Shorelines & riparian zone		
	Water landscape		
Water observ	ation (Wisconsin specific)		
	Aesthetics		
	Monitoring		
	rces exist within social constructs		
Water use			
	Use of water by many groups; agriculture, commercial, domestic, industrial, municipal, power production, recreation, aesthetic, religious, spiritual,		
	residential Consequentian by year groups		
	Conservation by user groups		
	Issues/conflicts between user groups Historical uses		
*********	Transportation		
	Tansportation		

Figure 4.4 (continued)			
Government and Citizenship Issues Policy issues Role of local government in developing protection strategies Citizen involvement and participation Legislation, regulation, incentives/disincentives			
Water is a natural resource Sources of water pollution/contamination			
Land use (development-construction, roads, etc., forest management, agriculture practices, residential practices)			
Point Source agricultural sources public and/or private wastewater industrial and business hazardous wastes/permits process and regulations, energy production wastes) residential homeowners water reclamation (ex. dam removal)			
Nonpoint source atmospheric deposition			
mining agricultural nutrient management erosion control crop production farmstead pollution prevention urban			
land use changes (ex. construction, roads, forest management, etc.) Pollution prevention Tragedy of the Commons Water belongs to all in Wisconsin (resource held in common) Residential homeowners Intrinsic value of water in Wisconsin			
Water resources are managed Management & protection strategies for specific uses Agricultural Management practices Biodiversity Chemical spills and emergencies, chemical /fuel storage Chemical/fuel storage			
Construction erosion control Development and diversion issues/pressures Exotic species control & prevention			

Figure 4.4 (continued)
——————————————————————————————————————	Fisheries management Natural disasters Recreational use Residential management Solid waste management decisions Stewardship Sustainable resource management Transportation Urban runoff management
——————————————————————————————————————	Wastewater treatment Wildlife habitat/land stewardship management Zoning strategies wellhead/groundwater recharge areas
Water-relate	ed careers Technical Professional

Objective Two

Objective 2: Identify Wisconsin water resources information available to educators.

R & D Cycle: Study research findings and other information pertinent to the product being developed.

The information needed for this objective was primarily obtained through phone interviews of water resources specialists; a review of related literature helped to fill any gaps. The results are presented in the steps listed below:

Phone Interviews

1. Question Development

For review, the following steps were taken in the development of the phone interview questions:

A. Determine objectives

- 1. What Wisconsin water resources education materials or publications relevant to these priority topics are recommended for state educators to use in developing water education programs for their students?
- 2. What state and regional organizations are recommended for educators to contact for information about these topics?
- 3. What state and regional organizations are recommended for educators to contact for information about field trips and classroom presenters related to these topics?
- 4. Who else should I contact for further information related to these topics?
- B. Determine types of questions (open-ended, semi-structured interview)
- C. Develop draft questions
- D. Evaluate the questions for bias, redundancy

2. Validity Panel Review

The Validity Panel reviewed the draft questions for bias, clarity, and ability for the questions to elicit the intended responses. The panel was also asked to offer recommendations for whom to interview for each chosen topic of greatest concern. Revisions were made to the questions based on the compiled evaluation responses and comments from Validity Panel members. Some of the major edits made from their comments included increasing the number of interviewees, refining the interview process through procedural recommendations, clarifying question wording, and communicating exactly what was wanted from the interviewee (refer to Appendix K for detailed comments). The recommended changes were made and the final four questions are listed in Figure 4.5.

Figure 4.5

Phone Interview Questions

1. Which of Wisconsin's ¹resource materials related to groundwater would you recommend for educators (both ²formal and non-formal) to use in developing and presenting water education programs with their students?

1. 4. 2. 5.

3. 6.

2. What statewide and regional³ organizations would you recommend for educators to contact for information on this topic (or related to this topic) when developing their water education programs?

Statewide

1. 3.

2.

Regional

1. 3. 2.

- 3. What positions with organizations, institutions, or agencies would you recommend educators contact for field trip⁴ ideas and locations related to this topic?
- 4. Are there any other individuals or organizations you would recommend that I contact related to this topic for further information regarding these questions?

¹ Resource Materials - Activity/Curriculum Guides, publications, fact sheets, speakers, audio visual materials, models/displays/trunks, videos, computer software, posters, children's books, field trip location contacts, etc. Both materials that will help teachers adapt WET materials to Wisconsin (at teacher level) and those which will enhance their presentations with their students (students' level K-12).

² formal - K-12 teachers nonformal - e.g. nature center educators, resource agency educators, museum educators, etc.

³ regional - watershed area

⁴ field trip - for students and related to this topic (i.e. museums, industries, state parks, public lands representative of specific ecosystems, nature centers)

3. Select Interviewees

Validity Panel members listed the recommended interviewees for each topic. Where there were interviewees needed for specific topics, graduate committee members, Dr. Dennis Yockers and Libby McCann, were asked to recommend people.

4. Contact Interviewees

In most cases, the contacted water resource specialist agreed to the interview and a date and time were scheduled. In some cases, the recommended individual would refer me to someone they felt was more appropriate for the interview. Letter and phone interview questions were sent to the interviewees approximately two weeks prior to the scheduled interview.

5. Conduct Interviews

Twenty-eight people were formally interviewed to suggest resources and organizations included in the *Wisconsin Supplement*. The interviews lasted approximately 1-1½ hours. Refer to "Acknowledgments" on p.5 of Appendix S, *Wisconsin Supplement*, for the list of interviewees and affiliated organizations.

6. Phone Interview Responses

The interview responses from water resource specialists provided qualitative data that was organized by the water topics chosen through Objective One and compiled into the Resources section of the draft version of the Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators.

Objective Three

Objective 3: Create a Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators as a supplement to the Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide.

R & D Cycle: Product Development based on those research findings

Analysis of Phone Interview Responses

The Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators was developed through the phone interview responses followed up by literature review. These responses were compiled by the chosen water education topics from Objective One (e.g. groundwater, water quality monitoring, pollution prevention, etc.).

Gaps were identified where there was an inadequate amount of information listed for a given topic from Objective One. Those gaps were filled through secondary interviews, informal phone calls to other topic specialists, and literature review of Wisconsin water resources directories and publications lists. This process was completed when each topic section had a comparable amount of resources included.

In late fall of 1996, a letter was sent to each organization included in the draft *Wisconsin Supplement* to request their permission to be included in the final *Wisconsin Supplement*. The description of their organization was included in the letter for their review (see Appendix L for a copy of the letter sent to organizations). In addition, many organizations were contacted to provide a description and list of services available to educators.

Wisconsin Supplement Development by Section

Resources

Resources were chosen based on how well they addressed the priority list of water education topics. Nearly all of the responses were included. In some cases, where locally-specific information was recommended, a decision was made by the researcher and two graduate committee members to only include resources at the state level (with a few exceptions of materials that could easily be used in other regions of the state).

A description of the resource, how to order it, and costs (if that information was known) were included for each item.

Organizations

There are three sub-sections within the *Organizations* section to accommodate the variety of organizations recommended by interviewees. Nearly all of their recommended

organizations were included. In some cases however, the organization was extremely specific to a small area or watershed. In general, organizations were included to the county, watershed, or large city level while organizations specific to smaller regions and watersheds were not included. In addition, other water-related statewide government organizations, statewide non-government organizations, Great Lakes organizations, federal agencies, some national and international organizations, and computer networking sites were added to Part One. Part Two is separated into the three major watersheds of Wisconsin: Lake Michigan, Lake Superior, and the Mississippi River. Water-related organizations and field trip and presentation contacts were included for each watershed. The final *Organizations* section, Part Three, lists the county and regional offices for a variety of state agencies.

Descriptions of the services provided by each organization were included with contact information including address, phone and fax numbers and e-mail addresses and home page sites if available.

Wisconsin Resources Recommended for each Project WET Activity

In this section, each Project WET activity is listed in order within its Project WET Curriculum Framework topic, with page number noted. Wisconsin resources (i.e. publications, videos, models, organizations) included in the *Resources* section are listed for each activity as suggestions (by the researcher) to help educators 'Wisconsinize' the Project WET activities. Each suggested item is found in the Index and can be found in the *Resources* and *Organizations* sections where a description and contact information is provided.

Suggestions for Adapting National Project WET to Wisconsin & 'Wisconsinized' Activities

In this final section of the *Supplement*, teachers' suggestions for adapting national Project WET activities to Wisconsin and local regions and six 'Wisconsinized' activities were included.

A. Suggestions for Adapting National Project WET to Wisconsin

Ten Wisconsin teachers were chosen to be interviewed to provide suggestions for other educators interested in adapting Project WET to Wisconsin (refer to "Acknowledgments" on p.5 of Appendix S, *Wisconsin Supplement*, for the list of interviewed teachers). Nine of these teachers had experience 'Wisconsinizing' a Project WET activity after attending a Project WET Leadership Institute in the summer of 1996. To fulfill their graduate credit assignment, they chose to adapt a Project WET activity to Wisconsin or their region. A tenth educator was interviewed who had previously created a Wisconsin version of a Project WET activity to use with her students. This teacher was also a Project WET facilitator and Project WET Advisory Committee member). These ten teachers were interviewed because of the extent of their activity adaptations and familiarity with Project WET.

Development of Teacher Phone Interview Questions

To develop the questions the objectives first needed to be determined, they include:

- a. What suggestions would these teachers give other educators interested in adapting a national Project WET activity to Wisconsin or their region?
- b. What steps would they recommend other educators follow in this process?
- c. Was this a useful process for them to experience?
- d. Will they use the adapted activities?

The questions were then developed to address those objectives. Two graduate committee members reviewed the questions for bias, clarity, ability to draw the intended responses, and redundancy. The final questions are listed below in Figure 4.6.

Figure 4.6

Phone Interview Questions for Teachers who Have 'Wisconsinized' Project WET Activities

- 1. Why did you choose this particular activity to Wisconsin?
- 2. What steps did you take to localize the activity?
- 3. Based on your experiences of localizing this activity, what procedures would you suggest to other educators planning to adapt an activity to their area?
- 4. What advice would you offer educators to assist them in avoiding potential obstacles throughout the activity modification process?
- 5. What additional information would you add to your activity if you were to revise it?
- 6. What other resources (not previously mentioned) would you suggest educators use when 'Wisconsinizing' activities?

Yes/No Questions

- 1. Was it useful for you to 'Wisconsinize' this activity?
- 2. Do you plan to use this activity with your students?
- 3. Do you think it would be useful for other educators to 'Wisconsinize' Project WET activities?
- 4. May I use your activity adaptation in the *Wisconsin Supplement* and during the field-testing workshops?
- 5. May I have a copy of your activity adaptation on disk?

Analysis of Teacher Interview Responses

Each phone interview lasted approximately one hour. The main outcome of the interview responses included a set of steps to adapt a Project WET activity to local regions, advice to avoid potential obstacles, and suggested resources (materials and organizations) for 'Wisconsinizing' activities (refer to pages 163-4 of the *Wisconsin Supplement*, Appendix S, for the complete list of suggestions). The responses were compiled, organized into categories, and the categories listed in steps to assist educators in adapting Project WET activities to Wisconsin and local regions.

B. Activities

The six 'Wisconsinized' activities used in the draft *Wisconsin Supplement* were chosen based on how well they addressed the finalized priority list of water education topics and how thoroughly they were adapted. The Leadership Institute students extensively

researched their activity for state-specific adaptations regarding Wisconsin aquatic ecosystems information, issues, and species. Each activity was assessed for its school level appropriateness based on the standards used in the existing <u>Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide</u>. At least two activities were included for each school level:

Elementary: Color Me a Watershed, Common Water, Water Address, Sum of the

Parts

Middle: Color Me a Watershed, Common Water, Dilemma Derby, Sum of the

Parts, Water Address

High: Color Me a Watershed, Dilemma Derby, The Pucker Effect, Water Address

The 'Wisconsinized' activities format follows that of national Project WET but the background content, methods, resources, and extension sections were modified. These activities can be found on pages 165-209 of Appendix S, the *Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators*.

Objective Four

Objective 4: Determine selected Wisconsin educators' attitudes toward the effectiveness of the draft *Wisconsin Supplement*.

R & D Cycle: Field-test/Evaluation

Field -Test Workshops

Two, six-hour teacher training workshops were offered to K-12 educators who were either invited to attend based on their request to be placed on the Project WET mailing list or chose to register for the workshop as a result of advertisements. A third workshop, at Havenwoods Environmental Awareness Center (Milwaukee, WI), was canceled due to low enrollment. Listed below are the dates, locations, and educator profiles of the field-test workshops:

- Jan. 24, 1997. Treehaven Environmental and Conference Center (Tomahawk, Vilas County): nonformal & formal educators (K-12) from around the state (as part of the WAEE Winter Workshop)
- **Feb. 14, 1997**. Owen-Withee Public Schools (Owen, Clark County): rural K-12 teachers from one school district

In the morning, the *Wisconsin Supplement* was introduced to workshop participants, where the layout and content was explained. During the workshop, participants taught each of the six 'Wisconsinized' activities and offered on-the-spot comments on activity effectiveness and clarity. In the afternoon, a half-hour period was designated for teachers to begin adapting Project WET activities to their region by using the *Wisconsin Supplement*. At the close of the workshop, one hour was allotted to review the *Wisconsin Supplement* and complete the evaluation forms.

Evaluation Forms

Evaluation forms were developed, reviewed by the Validity Panel, and revised. The Validity Panel reviewed the questions for bias, clarity, and ability to draw the intended responses. Their comments mainly addressed the clarity of the questions to ensure the type of responses that were being sought. Most of the edits to the draft evaluation form were word changes.

These evaluation form questions were completed at the end of the field-testing workshops designed to introduce and utilize the *Wisconsin Supplement*. A copy of the evaluation form can be found in Appendix M.

In addition, Validity Panel members were asked to evaluate the draft *Wisconsin*Supplement mailed to them with an introductory letter that described the contents and format of the document. Their evaluations were assessed and utilized in developing the final product.

Field-Test & Evaluation Responses

Workshop Participant Responses

Thirty-eight educators attended the two workshops. Thirty educators completed the evaluation forms (a snowstorm during the Treehaven workshop caused several people to leave the workshop early without completing the evaluation form).

Validity Panel Responses

Validity Panel members evaluated the draft *Wisconsin Supplement* mailed to them with an introductory letter that described the contents and format of the document (see Appendix N for the letter to Validity Panel members). Seven members completed evaluation forms and nine sets of edits were made directly to the draft *Wisconsin Supplement*.

Data Analysis

The qualitative and quantitative evaluation responses were compiled and systematically analyzed. This analysis segregated responses according to the following categories for each section of the *Wisconsin Supplement*: overall quality, usability and format effectiveness, value, amount of information available, relevance of information, quality of information, usefulness of sections, and quality of 'Wisconsinized' activities.

Qualitative Data

The qualitative responses are organized by *Wisconsin Supplement* section (Appendix O). The evaluation form statements are not listed in entirety but instead a key word for the objective of that statement is listed. The responses were organized by whether they were positive (+) or negative (-) or whether they recommended adding (Add) or deleting (Delete) information. All qualitative data were incorporated into the revisions unless considered impossible due to time and publication size constraints (as determined by the researcher and graduate committee members). Qualitative responses were compiled and most comments were incorporated into revisions to the draft. Some of the main qualitative responses that drove the major changes to the draft *Wisconsin Supplement* were: alphabetize all the listings and *Resources* section topics, create an Index, make the 'Wisconsinized' activities more general for anyone in the state to use, and add more web sites (refer to Appendix O for the complete list of qualitative responses).

Quantitative Data

The quantitative data were compiled into a Microsoft Excel database spreadsheet where sums, means, and standard deviations were calculated. The mean for each Likert scale

statement was compiled into a table (see Appendix P). If the mean score for that Likert scale evaluation form item was below 4.0=agree (1=strongly disagree, 2=disagree, 3=neutral, 4=agree, 5=strongly agree) changes were made to that section of the *Wisconsin Supplement*. Yet, all responses were looked at closely and considered for inclusion in revisions.

Overall, the evaluators provided positive feedback on the intended objectives and effectiveness of the draft *Wisconsin Supplement* (refer to Appendix P for the table of quantitative data). They felt the *Wisconsin Supplement* would be a valuable resource that they would use to adapt Project WET activities to Wisconsin or their region and that those activities would be more relevant to their students. The statements and mean responses are listed in Figure 4.7 below.

Figure 4	.7 Evaluation Statements Regarding the Overall Value	e of the
	Wisconsin Supplement	
	*Mean (n=37)	respondents)
♦ The F	Visconsin WET Supplement will be valuable to me.	4.22
	g the Wisconsin WET Supplement to localize Project	
WET	activities will make those activates more relevant to my students.	4.5
	to use the Wisconsin WET Supplement to adapt WET activities	
to Wi	sconsin or my region.	4.18
The	Visconsin WET Supplement will be valuable to me when I adapt	
Proje	ct WET activities to Wisconsin or my region.	4.23
♦ The N	Wisconsin WET Supplement will be useful to other Wisconsin teachers.	4.41
*On a sca agree	le of 1-5, where 1 = strongly disagree, 2 = disagree, 3 = neutral, 4 = agree, 5 =	strongly

There were eight statements with a mean score of less than 4.0 and they all involved the six 'Wisconsinized' Project WET activities (refer to Appendix P for the complete set of data). These lower scores suggested that changes needed to be made to the activities. Refer to Figure 4.8 for the list of eight statements and associated mean scores.

Figure 4.8 Eight Evaluation Form Statements with Means Less than 4.0*

• It is valuable to me to have the 'Wisconsinized' Project WET activities ready for use:

	*Mean (n=37)
Dilemma Derby	3.95
The Pucker Effect	3.98
Sum of the Parts	3.98
Water Address	3.98

• I plan to use these 'Wisconsinized' Project WET activities with my students:

Color Me a Watershed	3.88
Common Water	3.98
Dilemma Derby	3.70
The Pucker Effect	3.67

^{*}On a scale of 1-5, where 1 = strongly disagree, 2 = disagree, 3 = neutral, 4 = agree, 5 = strongly agree; n=37 total respondents

Compiled Qualitative and Quantitative Responses

In many cases, changes were made to the draft according to the qualitative data for the same statement with a quantitative mean higher than 4.0. This cross-referencing of data was helpful in reaching a variety of evaluator preferences for either writing qualitative comments or numerical grading. The qualitative data provided more detail for the revisions than the quantitative data. Qualitative data ranged from recommending additions to the list of organizations to adding the cross-reference planning charts from the Project WET
Curriculum and Activity Guide to the Wisconsin Supplement. The researcher and two members of the graduate committee reviewed the compiled responses. These suggestions were incorporated through revisions to the draft Wisconsin Supplement.

Revisions

R & D Cycle: Revisions based on field-testing

According to the evaluators' recommendations and data analysis, final changes were incorporated during the summer and fall of 1997. Some additional organizations and

Wisconsin resources recommended for each Project WET activity was added to the final *Wisconsin Supplement*. Some of the revisions included:

- adding additional information (e.g. more web site addresses, other organizations, etc.)
- placing all topics and resources in alphabetical order
- providing clear explanations for each section and activity
- improving the overall activity format for clarity and consistency
- improving the quality of the graphics
- adding an index for easy reference
- adding the associated page numbers from the Project WET Guide to the listed Project WET activities in the *Wisconsin Supplement*.

Several comments offered by evaluators referred to the number and specificity of the 'Wisconsinized' activities. Several people felt that the activities were too specific to a certain region of Wisconsin and were therefore not applicable to their students. This would mean that they would have to make the extra step of adapting the activity to their area. As a result, each activity was made more general to Wisconsin so any teacher could use the activity with an additional highlighted section where the more specific adaptation could be used as an example for creating local versions of the activity. For the six 'Wisconsinized' activities, revisions included:

- additional background information was added to each
- the format and sub-sections were made consistent
- a new section was added to each activity called "Adapt this Activity to Your Region (or Watershed)!" to provide suggested materials to use and organizations to contact
- making the activity applicable to anyone in the state by adding more general Wisconsin adaptations and/or background information to activities specific to a certain region

There were several evaluator requests that were not added to the *Wisconsin*Supplement due to limitations of time, document space, and previous publication of that information. Some of those requests included adding:

- the cross-reference planning charts from the <u>Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide</u>
 (not necessary to duplicate efforts)
- list of lakes affected by acid rain and ranking their acidity level (very specific information)
- trade books related to Project WET activities (more national than the goals of the *Wisconsin Supplement*)
- nature and environmental centers (not necessary to duplicate efforts)

Validation of Final Wisconsin Supplement

Sections of the draft were laid out and reviewed by various volunteer editors affiliated with the Wisconsin Center for Environmental Education and with editorial experience. The final draft was reviewed by Project WET-Wisconsin Coordinator, Libby McCann, graduate committee advisor, Dr. Dennis Yockers, and UW-Extension Lake Management Program Assistant and Project WET facilitator, Dorothy Snyder.

Chapter Summary

This chapter describes the results of the research and development process used to develop this new educational product. The review of literature related to the product being developed revealed over thirty water education topics of greatest concern to Wisconsin teachers and water specialists. Wisconsin water resource specialists were asked to be interviewed based on these topics. The interviewees recommended Wisconsin resources (publications, models, videos, organizations, etc.) for teachers to use in adapting national Project WET to Wisconsin. Twenty-eight interviews provided a host of resources to include in the *Wisconsin Supplement*. Gaps in certain topic areas were filled through informal interviews with other recommended specialists and review of other water resource directories. Phone interviews with teachers experienced in adapting Project WET activities

to Wisconsin and their region revealed suggestions to provide other teachers planning to do the same.

The draft Wisconsin Supplement was reviewed by thirty educators attending one of two workshops offered to introduce and field-test this new educational product, as well as eleven Validity Panel members. Qualitative and quantitative data were compiled and analyzed. Nearly all the qualitative responses were incorporated into revisions of the draft. Every quantitative Likert scale mean response for each statement was looked at closely, with a line drawn at 4.0 (on a scale of 1-5) to require a change to the draft. Many revisions were made to the draft to create the final Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators. Two thousand copies of the Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators will be printed in fall 1997. Approximately one thousand copies will be sent to educators who have previously attended a Project WET-Wisconsin workshop with a letter describing the contents an recommendations for use of the Wisconsin Supplement. One thousand copies will be introduced and distributed to educators attending future Project WET-Wisconsin workshops.

Chapter Five

Summary, Recommendations, and Conclusions

Summary

The purpose of this study was to develop a Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators to the national Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide. The goal for the development of this state supplement is to help state teachers make Project WET activities more relevant to Wisconsin students and in so doing, encourage them to become familiar with, and develop a sense of stewardship for, local water resources.

The educational research and development process was used to create this educational product. The first step of this process was the literature review that unveiled the priority water education topics to include in the supplement. Specific resources (e.g. publication, videos, models, organizations, etc.) for each topic were recommended by interviewed Wisconsin water resource specialists and compiled through review of related literature. Phone interviews with Wisconsin teachers provided suggestions for other teachers planning to adapt Project WET to their region of Wisconsin. Six 'Wisconsinized' activities written by state teachers were selected to be included as ready-to-use examples of Wisconsin-adapted activities. The draft *Wisconsin Supplement* was reviewed by thirty educators and eleven validity panel members. Revisions were made to the draft based on these evaluations and the final *Wisconsin Supplement* will be printed in December 1997.

The first section of this chapter contains a review of the results for each research objective, followed by recommendations and conclusions where necessary.

Review of Results and Conclusions by Research Objective

Objective 1: Determine aquatic education topics of greatest concern to selected Wisconsin educators and water resource professionals determined by summary reports of the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR), University of Wisconsin-Extension (UWEX), 1994 teacher survey "Educational Inventory of Water Related Subject Needs" conducted by UWEX, and selected Wisconsin educators and water resource professionals who are members of the Project WET Advisory Committee.

R & D Cycle: Study research findings and other information pertinent to the product being developed.

Summary of Results: A list of water education topics of greatest concern was compiled through literature review of two state agency documents and a statewide teacher survey. This list was cross-referenced with the Project WET curriculum framework. After validity panel review, a final list of Wisconsin priority water education topics was organized (see Figure 4.6). This final list of topics was used to generate a list of water resource specialists to interview for those specific topics (i.e. groundwater, lakes, fisheries management).

Conclusions: The literature review revealed the extensive need for broad-based water education for both adults and children. According to the teacher survey reviewed, there are many water topics which Wisconsin teachers feel they need more information about in order to teach that topic to their students. After reviewing an additional Wisconsin teacher survey (Dixon 1996), it can be concluded that teachers want relevant information about Wisconsin's water resources.

Recommendations: In Wisconsin, we are fortunate to have strong environmental education and water education programs. Because of this, a teacher survey had previously been completed and provided a source of the information needed for Objective One. Other states may need to dig deeper to find this type of information or conduct their own educator needs assessment regarding water education.

Objective 2: Identify Wisconsin water resources information available to educators.

R & D Cycle: Study research findings and other information pertinent to the product being developed.

Summary of Results: A set of phone interview questions regarding available Wisconsin–specific water resources information was developed and reviewed by validity panel members. Revisions were made and four final questions were used to interview Wisconsin water resource specialists. Twenty-eight water resource specialists were interviewed by telephone. They provided recommended resources and organizations relevant to most of the water education topics selected through Objective One.

Conclusions: In most cases, the interviewees provided a wealth of recommended resources to include for the topic of their specialty. There were gaps where recommended interviewees either felt they could not provide the needed information for this project or could not be contacted. Further phone calls to other Wisconsin water specialists were successful in gathering the needed resources to complete Objective Two.

Recommendations: Ideally, more than one specialist would have been interviewed for each topic. This way, cross-referencing between their responses would have offered possibly more resources to be included and to have two opinions of what resources would be helpful to educators. Consequently, this may have reduced the number of phone calls the researcher made to find additional resources for certain topics.

In addition, it may have been wise to also interview teachers with a special interest in water education. They may be more aware of appropriate Wisconsin water education resources to recommend for other educators' use.

Objective 3: Create a Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators as a supplement to the Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide.

R & D Cycle: Product development based on those research findings

Summary of Results by Wisconsin Supplement Section: The Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators was developed through phone interview responses followed by literature review (refer to Appendix S for the final Wisconsin Supplement). The results will be summarized below by the Wisconsin Supplement section titles:

Resources and Organizations sections

Secondary interviews with additional Wisconsin water resource specialists, informal phone calls to water-related organizations, and literature review of Wisconsin water resource directories were used to fill in the gaps where phone interview responses were not complete for certain topics. Resources were chosen based on how well they addressed the final priority list of water education topics from Objective One (refer to pages 11-70 of the *Wisconsin Supplement* in Appendix S for the "Resources" section). Recommended organizations were included to the county, watershed, or large city level. The researcher included other water-related organizations including: statewide government agencies, statewide non-government organizations, Great Lakes organizations, federal agencies, selected national and international organizations, and computer networking and web sites. Organizations and field trip and presentation contacts were separated into the three major watersheds of Wisconsin: Lake Michigan, Lake Superior, and the Mississippi River (refer to pages 71-145 of the *Wisconsin Supplement* in Appendix S for the "Organizations" section).

Wisconsin Resources Recommended for each Project WET Activity

Each activity from the <u>Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide</u> is listed in this section with recommended Wisconsin resources and organizations relevant to the objectives of that activity (refer to pages 146-162 of the *Wisconsin Supplement* in Appendix S).

Suggestions for Adapting National Project WET to Wisconsin

Ten Wisconsin teachers were selected for phone interviews to provide suggestions for other educators interested in adapting national Project WET activities to Wisconsin. These teachers had experience adapting Project WET activities to their region and provided steps for adapting activities, advice to avoid potential obstacles, and suggested resources to use when adapting an activity (refer to pages 163-164 of the *Wisconsin Supplement* in Appendix S).

'Wisconsinized' Activities

Six 'Wisconsinized' activities were included as ready-to-use examples for educators to use with their students and to refer to as a model for developing their own activity modifications. These activities were written by some of the teachers interviewed for suggestions (as described in the "Suggestions for Adapting National Project WET to Wisconsin" section above) and were selected based on how well they addressed the final list of priority water education topics and how extensively they were modified (refer to pages 165-209 of the *Wisconsin Supplement* in Appendix S).

Conclusions: According to two statewide surveys, Wisconsin teachers want local water resources information as well as information about a variety of water-related topics to help them educate their students (Dixon 1996, UW-Extension 1993). These publications directly address stated needs of Wisconsin teachers and water specialists. The Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators provides a wealth of information in one place for educators to use in developing their water education programs. The detailed lists of Wisconsin water-related educational resources and organizations are listed for the priority water education topics highlighted by Wisconsin teachers and state water specialists derived through Objective One. It also offers suggested Wisconsin resources for adapting each of the ninety-one Project WET activities to Wisconsin and six examples of teachers' activity adaptations to Wisconsin and local regions of the state.

Generally, teachers want to receive educational materials that are ready to use. The majority of the *Wisconsin Supplement* is a directory of Wisconsin water resources

educational materials and organizations. It provides lists of resources (e.g. publications, videos, books, models, etc.) and organizations for a wide variety of water topics and information for ordering the materials and contacting the organizations. Therefore, in order to adapt most of the Project WET activities, the educator needs to take extra steps to collect the needed information. There are six example Wisconsin-adapted activities provided for educators to use with their students.

Recommendations: It would be helpful to state educators if they were provided with more 'Wisconsinized' Project WET activities ready for their use. Other Project WET programs planning to create a state supplement may want to include a larger selection of adapted activities along with sources of water resources information specific to their state.

A follow-up study of educators who have received the *Wisconsin Supplement* should be conducted to assess how much they have actually used the information and activities in their teaching. This information would guide further development and revisions to the *Wisconsin Supplement* and the way it is disseminated. In addition, other states would benefit from the results when developing their own state supplements.

Objective 4: Determine selected educators' attitudes toward the effectiveness of the draft *Wisconsin Supplement*.

R & D Cycle: Field-test/Evaluation

Summary of Results: Thirty-eight educators attended the two field-testing teacher training workshops offered to evaluate the effectiveness of the draft *Wisconsin Supplement*. An evaluation form was developed to gather qualitative and quantitative data to judge the draft's format, clarity and amount of information, activity effectiveness, and ability to meet its intended objectives. Thirty educators and seven validity panel members completed evaluations and nine edits were made directly to the draft *Wisconsin Supplement*.

Qualitative responses were compiled and most comments were incorporated into revisions to the draft. Some of the main qualitative responses that drove the major changes to the draft *Wisconsin Supplement* were: alphabetize all the listings and *Resources* section topics, create an Index, make the 'Wisconsinized' activities more general for anyone in the state to use, and add more web sites.

For the quantitative data, means for each Likert scale item were calculated. The eight statements with means of less than 4.0 (where 1=strongly disagree, 2=disagree, 3=neutral, 4=agree, and 5=strongly agree) were all related to the six 'Wisconsinized' activities.

Conclusions: The evaluators provided positive feedback on the intended objectives and effectiveness of the draft *Wisconsin Supplement*. They felt it would be a valuable resource that they would use to adapt Project WET activities to Wisconsin or their region. A majority of respondents also felt the 'Wisconsinized' activities would be more relevant to students.

According to previous research and the experience of this project, one day workshops seem to be the most effective method for distributing new educational products (Mayer and Fortner 1987). The draft *Wisconsin Supplement* was introduced and used during the workshop before the participants evaluated the document. Yet, nearly half of the workshop participants commented that they didn't have enough time to review and use the *Wisconsin Supplement* before they were asked to evaluate it. For this educational publication, it can be concluded that one-day workshops may not provide adequate time to introduce and evaluate this resource.

Recommendations: As a result of the above conclusion, it is recommended that more time be allotted toward the use of the educational product being evaluated during a field-testing workshop. In addition, a follow-up evaluation six months after educators have received the *Wisconsin Supplement* would be useful. This way, educators have an opportunity to use the *Wisconsin Supplement* in the classroom and could develop a 'Wisconsinized' version of a Project WET activity. As a result, they would be more familiar with the publication and could more adequately evaluate its effectiveness.

The draft *Wisconsin Supplement* still had some resource gaps and addresses missing when it was evaluated. Ideally, educators would evaluate the *Wisconsin Supplement* again when it was more developed, although, sections of the final draft were extensively edited by nine environmental education specialists prior to printing.

Revisions

R & D Cycle: Revisions based on field-testing

Summary of Results: According to the evaluators' recommendations and data analysis, a wide range of revisions were made. The qualitative comments were most revealing as to what changes should be made. Major changes were made to the 'Wisconsinized' activities as they had the lowest mean scores of the Likert items and many qualitative comments from evaluators. The activities were revised to make them more accessible and easy-to-use for educators statewide. For example, more background information about Wisconsin and suggestions for adapting the activity to local regions was added. Other changes included adding an index, improving the format for clarity and consistency, and more. Nine volunteer editors reviewed sections of the final *Wisconsin Supplement* for clarity, consistency, easy-to-use format, and readability.

Conclusions: The revisions were made based on the goal for developing this publication; to provide Wisconsin educators with state-specific water resources information to assist them in adapting national Project WET activities to Wisconsin water resources and issues. Most of the evaluators' comments were included in the revisions. According to the timeline of this project and the intended size of the publication, several recommendations were not incorporated into the final *Wisconsin Supplement*.

Recommendations: The qualitative comments were organized and reviewed by the researcher. They were not systematically analyzed with the graduate committee members, but instead were discussed at different times during the revision stage. The researcher made decisions on her own regarding some of the evaluators' recommended changes. Tallying

each of the qualitative comments would have been helpful in order to create a priority list of edits to make. In addition, it may have been useful to analyze the qualitative data more thoroughly either through cluster analysis, grounded theory, or some other form of qualitative analysis. Ideally, another cycle or two of field-testing and revisions would be employed to create an even higher quality and useful educational resource.

Recommendations for Future Use and Development of the Wisconsin Supplement

Objectives of this Project

This Wisconsin Supplement is a first step in the process of providing teachers with materials and training to help them teach Wisconsin students about their local water resources and the importance of water through the Project WET program. Additional Project WET workshops would allow educators to focus on more specific water topics such as local groundwater issues, watershed investigations, and other local water-related issues while using the resources in the Wisconsin Supplement. Project WET facilitators could offer these as special topic workshops or as follow-up or advanced workshops. Many facilitators currently offer focused workshops, but these local workshops could also be offered in partnership with local organizations or county and state staff interested in involving students in local water resources projects (i.e. research, management, water quality monitoring). This approach would help students become more aware of and involved with, their local communities and environment while developing their sense of stewardship for Wisconsin's waters.

Additions to the Wisconsin Supplement

According to several evaluation comments, state educators would like more 'Wisconsinized' activities added to future editions of the *Wisconsin Supplement*, or the development of a separate 'Wisconsinized' activities publication. Educators attending workshops offered for credit could develop the activities. A Project WET newsletter or letter could request Project WET trained educators to submit copies of any activities they have adapted to Wisconsin or their region.

Informal discussions with water education specialists stressed the importance of providing the actual resources for teachers to use in developing their water education programs. Some specialists suggested that a packet of Wisconsin water-related resources (e.g. publications, videos, etc.) be created and distributed to every school for teacher and student use. This approach would cut out the added step of ordering publications or other resources needed to adapt activities to Wisconsin.

Further Evaluation

In order to adequately evaluate the effectiveness of this new educational product, an evaluation should be conducted with workshop participants two-six months after they attended a workshop and received the *Wisconsin Supplement*. This evaluation approach would allow workshop participants to have the time to use the information and possibly create a Wisconsin adaptation to a Project WET activity. An inserted letter of introduction to the *Wisconsin Supplement* could request their assistance to help evaluate the *Wisconsin Supplement* in two-six months and ask that they to use the publication and/or certain activities before that time. The evaluation could involve a questionnaire sent to evaluators, phone interviews or focus groups with educators, or other methods.

Currently, there is no research that shows the importance of creating state-specific environmental education materials to student learning outcomes. It would be beneficial to know whether creating state supplements to national EE programs is worth the time and effort in terms of student benefits. A simple pre-test/post-test that assesses student understanding of both general water education concepts as well as state-specific water resources and issues would be useful to compare the 'Wisconsinized' activities with the national Project WET activities. Two groups of students with similar test scores could be exposed to the same Project WET activities, but one group experiences the Wisconsin versions of each activity. Many variables would need to be controlled to make this a successful design.

Presently, there is a one-page evaluation form that will be inserted into the *Wisconsin Supplement* when it is distributed. This form requests evaluators to provide feedback on the overall value of the *Wisconsin Supplement*, whether they believe it will help them implement

educational activities specific to Wisconsin or their region, how the *Wisconsin Supplement* can be improved, any information they would like to see added or deleted, and any changes to the addresses and phone numbers of the listed organizations.

Revisions

Every three to five years, the *Wisconsin Supplement* should be updated to account for organization address and phone number changes. At this time, new 'Wisconsinized' activities could be added as they are developed. If a future evaluation is conducted, revisions should be made to the first edition according to evaluator comments.

The UW-Extension Water Resources Program in Madison has offered to put the Wisconsin Supplement on the Internet and link it to the Project WET-Wisconsin home page. This will save time, money, and paper when update changes need to be made to the document.

Other States

Other states are recommended to create a state supplement to national environmental education materials according to their state's needs. This project could be used as a model for other states planning to create a similar publication. Other states involved with national Project WET have consulted with the researcher to discuss the process used to develop the *Wisconsin Supplement*.

Previous studies and the conclusions from this project show that teachers want environmental education materials specific to their region. Throughout the development of this project, there was a great deal of interest in this publication by both educators attending Project WET workshops and state water specialists.

Conclusion

The importance of water education is critical to the health of our global environment. As water issues become more critical at local, regional, national, and global levels, education about these issues will help us create viable (realistic) solutions. The fact that each of us is

connected to each other directly or indirectly by water speaks to the critical need to understand our effects on local waters.

Project WET offers an excellent source of water education activities that address a wide range of water topics. Yet, teachers indicate they want environmental education materials specific to their state and region. Surveys indicate that Wisconsin teachers want information about local water resources and a variety of water topics to help them educate their students (Dixon 1996, UW-Extension 1993). Wisconsin's water resources are unique and offer a wealth of learning opportunities to help associate students with their local environment. The Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators provides a source of information to assist educators in adapting national Project WET activities to Wisconsin and therefore making them more relevant to their students.

This *Wisconsin Supplement* and Project WET-Wisconsin are one in many statewide water education efforts. The Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources and University of Wisconsin-Extension are reorganizing their agencies to address natural resources issues at the watershed level, realizing the critical role water plays in the health of all natural resources. With the continued efforts of the many organizations and committed water educators and specialists, the future health of the state's waters will become a model for sound natural resources management and conservation. Wisconsin's youth can potentially have a positive impact on our state's waters, causing a rippling, watershed effect that reaches the far ends of the planet making a difference in the future health of the blue planet's most valued resource, Water.

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APPENDIX A

Letter Sent to Project WET-Wisconsin Advisory Committee Members Requesting their Participation as the Validity Panel





COLLEGE OF NATURAL RESOURCES UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-STEVENS POINT, STEVENS POINT, WI 54481 • 715/346-2116



May 15, 1996

Greetings Advisory Committee Members!

Happy Spring, Wisconsin-style! We hope this letter finds you well, enjoying the warm weather. Because of a variety of upcoming events and deadlines, we chose not to have a Project WET Advisory Committee meeting this month. Rather, we decided a more effective means of communication at this point would be to send you an update letter, outlining some of our activities -- past, present, and future. We welcome your insights and suggestions, so feel free to contact us if you have any questions or concerns with any of the following topics.

- Facilitator Training In just a few short months we will have our second WET facilitator training. The Project WET Leadership Institute will be offered as a summer course, July 8-12, from 1-4:30 p.m. daily. We expect to fill all 30 spaces for the course including many of the EE Summer Master's Teachers. Letters of inquiry and applications (see attached) were mailed to over 175 people who have shown an interest in becoming facilitators. If you know of others who may be interested, please pass along their names to us.
- Workshop Update There have been seven very successful workshops offered by facilitators since the February 9-10 training held at the Central Wisconsin Environmental Station.

 Presently, there are ten more teacher workshops planned for the summer. If you would like to see a Project WET workshop offered in your area, please contact one of your local facilitators (see attached list).
- **EETAP Grant Awarded** WET-Wisconsin was recently awarded a \$2,900.00 grant through the National Project WET Environmental Education and Training Partnership (EETAP) Project. These funds will be used to conduct the previously mentioned five-day WET Leadership Institute at UWSP, July 8-12, 1996. The Institute will train 30 educators from around the state as certified Project WET facilitators, qualified to implement local six-hour WET workshops. Once these 30 facilitators fulfill the expected requirement of implementing two Project WET workshops in the following 18 months, they will potentially reach 1,250 or more educators. Each of these educators in turn reach a conservative estimate of 20 children per classroom/group, meaning this grant can help reach 25,000 young Wisconsin citizens each year.

- WEEB Grant Awarded A second grant for \$11,599.00 was awarded from the Wisconsin Environmental Education Board (WEEB) and will support the production and dissemination of a guide on Wisconsin water resource materials and a series of Wisconsin specific WET activities. These funds will also be used to train a network of volunteer outreach personnel as Project WET facilitators. Both of the aforementioned grants will help disseminate Project WET in the state, strengthening the program and educating both youth and adults about water issues.
- Ilene's Research As is often the case with graduate projects, Ilene's research has evolved over time and we wanted to make you aware of some of those changes. Ilene and her graduate committee agreed that it would be more useful to produce a Wisconsin Water Resources Guide for Educators to supplement the national Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide (NPWET Guide). Educators could use this source of Wisconsin water resources information and 'Wisconsinize' any of the 91 activities found in the NPWET Guide. The ultimate goal of this project is to provide Wisconsin educators with state-specific information to assist them in adapting the national Project WET activities to Wisconsin water resources and issues. The Wisconsin Water Resources Guide for Educators would be comprised of four sections:
- 1. **Resources** "People, Places, Things" by watershed, region, or water resource type (i.e. wetlands, lakes, groundwater). This section would include brief descriptions of water resources information materials and their sources, possible field trip location contacts, and water resource agency office phone numbers & addresses (including cross-reference #s to the activities).
- 2. **Activities** Each of the 91 activities would be included alphabetically with the above resources recommended for each (including cross-reference #s to the resources).
- 3. **How to localize national curricula** This section would include synopses of how other educators have localized general curricula to fit their needs, with suggestions and other advice.
- 4. **Appendices and Examples of Activities** Examples of at least six Wisconsinized activities will be included in this section as well as other Appendix items yet to be defined.

Ilene is hoping each of you will agree to be a part of the "validity panel" which reviews the questionnaire, interview questions, discussion group questions, and final *Guide* evaluation form. These forms would be sent to you throughout the next year beginning in June. In a few weeks you will receive the draft questionnaire which will be sent to water resource professionals around the state. The focus of the questionnaire is to identify water resource materials relevant to Wisconsin educators. Ilene would greatly appreciate your comments on the question clarity and ability to draw out the intended responses. She will also be sending this questionnaire to you after the revisions are made.

- Project WET National Coordinator's Conference The National Project WET Coordinator's Conference will be held from June 4-7, 1996 at the Lake Murray Resort near Davis, Oklahoma. Advisory Committee members, facilitators, and other Project WET advisors are encouraged to attend. We know this is rather late notice, but perhaps you were looking for an excuse to visit Oklahoma, vacation by a mountainside lake in the OK state, or just spend three days with <u>us</u>. Consider the possibilities! Please contact us if you are interested and would like more information.
- Future Advisory Committee Meeting In keeping with our goal to limit advisory committee meetings to two per year, we would like to schedule a meeting for early Fall. Please let us know if there are dates convenient for you to meet. More information will follow in the next few months.

We hope you have a spring filled with time outdoors, enjoying the true wealth of Wisconsin.

Sincerely,

Libby McCann Project WET Coordinator UWEX/UWSP Ilene Grossman
Project WET Assistant Coordinator

cc: Randy Champeau, Director, Wisconsin Center for Environmental Education Lowell Klessig, Director, UWEX Environmental Resources Unit Dennis Yockers, Wisconsin Center for Environmental Education

enclosures

APPENDIX B

Project Wet Curriculum Framework

APPENDIX B

Project WET Curriculum Framework

Conceptual Framework

Water has unique physical and chemical characteristics.

The water molecule has a specific structure.

The structure of the water molecule gives water certain properties.

The properties of water lead to unique chemical and physical behaviors.

Water is essential for all life to exist.

Chemical processes of life occur in water solution.

Life processes are based on water quality.

Life processes are based in water quantity.

Water is a limiting factor.

Water connects all earth systems.

Water is an integral part of Earth's structure.

Water plays a unique role in Earth's processes.

The water cycle is central to all earth systems.

Water is a natural resource.

Water resources are based on supply.

Water resources are subject to multiple uses by all living things.

Multiple use of water leads to water resource issues.

Many natural resources are water dependent.

Water resources are managed.

Water resources are managed by individuals and communities of people.

Water resource management is based on goals.

Water resource management sets objectives based on issues.

Water management strategies are often implemented.

Water management effectiveness is determined according to outcomes.

Water resources exist within social constructs.

Water resources use has changed over time.

Water resources have value based on economic systems.

Water resources are governed through political systems.

Water resources exist within cultural contexts.

Different cultures have fundamentally different beliefs about water.

Cultural beliefs about water resources change over time.

Cultural beliefs about water vary within a society.

Various cultures influence our understanding of water resources.

From Michael Brody, 1995. "Development of a Curriculum Framework for Water Education for Educators, Scientists, and Resource Managers." *Journal of Environmental Education*. 26(4): 18-29.

APPENDIX C

Water Quality Education Topics and Major Subtopics

APPENDIX C

Water quality education topics and major subtopics

As you select or develop activities and curriculum materials, consider these topics. This list will also help you to understand the curriculum summary chart and details provided by the electronic database, which lists subtopics.

Sc	ience of water	W	ater use		Understanding and reducing
	Properties		Use of water by many groups		risks for specific contaminants
	Importance to living things		□ agricultural		□ bacteria
	Hydrologic cycle		□ commercial		□ nitrates
	Geology/hydrology dynamics		□ domestic		□ pesticides
	□ surface water		□ industrial		□ sediments
	☐ groundwater		□ municipal		□ salinity
	□ regional supply		□ power production		□ other chemicals
W	ater related ecosystems		□ recreation		Water quality indicators
	Types of ecosystems		Conservation by user groups		anagement & protection
	□ lakes		Issues/conflicts between		rategies for specific uses
	□ wetlands		user groups	U	Agricultural management practices
	□ estuaries		ources of water		•
	□ rivers	-	ollution/contamination		Chemical spills and emergencies
	□ watersheds		Point source		. 0
	□ ephemeral systems		□ agricultural sources		Development issues/pressures
	(intermittent)		□ public and/or private	_	Natural disasters
	□ ponds		wastewater		Recreational use
	□ oceans		☐ industrial and business hazardous wastes		Solid waste management decisions
	□ streams				
	□ riparian		□ energy production wastes		Wastewater treatment
	Major regional resource	ں	Nonpoint source	П	Wildlife habitat/land steward- ship management
	(insert name)		□ atmospheric deposition		Zoning strategies
			□ agricultural	u	
	Ecological concepts		forestry		☐ shorelands/floodplains
	inking water supply:		□ mining		□ wetlands
-	vantity & quality		urban		wellhead/groundwater recharge areas
	Delivery		ater quality: risk sessment & reduction	G	overnment &
	□ community/public		Curriculum addresses the		tizenship issues
	□ private	_	concept of how risk decisions		Policy issues
	□ treatment of drinking water		are made		□ water quality
	□ public drinking water		Impact of water quality on health		□ water quantity
	□ home treatment		Impact of water quality on		Role of local government in
	Water quality control		human food sources		developing protection strategies
	□ well concerns		Impact of water quality on		Citizen involvement and
	□ testing		plant and animal communities		participation
	□ public		•		Legislation, regulation,
	□ private			• •	incentives/disincentives
· 🗆	Lifestyle impacts/conservation			W	/ater-related careers Technical:
	ater quality education topics and major subtopics adrews and Karen Poulin, University of Wisc				Professional:

Environmental Resources Center, 1992.

APPENDIX D

Letter Sent to Validity Panel Members Requesting to Review List of Wisconsin's Priority Water Education Topics and Major Subtopics







COLLEGE OF NATURAL RESOURCES UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-STEVENS

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-STEVENS POINT, STEVENS POINT, WI 54481 • 715/346-2116



June 5, 1996

Dear Advisory Committee Members,

The moment has arrived for me to get on my hands and knees and beg for your assistance. As an advisory committee member, I am hoping you will agree to be a part of the "validity panel", to review the research tools I will employ in my graduate project for WET. I know you are extremely busy, but any and all feedback you can provide would be greatly appreciated.

On the reverse of this page is a brief description of the research study. The ultimate goal of this project is to produce a Wisconsin Water Resources Information Guide for Educators (Guide) to supplement the national Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide (NPWET Guide). Educators could use this source of Wisconsin water resources information to 'Wisconsinize' activities found in the NPWET Guide. This project will provide Wisconsin educators with state-specific information to make Project WET more relevant for Wisconsin students.

The research tools used for this project must be reviewed by a "validity panel" in order to be considered valid research instruments. These tools include the phone interview questions, survey form, discussion group questions, and final *Guide* evaluation form. Your participation, expertise, and guidance as a validity panel member is crucial to the success of this project.

Enclosed you will find the phone interview questions for your review and comments. These questions have been developed through extensive discussions with the graduate committee members (Libby McCann, Dennis Yockers, Paula DeHart, and Randy Champeau) and literature review. The focus of the phone interviews is to identify quality water resource materials (i.e. publications, fact sheets, videos, organizations, field trip locations, speakers, etc.) relevant to Wisconsin educators that provide information on priority water education topics for the state (see attached topics list). Please analyze the questions for clarity and ability to draw out the intended responses. Provide comments on the reverse side of the phone interview sheet and return in the enclosed envelope. Additionally, I would appreciate your comments about the attached list of topics to include in the reference section of the *Guide*. Please consider the following questions while reviewing the attached list, respond on the page provided, and return in the enclosed envelope:

- 1. In your opinion, does this list adequately cover priority water education topics for Wisconsin?
- 2. What is missing?
- 3. What should not be included?

I hope you will take the time to respond to this request. It will truly make a difference in the quality of the *Guide*. Please send your comments to me by **Wednesday**, **June 26**. I am anxious to begin the development of this important and useful resource for Wisconsin educators. If you have any questions about this request, the project, or would like a copy of the research proposal, please call me at work (715) 346-3366, or at home (715) 345-7153 after June 14th. Thank you for your time and help.

With best spring regards,

Ilene Grossman
Project WET Assistant Coordinator

Research Project Overview

This research proposes the following: to identify water resource education topics of concern to selected Wisconsin educators and water resource professionals; to identify Wisconsin water resources information available to educators based on these concerns; and to create a *Wisconsin Water Resources Information Guide for Educators* as a supplement to the <u>Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide</u>. The project objectives are:

- Determine aquatic education topics of concern to selected Wisconsin educators and water
 resource professionals by reviewing summary reports of the Wisconsin Department of
 Natural Resources (DNR), University of Wisconsin-Extension (UWEX), 1994 teacher
 survey "Educational Inventory of Water Related Subject Needs" conducted by UWEX, and
 reviewed by selected Wisconsin educators and water resource professionals who are
 members of the Project WET Advisory Committee.
- 2. Identify Wisconsin water resources information available to educators.
- 3. Create a Wisconsin Water Resources Information Guide for Educators (Guide) as a supplement to the Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide.
- 4. Determine selected educators' attitudes towards the effectiveness of the *Guide* through at least three post-workshop discussion sessions.
- 5. Develop an evaluation form to include in the Guide.

The ultimate goal of this project is to produce a Wisconsin Water Resources Information Guide for Educators (Guide) to supplement the national Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide (NPWET Guide). Educators could use this source of Wisconsin water resources information to 'Wisconsinize' activities found in the NPWET Guide.

The Guide will be comprised of four sections:

- 1. **Resources** "People, Places, Things" by watershed, region, or water resource type (i.e wetlands, lakes, groundwater). This section will provide a list of materials and their sources, specific water resources and issues information, agency personnel (titles, phone numbers, and addresses), and field trip location contacts. A cross-reference number with Section Two would be assigned to each resource item.
- Activities Each of the 91 activities will be included alphabetically with additional
 Wisconsin resources (same resources as in Section One) recommended for each (including
 some resources already recommended for each activity in the <u>Project WET Curriculum and
 Activity Guide</u>). A cross-reference number with Section One would be assigned to each
 resource item.
- 3. **How to localize national curricula** This section will include suggestions for incorporating the *Guide* 's information into Project WET activities, including synopses of how other people have localized general curricula to fit their needs.
- 4. Appendices and Examples of Activities Examples of at least six Wisconsinized WET activities will be included in this section to assist teachers in their water education teaching endeavors. The current NPWET activity format will remain the same but the background content, methods, resources, and extension sections will be modified. Other Appendix items yet to be defined will also be included.

Draft of Phone Interview Questions (for review by WET Validity Panel members)

There will be approximately ten people interviewed by phone. These individuals will be chosen based on referrals from Wisconsin water education specialists as being key contacts for one or more of the priority water education topics (see attached list). The interviewees will be asked about specific topics based on their area of expertise. They will first be contacted by phone to briefly explain the research project and confirm an interview date and time. A response letter will be sent including a description of the project and the interview questions to help them prepare for the actual interview.

Validity Panel Members:

students?

1.
 2.

2.

Please analyze the questions for clarity and ability to draw out the intended responses. Please provide comments on the reverse side of this sheet and return in the self-addressed stamped envelope.

agricultural nonpoint source pollution) that you would recommend for educators (both ²formal and non-formal) to use in developing and implementing water education programs with their

1. Please suggest at least three Wisconsin ¹resource materials related to the topic (i.e.

3.		
2. Are there materials you wo knowledge are not presently a	uld like to have available for this topic, but according to yailable?	your
3. What are the top three state to contact for information on t	wide and local organizations you would recommend for ehis topic?	educators
Statewide	•	
1. 2.	3.	
Regional		
1.	3.	

- 4. What three individuals or organizations would you recommend educators contact for field trip ideas and locations related to this topic?
- 5. Are there any other individuals or organizations you would recommend that I contact related to this topic area for further information regarding these questions?

¹ Resource Materials - Activity/Curriculum Guides, publications, fact sheets, speakers, audio visual materials, models/displays/trunks, videos, computer software, posters, field trip location contacts, etc.

² formal - K-12 teachers

nonformal - e.g. nature center educators, resource agency educators, museum educators, etc.

Review Questions for Chosen Topics

	In your opinion, a Wisconsin?	Yes		p. to thy mater	cancullott t	spies joi
?.	What is missing?					
		•				
				,		
,	What should not b	e included?				
•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	· //•				
		,				
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	lease use the en sponses to:	iciosea sell-	-auuresseu si	iampeu enve	nobe to m	ian you

Ilene Grossman
Project WET
College of Natural Resources
University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point
Stevens Point, WI 54481

Water Quality Education Topics and Major Subtopics Chosen by DNR, UWEX, and Selected Wisconsin Teachers/Cross-Referenced with the Project WET Curriculum Framework

These priority topics were identified as a result of reviewing the following documents according to the "Water Quality Education Topics and Major Subtopics" framework compiled by Andrews, et al.(1995), then categorized according to the Project WET Curriculum Conceptual Framework:

- DNR "State of the Waters: Report to Congress, Executive Summary 1994"
- UWEX "Addressing Water Resources Education Needs in Wisconsin", 1990
- Teachers "Educational Inventory of Water Related Subject Needs" a Wisconsin Teacher Survey of 181 K-12 Teachers, 1993

The **bolded** statements are the themes form the Project WET Curriculum Framework. I would appreciate your comments about this list of topics to include in the reference section of the *Guide*. Please consider the following questions while reviewing this list, respond in the space provided on the following page, and return in the enclosed envelope.

2.	In your opinion, does this list adequately cover priority water education topics for Wisconsin? Yes No What is missing? What should not be included?
W	ater has unique physical and chemical characteristics Properties Geology/hydrology dynamics Groundwater
W	ater Connects all Earth Systems Types of water related ecosystems wetlands streams rivers watersheds ponds riparian lakes
	ater is essential for all life to exist inking water supply: quantity and quality Delivery
	treatment of drinking water Lifestyle impacts/conservation Source of drinking water
W	ater quality: risk assessment & reduction Water Quality Concerns Curriculum addresses the concept of how risk decisions are made Impact of water quality on human health, food and plant and animal communities

	Unde	rstanding and reducing	ng risks for	-	amınant	S
	_	bacteria		sediments		
		nitrates		salinity		
		pesticides		other chemica	als	
	Water	quality indicators (s	treambank	surveys, abio	tic and	biotic)
•						
	rces exi	ist within social con	structs			
Water use						
		f water by many grou			-	mestic,
		rial, municipal, power	-	on, recreation		
	Conse	rvation by user grou	ps			
	Issues	/conflicts between us	ser groups			
				-	•	
Government d		-				
	-	issues, Legislation,				
		of local government i	-	U 1	_	es
	Citize	n involvement and pa	articipation	ı (Taking Acti	on)	
Water is a na	tural r	esource				
Sources of wa	ater poll	ution/contamination				
	nt Sourc					
		agricultural sources	3			
		public and/or private		ter		
	 .	industrial and busin			nerov ni	oduction
		wastes	icss mazara	ous wastes, er	icigy pi	oduction
Nor	point s					
	ipoint s	atmospheric deposi	tion		miħing	*
			uon		urban	3
	_	agricultural			urban	
Water resour	rces are	managed				
		ction strategies for sp	pecific use	S		
		ıltural Management				Recreational use
	_	water treatment	7100000		_	Natural disasters
		opment issues/pressu	ires			r (atatar arbabter)
		waste management d				
		ical spills and emerge		mical/fuel sto	rage	
·		_			lage	
		fe habitat/land stewa	rusmp mar	iagement		
	Zoning	g strategies	. 1			
		wellhead/groundwa	iter recharg	ge areas		
Water-related	careers					
attr Tolatou	_	ical:				
		sional:				
	1 10103	51011a1.				

Water Quality Education Topics and Subtopics was developed by Elaine Andrews and Karen Poulin, University of Wisconsin Cooperative Extension, Environmental Resources Center, 1992.

APPENDIX E

Confirmation Letter and Phone Interview Questions Sent to Water Resources Specialists to be Interviewed





COLLEGE OF NATURAL RESOURCES UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-STEVENS POINT, STEVENS POINT, WI 54481 • 715/346-2116



July 12, 1996

Dear

Thank you for agreeing to be interviewed for this research project. Your input is invaluable to help insure the quality of this water education research project. On the reverse of this page is a brief description of the research study. The ultimate goal of this project is to produce a Wisconsin Water Resources Information Guide for Educators (Guide) to supplement the national Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide (NPWET Guide). Educators could use this source of Wisconsin water resources information to 'Wisconsinize' activities found in the NPWET Guide. This project will provide Wisconsin educators with state-specific information to make Project WET more relevant to Wisconsin students.

Attached you will find the questions I will ask you on July 18th from 9:00 -10:00 am about groundwater education resources. All of the "priority Wisconsin water issue" topics are listed on the attached pages including the explanation of how they were chosen. The focus of these phone interviews is to identify quality water resources materials (i.e. publications, fact sheets, videos, slide show, organizations, field trip locations, speakers, etc.) relevant to Wisconsin educators that provide information on priority water education topics for the state (see attached topics list). Please review the phone interview questions and if you have any questions about their meaning or intent, please contact me at (715) 346-3366. In addition, please feel free to comment on the resources for any of the other listed priority water education topics (which I will not be interviewing you about) and either send me a copy of your comments with the topics or share them with me during our interview. Also, your recommendations for people to interview on specific topics would be very helpful as well.

I would like to record these interviews in order to insure that I receive all of your input. I would like your permission to record the interview, but if you are uncomfortable with this please let me know as soon as possible.

Again, thank you for agreeing to be interviewed. Your help is greatly appreciated!

Sincerely,

Ilene Grossman
Project WET Assistant Coordinator

APPENDIX E

Phone Interview Questions

1.	Which	of	Wisconsin's	resource materials related to groundwater would you recommend for
edu	cators	(bo	th ² formal and	d non-formal) to use in developing and presenting water education
pro	grams v	wit	h their studen	ts?

- 1. 2.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 2. What statewide and regional organizations would you recommend for educators to contact for information on this topic?

Statewide

1.

3.

2.

Regional

1.

3.

- 2.
- 3. What positions with organizations, institutions or agencies would you recommend educators contact for ³field trip ideas and locations related to this topic (if possible, please provide their address and phone number)?

4. Are there any other individuals or organizations you would recommend that I contact related to this topic area for further information regarding these questions (if possible, please provide their address and phone number)?

¹ Resource Materials - Activity/Curriculum Guides, publications, fact sheets, speakers, audio visual materials, models/displays/trunks, videos, computer software, posters, field trip location contacts, etc.

² formal - K-12 teachers nonformal - e.g. nature center educators, resource agency educators, museum educators, etc.

³ field trip ideas - field trips specifically for students and related to the topic (museums, industries, state parks, public lands representative of specific ecosystems, nature centers, etc.).

APPENDIX F

Wisconsinize a Project WET Activity Assignment

				t#3
				Hy)

Name:

"Wisconsinize" a Project WET Activity

"If you always have dry feet, you miss half the fun of life."

- Thoreau

<u>Directions</u>: This assignment is intended to introduce you to the process of Wisconsinizing" the national WET guide. After choosing a water issue of particular interest, your task is to modify an existing WET activity to best fit Wisconsin or your region of the state. Please complete the following steps:

- 1. Choose one of the listed "priority Wisconsin water issue" topics on the following page and explain the basic issues involved with that topic.
- 2. Each of these water issues has at least one <u>Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide</u> activity related to that topic listed. Modify one activity of your choice to Wisconsin water resources, species, and/or issues. By modify we mean:
 - Keep the same format
 - Keep the same grade level. If there is a K-2 Option, you can adapt the activity to that level.
 - Adapt the Activity Procedures, Background, Wrap-up and Action, Assessment, Extensions, and Resources to Wisconsin specific information. (For example, in the activity *Water Address*, you could change the species and habitats to represent those found in Wisconsin.)
- 3. For this assignment we urge you to use materials from other sources within, and beyond, the university such as:
 - University of Wisconsin-Extension (UWEX)
 - Wisconsin Center for Environmental Education (WCEE)
 - UWSP-Water Resources Department staff
 - Department of Natural Resources (DNR)
 - County Land Conservation Departments
- 4. To prevent duplication of your efforts, please tell Ilene as soon as possible which activity you would like to Wisconsinize. Activity selection will be on a first-come, first-served basis.
- 5. This assignment (#3) will be due no later than Friday, July 26th, at 5pm. If you are unable to hand deliver you assignment to CNR Room 231A, please mail it to: Libby McCann/Project WET, UWEX-CNR, UWSP, Stevens Point, WI 54481. Include a self-addressed stamped envelope with postage if you want your assignment returned to you.

APPENDIX F

Choose one of the following "Priority Wisconsin Water Issue" topics and a related activity to modify to Wisconsin water resources and issues:

Groundwater Issues

- 1. The Pucker Effect (MS, HS)
- 2. A Grave Mistake (MS, HS)

Water Related Ecosystems

3. Water Address - specific WI species and habitats (UE, MS)

Watershed Issues

4. Color Me a Watershed - WI watersheds and issues (HS)

Water Quality Issues

5. Water Court - mock court to settle water quality and quantity disputes (HS)

Water Quality Indicators/Stream Sampling

6. Macroinvertebrate Mayhem (UE, MS)

Water Quality and its effect on Human Health ~ Water-borne diseases

7. Super Sleuths - WI water borne diseases (MS, HS)

Water Related Natural Disasters

- 8. Dust Bowls and Failed Levees floods, droughts, water related events (HS)
- 9. Nature Rules! WI water disasters (MS, HS)

Water Use - Various Uses, Issues/Conflicts

(i.e., between user groups; government and citizenship issues)

- 10. Choices and Preferences, Water Index rank the different uses of water (MS, HS))
- 11. Common Water water is a shared resource local simulation (MS)
- 12. Dilemma Derby examine differing values in resolving water resource management dilemmas (MS, HS)
- 13. Hot Water WI water issues to debate (HS)
- 14. Water Works different WI water users (UE, MS)
- 15. Whose Problem Is it? investigate local water issues (MS, HS)

Water Rights

16. Pass the Jug - simulate water rights policies with a "jug" of water (MS)

Nonpoint Source Pollution, Management and Protection Strategies (i.e., Best Management Practices (BMPs))

17. Sum of the Parts - assign roles specific to WI issues and non-point source pollution sources (UE, MS)

Water Resources Careers

18. WET-Work Shuffle - careers in water resources (UE, MS, HS)

APPENDIX F

Making Project WET More Relevant to Wisconsin Students: Your Modified Activity in the Project WET-Wisconsin Water Resources Information Guide

The Wisconsin Water Resources Information Guide for Educators (Guide) will be used as a supplement to the <u>Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide</u>. Currently in the developmental stages, this Guide will provide informational references to help teachers adapt the National Project WET curricula to Wisconsin specific water resources and issues. The Guide will be disseminated to workshop participants beginning in Spring, 1997.

Please let Ilene Grossman know if you are interested in having your modified WET activity printed in the *Guide* (with your name listed as the "modifier"). If your activity is selected to be printed, Ilene would like to briefly interview you (by phone) about the process you went through to "Wisconsinize" the activity and what suggestions you might offer other teachers planning to do their own activity modifications. Contact Ilene, either in person or by phone (715/346-3366), if you have any questions and/or want more details about this process.

!!!THANKS!!!

APPENDIX G

Confirmation Letter and Phone interview Questions Sent to Teachers to be Interviewed





COLLEGE OF NATURAL RESOURCES UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-STEVENS POINT, STEVENS POINT, WI 54481 • 715/346-2116



September 18, 1996

Dear

Thank you for agreeing to be interviewed for this research project! Your input and insights are invaluable to help insure the quality of this water education resource guide.

Attached you will find the questions I will ask you on *Thursday, September 26th from 8:00 pm - 8:30 pm* about your experience 'Wisconsinizing' a Project WET activity. The purpose of this interview is to help develop Section Three of the *Guide* by providing your insight, experiences, and suggestions to other educators interested in adapting Project WET activities to their region. Please give me a call at work (715) 346-3366 or at home (715) 345-7153 if you have any questions regarding this request.

With your permission, I would like to record the interview in order to insure that all of your input has been received (I'll ask for your permission at the beginning of the interview). Again, thank you for agreeing to be interviewed. Your help is greatly appreciated!

I hope the school year is starting off very well for you, Karen! Good Luck! Take Care,

Ilene Grossman
Project WET Assistant Coordinator

enclosure

Phone Interview Questions for Teachers who have Wisconsinized Project WET Activities

1. Why did you choose this particular activity to Wisconsinize?

2. What steps did you take to localize the activity?
3. Based on your experience of localizing this activity, what procedures would you suggest to other educators planning to adapt an activity to their area?
4. What advice would you offer educators to assist them in avoiding potential obstacles throughout the activity modification process?

5. What additional information would you add to your activity if you were to revise it?

6. What other resources (not previously mentioned) would you suggest educators use when Wisconsinsinizing activities?

Yes/No Questions

- 1. Was it useful for you to Wisconsinize this activity?
- 2. Do you plan to use this activity with your students?
- 3. Do you think it would be useful for other educators to Wisconsinize Project WET activities?
- 4. Can I use the activity in a WET workshop as well as in the Guide?
- 5. Could you give me a copy of the activity on disk in order to include it in the Guide?

APPENDIX H

Letter and Draft Wisconsin Supplement Evaluation Form Sent to Validity Panel Members to Review





COLLEGE OF NATURAL RESOURCES
UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-STEVENS POINT, STEVENS POINT, WI 54481 • 715/346-2116



December 24, 1996

Dear Project WET Advisory Committee Member,

I am requesting your assistance once again in the development of my graduate research project to develop a Wisconsin Supplement to Project WET. I would like you to assume your role again as a "validity panel" member in order to review an evaluation form. This form will be used by educators to evaluate the newly developed Draft Wisconsin Supplement (Supplement).

In the next two months, there will be three teacher education workshops designed to use and evaluate this educational tool. Teachers will complete this evaluation both at the end of the workshop, then one month after they've had a chance to use the *Supplement* in their classroom (the second evaluation will be slightly different). After the revisions have been made, the *Supplement* will be introduced to our new facilitators at the spring training, and finally copies will be distributed by those facilitators to educators through workshops. At the beginning of February, you too will receive a draft copy to evaluate. Please let me know if you would rather not review the draft.

As a reminder, the goal of this *Supplement* is to assist Wisconsin educators in adapting Project WET activities to Wisconsin's unique water resources and related issues in order to make the curriculum more relevant to their students. I have included an overview of the project.

Enclosed you will find the evaluation form for your review and comments. These questions have been developed through discussions with graduate committee members and literature review. The focus of the evaluation is to identify ways to improve the quality of the *Wisconsin Supplement*. Please analyze the questions for clarity and ability to draw out the intended responses. Provide comments on the evaluation form and **return in the enclosed envelope**. Please consider the following questions while reviewing the evaluation:

- 1. Are the questions clear?
- 2. Will the questions solicit the kind of information needed to assist in revising the Supplement?
- 2. What is missing?
- 3. What should not be included?

I know you are extremely busy, but any and all feedback you can provide would be greatly appreciated. I hope you will take the time to respond to this request. It will truly make a difference in the quality of the *Supplement*. Please send your comments to me by **Friday**, **January 15th**. If you have any questions about this request or the project please call me at work (715) 346-3366, or at home (715) 345-7153. Thank you for your time and help. Happy New Year!

With warm holiday wishes,

Ellue Ilene Grossman

Project WET Assistant Coordinator

University of Wisconsin. United States Department of Agriculture and Wisconsin Counties Cooperating. UW-Extension provides equal opportunites in employment and programming, including Title IX requirements.

Project WET-Wisconsin *Draft Supplement* ~Evaluation Form~

We would like your feedback on the draft Project WET-Wisconsin supplement used during this Project WET workshop. Please answer the following questions and mail the form in the enclosed prepaid envelope to Project WET-Wisconsin, UWEX-CNR, Stevens Point, WI 54481. If you have any questions, please call 715/346-3366. Thanks for your help!

Name (optional)					
Organization/School					·
Position		·			
Number of years teaching experience					
School/CenterUrban		Rura	ľ		Suburban
Overall Supplement					
Questions	Strong Agree		Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
1. The Wisconsin Supplement will be useful to me.	I		3	4	5
2. The format is easy to use.	I	2	3	4	5
Comments				······	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3. The supplement will assist me in making the WET activities more relevant to my students.	1	2	3	.4	5
4. I plan to use the Supplement to adapt WET activities to Wisconsin or my region.	1 .	2	3	4	5
5. The Supplement will be useful to other Wisconsin teachers.	1	2	3	4	5
6. What additional information would you like to see in Supplement?		in the			

Comments	·			····-		
Section One	(Wisconsin water resources for information, speakers, a			als, and o	rganizatio	ons to contac
Questions		Strong	-	Neutral	Discorrec	Strongly Disagree
There is an adequate a organizations recomm		1	2	3	4	5
Comments			 			
2. The format is easy to t	,	1	2	3	4	5
Comments						
included?	nation would you like to see Each Project WET activity i each ~ cross-reference	s listed wi	th recom		/isconsin	resources fo
		Strong	•			Strongly
Questions 1. There is an adequate a resources for each activity	mount of recommended	Agree 1			Disagree 4	Disagree 5
Comments						
2. The format is easy to t		1	2	3	4	5
Comments	•			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
				·,		

Section Three (Suggestions from Wisconsin teachers for how to adapt national Project WET activities to local area)

Ownerican	Strong	- .	M1	D:i	Strongly
Questions 1. The recommendations in this section will be helpful to me when I adapt WET activities to Wisconsin or my region.	Agree 1	Agree 2	3	<u>Disagree</u> 4	5
2. There is enough information provided for me to feel better prepared to localize a WET activity.	1	2	3	4	5
3. The format is easy to use.	1	2	3	4	5
4. What additional information would you like to see included?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•		

Section Four (Examples of activities adapted to Wisconsin)

	Strong	y		•	Strongly
Questions	_	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	
1. The activity supplements were useful.					
Dilemma Derby	1	2	3	4	5
The Pucker Effect	1	2	3	4	5
Sum of the Parts	1	2	3	4	5
Water Address	1 .	2	3	4	5
Common Water	1	2	3	4	5
Color Me a Watershed	1	2	3	4	5
2. The format was easy to follow.					
Dilemma Derby	1	2	3	4	5
The Pucker Effect	1	2	3	4	5
Sum of the Parts	1	2	3	4	5
Water Address	1	2	3	4	5
Common Water	1	2	3	4	5 .
Color Me a Watershed	1	2	3	4	5
3. There is enough background information in					
the supplement specific to Wisconsin.					
Dilemma Derby	1	2	3	4	5
The Pucker Effect	1	2	3	4	5°
Sum of the Parts	1	2	3	4	5
Water Address	1	2	3	4	5
Common Water	1	2	3	4	5
Color Me a Watershed	1	2	3	4	5

	Strongl	ly			Strongly
Questions	Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Disagree
4. These supplements will help make the					
Project WET activities more relevant to my students.					
Dilemma Derby	1	2	3	4	5
The Pucker Effect	1	2	3	4	5
Sum of the Parts	1	2	3	4	5
Water Address	. 1	2	3	4	5
Common Water	1	2	3	4	5 5
Color Me a Watershed	1	2	3	4	5
5. I plan to use these supplements and WET					
activities with my students.					
Dilemma Derby	1	2	3	4	5
The Pucker Effect	1	2	3	4	5
Sum of the Parts	. 1	2	. 3	4	5
Water Address	1	2	3	4	5
Common Water	1	2	3	4	5
Color Me a Watershed	1	2	3	4	5
COLOR MICH WANDSHOU	•	_		•	J
6. These supplements will be useful to other					
Wisconsin teachers.					
Dilemma Derby	1	2	3	4	5
The Pucker Effect	1	2 .	3	4	5
Sum of the Parts	1	2	3	4	. 5
Water Address	1	2	3	4	5
Common Water	1	2	3	4	5
Color Me a Watershed	1	2	3	4	5
Color Me a Watershed	1	4	,	7	J
7. What additional information would you like to see in	ncluded?				
•					
				•	
Dilemma Derby		·			
			·		
The Pucker Effect					
Sum of the Parts					

Water Address								
8. What specific co	omments do y	ou have reg	arding ead	ch of the ac	tivity sup	plements	?	
Dilemma Derby								
					•			
The Pucker Effect _								
Sum of the Parts								
Water Address								

Thanks for your time and help!

APPENDIX I

Objective One Literature Review Documents

APPENDIX I

Objective One Literature Review Documents

Educational Inventory of Water Related Subject Needs

A 1994 teacher survey conducted by the UW-Extension Environmental Resources Center asked K-12 teachers what their education needs were concerning water quality. The survey was sent in May 1993 to 900 Wisconsin teachers who are designated environmental education liaisons in schools throughout the state. The responses were weighed and means derived. The water quality subjects with a mean greater than one (no need=0, some need=1, great need=2) and a response number greater than five were included in the topics list (these are the same results published in the "Water Education Inventory Summary"). Responses were presented in the summary of compiled data from the 181 responses from teachers of the following grade categories:

K-2 = 31 respondents

3-5 = 45 respondents

6-8 = 49 respondents

9-10 = 29 respondents

11-12 = 27 respondents

There was an extensive list of topics for which teachers felt they needed more information. The results separated teachers who have taught the subject and those who have not. For the purposes of this study, both sets of responses were used to create the list of water education topics of greatest concern. Figure 4.4 lists the topics of concern derived from the three documents. The teachers' listed priority needs are denoted by "Ed." and include their grade level and the mean of their extent of need for that water education topic.

DNR "State of the Waters: Report to Congress, Executive Summary 1994"

This report is a DNR bi-annual report to Congress as required by the Clean Water Act, Section 505 (b). The document highlights the areas of special concern for

DNR's water management, protection, and education efforts. A priority list was condensed from the following sections of the document: "Special Concerns," "Surface Water Assessment," "Water Quality Management," and "Water Pollution Control." Each of these sections had sub-sections where specific topics were discussed in more detail including: Storm Water Management, Pollution Prevention, Nonpoint Source Control, Groundwater, and more. These highlighted topics were added to the list of "Water Quality Education Topics and Major Subtopics" being used as a framework for this study. Refer to Figure 4.4 for DNR's priority water quality topics.

"Addressing Water Resources Education Needs in Wisconsin"

This is the final report of the UW-Extension Cooperative Extension (UWEX-CE)Water Issues Team completed in 1990. The purpose of this team was to assess the UWEX-CE's programming needs in water resources and to make recommendations to improve UWEX-CE's ability to address "emerging" water issues. This team came up with the important water and water-related topics and issue for Extension Educational Programming (see Figure 4.2). Figure 4.4 also includes these topics combined with the DNR and teacher survey topics.

UW-Extension Cooperative Extension Water Issues Team Priority Water Education Topics

Groundwater Education

Surface Water (Quantity and Quality) Education

Inland Lakes and the Great Lakes

Rivers and Streams

Wetlands

Fish and Wildlife

Shorelands

Water-Related Land Management Education

Agriculture

Urban and Rural Development

Solid Waste Management

Water-Related Education Pertinent to Human Well-Being

Ecosystem Education

APPENDIX J

Water Quality Education Topics and Major Subtopics Chosen by DNR, UWEX, and Selected Wisconsin Teachers/Cross-Referenced with the Project WET Curriculum Framework

Water Quality Education Topics and Major Subtopics Chosen by DNR, UWEX, and Selected Wisconsin Teachers/Cross-Referenced with the Project WET Curriculum Framework

~Responses from Advisory Committee~

These priority topics were identified as a result of reviewing the following documents according to the "Water Quality Education Topics and Major Subtopics" framework compiled by Andrews, et al.(1995), then categorized according to the Project WET Curriculum Conceptual Framework:

- DNR "State of the Waters: Report to Congress, Executive Summary 1994"
- UWEX "Addressing Water Resources Education Needs in Wisconsin", 1990
- Teachers "Educational Inventory of Water Related Subject Needs" a Wisconsin Teacher Survey of 181 K-12 Teachers, 1993

The **bolded** statements are the themes from the Project WET Curriculum Framework. I would appreciate your comments about this list of topics to include in the reference section of the *Guide*. Please consider the following questions while reviewing this list, respond in the space provided on the following page, and return in the enclosed envelope.

1.	In your opinion, does this list adequately cover priority water education topics for
	Wisconsin? YesNo
2.	What is missing?
3.	What should not be included?
*	All advisory committee responses are in <i>italics</i> , potential interviewees are in
b	old
W	ater has unique physical and chemical characteristics
	Properties
	Geology/hydrology dynamics (geologic/hydrologic) - Beth Holl, DNR - Water Res. Info. Specialist
	Groundwater ~ Chris Mechenich, UWEX
W	ater Connects all Earth Systems
	Types of water related ecosystems
	wetlands Sterling Strathe
	watersheds Robin Shepard, UWEX, Karl Hakanson, UWEX, Watershed Ed.,
	Narrows Creek/Little Baraboo River Prior. Wtrshd. Project 608/355-3258, Nancy
	Paul, UWEX Wtrshd. Ed., Beaver Dam Wtrshed. Proj., 414/386-3556 or 414/386-
36	60
	riparian (not an ecosystem per se)

<u>Additions</u>	•
	great lakes*** Jim lubner, UW Sea Grant/ Gregory Hill - Grt. Lakes Unit
	Supervisor
	groundwater** (science of groundwater ecology) Chris Mechenich, UWEX
	rivers/streams (combine) - add riparian ~ Sara Johnson-River Alliance,
	DNR, Duane Schuettpelz - chief, surface waters and monitoring section
Korth	ponds/lakes/Study of limnology~ Libby McCann/Jo Temte, Bob Wakeman/Bob
	plants humans
	exotics (plant, animal)
	·
Water is es	sential for all life to exist (Human)
	ater supply: quantity and quality - Robert Baumeister, DNR, Public Water Supply Section -
Difficulty W	ask him who to contact
	Delivery
	treatment of drinking water
	infrastructure
	Lifestyle impacts/conservation
	Source of drinking water
	Private water supplies - William Rock - Chief, Private Water Supply Section
	drinking water diseases (ex. crypto)
Waste Wate	er Treatment Issues - Jeff Steven - Madison Metro. Sewerage District, Wi Water Federation,
	WI Water Ed. Group 608/222-1201, ext. 237; Vacancy (Bryson) Bureau of
	Wastewater Mgmt. Public Info. Officer -608/264-6262
Water quali	ty: risk assessment & reduction - Paul Strom, Water Quality Unit Supervisor, DNR 608/266-
•	9273, Lisa Kosmond DNR, Waster Quality Plan Coordinator; Ron
	Struss, UWEX, W. WI Area Water Quality Ed. 715/836-5513
	Water Quality Concerns
	Curriculum addresses the concept of how risk decisions are made (low priority)
	Impact of water quality on human health, food and plant and animal
	communities Waste Water Treatment Issues (or here)
	Understanding and reducing risks for specific contaminants James Amrhein, DNR
	Env. Toxicologist, Bureau of water resources management 608/266-5325
	bacteria sediments VOC's
	nitrates salinity (low priority) metals (Hg, Pb)
	pesticides other chemicals Radon/Radium
· .	Water quality indicators (streambank surveys, abiotic and biotic) - Suzanne Wade
	HWEY Area Water Quality Specialists Pam Packer WAV DND/HWEY 608/26/ 8048

water Habii	•	2 Santord Engel, DNR, Aq. Community Ecologist 715/358-9210, and Garrison, DNR - Aquatic Ecologist 608/221-6365
	Biodiversity	Littoral Zone
	Ecosystem	Shorelines & Riparian Zone Gary Gyland,
	zeosystem,	Coastal Zone Mgmt.
	Pools, Riffles, Runs	Water landscape
Water Obser	rvation - WI specific	
	Aesthetics Bob Korth ("aes	sthetics survey" results)
		tpelz, DNR, Chief Surface Waters Monitoring Section
Water resor	urces exist within social co	onstructs
Water use		
	Use of water by many gr	oups; agriculture, commercial, domestic,
		wer production, recreation, aesthetic, religious, spiritual
	residential - Men	omonie, Ojibwa (<i>Bob Korth recommend</i>); Brian Gauthier, WEX, CNRED, Lac Du Flambeau Tribe
	Conservation by user gro	
	Issues/conflicts between	<u>-</u>
		Mike Dresen, UWEX 346-2278
		ers (eg. navigation, riparian, etc.) - Mike Dresen, UWEX
	•	ozniak, Fox River Ed. Project
	Transportation - Jeff Janv	·
Government	-	s Ledin, DNR, Water Resources Planning and Policy
	-	8/266-1956; Danielle Valvassori, DNR, Policy and Planning Unit
	•	, regulation, incentives/disincentives
		t in developing protection strategies
	-	participation (Taking Action)
	Olipon mi oli omoni una	participation (rading riotion)
	natural resource	
Sources of w	vater pollution/contaminatio	on & Solutions
Land Use	(development - construction	n, roads, etc., forest mgmt, ag. practices, residential
praci	tices) - Mike Dresen, UWEX	
Po	oint Source	
	agricultural	
	public and/or priv	vate wastewater (does this include septic?)
	industrial and bus	siness hazardous wastes (cut haz. wastes and include
	permits), energy j	production wastes
	include residentic	al homeowners - Elaine Andrews
	water reclamation	n (ex. dam removal)
No	onpoint source (need to bred	ak this topic down more) - Carol Holden, DNR< Nonpoint
	Source Program I&F Coord	dinator Bureau of Water Resources Keith Fave LCD Fred

	Madison, Coop. Ext., James Kaap, Soil Conserve. Service, Susan Butler, USDA,; Robin Shepard UWEX, Thomas Lamm NPS Program UWEX 608/251-8072
	atmospheric deposition
	mining - Zoltan Grossman, Mining Impact Coalition, DNR -Bill Tans, DNR 608/266-3524; Metallic Mining and Reclamation 608/266-2050
	agricultural - Steve Oberle, UWEX, Ag. Mgmt & water qual. educ., stevens point/whiting/plover wellhead prot. proj. 715/345-59790; Gary Jackson, prof. Farmstead Assessment Systems Proj. Dir. (NPS) 608/265-2773/Christine Javid, Newsletter editor for farmstead assessment project 608/262-1369
	nutrient mgmt. Roger Swanson, Soil and Water Spec., UW-River Falls 715/425-3851
	erosion control - Don last, UWEX 715/346-2386
	crop production
	farmstead pollution prevention
	urban - Terry Donovan < DNR, Urban nonpoint Source Engineer 608/267-2340; Carolyn Johnson SE WI urban water quality ed. 414/475-2881; Dorothy Juengst, UWEX NE WI urban water qual. ed. 414/465-2240
	land use changes (ex. construction, roads, etc., forest mgmt.)
Pollu	tion Prevention - Thomas Eggert, DNR, Dir. of Office of Poll. Prevention, Phillip Annis UWEX, Waste reduction and management specialist, Milwaukee 414/227- 3371
Trage	edy of the Commons/Water belongs to all in WI (resource held in common) <code>UWEX</code>
Inclu	de residential homeowners - Chris Weiland UWEX-ERC, Landowner Assessment
	Project, 608-262-3576
Intrin	isic Value of Water
	es are managed (these should always be linked)
_	protection strategies for specific uses (Solutions-protection, restoration,
enhancement)P	eter Nowak, prof. UWEX-ERC, Soil and Water Mgmt. Specialist 608/262-8756
<u></u>	Agricultural Management practices Recreational use
	Wastewater treatment Natural disasters
	Development and diversion issues/pressures _ Biodiversity
	Solid waste management decisions (low priority) Stewardship
	Chemical spills and emergencies, chemical/fuel storage (low priority)
	Wildlife habitat/land stewardship management
	Zoning strategies Samuel Huffman, prof. River Falls, UWEX-ERC, 715/425-3851
	wellhead/groundwater recharge areas (low priority)
	Exotic Species Control & Prevention* ("Exotics - plant/animal")
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Residential Management see above
	Urban Runoff Management see urban above
	Construction erosion Control
	Sustainable Resource Management
	Fisheries Management
	Transportation

•	
W	ater-related careers - Vicki Anderson, UWEX, 4-H outreach Program Coord. 608/262-2491, Wayne Brabender, UWEX-4-H Learning Resources Coord. 608/262-1067
	Technical:
	Professional:
Ot	her more general topic interviewees
	Theresa Stabo - DNR Aq. Ed. Specialist, FM - Fisheries?
	A! Stenstrup - I&E, DNR
	Elaine Andrews - UWEX-ERC
	ter Quality Education Topics and Subtopics was developed by Elaine Andrews and Karen Poulin, University of Wisconsin operative Extension, Environmental Resources Center, 1992.
	Review Questions for Chosen Topics
7	In your opinion, does this list adequately cover priority water education topics for
	Wisconsin? Yes_x_ No_xxxxxxxxx_
<i>2</i> .	What is missing?
1.	Habitat & Ecology - WI water provides vital habitat for plants and animals
	Water Law - WI has a rich history of water law and its importance for students to understand their rights and the rights of others. It is important for students to know that water resources are held in trust (public Trust Doctrine) by the state for the public.
<i>3</i> .	Pollution Prevention/Anti-Degradation of Ecosystems
	Water Observation and Aesthetics
5.	Sources and Solutions should always be linked to prevent finger pointing
6.	Waters intrinsic value
<i>7</i> .	Spiritual values associated with water
8.	Role of water in transportation
	Historical role of water, watersheds in WI
10.	How water influences/ties together terrestrial systems
	Be sure to reference the yearbook of agriculture on water - it still is an excellent resource
	Include the residential homeowner who overfertilizes
<i>13</i> .	May need to make certain topics or issues more specific - urban vs, ag. nonpoint source poll.
	Exotics
<i>15</i> .	Land Use ~ forestry/construction, etc.

119

17. Include curricula materials available for each topic

3. What should not be included?

16. Metals

APPENDIX K

Responses to Draft of Phone Interview Questions
(for Review by WET Validity Panel Members)

APPENDIX K

Responses to Draft of Phone Interview Questions (for Review by WET Validity Panel Members)

There will be approximately ten people interviewed by phone. These individuals will be chosen based on referrals from Wisconsin water education specialists as being key contacts for one or more of the priority water education topics (see attached list). The interviewees will be asked about specific topics based on their area of expertise. They will first be contacted by phone to briefly explain the research project and confirm an interview date and time. A response letter will be sent including a description of the project and the interview questions to help them prepare for the actual interview.

Comments

- Is 10 enough?*
- How will you choose these folks? May end up with a narrow perspective of materials and resources or biased perspective
- Interviewer prompts to explain who I am and why I am interviewing them
- May consider the formal and nonformal materials separately
- Questions are rather open-ended for such a small group of respondents
- Need to narrow down list for this?
- Some interviewees are experts in many of these topics
- maybe add a few, brief demographic quest. describing the interviewees (their point of view), ask them how they would like to be described
- Include how the respondents' time is appreciated and that the info. will be used to...
- 1. Please suggest at least three Wisconsin ¹resource materials related to <u>the topic</u> (i.e. agricultural nonpoint source pollution) that you would recommend for educators (both ²formal and non-formal) to use in developing and implementing water education programs with their students?
 - 1.
 - 2.
 - 3.

Comments

• presenting not implementing

¹ Resource Materials - Activity/Curriculum Guides, publications, fact sheets, speakers, audio visual

materials, models/displays/trunks, videos, computer software, posters, field trip location contacts, etc.

² formal - K-12 teachers

nonformal - e.g. nature center educators, resource agency educators, museum educators, etc.

- be familiar with the resources ahead of interviewing
- Make sure questions are appropriate for the audience, reword? to be more audience and resource appropriate, ex. Which of WI's nonpoint source fact sheets would you recommend?, remove language like "Suggest at least 3 WI,..."
- What are the top 4-5...
- What materials/resources do you find are most useful for you in your work? (may be useful info. good starting question
- Is (10 x 30) 30 materials enough to learn about?)
- Need to narrow down list for each interview and list resources by target audience, i.e. teachers, elem, ms, hs)
- Some interviewees are experts in many of these topics
- Suggestions will vary depending on teacher grade level (ex., excellent children's books on rivers/ponds need to specify the kind of resource materials I'm after at teacher level to adapt WET at heir level, or to enhance their presentations with kids, or both.
- 2. Are there materials you would like to have available for this topic, but according to your knowledge are not presently available?

Comments

- available for" developing and presenting water education programs but are not presently available
- "Are there educational materials that you would use or recommend for teaching about this topic, but according to you are not available?
- What will you do with this info.?
- Be careful not to make judgments of gaps based on such a small group of interviewees
- Consider topic areas and audience gaps
- same topic as in #1?
- specific target audiences? (ex. Grt. Lakes high school)
- 3. What are the top three statewide and local organizations you would recommend for educators to contact for information on this topic?

 Statewide
 3.

 1.
 3.

 2.
 Regional

 1.
 3.

 2.
 3.

Comments

- for information "when developing and presenting..."
- The statewide list will likely always include DNR, UWEX. Maybe ask for those other than these.

- local/regional be consistent and define those terms**
- "local/regional" in question and response areas
- How diverse geographically are your phone calls? (Ques. 3,4,5)
- Will you cover all regions? (Ques. 3,4,5)
- What is a region? A watershed? (Ques. 3,4,5)
- What is the purpose of these? Specific indiv or org.? (Ques. 3,4,5)
- The more specific the topics the more useful the resource (Ques. 3,4,5)
- 4. What three individuals or organizations would you recommend educators contact for field trip ideas and locations related to this topic?

Comments

- be more specific about what kind of field trips (by field trip I mean ...for teachers?, students, name and # of org., etc.)
- 5. Are there any other individuals or organizations you would recommend that I contact related to this topic area for further information regarding these questions?

Comments

• ... for this topic or any related info.

APPENDIX L

Letter Sent to Organizations Included in the Wisconsin Supplement







COLLEGE OF NATURAL RESOURCES

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-STEVENS POINT, STEVENS POINT, WI 54481 • 715/346-2116



March 3, 1997

Dear Water-related Organization,

We would like to include your organization in the Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET*: A Water Resources Guide for Educators (Supplement). Enclosed you will find an excerpt from the Wisconsin Supplement with your organization's description (if it's blank, we need your organization's description). We are most concerned with the correct representation of your organization and what you it can offer Wisconsin educators (i.e. information, publications, videos, models, speakers, field trip leaders). Please check the address, phone/fax/email, and description of your program (individual contact names have been left out because of staff turnover). Add any other appropriate and concise information you feel should be included.

*Project WET (Water Education for Teachers) is a national water education curriculum of activities designed to be used by classroom teachers and educators. Because Project WET is a national curriculum, the Wisconsin program decided to develop this state supplement to help teachers localize the activities and make them more relevant to their students. This Supplement has been developed with the input of over 70 water educators, classroom teachers, and water resource specialists from throughout Wisconsin. A draft of the Supplement is currently being reviewed by educators and water resource specialists. The final publication will be completed in April 1997.

Thank you for taking the time and interest to review the enclosed materials regarding your organization. Please make any changes directly on the copy that you have received and return this copy by **Friday, March 14th**. Your assistance will help make this a more thorough and accurate tool for teachers. If you have any questions or concerns, do not hesitate to call me at 715/346-3366.

Thanks for your help!

Ilene Grossman
Project WET Assistant Coordinator

Please return comments by mail or fax to:

Ilene Grossman
Project WET, UW-Extension
College of Natural Resources
UW-Stevens Point
Sevens Point, WI 54481
Fax 715/346-4038

cc: Libby McCann, Adopt-A-Lake/Project WET Coordinator
Dennis Yockers, Wisconsin Center for Environmental Education
enclosure

National and International Organizations

Numerous educational and informational materials about water resources are also available from sources located outside of Wisconsin. Here are several organizations to contact, the National Project WET Guide has an excellent source of references at the end of each activity.

Adopt-A-Stream Foundation

P.O. Box 5558 Everett, WA 98206 206-388-3487

America's Clean Water Foundation

750 First Street, N.E., Suite 911

Washington, D.C. 20002 Phone: (202) 898-0902

FAX: (202) 898-0929

American Rivers

1025 Vermont Ave., NW Suite 720 Washington, D.C. 20005 202/347-9240 FAX: 202/347-9240

email: amrivers@amrivers.org http://www.amrivers.org/amrivers/

American Water Resources Association

5410 Grosvenor Lane, Suite 220 Bethesda, Maryland 20814-2192

Clean Water Action Project

317 Pennsylvania Avenue, South East Washington, DC 20003 202-457-1286

* Description Needed

ERIC Clearinghouse for Science, Mathematics and Environmental Education 1200 Chambers Road, Third Floor Columbus, Ohio 43212

Eisenhower National Clearinghouse for Science

Jason Project UW-Milwaukee 414/227-3365 - International satellite communications program focused on different water ecosystems and water quality monitoring

APPENDIX M

Wisconsin Supplement Evaluation Form

Project WET-Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators (Draft) ~Evaluation Form~

We would like your feedback on the draft Project WET-Wisconsin Supplement: A Water Resources Guide for Educators (Wisconsin WET Supplement) used during this Project WET workshop.

<u>Directions:</u> Please respond to the questions on the following pages as thoroughly as possible. Some of these questions will ask you to make judgments of the *Wisconsin WET Supplement*; please state your opinions based on your experiences during this workshop.

Thank you in advance for your time and effort on behalf of this project! As educators, your input will greatly improve the effectiveness of this teaching tool.



Project WET-Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators (Draft) ~Evaluation Form~

Name			
Organization/School			
Position	Gra	ade Level(s) of instruction	1
Number of years teaching experien	ıce		·
School/Center	Urban	Rural	Suburban
Why did you choose to attend this	workshop?		
What specific goals do you have a	s a result of this worksh	op?	

Overall Supplement This portion of the evaluation refers to your impressions of the Wisconsin WET Supplement as a whole. In this section, please indicate how strongly you agree or disagree with the following statements and add comments in the spaces provided (1=Strongly Disagree, 2=Disagree, 3=Neutral, 4=Agree, 5=Strongly Agree).

Questions	Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Neutral	Agree	Strongly Agree
The Wisconsin WET Supplement will be valuable to me.	1	2	3	4	5
2. The format of the Wisconsin WET Supplement is easy to follow (i.e. layout, readability, referencing).	1	2	3	4	5
Comments					
Using the Wisconsin WET Supplement to localize Project WET activities will make those activities more relevant to my students.	1	2	3 .	4	5

	Strongly				Strongly
Questions (continued)	Disagree	Disagree	Neutral	Agree	Agree
4. I plan to use the Wisconsin WET Supplement to adapt WET activities to Wisconsin or my region.	1	2	3	4	5
5. The Wisconsin WET Supplement will be valuable to me when I adapt Project WET activities to Wisconsin or my region.	1	2	3	. 4	5
5. The Wisconsin WET Supplement will be useful to other Wisconsin teachers.	1	2	3	4	5
7. What information would you like to see included	or deleted i	n the Wisc	onsin WE	T Supple	ment?
				····	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Comments				·	
· ·					

I. Resources The "Resources" portion of the Wisconsin WET Supplement contains Wisconsin water resources information, materials, and organizations to contact for information, speakers, and field trips. In the following section, please indicate how strongly you agree or disagree with the following statements and add comments in the spaces provided (1=Strongly Disagree, 2=Disagree, 3=Neutral, 4=Agree, 5=Strongly Agree).

Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Neutral	Agree	Strongly Agree
1	2	3	4	5
	·			
1	2	3	4	5
		Disagree Disagree	Disagree Disagree Neutral 1 2 3	Disagree Disagree Neutral Agree 1 2 3 4

Questions (continued)	Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Neutral	Agree	Strongly Agree
3. I plan to use one or more of the resources in this section.	1	2	3	4	5
Comments					
				·	
3. The format is easy to follow (i.e. layout, readability referencing)	ty, 1	2	3	4	5
Comments					
4. What information would you like to see included of	or deleted?				
					

II. Organizations (The "Organizations" portion of the Wisconsin WET Supplement contains Wisconsin water resources information, materials, and organizations to contact for information, speakers, and field trips. In the following section, please indicate how strongly you agree or disagree with the following statements and add comments in the spaces provided (1=Strongly Disagree, 2=Disagree, 3=Neutral, 4=Agree, 5=Strongly Agree).

	trongly Disagree 1	Disagree 2	Neutral 3	Agree 4	Strongly Agree 5
The organizations included are going to be valuable to me when I adapt Project WET activities to Wisconsin or my region.	1	2	3	4	5
Comments	·				
3. The format is easy to follow (i.e. layout, readability, referencing)	1	2	3	4	5
Comments		· · · · · · - · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

III. WET Activities with Wiscons listed with recommended Wisconsin resources for each In the following section, please indicate how strongly (1=Strongly Disagree, 2=Disagree, 3=Neutral, 4=Agraphe provided.	ch ~ cross- you agree	referenced or disagree	with Section with the	on One i	tems) g statemen
Questions	Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Neutral	Aoree	Strongly
There is an adequate amount of recommended resources for each activity. Comments	1	2	3	4	5
The format is easy to follow (i.e. layout, readabili referencing) Comments	ty, l	2	3	4	5
	-		·		
3. What information would you like to see included		1	0	····	

IV. Tips for Localizing Project WET Activities (Suggestions from Wisconsin teachers for how to adapt national Project WET activities to your local area)
In the following section, please indicate how strongly you agree or disagree with the following statements (1=Strongly Disagree, 2=Disagree, 3=Neutral, 4=Agree, 5=Strongly Agree) and add comments in the space provided.

	Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Neutral	Agrœ	Strongly Agree
The recommendations in this section will be helpful to me when I adapt WET activities to Wisconsin or my region.	1	2	3	4	5
 There is an adequate amount of information provided for me to feel better prepared to localize a WET activity. 	1	2	3	4	5
 The format is easy to follow (i.e. layout, readability referencing) 	y, 1	2	3	4	5
4. What information would you like to see included or	r deleted i	n this section	on?		

V. Wisconsinized Project WET Activities The "Wisconsinized Project WET Activities" portion of the Wisconsin WET Supplement contains examples of six activities adapted to Wisconsin and/or regions of Wisconsin. In the following section, please indicate how strongly you agree or disagree with the following statements and add comments in the spaces provided (1=Strongly Disagree, 2=Disagree, 3=Neutral, 4=Agree, 5=Strongly Agree).

Questions	Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Neutral	Артее	Strongly Agree
1. It is valuable to me to have the Wisconsinized					
Project WET activities ready for use:					
Color Me a Watershed	1	2	3	4	5
Common Water	1.	2	3	4	5
Dilemma Derby	1	2	3	4	5
The Pucker Effect	1	2	3	4	5
Sum of the Parts	1	. 2	3	4	5
Water Address	1	2	3	4	5

	Strongly				Strongly
Questions (continued)	Disagree	Disagree	Neutral	Agree	Agree
2. The format of the six Wisconsinized Project WET					
activities is easy to follow (i.e. layout, readability):					
Color Me a Watershed	1	2	3	4	5
Common Water	1	2	3	4	5
Dilemma Derby	1	2	3	4	5
The Pucker Effect	1	2	3	4	5
Sum of the Parts	1	2	3	4	5
Water Address	i	2	3	4	5
Comments	· ·			 	···
3. There is enough background information in the Wisconsinized Project WET activities:					
Color Me a Watershed	1	2	3	4	5
Common Water	1	2	3	4	5
Dilemma Derby	1	2	3	4	5
The Pucker Effect	1	2	3	4	5
Sum of the Parts	1	2	3	4	5
Water Address	1	2	3	4	5
Using the following Wisconsinized Project WET activity supplements will help make those activities			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
more relevant to my students:					
Color Me a Watershed	1	2	3	4	5
Common Water	1	2	3	4	5
Dilemma Derby	1	2	3	4	5
The Pucker Effect	1	2	3	4	5
Sum of the Parts	1	2	3	4	5
Water Address	1	2	3	4	5
Comments	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
5. I plan to use these Wisconsinized Project WET activities with my students:					
Color Me a Watershed	1 .	2	3	4	5
Common Water	1	2	3	4	5
	1	2	3	4	5
Dilemma Derby	•	2	3	4	5
Dilemma Derby The Pucker Effect	,1				
	1 1	2	3	4	
The Pucker Effect	1 1 1			4 4	
The Pucker Effect Sum of the Parts	1 1 1	2	3	-	5 5

[See Next Page]

	Strongly				Strongly
Questions (continued)	Disagree	Disagree	Neutral	Agree	Agree
C. THE STATE OF STATE					
6. These Wisconsinized Project WET activities					
will be useful to other Wisconsin teachers:	,	•	•		-
Color Me a Watershed	1	2	3	4	5
Common Water	1	2	3	4	5
Dilemma Derby	1	2	3	4	5
The Pucker Effect	1	2	3	4	5
Sum of the Parts	1	2	3	4	5
Water Address	1	2	3	4	,5
7. What specific comments do you have regarding	each of the V	Visconsinia	zed Projec	t WET A	Activities?
Color Me a Watershed:					
COIOI IVIO A VV ANCISINO.	···				
		····			
Common Water:	· .	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Dilemma Derby:					
Diletima Deloy.					
					·
The Pucker Effect:					
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Sum of the Parts:					
Water Address:					
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
8. What information would you like added or delete	ed to this sec	tion of the	Wisconsii	n WET S	upplemen
Comments:					

Thanks for your time and help!

Your input is invaluable in making this Wisconsin WE7 Supplement as useful

to educators as possible!

APPENDIX N

Letter Sent to Validity Panel Members Requesting their Review of the Draft Wisconsin Supplement





COLLEGE OF NATURAL RESOURCES UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-STEVENS POINT, STEVENS POINT, WI 54481 • 715/346-2116



February 17, 1997

Dear Project WET Advisory Committee Member,

I promise that this is the <u>last time</u> I'll be coming to you on my hands and knees for your assistance with this project. Actually, this may be the most crucial time for your input in the development of a state supplement to Project WET.

Enclosed is the draft Wisconsin Supplement to Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators (Supplement) and an evaluation form. Please complete the evaluation based on the quality of the draft Supplement. You will find some gaps in the information provided such as addresses and organization descriptions (those will be completed for the final Supplement). Please complete the evaluation form and write any comments directly on the draft Supplement and return them both in the enclosed stamped envelope.

I hope you will take the time to review the *Supplement*. It will truly make a difference in the quality of this new educational tool. Please send your comments to me by **Friday, March 14th**. If you have any questions about this request or the project please call me at work (715) 346-3366, or at home (715) 345-7153. Thank you for your assistance.

. With warm winter wishes,

Ilene Grossman
Project WET Assistant Coordinator

cc: Libby McCann Dennis Yockers

enclosures

APPENDIX O

Draft Wisconsin Supplement Qualitative Evaluation Form Responses

APPENDIX O

Draft Wisconsin Supplement Qualitative Evaluation Form Responses

The comments are separated by whether they are positive (+) or negative (-) or whether the responses should be added (Add) or deleted (Delete) in reference to the statement. The evaluation form statements are not listed in full but are represented by the key word or phrase of focus.

Entire Draft Wisconsin Supplement

General

- Needed more time to evaluate
- We needed a lot more time to look through the supplement and evaluate it. Also, by the end of the day we are so "brain-dead" from all the good information that it is very hard to concentrate on these questions.
- I don't feel familiar with it enough yet to evaluate it
- Need more time to experiment with the Supplement! Need time to look over this supplement!
- Haven't used it enough to know yet
- I really am not knowledgeable about these resources. I wouldn't know what's missing!
- You may know you have lots of "cleanup" of typos, etc. yet to do
- Please see my comments/suggestions/questions scattered throughout the Guide.

+

- Good idea
- User-friendly
- Fantastic job of compiling and organizing the information
- You thought of everything to include, i.e. field trips and libraries
- Very user-friendly!
- Congratulations! This is a great piece of work and with a little cleanup will be a valuable resource!
- This looks absolutely terrific! (See page for comments) p.17, p.23, p.46, p.48, pg. 166
- Very impressed with the Internet connections

Add or Delete Information

- None at this time
- Too soon to tell
- I cannot say at this tine. I haven't had the opportunity yet to go through the supplement.
- I would use it as a resource it will take much longer (2 years) to see what is useful and what is not it's too new for me
- ? (this was in every section with this question)

Add

- More examples/maps for use in the classroom (I realize the places to go/find them a re listed...)
- More web site addresses
- Cross-reference the planning charts from the WET manual to the WI supplement (i.e methods, tie, etc.)
- The cross-reference and planning charts placed into the Wisconsin WET Supplement
- Listing of lakes affected by acid rain and ranking them by acidity level
- Internet sites of projects schools could become involved with
- Relevant email addresses/home sites as you find them
- Trade books to relate to WET activities
- Nature or environmental centers
- Just continue on and add when new resources arise
- I made some comments on specific factual information please let me know id you need details/clarification

Delete

• There is some duplication in different parts. Several names/addresses are listed in several areas. More Wisconsin adaptations of activities would be helpful - especially Great Lakes.

Format



- The way it is broken down in sections is helpful
- Great idea!
- Gives water education materials in one spot. The Wisconsin adaptations are important.
- Index for each blue section
- Index is confusing / what order is it
- What's Inside page alphabetize topics
- Changing fonts for the headline (maybe add color) would increase ease of use
- Add individual indexes
- Index to locate information as well as table of contents
- Some of the diagrams are difficult to read the typing is too small and runs together

Resources

Valuable

- I always try to order any suggested materials especially if free or low cost
- Value will depend on these people's willingness to help with my needs
- Won't know until I try the Supplement
- User-friendly allows for specific or general news of activities
- Very excellent Resources list. Very thorough and complete.

• Certainly valuable for adaptations, but I'll also use as a general resource for answers to inquiries from teachers.

Adequate Amount of Resources and Organizations Recommended

- Nicely done, like the blue dividers
- Computerized/CD ROM very useful
- There are a lot of resources listed
- Great categories, very thorough
- This is a real wealth of information lots of good suggestions.

Format

- I can't tell yet
- I am not yet familiar with it. I need more time to look at it.

+

- many good topics
- Some difficulties nothing serious.. (style only)
- Readability is s little difficult on some pages as mentioned previously
- Maybe make the headings stand out more from subheadings (ex. Management and protection strategies)
- There is so much information some pages harder to read than others
- Having the topical sections is a good idea, but the listings under the larger categories seem somewhat chaotic as to arrangement. Perhaps they should all be alphabetical or arranged in some other consistent way. Also make punctuation consistent throughout listings.

Plan to Use

- Probably will, it's hard to say without ample time look through it
- (Plan to use) to organize field trips using the contacts listed
- Optimistically, yes
- Already aware of many will use to organize the myriad of publications, etc.
- Field trip ideas and contacts for resource people
- The ones involving testing for water quality

Add or Delete Information

- Don't know yet
- It's great as it is

Add

- People/organizations willing to speak to schools/classes on environmental issues low cost??
- Does US Forest Service have info? Have you seen wetland box? They have great GIS equip. As does GLIFWC. How about Native Americans tie to water? Any resources
- Trade books great interest catchers with young students

- Years on videos
- DPI, Agriculture. Education Dean Gagnon

Organizations

Adequate Amount of Organizations

+

- Valuable
- Good supply of organizations. Will help to find materials
- Excellent reference tool for various organizations
- Again, a wealth of valuable information
- Add index
- Especially the web sites more?
- Some contacts need an overview of their role within the water resources

Valuable

• I hope to contact people to come to any classroom and speak to my students

Format

+

- This area OK
- I like the agency and activity columns. It's very helpful in identifying specific organizations.
- There is some inevitable duplication, but generally well done. See comments in guide.
- Most resource guides start with national-state-regions-local. I like watershed approach.
- I got somewhat confused when the section p. 112-119 was gone through. P. 63 the "To order documents" section needs some how to be highlighted. It's a different kind of info.

Add or Delete Information

- Don't know yet
- It is so complete. Great.

Add

- Please include Lac Lawrann Conservancy in the *Organizations* section and other centers (schools) which localize materials so we can share not duplicate researched materials
- What about UW Trout Lake Limnology Center? 356-9494, Tom Frost
- List of lake associations

WET Activities with Wisconsin Resources

General

+

- Like the index
- Rather easy to "transport" from WET guide on our own
- Nice variety
- Don't know not enough time to look at it
- Its probably just me, but I didn't understand the teaching strategies part. Other parts very easy to follow

Adequate Amount of Recommended Resources for Each Activity`

- Will know better as I read through the Guide
- With some early exceptions, most activities had at least some suggestions. I think this will be very helpful to teachers looking to add a local element.
- For some yes. Time is needed to discover resources for some activities.

Format

+

- This is easier to follow
- I like the way its been formatted for Wisconsin
- Page # refer to <u>WET Guide</u>. Nice job on brief overview of each.
- How will they find what is listed. Need an easy way to reference.

Add or Delete Information

- Trade books recommendations
- Where in the front of the book you can locate addresses.

Teacher Suggestions

General

- Great idea
- I like this section good ideas that work

Valuable

Most should be common sense

Add or Delete Information

- Don't now yet
- Possible suggestions about inclusion and infusion
- Not much new here. Could be removed.

Activities

General

• I didn't review these in detail - mainly just noted that they were there.

+

- (It is valuable) very much so!
- They were useful
- Would like to see more adapted
- "Generic" enough to use (in a positive way)
- All would be fun and effective at getting across the point
- Spelling p. 154 mofifications
- Put activities on the computer!
- More activities for younger grades
- Include extension on all activities
- You may want to indicate what grade level that adaptation is useful with

Valuable

+

- I like the idea of localizing activities and I think they become more personal if one develops them on their own (gave 2s)
- Most are more "local" than statewide, which would be easier for me to use
- All were good would like more
- They still need to be adapted for my specific area
- Example of it was modified good, but not applicable to where I teach
- They are useful as examples but some of the regional ones won't be used other places in the state
- All were good would like more

Format

- Lots of text needs to be broken down more!
- Some illustrations are unclear they may not copy well. Not all follow same layout.

Relevance

┿

- High School level, especially
- Grade level adaptations may be

• This ranking assumes that the activities will be further "localized" to meet specific group needs - the activities are good but not local enough for SE Wisconsin.

Plan to Use

- The other (activities) don't exactly fit into the class I envision (all but *Dilemma Derby* and *Sum of the Parts*) I am the science and math departments
- Time will tell
- I will use the activities that apply

Enough Background Information

- With help of Project WET book
- Teacher needs to get more if they don't know it. They can use resource list.

Add or Delete Information

This is okay

Add

- Colored maps and diagrams
- Get as many quality activities out as possible, but make sure they are quality activities

Color Me A Watershed

- Great
- Seeing the effects of urbanization on our environment
- Need to do this with Owen-Withee
- Great. Could use the map instead of aerial photo.
- Good one with the area
- Good local example
- I really liked this one especially if you can get old air photos, etc.
- Excellent easy to show how population growth has affected our environment
- Good idea are we going to be able to get maps
- This is an excellent activity that is easy to modify to an area
- Like the extensions
- Nice math extensions
- Good extension activity
- Would be better with easy to read maps
- Need simpler maps for my level
- Need maps
- Like this activity but you need maps
- Could you use stereoscope to give a 3D look at maps.

- Add grade level
- The Medford example provides a good guide for doing this in one's own watershed. Individual teachers will need to spend a fair amount of time doing so, however.

Common Water

+

- Could be great!
- Seeing the effects of contamination over time was neat
- I really like this, I may use this
- Fun/liked it
- Fun. Very hands on
- Good concepts
- Good way to show how e all need to work together in taking care of our water
- Good representation of water use within a community
- Good for any aged student
- Good activity, a little messy, would need a tiled area or go outside
- Good idea come from it
- Kids will like the mess and activity great for outdoors
- Wouldn't do this one until I read it over
- Use outside
- Would be a good demo but too messy for a classroom
- I would like to see this one done on a statewide basis. It's nice to have it for a county but requires a lot of work to do it for one's own area.
- Grade level

Dilemma Derby

- Can easily be adapted to grade and area
- Nice upper grade
- Good for making value judgment
- Good for upper level
- Use this with lake groups and Loonwatch questions
- Very appropriate in this area with the Crandon Mining issue This activity is usable in a relatively wide area - northeastern Wisconsin, and some of the dilemmas are easily transferred.
- More pertinent dilemmas
- Difficulty recognizing the dilemmas, I question hoe the students in this area could (understand these dilemmas)
- Plan to use the activity, not the specific examples used
- I would change the dilemmas for lower elem. students

- Valuable lessons could come out of it (decision-making, values, significant concerns)
- Didn't care for this one
- Hard to understand
- Move to upper classes
- For older students
- Needs to be localized to be effective
- No background
- Needs grade level

The Pucker Effect

+

- Kids would enjoy seeing the paper change/not change from contaminants
- Fantastic and I am looking forward to using this lesson
- Good way to show visible and invisible toxicants
- Good for all ages
- OK for elem. Ed. Student
- Can be used in certain areas of the state
- Designed more to high school
- OK if groundwater model is too far away or too many students to work with
- Demonstration
- Change name
- Change the title, kids will go crazy
- Not sure
- The groundwater contamination map is impossible to read in black and white
- Unclear pictures
- This is a good follow-up to the WET activity, but it could use a bit more explanation on how to use the included materials
- Needs grade level

Sum of the Parts

- I love this!
- Great activity to introduce types of water contaminants
- Can't wait to do this with the Popple River!
- Good lesson
- Like Great Lakes activity
- Wonderful
- Neat.
- Good ideas will use it
- Could be integrated into math very easily
- Nice activity showing how everything affects a water source

- Very effectively crosses disciplines. Effect community cooperation project
- Nice activity, great potential
- Great activity my fav
- Great activity
- Works better for a lake rather than river. It is more impressive in a heavily populated area.
- Would take a long time because of preliminary information
- This is a good activity for Lake Michigan area teachers, but needs some modification (see my comments in Guide).
- Needs grade level

Water Address

- Great activity
- Loved this one, can adapt to many things
- Fun!
- Best one/fun possible do in lower elementary
- Great. My children could learn the animals of WI rather than dinosaurs
- Good activity
- Can be integrated into my classes
- Excellent cooperative learning group activity
- Good for students to learn about wildlife
- A lot of work on those cards
- I intend to use this to identify WI mammals (adapt)
- Liked 2 levels of question cards (for elem. And secondary schools)
- Neat game good change of pace activity
- Good activity
- For biodiversity and habitats in general
- Very adaptable to student level
- This activity has, in my opinion, the most general appeal along with showing how it can be further 'regionalized' (Mississippi River).
- Fun activity that could be sued in a variety of ways. I would change the clues to make them easier for my lower elementary students.
- Fun but needs to be adapted to be a little easier
- Might not be too useful with younger children unless the clues are better (1st)
- Needs grade level

Draft Wisconsin Supplement Quantitative Evaluation Form Responses

Wisconsin Supplement Quantitative Evaluation Form Responses

Statements with a mean below 4.0 are shaded

Likert Scale Statement & Wisconsin Supplement Section	Mean (scale of 1-5) N=37 1 = strongly disagree 4 = agree 2= disagree 5 = strongly agree 3 = neutral
Overall Supplement	
The Wisconsin WET Supplement will be valuable to me.	4.22
The format of the Wisconsin WET Supplement is easy to	4.18
follow (i.e. layout, readability, referencing).	
Using the Wisconsin WET Supplement to localize Project WET activities will make those activities more relevant to my students.	4.5
I plan to use the Wisconsin WET Supplement to adapt activities to Wisconsin or my region	4.18
The Wisconsin WET Supplement will valuable to me when I adapt Project WET activities to Wisconsin or my region.	4.23
The Wisconsin WET Supplement will be useful to other Wisconsin teachers.	4.41
Resources	
The resources included are going to be valuable to me when I adapt Project WET activities to Wisconsin or my region.	4.26
There is an adequate amount of resources and organizations recommended.	4.47
I plan to use one or more of the resources in this section.	4.03
The format is easy to follow (i.e. layout, readability, referencing)	4.09
Organizations	
There is an adequate amount of organizations recommended.	4.39
The organizations included are going to be valuable to me when I adapt Project WET activities to Wisconsin or my region.	4.09
The format is easy to follow (i.e. layout, readability, referencing)	4.16
WET Activities with Wisconsin Resources	
There is an adequate amount of recommended resources for each activity.	4.12
The format is easy to follow.	4.12

Wisconsin Supplement Quantitative Evaluation Form Responses

Statements with a mean below 4.0 are shaded

Likert Scale Statement & Wisconsin Supplement Section	Mean (scale of 1-5) N=37 1 = strongly disagree 4 = agree 2 = disagree 5 = strongly agree 3 = neutral
Tips for Localizing Project WET Activities	
The recommendations in this section will be helpful to me when I adapt WET activities to Wisconsin or my region.	4.10
There is an adequate amount of information provided for me to feel better prepared to localize a WET activity.	4.0
The format is easy to follow.	4.06
Wisconsinized Project WET Activities	
It is valuable to me to have the Wisconsinized Project WET activities ready for use:	
Color Me a Watershed	4.25
Common Water	4.23
Dilemma Derby	3.95
The Pucker Effect	3.98
Sum of the Parts	3.98
Water Address	3.98
The format of the six Wisconsinized Project WET activities is easy to follow (i.e. layout, readability):	
Color Me a Watershed	4.10
Common Water	4.10
Dilemma Derby	4.13
The Pucker Effect	4.14
Sum of the Parts	4.21
Water Address	4.24
There is enough background information in the Wisconsinized Project WET activities:	
Color Me a Watershed	4.31
Common Water	4.28
Dilemma Derby	4.23
The Pucker Effect	4.29
Sum of the Parts	4.38
Water Address	4.41

Wisconsin Supplement Quantitative Evaluation Form Responses

Statements with a mean below 4.0 are shaded

	Mean (scale of 1-5) N=37
Likert Scale Statement & Wisconsin Supplement	l = strongly disagree 4 = agree
Section	2= disagree 5 = strongly agree
Section	3 = neutral
Using the following Wisconsinized Project WET activity	
supplements will help make those activities more relevant	
to my students:	
Color Me a Watershed	4.42
Common Water	4.5
Dilemma Derby	4.24
The Pucker Effect	4.29
Sum of the Parts	4.39
Water Address	4.48
I plan to use these Wisconsinized Project WET activities	
with my students:	
Color Me a Watershed	3.88
Common Water	3.98
Dilemma Derby	3.70
The Pucker Effect	3.67
Sum of the Parts	4.10
Water Address	4.04
These Wisconsinized Project WET activities will be useful	
to other Wisconsin teachers:	·
Color Me a Watershed	4.29
Common Water	4.32
Dilemma Derby	4.25
The Pucker Effect	4.32
Sum of the Parts	4.43
Water Address	4.39

APPENDIX Q

Project Timeline

APPENDIX Q

Project Timeline

- A. Will this Wisconsin Supplement be duplicating previous efforts in Wisconsin (Spring 1996)?
 - 1. Review current compilations of water resources information (April 1996)
 - Wisconsin Water Resources (DNR)
 - Investigate whether there are any other water-related publication directories
 - 2. Contact key Wisconsin water resource educators and evaluate their attitudes about this project (April 1996)
 - a. Elaine Andrews
 - b. Libby McCann
 - c. Suzanne Wade
 - d. Al Stenstrup
 - e. Dr. Dennis Yockers
- B. Are there individuals or organizations who have created state specific adaptations to national curricula for (Spring 1996):

Review state supplements of:

- Project WET
- Project WILD
- Project Learning Tree

Contact organizations and individuals to provide input for the creation, format, and structure, and contents of the Wisconsin Supplement.

C. What are Wisconsin's priority water education topics that should be of focus in the Wisconsin Supplement?

Review statewide water education documents

- -DNR
- -UWEX
- -Statewide Teacher Survey
- D. What should and should not be included in the Wisconsin Water Resources Guide for Educators? (Spring/Summer 1996)
 - 1. Develop a set of questions to ask selected water resource agency personnel and educators in phone interviews (May 1)
 - a. The questions would address: What are the water resource materials and organizations available in the state or your region that could be of use to teachers?
 - 2. Evaluate questions
 - 3. Revise questions (June 1996)

- 4. Identify interviewees based on experience as Wisconsin water resource agency personnel or water educators and region.
 - Advisory Committee will help identify participants
- 5. Contact interviewees and set up interview date and time (summer)
- 6. Compile information (fall 1996) the results will guide what materials to include in the Guide
- E. Select Wisconsin Supplement format and complete draft (fall 1996)
 - Summer Masters Students enrolled in the Project WET course (NR 403/603) will create 'Wisconsinized' activities as part of their course assignment.
- F. Evaluate draft Wisconsin Supplement (winter 1997)
 - 1. Develop a set of evaluation questions
 - 2. Send questions to a validity panel
 - a. Graduate Committee
 - b. Advisory Committee
 - 3. Finalize evaluation questions
 - 4. Administer evaluation form/questionnaire at conclusion of field-test workshop
 - Introduce the Wisconsin Supplement during the workshop and conduct activities to familiarize participants with how to use the Wisconsin Supplement
- G. Revise Wisconsin Supplement (Spring-Summer 1997)
 - 1. Compile responses from evaluations
 - 2. Present these responses to Graduate Committee and evaluate the recommended changes
 - 3. Implement the accepted changes
- H. Print Wisconsin Supplement (fall 1997)
- I. Disseminate the Wisconsin Supplement
 - Send to Wisconsin Project WET facilitators to give to workshop participants in addition to the <u>Project WET Curriculum and Activity</u> <u>Guide</u>
 - 2. Send to past workshop participants

APPENDIX R

Project WET-Wisconsin Field-Testing Workshop Agenda

Wisconsin Association for Environmental Education (WAEE) Winter Workshop

Project WET Workshop Tentative Agenda

Friday, January 24, 1997, 9:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. Treehaven - Tomahawk, WI

9:00-9:45am	Introductions/WET Ice-breaker - watershed map ID/Raining Cats ands Dogs (Ilene/Libby/Dennis) - Who, What, Where, and Why you're interested in H ₂ O ed. - Overview of Workshop, new materials, evaluation - agenda
9:45-10:15am	"Incredible Journey" (Dennis)
10:15-10:45am	Wading Through the WET Guide & Wisconsin Supplement (Ilene) explain the process of developing and evaluating the supplement, their role
10:45-11:00am	Quenching Your Thirst: BREAK and TAKE (water resources education materials - "freebies" available!!)
11:00-11:30 11:30 - 11:45 am	The Wisconsin River - Use Issues & Solutions Water Resources Issues Discussion (Bob Martini)
11:45 -12:00pm	Group WET Activity Explanation (Ilene/Libby/Dennis)
12:00 - 1:00 pm	LUNCH & Group WET Activity Preparation
1:00 - 2:30 pm	Peer Teaching - WET Activities (Pull activity out of a hat ~3 groups, 20 minutes/ group) Possible Wisconsinized Activity Topics: "Dilemma Derby", "Water Address", "The Pucker Effect"," Color Me a Watershed", "Common Water"
2:30 - 3:45 pm	Putting the Hs and Os Together: WET Curriculum Plans and Wisconsinized Activity Preparation (Ilene/Dennis)
3:45 - 4:45 pm	Evaluations -Workshop -Supplement
4:45 - 5:00 pm	WET Wrap-Up & Snacks
5:00 pm	Continue Your WET Journey!

APPENDIX S

Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources
Guide for Educators

Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET



Principal Author Ilene Grossman

Principal Editors Libby McCann Dr. Dennis Yockers

Wisconsin



A Water Resources Guide For Educators

ISBN 0-932310-36-2

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Library of Congress December 1997

Developed by:

Project WET-Wisconsin Wisconsin Lakes Partnership UW-Extension College of Natural Resources UW-Stevens Point Stevens Point, WI 54481 (715) 346-3366



The Wisconsin Lakes Partnership







Funded through a grant from the Wisconsin Environmental Education Board (WEEB)

To The Educator

Dear Educator,

We are pleased to present the Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators. This Supplement is the result of a joint project among the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point, University of Wisconsin-Extension Lake Management Program, the Wisconsin Environmental Education Board (WEEB), and the Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, a collaborative effort among the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, University of Wisconsin-Extension, and citizens, primarily represented by the Wisconsin Association of Lakes.

As water issues at the local, national, and global levels become more critical, citizens will be asked to make some tough choices about water usage. To participate effectively in the decision-making process, we require accurate, current, and understandable information on the complex issues involved. Education is the link to effective public participation. Project WET and this *Supplement* can provide that educational link to you as educators.

This Supplement was created to assist Wisconsin educators in making the national Project WET activities more relevant to students. This source of water resources information can help you 'Wisconsinize' Project WET activities. In addition, the Supplement can assist you in identifying state and regional educational materials, organizations, field trip ideas, and guest speaker contacts to compliment your water education efforts.

We hope the Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators provides resources to increase your and your students', awareness, appreciation, knowledge, critical thinking skills, and motivation for stewardship of Wisconsin's waters.

Best wishes as you journey through the wet world of water education in Wisconsin!

Sincerely,

Libby McCann, Coordinator Adopt-A-Lake/Project WET UW-Extension, College of Natural Resources UW-Stevens Point Ilene Grossman, Assistant Coordinator Project WET UW-Extension College of Natural Resources UW-Stevens Point

Introduction

Welcome to the wonderful world of WET in Wisconsin. Established in Wisconsin in July, 1995, Project WET (Water Education for Teachers) is an international multidisciplinary water education program designed to supplement a school's existing K-12 curriculum. This Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators (Supplement) is intended to accompany the national Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide. The Supplement has been developed to enhance the ability of Wisconsin educators to infuse statespecific water resources information into their curricula. The intent is to help Wisconsin teachers create water education programs that are relevant to their students who live in this water-rich state. This supplemental guide will be useful for all types of Wisconsin water education activities both in and out of the classroom.

Content

This Supplement has involved the input of over 150 teachers and water resources specialists from around the state. The content is based on the needs of Wisconsin teachers assessed through the "Wisconsin Teacher Survey of Water-Related Subject Needs" conducted in 1994 by UW-Extension, Environmental Resources Center (nearly 200 teachers completed the survey).

Resources

The topics in the "Resources" section were chosen based on Wisconsin teachers' greatest needs determined by the survey (described above) as well as the water education and water quality topics of greatest priority as designated by Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources and the University of Wisconsin-Extension reports. The resources and organizations listed under each topic in the "Resources" section were suggested, through phone interviews, by educators and water resources specialists from around the state.

Organizations

The "Organizations" section was compiled from the phone interview suggestions as well as extensive searches of state and regional waterrelated organizations. Recommended Wisconsin Resources for National Project WET Activities

The "Recommended Wisconsin Resources for National Project WET Activities" come from the "Resources" section items which match the topics addressed in each Project WET activity.

Wisconsin Project WET Activity Adaptations
The "Wisconsin Project WET Activity
Adaptations" were written by Wisconsin teachers
enrolled in the Project WET Leadership Institute
held in summer 1996. These activities were
reviewed, pilot-tested, and edited by teachers and
environmental education specialists. The
"Suggestions for Localizing Project WET
Activities" were compiled from phone interviews
with Wisconsin teachers.

Order Forms

There are publication order forms included from the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, UW-Extension Cooperative Extension Publications, and Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey located at the end of this Supplement.

Reviewers

Drafts of the *Supplement* were reviewed by the Project WET Advisory Committee members and thirty-six Wisconsin educators who attended the two Project WET workshops designed to introduce and pilot-test the *Supplement* and 'Wisconsin-ized' Project WET activities. Evaluations were compiled from those workshop participants and Advisory Committee members to revise the draft Supplement.

Funding

This project was funded by the Wisconsin Environmental Education Board (WEEB), University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point, and the Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, a collaborative effort among the Department of Natural Resources, University of Wisconsin-Extension, and citizens, primarily represented by the Wisconsin Association of Lakes.

Acknowledgments

There were many people who gave their time and expertise to the development of this Wisconsin Supplement. We would like to acknowledge and thank them for their efforts and support.

The following individuals were interviewed to suggest the resources and organizations included in this Supplement. These individuals were instrumental in contributing to the content of the "Resources" and "Organizations" sections of this document:

Mike Dresen, UW-Extension Land Management Specialist

Brian Gauthier, UW-Extension, Lac du Flambeau Tribe

Mindy Habecker, Dane County Extension

Jeff Janvrin, DNR-LaCrosse, Mississippi-Lower St. Croix Team

Sara Johnson, The River Alliance of Wisconsin

Dotty Juengst, UW-Extension, Water Educator, Green Bay

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Robert Korth, UW-Extension, Lake Management Program

Carolyn Johnson, UW-Extension, Water Educator, Milwaukee

Jim Lubner, UW-Sea Grant Program, Advisory Services

Libby McCann, UW-Extension, Adopt-A-Lake/Project WET

Chris Mechenich, UW-Extension, Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center

Steve Oberle, Stevens Point-Whiting-Plover Wellhead Protection Project

Mike Pagel, UW-Stevens Point Career Services

Lynn Person, DNR-Bureau of Cooperative Environmental Assistance, Pollution Prevention Program

Jim Peterson, UW-Extension, Environmental Resources Center

Bill Rock, DNR-Bureau of Watershed Management, Private Water Systems

Theresa Stabo, DNR-Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat Protection, Aquatic Education

Al Stenstrup, DNR-Bureau of Communication and Education

Jeff Steven, Madison Metropolitan Sewerage District

Sterling Strathe, Outdoor Skills Center

Ron Struss, UW-Extension Western Area Water Quality Educator, Eau Claire

Bill Swenson, UW-Superior, Biology Department, UW-Extension

Kathy Krahn Tulman, CESAs 10 and 11, SciMaTech Resource Center

Suzanne Wade, UW-Extension, Water Educator, Southern Area

Janice Watras, North Lakeland Elementary School

Paul Wozniak, Fox/Wolf Rivers Environmental History Project

Dennis Yockers, Wisconsin Center for Environmental Education, UW-Stevens Point

The following teachers enrolled in the Summer 1996 Project WET Leadership Institute submitted Wisconsin adaptations to Project WET activities that are included in this *Supplement* and/or were interviewed for suggestions to offer educators planning to localize Project WET activities:

Randy Colton, Rothschild Elementary School

Shelly Cook, School District of Onalaska (Elementary)

Mark Elworthy, Eau Claire Area Schools (Middle)

Laurin Garlieb, UW-Stevens Point water chemistry student

Kathy Guenther, Orchard Lane School (Elementary), New Berlin

Jody Henseler, Owen-Withee Public Schools (Elementary)

Carolyn Peterson, Luck Public Schools (Middle)

Sharon Rychter, Green Bay Area Public Schools (Supportive Research Teacher)

Jim Servais, Green Bay West High School

Jeanine Meyer Staab, Medford Elementary School Janice Watras, North Lakeland Elementary School, Manitowish Waters Karen Yost, Our Lady of Sorrows School, Milwaukee

The Project WET Advisory Committee members have been invaluable in the development of this *Supplement* through their review of evaluations, interview questions, and the draft *Supplement*:

Elaine Andrews, UW-Extension, Environmental Resources Center

Jeff Bode, DNR, Bureau of Watershed Management, Lakes and Wetlands Section

Randy Champeau, Wisconsin Center for Environmental Education, UW-Stevens Point

Mary Danoski, Wisconsin Association of Lakes

Greg Hutchins, UW-Extension, 4-H/Youth Development Program

Sara Johnson, The River Alliance of Wisconsin

Lowell Klessig, UW-Extension Lake Management Program, UW-Stevens Point

Kathy Krahn Tulman, CESAs 10 & 11, SciMaTech Resource Center

Martha Kronholm, Wisconsin Rapids Area School District

Jim Lubner, UW-Sea Grant, Advisory Services

Chris Mechenich, UW-Extension, Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center

Clayton Russell, Sigurd Olson Environmental Institute, Northland College

Sharon Rychter, Green Bay Area Public Schools

Robin Shepard, UW-Extension, Environmental Resources Center

Al Stenstrup, DNR-Bureau of Communication and Education

Janice Watras, North Lakeland Elementary School

Dennis Yockers, Wisconsin Center for Environmental Education, UW-Stevens Point

The following educators reviewed and evaluated the draft Supplement:

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John Bigley, James Williams Junior High School

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Betsy Decorah, Owen-Withee High School

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Michael Endreas, Owen-Withee Middle School

Lynn Feldman, UW-Extension, Oneida County 4-H

Al Guthman, Owen-Withee High School

James Hager, Owen-Withee High School

Ron Hanson, James Williams Junior High School

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Karen Martinson, Storefront Learning Center

Mark Meyer, Owen-Withee Middle School

Susan Nelson, Owen-Withee Title 1

Mike Pankratz, Owen-Withee Elementary School

Carrie Porter, UW-Stevens Point

Tim Rueth, Owen-Withee High School
Maryann Smasal, Owen-Withee High School
Gloria Sopiarz, Owen-Withee High School
Jill Spiegelhoff, Clintonville Middle School
Rachel Sproul, Owen-Withee Elementary School
Brenda Thomas, Owen-Withee Middle School
Ray Turk, Owen-Withee Elementary School
Sherry Ullius, Lac Lawrann Conservancy
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Anne Wilfahrt, Treehaven Field Station

The following individuals provided volunteer editorial help and have greatly contributed to the quality of this document:

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Debbie Kahn, Montessori Pre-school Teacher
Jennie Lane, Wisconsin K-12 Energy Education Program, UW-Stevens Point
Libby McCann, UW-Extension, Adopt-A-Lake/Project WET
Chris Mechenich, Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center
Dorothy Snyder, UW-Extension Lake Management Program
Robert Steele, UW-Stevens Point, Environmental Education Graduate Student

Funding for this project was provided by:

UW-Extension, Lake Management Program

Wisconsin Environmental Education Board (WEEB)

Wisconsin Lakes Partnership (A collaborative effort among the Department of Natural Resources, University of Wisconsin-Extension, and citizens represented by the Wisconsin Association of Lakes)

The following individuals served as the Graduate Committee with invaluable guidance and support:

Dr. Dennis Yockers, UW-Stevens Point, Wisconsin Center for Environmental Education

Dr. Paula DeHart, UW-Stevens Point, Department of Education

Dr. Randy Champeau, UW-Stevens Point, Wisconsin Center for Environmental Education Libby McCann, UW-Extension, Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, Adopt-A-Lake/Project WET

A tremendous thanks to Libby McCann for her boundless support, expertise, hard labor, and good humor on this project.

Thanks to all of you for your contributions to the Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET: A Water Resources Guide for Educators. By sharing your time, expertise, and passion for water education in Wisconsin, you have helped to ensure the future health of the state's waters for generations to come.

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Resources

This section offers state-wide and regional resources to assist you in developing water education programs in Wisconsin. The ordering information is included for each resource below. To contact the listed organization, refer to the "Organizations" section of this Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET.

At the end of this Wisconsin Supplement are order forms for publications available from the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR), University of Wisconsin-Extension (UWEX), and the Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey. Many of the publications listed in this section are free of cost, while others require a fee. Where fee information was available it was noted with the resource. Otherwise, you will need to contact the sources to inquire about costs.

National and International Materials

There are literally hundreds of water education curricula, activity guides, other educational materials, and organizations related to water! Some of those resources can be found in this section under "General Resources," while others are included within the specific topic listings. The "Organizations" section of this Wisconsin Supplement also has lists of national and international organizations, as well as computer networking sites related to water education. In addition, the "References" section of each activity in the Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide suggests national resources related to each activity subject.



Internet

If you have access to the Internet, you will find a wealth of information, pictures, maps, data, statistics, and other contacts related to water resources and organizations around the world. Some Internet sites have been included in this section, but there are probably thousands more out there in cyberspace!

Abbreviations

CNRED	Community, Natural Resource and
	Economic Development (UW-
	Extension Cooperative Extension
	program area)
DNR	Wisconsin Department of Natural
	Resources
$\mathbf{E}\mathbf{E}$	Environmental Education
GMU	Wisconsin DNR Geographic
	Management Units or basin offices
	are the result of the DNR reorganiza-
	tion (1997) to serve the 22 major
	watersheds in the state.
UWEX	University of Wisconsin-Extension
UW	University of Wisconsin
WI	Wisconsin
4-H	UW-Extension Cooperative Extension
	County Youth Development Agent

Careers in Water Resources



As the quality and quantity of water continues to be of critical concern throughout

the world, water resources will inevitably be a growing occupational field. There is a wide range of career opportunities available in water resources. Some water-related careers include: fisheries management specialist, water chemist, aquaculturist, hydrologist, educator, lake management specialist, wetlands biologist, marine biologist, and many more.

American Water Resources Association Careers This brochure highlights job descriptions in the field of water resources. AWRA Student Chapter, College of Natural Resources, UW-Stevens Point, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-2372.

Career Services

Wisconsin high schools should have this reference book in the guidance office or school library. U.S. Department of Labor, Center on Education and Work, School of Education, UW-Madison, 1078 Educational Science Unit 1, 1025 West Johnson St., Madison, WI 53706. 608/263-2725.

The Complete Guide to Environmental Careers 1993. Environmental Careers Organization, Great Lakes Office, Publications, 50 Public Square, Suite 628, Cleveland, OH 44113-2203. 216/861-4545. \$17.45/each.

DNR Careers

Contact the specific DNR Bureaus for career information (i.e. Bureau of Watershed Management, Bureau of Drinking Water and Groundwater). See *Organizations* section for addresses and phone numbers of DNR Bureaus.

Education for the Earth: A Guide to Top Environmental Studies Programs 1993. Peterson Guide. Princeton. NJ. **Environmental Career Opportunities**

National newsletter of job listings printed twice a month. Environmental Career Opportunities, PO Box 560, Stanardsville, VA 22973. 301/320-2002; Fax: 804/985-2331. Four issues for \$29.

The Environmental Careers Organization Reference book recommended for school libraries. 286 Congress Street., 3rd Floor, Boston, MA 02210-1009.

Environmental Opportunities

National newsletter of job listings of generally non-technical positions in environmental education, policy, and recreation.
Environmental Opportunities, PO Box 4379, Arcata, CA 95518. 707/826-1909; Fax: 707/826-2495.
Six months (six issues) for \$26 or \$5 each.

The Job Seeker

Monthly national newsletter of job listings. The Job Seeker, County EW, Warrens, WI 54666. 608/378-4290.

Six issues for \$19.50. Twelve issues for \$36.

Making a Difference College Guide: Outstanding Colleges to Help You Make a Better World

by Miriam Weinstein. 1994. Sageworks Press, San Anselmo. CA.

Marine Science Careers

All public middle and high school libraries in Wisconsin should have a copy of this publication. If you do not have access to a school copy, contact UW-Madison, Sea Grant College / Program, 1800 University Avenue, Madison, WI 53705-4094. 608/263-3259.

Occupational Outlook Handbook, Occupations Handbook for Wisconsin, and Education Handbook for Wisconsin 1994-95 Edition, Wisconsin Career Information System. U.S. Department of Labor, Center on Education and Work, School of Education, UW-Madison, 1078 Educational Science Unit 1, 1025 West Johnson St., Madison, WI 53706. 608/263-2725. Questions about Careers in Oceanography Texas A&M Sea Grant College Program, PO Box 1675, Galveston, TX, 77553-1675. 409/762-9800.

UW-Career Services

Weekly Wisconsin and national job announcements. You can order a natural resources matrixes and job listings. UWSP Career Services, 134 Old Main, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-3136. \$25/month. WEB page but no job listings: http://www.uwsp.edu/stuserv/career/sites.htm

Natural Resources Careers and Workshops for High School Students

Week-long summer workshops specifically designed to help high school students examine career interests and opportunities in the fields of natural resources and environmental quality. Central Wisconsin Environmental Station, 10186 County Rd. MM, Amherst Junction, WI 54407. 715/824-2428.

Statewide Organizations

UW-Stevens Point Career Services

Educators can call Mike Pagel for information on water resources. UWSP Career Services, 134 Old Main, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-3226.

Regional Organizations

(See *Organizations* section for county, regional and GMU offices)

DNR Regional or GMU Offices

Local Libraries

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices 4-H and CNRED Agents

Field Trips and Presentation Contacts

(See *Organizations* section for county, regional and GMU offices)

DNR Regional and GMU Offices

Land Conservation Department County Offices Natural Resources Conservation Service County Offices

University Water Resources Staff Contact nearby universities and colleges

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices 4-H, Community, Natural Resources and Economic Development (CNRED) Agents

Water Treatment Plants
See your local phone book for contacts

Home Page Sites

American Water Works Association Careers in drinking water field. 6666 W. Quincy Ave., Denver, CO 80235. 303/347-6170. http://wwcareers.com/A/0025.html

Environmental Careers Organization Offers internship placement services, national environmental careers conference, and an alumni network. http://www.eco.org/ecp.html

Jobtrak

Partners with over 600 college and university career centers. Information is included on resumes, job search tips, job listings, and more. http://www.jobtrak.com

Science Careers

Includes a reference list. http://www.jmu.edu/career/science.html

UW-Careers

Offers a collection of career and job search information.

http://www.uwsp.edu/stuserv/career/sites.htm



Drinking Water Supply

Do your students know where their drinking water comes from? Have you ever wondered how healthy your drinking water is, or if you need to worry about conserving water? Drinking water for suburban and urban areas in Wisconsin comes from either an underlying aquifer (groundwater) pumped to city or town wells or directly from Lake Michigan, Lake Superior, or Lake Winnebago. Rural residents rely on groundwater pumped from their own wells where often the water is not treated before it is consumed. Actions we take on the land can affect the surface and ground water quality that we rely on for our drinking water.

Drinking Water Contamination: Understanding the Risks

Fact sheet that describes the process of drinking water risk assessment, balancing the risks and benefits of contaminated water and other substances, and how to minimize the risk of private well water contamination. Contact UWEX Publications, Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Bulletin #G3339. 6 pp. Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

FARM*A*SYST Farmstead assessment system HOME*A*SYST Homestead or subdivision assessment system. Worksheets and materials which help home and farm owners troubleshoot potential problems with wells. FARM*A*SYST, UWEX-Environmental Resources Center, 216 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Dr., Madison, WI 53706. 608/262-3799.

Groundwater Fact Sheets

33 different topics are covered in this series of fact sheets about groundwater quality and its effect on public health. Department of Health and Family Services, Bureau of Public Health, 1414 E. Washington Ave., Rm. 96, Madison, WI 53703-3044. 608/267-6844.

Home Water Safety: Evaluating the Condition of Your Private Water Supply

Contains a strategy to determine if private water supplies are safe. UWEX Publications, Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Bulletin #G3558-2. Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Home Water Safety: Evaluating the Condition of Your Public Water Supply

Contains a strategy to determine if public water supplies are safe and describes citizens' responsibilities. UWEX Publications, Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Bulletin #G3558-3. Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Lead in Drinking Water

Brochure, which highlights lead hazards, methods of reduction and organizations of assistance. Wisconsin DNR Bureau of Drinking Water and Groundwater, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-0821. Publication #PUBL-WS-015-94REV.

Nitrate in Drinking Water

Brochure, which highlights nitrate hazards, methods of reduction and organizations of assistance. DNR Bureau of Drinking Water and Groundwater, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-0821.
Publication #PUBL-WS-001-94REV.

Tests for Drinking Water from Private Wells

Brochure that covers a wide variety of contaminants that may be found in water supplies and information on how to have water samples tested. DNR Bureau of Drinking Water and Groundwater, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-0821.

Publication #PUBL-WS-023-92.

Wisconsin Bureau of Public Health Fact Sheet Series

Approximately twenty fact sheets about environmental health effects from chemicals such as nitrates, pesticides, inorganic compounds, and specific chemical compounds. Department of Health and Family Services, Bureau of Public Health, Water/Environment Section, 1414 E. Washington Square Bldg., Madison, WI 53703. 608/266-9337.

You and Your Well

Fact sheet designed for homeowners that describes well construction requirements, certified well and pump installers, and approved types of wells and pumps. DNR Bureau of Drinking Water and Groundwater, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-0821. Publication # PUBL-WS-002 90 Rev. 4pp.

Your Personal Water Supply

1992. Booklet provides an overview of a municipal water system, includes water testing information and addresses, and how to determine whether to treat tap water. DNR Bureau of Drinking Water and Groundwater, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-0821.

Publication # PUBL-WS-021. 16 pp.

Refer to the *Groundwater Education Resource*Directory for a more detailed resource list
(information on ordering a copy is in the
Groundwater section).

Statewide Organizations

(See *Organizations* section for more detailed organization descriptions, addresses, and phone numbers)

Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center

Educational materials and technical information; an excellent starting point when looking for more detailed or local information. College of Natural Resources, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-4270.

DNR Central Office

101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-2621.

- Bureau of Communication & Education 608/266-6790
- Bureau of Drinking Water & Groundwater 608/266-0821
- Home Page: http://www.dnr.state.wi.us

DNR Regional or GMU Offices

Private water supply staff for information on groundwater wells. Approximately 30 DNR publications available on water supply. See *Organizations* section for regional and GMU offices.

Department of Health and Family Services Information related to water quality and its effects on human health. Bureau of Public Health, Water/Environment Section, 1414 E. Washington Ave., Rm. 96, Madison, WI 53703-3044. 608/267-6844.

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

Home page for the Office of Groundwater and Drinking Water; "Kids Page" as well.

Home Page: http://www.epa.gov

Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey Map and Publication Sales (MAPS) Office, 3817 Mineral Point Rd., Madison, WI 53705. 608/263-7289.

Regional Organizations

(See *Organizations* section for county, regional and GMU offices)

DNR Regional and GMU Offices

Private and public water supply staff for information on groundwater wells.

Land Conservation Department County Offices

UW-Extension County Offices

Basin educators, 4-H or Community, Natural Resource and Economic Development (CNRED) agents may do groundwater projects with youth. Family Living and/or Agriculture agent may have local data related to groundwater pollution susceptibility, types of contaminants, and other related information.



Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

(See *Organizations* section for county, regional, and GMU offices)

Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center College of Natural Resources, UW-Stevens Point, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-4270.

UW-Extension Cooperative Extension County Offices

Basin educators, CNRED agents, and other resource personnel may be available for presentations.

County Planning and Zoning Department Refer to your local phone book

DNR Regional and GMU Offices

Private water supply staff for information on groundwater wells.

Drinking Water Treatment FacilitiesRefer to your local phone book for contacts.

Land Conservation Department County Offices

Natural Resources Conservation Service County Offices

Private Water Well Contractors

Contact to see how a well is drilled and for other related information. Refer to your local phone book for contacts.

Wastewater Treatment and Water Utility Staff Water treatment and wastewater plant managers. Refer to your local phone book for contacts.

Home Page Sites

DNR Home Page http://www.dnr.state.wi.us

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

Home page for the Office of Groundwater and Drinking Water; "Kids Page" as well. Home Page: http://www.epa.gov

Drinking Water Contaminants

In several parts of the state there have been cases of diseases and illnesses caused by contaminated drinking water. Some examples of Wisconsin water contamination include: the Cryptosporidum outbreak which occurred in Milwaukee's drinking water, and certain wells in central and southern Wisconsin were contaminated by atrazine, a pesticide used in corn fields.

Cryptosporidium Species Oocyst and Giardia species Cyst: Occurrence, Concentrations, and Distributions in Wisconsin Waters

1995. Fact sheet. DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-7694.

- 81-page report (Publication # WR-420-95)
- Executive Summary only (Publication # WR-429-95)

Fact Sheet Series, Department of Health and Family Services

Series of fact sheets includes information on Cryptosporidium, Ecoli infections, Giardia, Swimmer's itch, and more! Bureau of Public Health, 1414 E. Washington Ave., Madison, WI 53703-3044. 608/267-7321.

Statewide Organizations

Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center College of Natural Resources, UW-Stevens Point, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-4270.

Department of Health and Family Services, Bureau of Public Health

Water/Environment Section, 1414 E. Washington Ave., Madison, WI 53703-3044. 608/267-7321.

University Staff

Contact your local University water resources departments for local technical information.

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices See Organizations section for county offices.

Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey

Well reports, hydrology information and maps, etc. Map and Publication Sales (MAPS) Office, 3817 Mineral Point Rd., Madison, WI 53705. 608/263-7289.

Wisconsin Water Well Association

An organization devoted to promote and protect Wisconsin's groundwater resources. 6225 60th Ave., Kenosha, WI 53142. Contact Rod Pfeiffer, 414/657-7830.

Regional Organizations

County/Local Public Health Department For information about the human health aspects of water quality. See your local phone book.

DNR Regional and GMU Offices
See Organizations section for regional offices.

Local Hospitals and Clinics See your local phone book.

Local Pump Installers

See your local phone book or contact the local Chamber of Commerce.

Local Water Treatment Facilities See your local phone book.

Local Well Drillers

See your local phone book or contact the local Chamber of Commerce.

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

(See above organizations)

DNR Regional or GMU Offices

Contact Public and Private Water Supply staff for presentations.

Local Water Treatment Facilities

Local Well Drillers

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices

General

There are a wide variety of state and national water education organizations and resources. Within this sea of available materials and organizations, we have listed below some suggested resources. Please refer to the <u>Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide</u> for additional recommendations for each individual activity.

General Wisconsin Resources

Educ'Ade: Environmental Education Publications for Teachers

1995. Listing which covers a variety of topics including: environmental education, parks and recreation, recreation safety, forestry, endangered resources, wildlife, fish, water, environmental protection, air quality, and solid waste & recycling. DNR Bureau of Communication and Education, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/266-6790. Publication #PUBL-IE-015 94 rev. 1 page.

EE News

Environmental education news for Wisconsin; includes educational activities, specific resources for different topics each issue, calendar of events, and literature reviews. Editor, EE News, DNR Bureau of Communication and Education, CE/6, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/267-5239.

A Gathering of Waters: Education About Water Resources in Wisconsin

1991. Introduces UW-Extension and their water resources education programs. UWEX-Cooperative Extension, 601 Extension Bldg., 432 N. Lake St., Madison, WI 53706. 608/263-2775. 18 pp.

A Guide to Curriculum Planning in Environmental Education (EE)

1994. The guide includes: the rationale and philosophy of EE, goals and subgoals of EE, and how subject areas contribute to environmental education. Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction. Copies from Publication Sales, Wisconsin DPI, Drawer 179, Milwaukee, WI 53293-0179. 800/243-8782. Bulletin #94371. 170 pp.

Save Wisconsin's Water: Making Every Drop Count

1992. Includes why it is important to conserve water, ways to save water, water saving devices and appliances, and a typical water saving program. DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/267-7694. Publication #PUBL-WR-065 92 REV. 13 pp.

Water Activities to Encourage Responsibility Classroom activities covering concepts of water supply, geology, pollution, water-related careers, and more. DNR Bureau of Communication and Education, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-6790.

Publication # PUBL-WR-324-93. 46 pp.

Wisconsin Water Resources Catalog

This catalogue includes water resources publications available from DNR, UW-Extension, and other state agencies listed by topic and described briefly. Ordering information and related state organizations are included (revised annually). Available from DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/267-7694. Publication #PUBL-WR-414-96REV.

General National Resources

Aquatic WILD

Project WILD (Wildlife in Learning Design) for aquatic environments and species. Curriculum and activity guide for K-12 educators (must attend a six hour workshop to receive materials). DNR Bureau of Communication and Education, CE/6, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/264-6282.

Educating Young People About Water: A Guide to Goals and Resources with Emphasis on Nonformal and School Enrichment Settings 1995. An excellent starting point when developing water education programs. This series of three guides is designed to help nonformal and school enrichment educators choose and develop curricula to implement water education programs. The three guides include: A Guide to Goals and Resources. A Guide to Program Planning and Evaluation, and A Guide to Unique Program Strategies. Included in these guides are: water education goals, key water education topics, a thorough water education curriculum review, other support materials and selected bibliographies. ERIC Clearinghouse. 1929 Kenny Rd., Columbus, OH 43210-0462. 800/276-0462; Fax: 614/292-0263. Home Page: http://www.ericse.org

Jason Project

International curriculum program which uses satellite communications to focus on aquatic ecosystems and water quality monitoring. Student projects are computer-linked with the ability to input on-line data. Jason Project, UW-Milwaukee, 161 W. Wisconsin Ave., Suite 6000, Milwaukee, WI 53203. 414/227-3365. Home Page: http://www.jasonproject.org

Statewide Organizations

Water Education Resource Centers (WERCs) Statewide network of six WERCs offers teachers equipment and a variety of educational resources and opportunities including workshops, water testing equipment, and aquatic investigation materials. The WERCs are listed in the *Organizations* section. More WERCs are being established annually. Contact your nearest WERC or Suzanne Wade, Water Educator, UW-Extension, for more detailed information, Environmental Resources Center, 126 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Dr., Madison, WI 53706. 608/265-3257.

Wisconsin Association for Environmental Education

A statewide professional organization designed to promote responsible environmental action through education in the classroom and community. Membership includes newsletter and conference information. WAEE Inc., 10186 County Rd.MM, Amherst Junction, WI 54407. 715/346-2796.

Wisconsin Center for Environmental Education (WCEE)

The WCEE provides EE outreach courses, Extended Master's Degree Program for Teachers, High School Environmental Action Conference, Wisconsin EE Network, and EE Resource Library. College of Natural Resources, UW-Stevens Point, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-4973.

Wisconsin Earth Science Teachers Association (WEST)

An organization for elementary and middle level science educators. Provides teacher support and programs on science education. Wisconsin Academy of Sciences, Arts, and Letters, 1922 University Avenue, Madison, WI 53705. 608/263-1692.

Wisconsin Society of Science Teachers (WSST)

Provides support and programs to enhance the teaching and learning of science. Coordinates annual state convention and regional science forums. University of Wisconsin-Oshkosh, Office of Outreach, 800 Algoma Blvd., Oshkosh, WI 54901. 920/424-7414; Fax: 920/424-7076.

National Organizations

Eisenhower National Clearinghouse for Science

Offers teachers information about publications, CD-ROMs, and professional development activities. 800/621-5785.

Home Page: http://www.enc.org

ERIC Clearinghouse for Science, Mathematics, and Environmental Education (ERIC/CSMEE)

The clearinghouse collects and processes all the science, mathematics, and environmental education materials to add to the ERIC database and offers products and services to educators. ERIC Clearinghouse, 1929 Kenny Rd., Columbus, OH 43210-0462. 800/276-0462;

Fax: 614/292-0263.

Home Page: http://www.ericse.org

Give Water a Hand

A self-directed resource guide that helps youth look closely at their community and provides direction for completing a service or action project. Youth design their own project based on water investigations in their community. To order the Youth Action Guide and accompanying Leader Guidebook call 800/928-3720 or contact your county UWEX Cooperative Extension county office. Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/erc

GREEN (Global Rivers Environmental Education Network)

206 S. 5th Ave., Suite 150, Ann Arbor, MI 48104. 313/761-8142; Fax: 313/761-4951. 272 pp. Home Page:http://www.econet.org/green

North American Association for Environmental Education (NAAEE)

Largest international EE organization which hosts an annual conference and offers members a newsletter, educational resources, job listings, and an extensive professional network. PO Box 400, Troy, OH 45373. 513/676-2514.

Home Page Sites

Eisenhower National Clearinghouse for Science http://www.enc.org

ERIC Clearinghouse

http://www.ericse.org

Give Water a Hand

http://www.uwex.edu/erc/ywc/

GREEN

http://www.econet.org/green

Recommended Resources for School Library

DNR Staff Directory

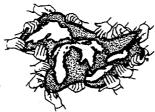
DNR, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/266-2621.

UW-Extension Staff Directory

Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346.

Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Great Lakes



The Great Lakes hold 20% of the entire Earth's available freshwater! We are fortunate to border two Great Lakes in Wisconsin. Both Lake Superior and Lake Michigan have rich histories of use by Native Americans, early nineteenth century traders and explorers, commercial shipping and fishing industries, and recreational users. Today, the Great Lakes are of great importance for industry, transportation, food supply, drinking water, and recreation. About 33 million people live within the Great Lakes basin, one of the most densely populated areas in North America. In response to increasing pollution concerns in the Great Lakes, a variety of management plans and pollution prevention regulations have been created.

Clean Bay Backer Education Package

The packet consists of a video (20 min.), Student Activity Guide designed for 4th and 5th graders, a Teacher's Guide, and a coloring book for 1st - 3rd graders. This is a northeast Wisconsincentered water quality educational tool. The animated clean bay backers talk about polluted runoff, which is the area's largest water pollution concern. They show the causes of polluted runoff and demonstrate some of the things that everyone can do to help prevent it. To order contact: Remedial Action Plan Specialist, Clean Bay Backers, Wisconsin DNR, PO Box 10448, 1125 N. Military Ave., Green Bay, WI 54307-0448. 920/492-5825.

The Directory of Great Lakes Education Materials

Provides a listing of available Great Lakes educational materials (1994). International Joint Commission, Information Services Section, PO Box 32689, Detroit, MI 48232-2869. 313/226-2170; Fax: 519/257-6740.

The Great Lakes: An Environmental Atlas and Resource Book

A thorough background resource about the Great Lakes. Environmental Protection Agency, Region V, 77 W. Jackson St., Chicago, IL 60604. 800/621-8431. Free.

Great Lakes Environmental Directory

Directory includes citizen groups, government agencies and environmental education programs concerned with Great Lakes environmental issues in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin, and Ontario. International Joint Commission, National Environmental Directory, 8850 O'Brien Rd., Missoula, MT 59801. 406/543-3359.

Great Lakes Environmental Education Project

Provides an overview of Great Lakes issues using classroom activities, games, discussions, and projects. Contact East Michigan Environmental Action Council, 21220 West 14 Mile Road, Bloomfield Township, MI 48301. 810/258-5188; Fax: 810/258-5189.

Great Lakes in My World

Activities workbook that includes materials for educating K-8 students on the Great Lakes ecosystem. Lake Michigan Federation. 59 E. Van Buren St., Suite 2215, Chicago, IL 60605. 312/939-0838; Fax: 312/939-2708. \$10.

Great Minds! Great Lakes!

Contains K-12 lesson plans to provide an integrated approach to Great Lakes issues for history, social studies, and science. U.S Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Public Affairs-Region V, 77 W. Jackson St., Chicago, IL 60604. 800/621-8431. Free.

The Life of the Lakes: The Great Lakes Fishery

A guide to great lakes fishery education materials. Contact Michigan Sea Grant College Program, Cooperative Extension Service, Michigan State University, 334 Natural Resources Building, East Lansing, MI 48824-1222. 517/336-1628; Fax: 517/336-1028.

Marine Education: A Bibliography of Educational Materials

Materials available from Sea Grant College programs (Great Lakes and marine). UW-Madison, Sea Grant College Program, 1800 University Avenue, Madison, WI 53705-4094. 608/263-3259. \$2.

OEAGLS (Oceanic Education Activities for Great Lakes Schools) (Grades 5-9, \$3) and OEAGLETS (Oceanic Education Activities for Great Lakes Schools early elementary grades) (Grades K-4) \$5. Contain background information, interdisciplinary lessons and activities related to great lakes and oceans. Some activities are Lake Erie-specific or Ohiospecific but can be adapted to Lake Michigan or Lake Superior. Ohio Sea Grant College Program, Ohio State University, 1314 Kinnear Road, Columbus, OH 43212-1194. 614/292-8949; Fax: 614/292-4364.

Our Great Lakes Connection: A Curriculum Guide for Grades Kindergarten through Eight Includes 24 Great Lakes lessons and activities to use in science, social studies, and drama activities. For loan only (can be duplicated) from UWEX-Environmental Resources Center, 216 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Dr., Madison, WI 53706, 608/262-1377 or the Wisconsin Center for Environmental Education, UWSP-CNR, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-4973.

Paddle-to-the-Sea: Supplemental Curriculum Activities

Intended for use with Holling Clancy Holling's book *Paddle-to-the-Sea*. Written in the 1940's about the adventures of a model wooden canoe and paddler built by a Native American boy from Canada. The activities are multidisciplinary including topics in biology, ecology, geography, physical sciences, social studies, languages, and math (also includes a Great Lakes map, 24"x 36"). Send \$10 to Ohio State University, and mail to: Ohio Sea Grant College Program, Ohio State University, 1314 Kinnear Road, Columbus, OH 43212-1194. 614/292-8949; Fax: 614/292-4364.

Statewide Organizations

DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, Remedial Action Programs Coordinator GEF 2, WT/2, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-9352.

Lake Michigan Federation

59 E. Van Buren St., Suite 2215, Chicago, IL 60605. 312/939-0838: Fax: 312/939-2708.

UW-Extension Cooperative Extension County Offices

4-H Agent, Lake Specialists, or Basin Educators. See *Organizations* section for addresses.

UW Sea Grant College Program and UW Sea Grant Institute Communications Office Technical information source. 1800 University Avenue, University of Wisconsin, Madison, WI 53706. 608/263-3259; Fax: 608/263-2063.

Regional Organizations

Bay Lake Regional Planning Commission Suite 211, Old Fort Square, 211 N. Broadway, Green Bay, WI 54303. 920/436-6116; Fax: 920/436-4225.

DNR Regional Offices

See Organizations section for regional offices.

Northeast Region & Northern Region
 Contact Departments of Water Resources
 Management, Water Supply, Water
 Regulation and Zoning, Wastewater
 Management, or Fisheries Management
 depending on the information needed.

Lake Superior Center

For newsletters and Lake Superior aquatic education programs. 353 Harbor Drive, Duluth, MN 55802, 218/720-3033; Fax: 218/720-3407 email: lakesuperior@igc.org

Northern Great Lakes Center

This center in Ashland will open in May 1998 with exhibits and environmental education programs about The northern Great Lakes region. Before May 1998, contact Chequamegon National Forest, Box 1170 Fourth Ave. South, Park Falls, WI 54552. 715/762-2461.

Schlitz Audubon Center

Nature center on Lake Michigan that offers staffed school and general public programs and educator workshops. Produces "Living Lightly in the City" curriculum. 1111 E. Brown Deer Rd., Milwaukee, WI 53217. 414/351-4200.

UW-Extension Cooperative Extension County Offices

See Organizations section for county offices.

UW Sea Grant Institute, Advisory Services 600 E. Greenfield Ave., Milwaukee, WI 53204-2944. 414/227-3291.

University of Wisconsin-Superior

- Lake Superior Research Institute, 1800 Grand Avenue, Superior, WI 54880. 715/394-8315.
- Sea Grant Advisory Service, Sunquist 143, Superior, WI 54880. 715/394-8472

Wisconsin Maritime Museum

75 Maritime Drive, Manitowoc, WI 54220. 920/684-0218.

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

DNR Regional and GMU Offices

See Organizations section for regional offices.

Door County Maritime Museum

Sturgeon Bay, WI 54235. 920/743-5958.

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices See *Organizations* section for county offices.

UW-Sea Grant Institute, Advisory Services 600 E. Greenfield Ave., Milwaukee, WI 53204-2944. 414/227-3291.

University of Wisconsin-Superior

UW-Extension, Dept. of Biology, UW-Superior, Superior, WI 54880. 715/394-8410.

Wisconsin Maritime Museum See above



Groundwater

Would you believe we walk on water every day? Groundwater is essentially just that, water in saturated soil and rock beneath the surface of the ground. Although some people may think of groundwater as an underground river, most groundwater flows in the cracks and spaces between rocks and soil found beneath the surface of the earth. Wisconsinites walk on groundwater so plentiful that if it were all brought to the surface it would cover the entire state in 30 feet of water. Rain is the main source of "groundwater recharge" (water that supplies the flow of groundwater). More than 70% of Wisconsin residents get their drinking water from groundwater. In Wisconsin, 570 million gallons of groundwater is drawn by public and private wells every day.

Better Farms and Groundwater

A farmer's guide to groundwater-protecting farming practices. DNR Bureau of Drinking Water and Groundwater, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-0821.

Better Homes and Groundwater

A 15-page homeowner's guide to groundwatersafe maintenance of lawns, gardens, workshops, garages and septic systems, plus disposal alternatives for household hazardous wastes. DNR Bureau of Drinking Water and Groundwater, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-0821. Publication # PUBL-WR-386-95.

Groundwater Fact Sheets

Thirty-three different topics are covered in this series of fact sheets about groundwater quality and its effects on public health. Department of Health and Family Services, Bureau of Public Health, 1414 E. Washington Ave., Rm. 96, Madison, WI 53703-3044. 608/267-6844.

Groundwater Flow Demonstration (model, manual, and video)

Includes a three-dimensional groundwater model constructed of soil materials and plexiglass. The effects of clay barriers and water withdrawals on groundwater movement from recharge areas to discharge areas are effectively demonstrated as well as concepts related to groundwater pollution. Available for loan from:

- Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center. 715/346-4270.
- University of Wisconsin Cooperative Extension County Office or Land Conservation Department Office.
 See Organizations section for contacts.
- UWEX Basin Educator, Western Area. 715/836-5513.
- Water Education Resource Centers (WERCs). See *Organizations* section for contacts.
- Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey. 608/262-3799.

Available for purchase from:

- Groundwater Model Project, Student Chapter AWRA, College of Natural Resources, UW-Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-2372.
- National Project WET, 201 Culbertson Hall, Montana State University, Bozeman, MT 59717-005. 406/994-5392.

Groundwater Investigation Kit

Assorted guides, videos, and equipment available for loan through some Wisconsin Water Education Resource Centers (WERCs), UWEX Basin Educators, Cooperative Extension offices, or county Land Conservation Departments (see *Organizations* section for contacts).

Groundwater Report Special Issue

This reprint of a 1984 Wisconsin Natural Resources magazine provides a summary of the major Wisconsin groundwater laws. DNR Bureau of Drinking Water and Groundwater, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-0821. 4 pp.

Groundwater Study Guide

A curriculum development guide for 6th-9th grade teachers is adaptable to other grades, nonformal youth, and adult education programs. The guide comes with a packet of copy-ready student activity sheets, overhead masters, one large and 10 small "Groundwater and the Water Cycle" posters, and "Groundwater: Wisconsin's Buried Treasure." DNR Bureau of Communication and Education, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-6790. Publication #PUB-IE-004(90).

Groundwater: Wisconsin's Buried Treasure

A 32-page 1989 supplement to the Wisconsin Natural Resources Magazine reviews the relationship between land use and water quality and principles of groundwater movement. DNR Bureau of Drinking Water and Groundwater, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-0821. Publication # PUBL-WR-224 89.

A Guidebook to Groundwater Resources & Education Opportunities in the Great Lakes Region

1993. This guide includes: basic groundwater information, groundwater in the Great Lakes Region, land use activities and impacts on groundwater quality and quantity, groundwater education programs, community and citizen involvement, protection programs, and available resources and literature. Great Lakes Commission, The Argus II Building, 400 Fourth Street, Ann Arbor, MI 48103-4816. 313/665-9135. 92 pp.

Water Cycle Poster

This graphic representation of the water cycle includes groundwater in the cycle (four color poster available in two sizes: 11" x 17" and 24" x 38"). Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey, Map and Publication Sales (MAPS) Office, 3817 Mineral Point Rd., Madison, WI 53705. 608/263-7289.

Wisconsin Groundwater (slide/tape & video) Includes two videotapes by this title. The first is a 26-minute color videotape, which provides a general introduction to Wisconsin's groundwater resources and issues. The second is a 14-minute videotape/slide presentation that provides general information on the quality and quantity of Wisconsin's groundwater.

Cooperative Extension Media Collection, PO Box 2093, 45 N. Charter St., Rm. 21, Madison, WI 53715. 608/262-3514 for ordering and prices.

Wisconsin Groundwater Education Resource Directory

Lists over 200 publications and other resources related to groundwater in Wisconsin. The catalogue features four reference sections, including: state and federal agencies with their groundwater-related activities, statewide groundwater education programs, resources (publications, fact sheets, etc.),ordering information, and schools with groundwater courses and majors available. DNR Bureau of Drinking Water and Groundwater, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-0821. Publication #PUBL-WR-381-94.

Refer to the Wisconsin Groundwater Education Resource Directory for a more detailed resource list.

Statewide Organizations

(See Organizations section for more detailed information, addresses and phone numbers)

Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center Educational materials and technical information; an excellent starting point when looking for more detailed or local information. College of Natural Resources, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-4270; Fax: 715/346-2965. email: cmecheni@uwsp.edu

DNR Central Office

PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921.

- Bureau of Communication & Education 608/266-6790
- Bureau of Drinking Water and Groundwater 608/266-0821
- · Home Page: http://www.dnr.state.wi.us

U.S. Geological Survey

There is a specific web page for Wisconsin, which includes groundwater data and other information about state projects.

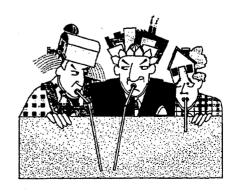
- Wisconsin District Office 8505 Research Way, Middleton, WI 53562. 608/828-9901.
- Home Page: http://wwwdwimdn.er.usgs.gov/

Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey

Specific information on almost every county, groundwater flow maps, and geological information. Catalogue is indexed by county and includes a variety of maps and groundwater publications. Contact Hydrogeologist or Map Sales Department. Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey, Map and Publication Sales (MAPS) Office, 3817 Mineral Point Rd., Madison, WI 53705. 608/263-7289.

Regional Organizations

Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center College of Natural Resources, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-4270; Fax: 715/346-2965. email: cmecheni@uwsp.edu



DNR Regional and GMU Offices

Private and public water supply staff for information on groundwater wells. Approximately 30 DNR publications are available on water supply. See "Organizations" section for regional and GMU offices.

Land Conservation Departments County Offices

Usually affiliated with the Priority Watershed Projects and has groundwater-related information and expertise. See "Organizations" section for county offices.

Local College or University

Contact for information on courses and other programs related to groundwater.

Priority Watershed Projects

There are over 90 Priority Watershed projects throughout Wisconsin where special attention is being given to protect the integrity of these watersheds, including groundwater. Contact your county offices of Land Conservation Department, UW-Cooperative Extension, DNR Regional or GMU office (see *Organizations* section for county, regional, and GMU offices), or the DNR and UWEX Home Pages:

DNR: http://www.dnr.state.wi.us/eq/wq/nps/index.htm UWEX: http://www.uwex.edu/waterres

Stevens Point-Whiting-Plover Wellhead Protection Project

Works with homeowners, farmers, schools, and the general public to help develop land use practices to protect water resources (groundwater and surface water). Focused specifically on the watershed's nitrate and pesticide groundwater contamination concerns but, information is relevant to most of the state. They offer packets of information and educational programs. Contact Water Quality Educator, SWP Wellhead Protection Project, 817 Whiting Ave., Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/345-5978.

U.S. Geological Survey Field Headquarters

- Madison 6606 Seybold Rd., Madison, WI 53719. 608/274-3925.
- Merrill 2011 E. Main, Merrill, WI 54452.
 715/536-2200.
- Rice Lake 313 West Knapp St., Rice Lake, WI 54868, 715/234-4015.

UW-Extension Cooperative Extension County Offices

Basin educators, 4-H or Community, Natural Resource, Economic and Development (CNRED) agents may do groundwater projects with youth. Family Living and/or Agriculture agent may have local data related to groundwater pollution susceptibility, types of regional contaminants, and other related information. See Organizations section for county offices and water educators.

Water Education Resource Centers (WERCs)

Offer teachers equipment and a variety of educational resources and opportunities including workshops and investigation materials. The six regional WERCs are listed in the *Organizations* section. Contact Suzanne Wade, Water Educator, UW-Extension, for more detailed information, Environmental Resources Center, 126 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Dr., Madison, WI 53706. 608/265-3257.

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

See Organizations section for regional and county offices.

Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center College of Natural Resources, UW-Stevens Point, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-4270.

County Planning and Zoning Department Refer to your local white pages under county name.

DNR Regional and GMU Offices

Private water supply staff for information on groundwater wells.



Engineering and Consulting Firms

Many firms are involved with groundwater cleanup projects. Refer to your local yellow pages for contacts.

Land Conservation Department County Offices

Natural Resources Conservation Service County Offices

Private Water Well Contractors

Contact to see how a well is drilled and for related information. Refer to your local phone book for contacts.

Regional Planning Commission Offices

UW-Extension Cooperative Extension County Offices

Basin educators, CNRED agents, and other resource personnel may be available for presentations.

Wastewater Treatment and Drinking Water Treatment Facilities

Refer to your local white pages

Home Page Sites

DNR

http://www.dnr.state.wi.us/eq/wq/nps/index.htm

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

Home pages for Office of Ground Water and Drinking Water and a drinking water "Kids' Page." Home Page: http://www.epa.gov

U.S. Geological Survey

http://water.usgs.gov

 Wisconsin Home Page: http://www.dwimdn.er.usgs.gov

UWEX

http://www.uwex.edu/waterres

Impact of Water Quality on Plant and Animal Communities

The quality of a stream, river, lake, groundwater, or wetland area has a great effect on the plants and animals living there. Some species are more sensitive to pollution than others. By first learning about the species found in your region, you can better understand what they need in order to live as well as how they tolerate degraded water quality. There are a variety of things you and your students can do to help protect plant and wildlife communities as members of a watershed.

Aquatic WILD, Project WILD program

Curricular materials include K-12, interdisciplinary guidebooks of activities about wildlife and ecosystems available through sixhour workshops. Contact Project WILD Office, DNR Bureau of Communication and Education, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-6790.

DNR Fact Sheets

Information is available on most Wisconsin mammals, many reptiles, amphibians, mussels, fish, and birds (including many game birds, nongame birds, and waterfowl). DNR Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat Protection or Bureau of Wildlife Management, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/266-1877 or DNR Regional offices (see *Organizations* section for addresses).

DNR Series on Contaminants

Fact sheet series topics include: radon, nitrates, pesticides, iron, and bacteria among others. Contact DNR Bureau of Drinking Water and Groundwater, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-0821; Fax: 608/264-9200.

Findings

Newsletter includes all current research of the Wisconsin DNR. Contact DNR Bureau of Integrated Science Services, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-4359.

Wisconsin's Biodiversity as a Management Issue

Includes chapters on aquatic systems and background information on aquatic habitats of Wisconsin's lakes, rivers, streams, and wetlands. DNR Bureau of Communication and Education, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-6790. \$12.

Wildlife

All About Loons

Loonwatch Program. Sigurd Olson Environmental Institute, Northland College, 1411 Ellis Ave., Ashland, WI 54806. 715/682-1223.

The Great River Flyway

The management strategy for migratory birds on the Upper Mississippi River. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Upper Mississippi River National Wildlife Refuge, Rm. 226, Post Office Bldg., 425 State St., LaCrosse, WI 54601. 608/784-3910.

Wisconsin Fishing

Wisconsin DNR Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat Protection, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-1877. Publication #PUBL-FM-204 91REV.

Aquatic Insects

Aquatic Insects of Wisconsin

Provides current taxonomic keys to Wisconsin's water bugs. UWEX, Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Publication #G3648. 60 pages. \$6.

Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Key to Life in the Pond

An 11"x17" one-page key for identifying pond and lake invertebrate species. UWEX-ERC, 216 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Dr., Madison, WI 53706. 608/262-2634.

Key to Macroinvertebrate Life in the River An 11"x17" one-page key for identifying aquatic, riverine insect species. UWEX-ERC, 216 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Dr., Madison, WI 53706. 608/262-2634.

Water Bugs

18 min. video and fact sheets about aquatic insects, how to catch, identify, and interpret the quality of the water depending on species found. UW-Extension, Dept. of Biology, UW-Superior, Superior, WI 54880. 715/394-8410. \$5.

Aquatic Plants

Through the Looking Glass: A Field Guide to Aquatic Plants

Book illustrates and interprets about 120 plants, regional locations, descriptions, identification tips, and species value to wildlife and humans. Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, College of Natural Resources, UW-Stevens Point, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-2116.

Publication #PUBL-FH-207-97. Cost.

Fish

Sportfish Advisory

DNR publishes surface water quality information to determine recommendations for eating fish. DNR Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat Protection. PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-1877.

Statewide Organizations

DNR Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat Protection and Bureau of Wildlife Management

PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-1877.

Regional Organizations

(See *Organizations* section for contacts)

DNR Regional or GMU Offices

Local State, County, or City Parks

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

U.S. Forest Service

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

(See Organizations section for contacts)

Audubon Society, Local Chapter See local phone book or Chamber of Commerce

DNR Regional or GMU Offices

Watchable Fish Sites and Fish Hatcheries

Land Conservation Department County Offices

Local Fishing/Hunting Clubs

Local State, County, or City Parks

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices



Lakes

More than 10,000

years ago, glaciers in the Wisconsin area left behind a multitude of lakes as huge chunks of ice slowly melted in low spots on the land. This glacial heritage has endowed Wisconsin with over 15,000 lakes that play an important role in the lives of residents and visitors alike. In Wisconsin, two out of three adults use lakes each year and they are one of the top destinations for visitors. Lakes are valued by humans for sources of food, means of transportation, recreational sites, and aesthetic beauty. These important waterways also provide flood control, pollutant stabilization, wildlife breeding grounds, and year-round habitat for many species. Lakes vary greatly throughout the state. Many lake

Adopt-A-Lake Project: A Resource Guide for Leaders

integrity of these precious waters.

enthusiasts are finding the need to balance our love of lakes with maintaining the health and

Includes a wide range of information, techniques, and suggestions for planning, implementing, and evaluating an Adopt-A-Lake project with students and community members. Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, UW-Extension, CNR, UWSP, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-3366.

Caring for our Lakes: A Curriculum on the Yahara Watershed

This curriculum can be used in any community with a lake in its watershed. University of Wisconsin-Madison, Institute for Environmental Studies, 550 N. Park St., 64 Science Hall, Madison, WI 53706. 608/263-3064.

DNR Technical Bulletin Series

These bulletins cover a variety of lake-specific issues. DNR Regional or GMU offices for Publication #s 60-70. See *Organizations* section for DNR Regional and GMU offices.

Do You Need a Mechanical Aquatic Plant Harvester?

Booklet of background information pertinent to making decisions about the need for an aquatic plant harvester. Contact the county UW-Extension Office, DNR Regional Office, or the Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, UW-Extension, CNR, UWSP, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-3366. Publication #PUBL-FH-206-97.

EPA Lake and Reservoir Restoration Guide A manual to assist in the restoration of the natural ecology of lakes and reservoirs. EPA, Region V, 77 W. Jackson St., Chicago, IL 60604. 800/621-8431.

Interactive Lake Ecology: Student Workbook 1991. Booklet that includes: introduction to lake ecosystems, experiments, worksheets, and a glossary. New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services, Water Supply and Pollution Control Division, Biology Bureau, 6 Hazen Dr., Concord, NH 03301. 603/271-3503.

Key to Life in the Pond

An 11"x17" one-page key for identifying pond and lake invertebrate species. UWEX-ERC, 216 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Dr., Madison, WI 53706. 608/262-2634.

The Lake Connection

This newsletter of the Wisconsin Association of Lakes, Inc. is published four times/year and is available with membership. Wisconsin Association of Lakes, PO Box 126, Stevens Point, WI 54481-0126. 715/346-3424. 800/542-5253. Home Page: http://www.nalms.org/wal/wal.htm

The Lake in Your Community

A 20-page booklet that describes lake ecology, lake problems and solutions, citizens roles in lake protection, and benefits and costs of lake management. Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, UW-Extension, CNR, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-2116. Or contact your county UW-Extension agent, or DNR lakes specialist.

Lake Leaders' Handbook

Reference to help citizens develop lake associations and lake districts, become familiar with laws, and learn how to become more involved in lake protection. Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, UW-Extension, CNR, UWSP, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-2116. Or contact your county UW-Extension agent, or DNR lakes specialist.

The Lake List

Includes all lake associations and local sources of assistance from organizations and firms which can provide equipment and services. Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, UW-Extension, CNR, UWSP, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-2116.

Lake Use Surveys

Surveys conducted around the state to understand how people use lakes in Wisconsin. Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, UW-Extension, CNR, UWSP, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-2116; or your local lake organization; or UWEX Cooperative Extension county office (see *Organizations* section for county offices).

LakeTides

Quarterly newsletter for people interested in Wisconsin's lakes. Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, College of Natural Resources, University of Wisconsin, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-2116. Or contact your county UW-Extension agent, or DNR lakes specialist.

Leap into Lakes

A hands-on exhibit and related educational materials about lakes and water quality. "Check out the Lakes" educational resource trunk includes books, videos, cassette tapes, curriculum guides, and posters and is available to borrow. Small fee required. Madison Children's Museum. 100 State St., Madison, WI 53703. 608/256-6445.

Life on the Edge

A 110-page illustrated guide which includes information on buying waterfront property, landscape practices to protect water quality, how to manage unwanted aquatic plants, how to limit shoreline erosion, and conflicts with the living things that share your property. Also includes information on laws that affect waterfront residents. Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, UW-Extension, CNR, UWSP, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-2116. Or contact your county UW-Extension agent, or DNR lakes specialist.

Pond Manual

This newly developed manual will help you or your high school students with pond and lake investigations. UW-Extension, Dept. of Biology, UW-Superior, Superior, WI 54880. 715/394-8410.

Surface Water Inventory of Counties or 'The Green Book'

Includes all lakes and streams in each county. Available from DNR Regional Offices (see *Organizations* section for addresses).



Understanding Lake Data

An educational booklet that helps make lake water quality data easy to understand. UW-Extension Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Publications #G3582, \$2.75. Home Page:

http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Wisconsin Lakes

A 174-page booklet that lists all lakes in the state, their physical characteristics; and the fish species found in each. Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, DNR Bureau of Watershed Management-Lakes and Wetlands Section, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-7694. Publication #PUB-FM-800-91.

Your Aquatic Plant Harvesting Program: A How-to Field Manual

A handbook designed to assist organizations with aquatic plant management. Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, UW-Extension, CNR, UWSP, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-2116.

National Organizations

North American Lake Management Society (NALMS)

Corporate Office, PO Box 5443, Madison, WI 53705-5443. 608/233-2836; Fax: 608/233-3186. Home Page: http://www.nalms.org

 Kids and Lakes Web Site http://www.nalms.org/kidslks/kidslks.htm

Statewide Organizations

Adopt-A-Lake

A project-oriented program which provides direction and resources to teachers, youth leaders, and youth (K-12) interested in "adopting" a lake in their community. Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, UW-Extension, CNR, UWSP, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-3366. Email: lmccann@uwsp.edu

Madison Children's Museum

"Leap into Lakes" educational materials. 100 State St., Madison, WI 53703. 608/256-6445.

Self-Help Lake Monitoring Program

Provides training and equipment to volunteers interested in collecting lake water quality data over time. Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, DNR, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-8117.

Wisconsin Lakes Partnership

A collaborative effort among DNR, UW-Extension, and citizens primarily represented by the Wisconsin Association of Lakes (WAL). UW-Extension, CNR, UWSP, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-2116.

The partnership involves the following programs:

- DNR Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat Protection,
 Lakes and Wetlands Section
 PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921.
 715/267-7694.
- UW-Extension Lake Management Office UW-Extension, CNR, UWSP, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-2116.
- Wisconsin Association of Lakes
 PO Box 126, Stevens Point, WI 54481-0126.
 715/346-3424. 800/542-5253.
 Home Page: http://www.nalms.org/wal/wal.htm

Wisconsin Waterways Commission

The Commission reviews and approves recreational boating projects under the Recreational Boating Facilities Program administered by the DNR. Contact DNR Liason, Bureau of Community Financial Assistance, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-5897.

Regional Organizations

(See *Organizations* section for regional and county offices)

DNR Regional Lake Coordinators

Local Lake Associations and Districts
See your local white pages or *The Lake List* (above)

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Agents

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

(See *Organizations* section for regional and county offices)

County Cooperative Extension Agents

DNR Regional Lake Coordinators

Local Fishing/Hunting Clubs

See your local phone book or contact local Chamber of Commerce

Local Lake Associations and Districts
See your local white pages or The Lake List (above)

Home Page Sites

(See "Computer Networking" list in Organizations section for more information)

Lakes Student-L

A computer discussion site for lakes; where youth and others concerned about lake protection can learn more about lakes, lake issues, and projects youth can get involved in to protect lake resources. Send an email message to: MAJORDOMO@BADGER.STATE.WI.US then write in lower case letters: subscribe lakes-Student-l

North American Lake Management Society http://www.nalms.org/wal/wal.htm

Wisconsin Lakes BBS

An electronic bulletin board system about lake management in Wisconsin. Contact LAKEBB@DNR.STATE.WI.US

Rivers and Streams

Wisconsin is the gathering place of 10,865 rivers and streams, which course a total of 41,641 miles within the state. These waterways are the veins

that carry the lifeblood -water -- throughout our state. Rivers and streams provide sources



of food, habitat, avenues for transportation, industry needs, drinking water, and peaceful refuges. As a result, many of the state's rivers are feeling the impact of this use.

Carry Creek Teaching Tool

Creek model that can be set up in a classroom. Aquatic insects from your local creek can be added to the model. Available for loan from Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center, 715/346-4270, Wisconsin Geological Survey, 608/262-3799, UW-Extension Basin Educators and Water Education Resource Centers (WERCs). See *Organizations* section for addresses and phone numbers.

A Citizen's Guide to Governmental River Management and Protection Programs and Agencies in Wisconsin

To order contact Department of Urban and Regional Planning (UW-Extension), Old Music Hall, 925 Bascom Hall, Madison, WI 53706. 608/262-1004.

A Citizen's Streambank Restoration Handbook Izaak Walton League of America, National Office, 707 Conservation Lane, Gaithersburg, MD 20878. 1/800/BUG-IWLA.

Coon Creek's Contribution (video)

Follows Coon's creek where it starts as a coldwater trout stream south of LaCrosse to where it becomes a warmwater carp stream as it meets the Mississippi River. The video investigates what affected those changes to the stream. Concepts can be applied to all streams. DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/267-7610. Publication #A-309.

Getting to Know Your Streams

General information and activities designed to assist citizens in becoming more aware of local streams. Dane County WaterWatchers, Dane County Extension, 1 Fen Oak Ct. Rm. 138, Madison, WI 53704. 608/224-3718.

Key to Macroinvertebrate Life in the River An 11"x17" one-page key for identifying aquatic, riverine insect species. UWEX-ERC, 216 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Dr., Madison, WI

53706. 608/262-2634.

Making Streams Better

A basic source of information for conducting stream studies. UW-Extension Basin Educator, UW-Extension, Geology Dept., UWEC, Eau Claire, WI 54702. 715/836-5513. Cost: \$5.

The Milwaukee: Rebirth of a River

Video about the Milwaukee River, its history, pollution concerns, and efforts to protect and restore the health of the river. DNR Bureau of Water Resources Management, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-7610.

Our Wisconsin River: Border to Border by Nels Akerlund and Joe Glickman. 1997. Picture and history book. Pamacheyon Publishing. Rockford, IL. 815/636-8218.

Pond and Stream Safari

Learn about the diverse world of aquatic invertebrates, their life histories, adaptations, and food webs in streams, lakes and ponds. Includes many illustrations, resources list, and a glossary. Designed for Grades 3-8, and recommended for stream studies. Cornell University Media Services, 7-8 Business and Technology Park, Ithaca, NY 14850. 607/255-2090 or 2091; Fax: 607/255-9946. \$12.75.

The Rivers Curriculum Project

Interdisciplinary (Language Arts, Chemistry, Math, Earth Science, Geography, and Biology) curriculum unit and water quality monitoring program for schools that provides background information, activities, a world wide web site for exchange with other schools, and a newsletter. The river project offers the following programs: middle school groundwater project (includes a model and curriculum), and a zebra mussel curriculum and trunks to borrow. The Rivers Project, Southern Illinois University, PO Box 2222, Edwardsville, IL 62026. 618/692-3788. Home Page: http://www.siue.edu/QSME/river

Save Our Streams (video)

This video demonstrates a step-by-step process of stream monitoring with aquatic insects; includes species identification and ecology. Izaak Walton League of America, National Office, 707 Conservation Lane, Gaithersburg, MD 20878. 1/800/BUG-IWLA.

Stream Flow Model

3" x 7" model demonstrates how stream channels are formed, change, and influence bank erosion based on effects from sediment, vegetation, and water flow. DNR, 608/785-9009.

Stream Investigation Kit

Kit of stream sampling equipment and identification materials available for loan. Western Wisconsin Water Education Resource Center, Beaver Creek Reserve, Route 2, Box 92, Fall Creek, WI 54742. 715/877-2212 or UWEX Basin Educator. 715/836-5513.

Surface Water Inventory of Counties

'The Green Book' includes all lakes and streams in each county. Available from DNR Regional Offices (see *Organizations* section for regional offices).

Water Action Volunteers: Introductory, Hands-On Stream and River Projects for Wisconsin

1995. Manual includes information to do a stream walk survey, stream or river clean-up. critter search, storm drain stenciling, watershed in a box activity, erosion in a bottle activity. creative erosion control activity; contains a creek model, and a resources section. UW-Extension Publications, Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html Publication #GWQ018, or Wisconsin DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/267-7694. Publication # PUBN-WR-388-95 or for information contact WAV Program. DNR/UWEX, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/264-8948.

Water Quality and Stream Biology

A guide that explains what determines stream water quality, including both biological and chemical indicators. Dane County WaterWatchers, Dane County Extension, 1 Fen Oak Ct., Rm. 138, Madison, WI 53704. 608/224-3718.

Working for the Rivers

Statewide resource directory of the 60 community-based citizen groups in Wisconsin that are involved in river conservation. The River Alliance of Wisconsin, 122 State St., Suite 200, Madison, WI 53703. 608/257-2424; Fax: 608/251-1655.

National Organizations

(See Organizations section for further information)

GREEN (Global Rivers Environmental Education Network)

GREEN, 206 S. 5th Ave., Suite 150, Ann Arbor, MI 48104. 313/761-8142; Fax: 313/761-4951. Home Page: http://www.econet.org/green

Statewide Organizations

(See Organizations section for addresses and numbers)

Department of Natural Resources PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-7694.

- · Bureau of Watershed Management
- Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat Protection

River Alliance of Wisconsin

122 State St., Suite 200, Madison, WI 53703. 608/257-2424; Fax: 608/251-1655.

U.S. Geological Survey

 Wisconsin District Office 8505 Research Way, Middleton, WI 53562. 608/828-9901.

Water Action Volunteers (WAV) Program

An action oriented program that focuses on stream and river education for local citizens. DNR/UWEX, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/264-8948. email: ppacker@facstaff.wisc.edu

Regional Organizations

Izaak Walton League, Local Chapters Contact local Chamber of Commerce, or phone book

Local Angler Organizations

Contact Chamber of Commerce, or phone book

Local River Organizations

Contact River Alliance of Wisconsin (see above address)

Priority Watershed Projects or Local Watershed Associations

Contact Chamber of Commerce or county Land Conservation Department, UW-Extension county office, or regional DNR office.

Riveredge Nature Center

"Testing the Waters" river monitoring program. 4458 W. Hawthorne Dr., PO Box 26, Newburg, WI 53060. 414/375-2715.

U.S. Geological Survey Field Headquarters River monitoring projects:

- Madison 6606 Seybold Rd., Madison, WI 53719. 608/274-3925.
- Merrill 2011 E, Main, Merrill, WI 54452. 715/536-2200.
- Rice Lake 313 West Knapp St., Rice Lake, WI 54868. 715/234-4015.

St. Croix National Scenic Riverway

"Rivers Are Alive" Program. Division of Interpretation, PO Box 708, St. Croix Falls, WI 54024. 715-483-3284.

UW-Extension County Offices

See Organizations section for addresses and numbers.

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

(See Organizations section for addresses and numbers)

DNR Regional and GMU Offices

Land Conservation Department County Offices

Local Nature Centers

Local State and County Park staff

UW-Extension Cooperative Extension County Agents

Home Page Sites

American Rivers
http://www.igc.apc.org/amrivers

Global Rivers Environmental Education Network (GREEN)

http://www.igc.apc.org/green/green.html

U. S. Geological Survey http://water.usgs.gov



Mississippi River

Did you know that most of Wisconsin (about 60%) drains into the Mississippi River? This 1,300-mile waterway connects five states to the Gulf of Mexico and area export markets. The Upper Mississippi River system supports a wide variety of uses from commercial navigation, recreation, industrial and public needs, to the aquatic plants and animals that rely on this important ecosystem. The Mississippi River flyway is an important thoroughfare providing food and refuge for many species of migratory birds. The Mississippi is a vital river to the livelihood of the central states.

A Strategic Plan For Managing The Mississippi River Into The Next Century

The strategic plan establishes direction for future management plans for the river. It also provides an overview of the major issues affecting the river. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. St. Paul District, Army Corps of Engineers Centre, 190 Fifth Street East, St. Paul, MN 55101-1638. 612/290-5375; Fax: 612/260-5330.

Commerce and Conservation on the Upper Mississippi River

History of commerce and conservation efforts on the river. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers - St. Paul District, Army Corps of Engineers Centre, 190 Fifth Street East, St. Paul, MN 55101-1638. 612/290-5375; Fax: 612/260-5330.

Protecting the Mississippi River: A Directory of People and Organizations

Includes a separate resource guide of contacts for newsletters, books, and reports. This directory includes organizations form Minnesota, Wisconsin, Illinois, and Iowa. The Minnesota Project, 1885 University Avenue West, Suite 315, St. Paul, MN 55104. 612/645-6159

Dredging on the Upper Mississippi

Brochure describing dredging practices on the Upper Mississippi. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers., St. Paul District, Army Corps of Engineers Centre, 190 Fifth Street East, St. Paul, MN 55101-1638. 612/290-5375; Fax: 612/260-5330.

Educator's Guide to the Upper Mississippi River National Fish and Wildlife Refuge

Guide designed for educators visiting the Refuge with their students but can also be used to introduce students to the Upper Mississippi Region. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Rm. 226 Post Office Bldg., 425 State St., LaCrosse, WI 54601. 608/784-3910.

Fishing and Boating on the Mississippi River

Provides background information on Mississippi River habitats, river maps, sportfishing information, and pollution concerns. Wisconsin DNR Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat Protection, PO Box 7921 Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/266-1877. Publication # PUBL-FM-745-94.

Freshwater Mussels of the Upper Mississippi River

Pocket field guide to the freshwater mussels of the Upper Mississippi River. DNR State Office Building Rm. 104, 3550 Mormon Coulee Rd., LaCrosse, WI 54601. 608/785-9000.

How Clean Is the Mississippi River?

Mississippi River Basin Alliance, PO Box 3878, St. Louis, MO 63122. 314/822-4114. Home Page: http://www.mrba.org/mrba

Meeting the Challenge: Upper Mississippi River System Environmental Management Program Mississippi River Basin Alliance, PO Box 3878, St. Louis, MO 63122. 314/822-4114. Home Page: http://www.mrba.org/mrba

Mississippi Blues

Magazine article about the Mississippi River that appeared in *The Minnesota Volunteer* Nov-Dec. 1994 issue. Minnesota Department of Natural Resources, 500 Lafayette Road, St. Paul, MN 55155-4046. 612/296-0888

Mississippi River Museum

Includes Woodward Riverboat Museum and a variety of exhibits. PO Box 266, Third St., Ice Harbor, Dubuque, Iowa 52004-0266. 319/557-9545

Mississippi River Workshops

Workshops offered by the DNR which include background information, a binder full of resources, and activities about the Mississippi River, its history, present status and concerns, and future plans. DNR Western Boundary Rivers Unit, Mississippi River Specialist, State Office Building Rm. 104, 3550 Mormon Coulee Rd., LaCrosse, WI 54601. 608/785-9000.

Rivers of Life Program

Interdisciplinary, hands-on learning program for students, grades 3-12, that focuses on the Mississippi River watershed. It includes on-line programs and multidisciplinary approaches to science, math, social studies, and art. Hamline University, Center for Global Environmental Education, 1536 Hewitt Ave., St. Paul, MN 55104-1284. 612/523-2855.

Home Page: http://cgee.hamline.edu

Sediment: Clogging the Lifelines of the Upper Mississippi River System

Mississippi River Basin Alliance, PO Box 3878, St. Louis, MO 63122. 314/822-4114. Home Page: http://www.mrba.org/mrba

Mississippi River Organizations

DNR Western Office

DNR Western Boundary Rivers Unit (LaCrosse, Alma and Prairie du Chien). DNR, State Office Building Rm. 104, 3550 Mormon Coulee Rd., LaCrosse, WI 54601. 608/785-9000.

Environmental Management Technical Center

This center for ecological monitoring and analysis manages the Long Term Resource Monitoring Program; the largest river-related inventory, monitoring, research, spatial analysis, and information sharing program in the United States. EMTC, 575 Lester Ave., Onalaska, WI 54650. 608/783-7550. Web site (see below).

Local Libraries

Maps and other Mississippi River resources.

Minnesota-Wisconsin Boundary Area Commission

619 Second St., Hudson, WI 54016. 715/386-9444.

Mississippi River Basin Alliance

A citizen coalition that unites environmental justice groups and traditional conservation groups around issues impacting the Mississippi River. PO Box 3878, St. Louis, MO 63122. 314/822-4114.

Home Page: http://www.mrba.org/mrba

Upper Mississippi River Basin Association 408 St. Peter St., 415 Hamm Building, St. Paul, MN 55102. 612/224-2880.

Upper Mississippi River Conservation Committee (UMRCC)

4469 48th Avenue Court, Rock Island, IL 61201. 309/793-5800.

Mississippi River Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

Army Corps of Engineers

Lock and dam tours, including **Blackhawk Park**. For further information contact office in LeCrescent, MN. 507/895-6341.

Effigy Mounds National Monument

Interpretive school programs. 151 Hwy. 76, Harpers Ferry, Iowa 52146. 319/873-3491.

Minnesota Valley National Wildlife Refuge U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 3815 E, 80th St., Bloomington, MN 55425. 612/828-0725.

Mississippi River Museum

PO Box 266, Third St., Ice Harbor, Dubuque, Iowa 52004-0266, 319/557-9545

Mississippi Valley Archaeological Center Youth programs through UW-Lacrosse. 1725 State St., UW-LaCrosse, LaCrosse, WI 54601. 608/785-8454.

Science Museum of Minnesota

Mississippi River exhibit in Minneapolis/St. Paul. "Museum on the Move" Program, 30 E. 10th St., St. Paul, MN 55101. 800/221-9444, ext. 4748. See *Organizations* section for more detail.

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Upper Mississippi River

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Rm. 226 Post Office Bldg., 425 State St., LaCrosse, WI 54601. 608/784-3910. Web site (see below).

Villa Louis

School programs and site visits. PO Box 65, Prairie du Chien, WI 53821. 608/326-2721.

Wyalusing State Park

Newly developed activity guide for use within the park, summer programs mostly. Contact 608/996-2261.

Home Page Sites

Environmental Management Technical Center

U.S. Geological Survey, Biological Resources Division. Web page includes biological, physical, spatial, technical data and information about the Upper Mississippi River system. Web site includes aerial photography of the Upper Mississippi River. http://www.emtc.nbs.gov

Mississippi River Basin Alliance

See description above. http://www.mrba.org/mrba

National Biological Survey

Information related to various projects and can access information about Wisconsin programs; including Upper Mississippi River system Long Term Resource Monitoring Program. http://www.its.nbs.gov

Upper Mississippi River Fish and Wildlife Service Web Page

Information about the longest wildlife refuge in the lower 48 states. http://www.emtc.nbs.gov/umr_refuge.html

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Information about floods, local Army Corps districts, dam sites, and water control centers. http://www.ncs.usace.army.mil

U.S. Geological Survey

Web Site includes a wide variety of information related to water resources in the United States. http://water.usgs.gov

Wisconsin Web Page
 Includes streamflow data for state projects.
 http://www.dwimdn.er.usgs.gov

Waste Water Treatment Issues

Most of Wisconsin's larger communities and businesses have wastewater treatment facilities to ensure that water leaving our homes and industries is returned clean to local streams, rivers or lakes. As populations grow, it is important for city planners to accommodate increased wastewater treatment needs. Treatment for certain chemical compounds is difficult for some facilities. The more we know about what we send down the drain and what our treatment facilities can handle could greatly affect the water quality of our local waterways.

Biosolids

Four-page brochure about the rich organic fertilizer and soil conditioner derived from wastewater used on Madison area farms. Madison Metropolitan Sewerage District, 1610 Moorland Rd., Madison, WI 53717. 608/222-1201, ext. 272; Fax: 608/222-2703.

Eco Masters

Interactive computer (Macintosh-compatible) game for all age levels developed by the Green Bay Metropolitan Sewerage District that follows water through a house (free installation for Green Bay area schools, if you have enough memory and a designated staff person to be responsible for the program). Green Bay Metropolitan Sewerage District, 2231 N. Quincy St., Green Bay, WI 54301. 920/432-4893.

Septic System Model

The septic system model is a 3-panel unit 20" high x 24" wide and includes a house model with both "standard" and "mound" septic systems displayed in cutaway views. To borrow the septic system model, contact UW-Extension, Western Basin Educator, Geology Dept., UWEC, Eau Claire, WI 54702. 715/836-5513; Fax: 715/836-2380. Email: strussr@uwec.edu

Septic Tank Model

A 6" x 11" x 8" clear plastic model of a septic tank with instructions for how to make sludge and scum! To borrow the septic tank model, contact UWEX - Environmental Resources Center, 216 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Dr., Madison, WI 53706. 608/262-3799.

Water Environment Federation Packet (video series)

Series includes "Saving Water: The Conservation Unit," "The Groundwater Video Adventure," "The Surface Water Unit," and "The Wastewater Treatment Unit: H2O TV." Each video is filled with action and animation. The series comes with a Teachers' Guide of 20 activities. Contact your local Cooperative Educational Service Agency (CESA) to borrow the packet.

The Water Source Book

Information and activity guide includes handson projects dealing with water and wastewater treatment designed for grades 1-5 but adaptable to higher grades. Water Environment Federation, Central States Offices Public Education Committee, Department of Civil Engineering, 1 University Plaza, Platteville, WI 53818-3099. 608/324-1543; Fax: 608/324-1566. \$12.

Statewide Organizations

Department of Natural Resources, Bureau of Watershed Management,

Wastewater Management, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/267-7694.

Water Environment Federation (WEF) Wisconsin Chapter

A professional organization of sewage treatment plants. Contact WEF chairman, Public Education Committee for the Water Source Book (see above). At the national level, contact Water Environment Federation, 601 Wythe St., Alexandria, VA 22314-1994. 800/666-0206, 703/684-2452. Home Page: http://www.wef.org

Regional Organizations

(See Organizations section for contacts)

DNR Regional or GMU Offices Wastewater treatment staff

Green Bay Metropolitan Sewerage District Green Bay Metropolitan Sewerage District, 2231 N. Quincy St., Green Bay, WI 54301. 920/432-4893.

Local Sewerage District or Wastewater Treatment Facilities

For potential field trips, school presentations, pamphlets, or other educational materials.

Madison Metropolitan Sewerage District 1610 Moorland Rd., Madison, WI 53717. 608/222-1201, ext. 272.

Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage District Contact 414/272-5100.

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices

Water Environment Federation See above address

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

DNR Regional or GMU Offices

Wastewater treatment staff. See *Organizations* section for offices.

Local Sewerage Districts, Local Wastewater Treatment Facilities

Large and some small facilities may offer organized tours. Many districts have educational materials and brochures. Refer to local phone book or contact Wisconsin Wastewater Operators Association (see below).

Wisconsin Wastewater Operators Association

Composed of all wastewater treatment plants in Wisconsin (approximately 660 statewide). Individual treatment plants may offer school trips and instructional materials. Contact Association Chairman for list, W8779 Hwy. 10, Ellsworth, WI 54011. 715/273-6461; Fax: 715/273-6164.

Water Quality: Risk Assessment and Reduction

State and federal agencies determine water quality standards and work together with local governments and citizens to assess the quality of waterways. Water quality standards are also designed to protect aquatic life. Understanding what influences the quality of our water can empower us as citizens to consider our daily actions and how they impact our waterways.

Areawide Water Quality Management Plan Each large river basin has a new water quality management plan developed every 5 years with

details about the watershed and water quality issues in that basin. Contact DNR regional offices or the central office at 608/266-0152 for more information. See *Organizations* section for regional offices.

Be Wisconsin Water Wise Placemats

Paper placemat of activities including a maze, cartoons, and search and find picture. Schools can laminate the placemat to use as part of their water education programs. UW-Extension Publications, Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html.

Give Water A Hand

A self-directed resource guide that helps youth look closely at their community and provides direction for completing a service or action project. Youth design their own project based on water investigations in their community. To order the Youth Action Guide and accompanying Leader Guidebook call 800/928-3720 or contact your county UWEX Cooperative Extension county office. Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/erc

It All Adds Up (video series)

Video series which introduces nonpoint source pollution concerns and prevention strategies. Includes: Taking Action for Cleaner Water (series overview, 22 min.), Conservation in the 90's (19 min.), From Barnyard to Field (17 min.), Streamside Protection (14 min.), and From Curb to Stream (19 min.). Available to borrow from most county Land Conservation Department offices or DNR Regional offices. See Organizations section for contacts.

Keeping Current Newsletter

Newsletter of priority watershed projects; includes information of local watershed interest. There may also be newsletters for some individual priority watershed projects.

Newsletter editor, UWEX-ERC, 216 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Dr., Madison, WI 53706. 608/262-1369.

Priority Watershed Project Plans

Contact county offices of Land Conservation Department, UW-Cooperative Extension, or DNR regional offices. See *Organizations* section for contacts.

Remedial Action Plans (RAP)

Comprehensive Management Plans or Clean-up plans for areas identified as having severe environmental problems including: Lower Green Bay, Lower Menominee River, Sheboygan River, Milwaukee Estuary, St. Louis River, and the Petenwell and Castle Rock Flowages. Contact DNR, Remedial Action Plan Coordinator, 608/267-9352.

Water Action Volunteers: Introductory, Hands-On Stream and River Projects for Wisconsin

1995. Manual includes information to do a stream walk survey, stream or river clean-up, critter search, storm drain stenciling, watershed in a box activity, erosion in a bottle activity, creative erosion control activity, a creek model, and a resources section. To order, contact UW-Extension Publications, Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html. Publication #GWQ018, or DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/267-7694. Publication #PUBN-WR-388-95 or contact WAV Program, 608/264-8948.

Water Activities to Encourage Responsibility

Classroom activities covering concepts of water supply, geology, pollution, water-related careers, and more. DNR Bureau of Communication and Education, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-6790. Publication # PUBL-WR-324-93. 46 pp.

WILD and WET

Series of videos from the Neville Public Museum exhibit on water use, runoff, agriculture, and water quality issues. Provide the museum with a blank videocassette and they will make copies. Neville Public Museum, 210 Museum Place, Green Bay, WI 54303. 920/448-4460.

The Wisconsin Water Quality Assessment Report to Congress

DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-7694. Publication #PUB-WR254-96 Rev.

Wisconsin's Forestry Best Management Practices for Water Quality

Provides an understanding of best management practices for forestry and other background information. DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-7694. Publication #PUB-FR-093-95.

Statewide Organizations

(See *Organizations* section for more detailed organization descriptions, addresses and phone numbers)

DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, Nonpoint Pollution Program

DNR, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-0140.

UWEX-Environmental Resources Center UWEX-ERC, 216 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Dr., Madison, WI 53706. 608/262-1369.

Water Action Volunteers (WAV) DNR, WR/2, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/264-8948.

Regional Organizations

(See Organizations section for contacts)

DNR Regional GMU or Offices, Water Resources Staff

Land Conservation Department County Offices

Priority Watershed Project Managers

County your county Land Conservation Department, UW-Cooperative Extension office, DNR office, or the DNR and UWEX Web Sites: DNR:

http://www.dnr.state.wi.us/eq/wq/nps/index.htm UWEX: http://www.uwex.edu/waterres

UWEX Basin Educators

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices

Water Education Resource Centers See "State Water-Related Organizations" in Organizations section for contacts.

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

(See Organizations section for contacts)

Land Conservation Department County Offices

Local Water Treatment Facilities See local phone book

UWEX Basin Educators

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices

Water Quality Monitoring

By monitoring water quality, people have become more aware of the health of their local waters. Continuous monitoring enables people to more easily detect changes in water quality over time. Some monitoring groups have found problems in their streams and were able to trace the pollutant to its source and help remedy the situation. Water quality monitoring can be a simple way to get involved in protecting the health of your community and provides for hands-on science education with both youth and adults.

Adopt-A-Lake Packet

Includes a wide range of information, survey techniques, and suggestions for planning, implementing, and evaluating an Adopt-A-Lake project with students and community members. Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, UW-Extension, CNR, UWSP, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-3366.

Field Manual for Water Quality Monitoring An Environmental Education Program for Schools

by Mark K. Mitchell and William B. Stapp. Identification booklet of background information and detailed explanations of monitoring methods including field sheets and data from other projects. There is also an elementary school guide (see *Water Studies for Young Folks* below). Internet access is available to compare data with water quality monitors from around the world. GREEN, 206 S. 5th Ave., Suite 150, Ann Arbor, MI 48104. 313/761-8142; Fax: 313/761-4951. \$19.95.

Home Page: http://www.econet.org/green

Hydrologic Maps

Maps are available for the entire state and for each of the twelve major watersheds within the state. Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey, Map and Publication Sales (MAPS) Office, 3817 Mineral Point Rd., Madison, WI 53705. 608/263-7289.

Key to Life in the Pond

An 11"x17" one-page key for identifying pond and lake invertebrate species. UWEX-ERC, 216 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Dr., Madison, WI 53706. 608/262-2634.

Key to Macroinvertebrate Life in the River An 11"x17" one-page key for identifying aquatic, riverine insect species. UWEX-ERC, 216 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Dr., Madison, WI 53706. 608/262-2634.

Save Our Streams

See *Rivers/Streams* section for more information. Contact Izaak Walton League. 800/BUG-IWLA.

Surface Water Inventory of Counties or 'The Green Book'

Includes all lakes and streams in each county. Available from DNR Regional Offices. See *Organizations* section for addresses.

Testing the Waters

Information and materials used for testing the Milwaukee River, including Wonderful Wacky Water Critters. Riveredge Nature Center, PO Box 26, Newburg, WI 53060. 414/375-2715.

Water Action Volunteers (WAV) Packet See description in "Water Quality: Risk Assessment and Reduction" section for more information. Water Action Volunteers. 608/264-8948.

Water Bugs (video)

18 minute video and fact sheet about aquatic insects including: how to catch, identify, and interpret the quality of the water depending on the species found. Contact UW-Extension, Dept. of Biology, UW-Superior, Superior, WI 54880. 715/394-8410. \$5.

Water Studies for Younger Folks

An elementary school version of the above. See above description and address for *Field Manual* for Water Quality Monitoring. \$9.95

National Organizations

Global Rivers Environmental Education Network (GREEN)

206 S. 5th Ave., Suite 150, Ann Arbor, MI 48104. 313/761-8142; Fax: 313/761-4951. Home Page: http://www.econet.org/green

Statewide Organizations

(See *Organizations* section for more detailed organization descriptions, addresses and phone numbers)

Adopt-A-Lake

Adopt-A-Lake works in collaboration with the Self-Help Lake Monitoring program to provide lake monitoring opportunities to youth groups. College of Natural Resources, UW-Stevens Point, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-3366.

Izaak Walton League (National Office)

Izaak Walton League of America, 707 Conservation Lane, Gaithersburg, MD 20878. 800/BUG-IWLA.

The River Alliance

The River Alliance of Wisconsin, 122 State St., Suite 200, Madison, WI 53703. 608/257-2424; Fax: 608/251-1655.

Self-Help Lake Monitoring Program

Provides training and equipment to volunteers interested in collecting lake water quality data over time. DNR, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-8117.

Water Action Volunteers (WAV)

DNR/UWEX, WR/2, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/264-8948.

Regional Organizations

(See *Organizations* section for more detailed organization descriptions, addresses and phone numbers)

DNR Regional or GMU Offices

Students may want to contact their local water resources staff to see if they are interested in receiving the students' monitoring data.

Priority Watershed Projects

Contact your county Land Conservation
Department, UW-Cooperative Extension office,
DNR office, or the DNR and UWEX Home Pages:
DNR:

http://www.dnr.state.wi.us/eq/wq/nps/index.htm UWEX: http://www.uwex.edu/waterres

The River Alliance of Wisconsin Member Organizations

See above address

Riveredge Nature Center

"Testing the Waters" program. Riveredge Nature Center, PO Box 26, Newburg, WI 53060. 414/375-2715.

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

DNR Regional or GMU Offices See Organizations section for contacts

Priority Watershed Projects See above

Home Page Sites

GREEN

Share water quality data with water quality monitors from around the world. Home Page: http://www.igc.apc.org/green

Lakes Student-L

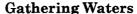
A computer discussion site for lakes; where youth and others concerned about lake protection can learn more about lakes, lake issues, and projects youth can get involved in to protect lake resources. Send an email message to: MAJORDOMO@BADGER.STATE.WI.US then write in lower case letters: subscribe lakes-student-l

Wisconsin Lakes BBS

An electronic bulletin board system about lake management in Wisconsin. Contact LAKEBB@DNR.STATE.WI.US

Water Resources Management & Protection Strategies

Water resources management has been a priority for Wisconsin since statehood. The laws protecting the integrity of and public access to our state's waterways have set a precedent for continued protection. Our water resources are managed for a variety of uses including agriculture, industry, business, recreation, and drinking. Water management techniques such as dams, irrigation ditches, reservoirs, wetland impoundments, and stream diversions are designed for varying water control purposes. Each strategy has costs and benefits associated with altering natural systems to accommodate human needs.



A publication of the statewide organization of land trusts. Gathering Waters, Inc. 633 W. Main St., Madison, WI 53703. 608/251-9131.

License to Dam

Dam licensing information for state rivers. UW-Extension, Dept. of Biology, UW-Superior, Superior, WI 54880. 715/394-8410.

Water Resources: A Guide for Municipal Officials

Educational and informational manual for town officials to assist them in decision-making which impacts the environment. It is designed for non-technical people making technical decisions and also includes descriptions of issues related to watersheds, public water supply, non-point source pollution, and animal waste. The guide offers suggestions for how to evaluate local township issues and make decisions based on the evaluations. Water Resources Management Program, Room 64 Science Hall, University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison WI 53706.

Wisconsin Natural Resources Magazine

Listed below are eleven publications which are full-color supplements to *Wisconsin Natural Resources* magazine. They feature a variety of easy-to-read articles (complete with color photographs) describing the history, science, policy and progress of water resources management in Wisconsin. To request all eleven of the series, write "magazine series" on the DNR order blank at the back of this *Wisconsin Supplement*.

- Down to the Shoreline: Cutting Pollutants that Flow to Coastal Waters. 1995. (PUBL-WR-413-95) [WR]
- Groundwater: Protecting Wisconsin's Buried Treasure. 1989. PUBL-WR-224-89 [DG]
- How and Why We Monitor the Environment (Vital Signs). 1995 (PUBL-AM-187-95) [AM]
- Paying for the Past, Investing in the Future: Wisconsin Plans for Cleaner Harbors. 1990 (PUBL-WR-259-90) [WR]
- Shallow Lakes: Wisconsin's Most Misunderstood Waters. 1995.
 PUBL-WR-387-95 [FH]
- Superior: A Vision for the Future. 1993

(PUBL-WR-346-93) [WR]

- A Tale of One City: A Community Searches for Solutions to Urban Nonpoint Pollution. 1990. PUBL-WR-257-90 [WT]
- Water Rich and Water Wise: Progress in Meeting Wisconsin's Water Quality Challenges. 1988 (PUBL-WR-206-88) [WR]
- Wetlands, Wonderlands. 1994. (WZ-015) [WT]
- Wisconsin: Grateful for the Great Lakes. 1986. (PUBL-WR-999-86) [WT]
- Wisconsin: Searching for Common Ground. 1993. Land use planning related to air and water quality. (PUBL-IE-066-93) [CE]

Statewide Organizations

(DNR offices can be reached at PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921)

DNR Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat Protection 608/266-1877

DNR Bureau of Watershed Management 608/267-7694

Gathering Waters

Serves as an education and technical assistance center for land trusts and landowners. 633 W. Main St., Madison, WI 53703. 608/251-9131.

The Nature Conservancy

An international, non-profit organization that works to preserve natural communities that represent the diversity of life on Earth by protecting the lands and waters they need to survive. 633 W. Main St., Madison, WI 53703. 608/251-8140: Fax: 608/251-8535.

Regional Organizations

(See Organizations section for offices)

DNR Regional and GMU Offices

Contact for information about dam removal projects, best management practices, and other water resources management information.

Regional Planning Commissions

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

DNR Regional and GMU Offices See Organizations section for offices

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices See Organizations section for county offices

Acid Rain (Deposition)

Acid deposition has caused changes in the water chemistry of some northern Wisconsin lakes. As a result, entire lake ecosystems have been affected where sensitive species cannot tolerate the acidic conditions of the water. Many of Wisconsin's northern lakes cannot tolerate acid rain due to low buffering capacity (based on lake chemistry and geology). Wisconsin's acid rain law of 1985 mandated research of the environmental effects from acid rain, air pollution, and their prevention strategies. Recently, there have been national efforts to increase industry's requirements for treating smokestack effluent to improve air quality and reduce the concentration of acid rain.

Acid Rain in Wisconsin

Pamphlet of general information about acid rain in Wisconsin. DNR Bureau of Air Management. PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-7718.

Listed below are fact sheets on Acid Rain in Wisconsin available from UWEX-Publications:

- Acid Precipitation's Impact on Materials, Visibility and Human Health
- Acid Rain: Impact on Aquatic Organisms Other Than Fish
- Acid Rain Measurements: What They Mean
- Acid Rain: Potential Effects of Acidic Deposition on Forest Soil Biology
- Can Acid Rain Damage Lakes in Wisconsin?

- Forest Impacts: Acid Rain, Air Pollutants and Other Stress Factors
- · The Role of Geologic Materials and Soils
- · Wisconsin Fisheries and Acid Rain
- · Wisconsin's Sensitivity to Acid Rain

To order contact Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html or complete the order form at the end of this Supplement.

A Status Report of Acid Research in Wisconsin Wisconsin Acid Deposition Council. Department of Administration, PO Box 7868, Madison, WI 53707-7868. 608/266-7375.

Statewide Organizations

DNR

For technical information on acid precipitation, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921.

- Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat Protection 608/266-1877
- Bureau of Integrated Science Services 608/267-4231

Trout Lake Environmental Station, UW-Madison Center for Limnology

This research station in northern Wisconsin conducts a variety of research projects including long-term effects of acid rain on lakes. 1081 County Hwy. N, Boulder Junction, WI 54512. 715/356-9494.

Wisconsin Acid Deposition Council Department of Administration, PO Box 7868, Madison, WI 53707-7868. 608/266-7375.

Regional Organizations

DNR Regional or GMU Offices
See Organizations section for regional offices

University Researchers
Contact your nearest university

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices See Organizations section for county offices

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts
(See above organizations)

Agricultural Management Practices

The increased mechanization of the farming industry and the increased size and specialization of farms has brought with it greater impacts on water quality. Improvements to agricultural management practices have decreased nonpoint pollutants such as soil erosion, chemical runoff, groundwater contamination, and animal waste. The 1996 Farm Bill has furthered efforts to assist Wisconsin landowners to reduce water quality impacts through subsidized conservation practices. As a result, the reduction in pollutants reaching lakes, streams, wetlands, and groundwater has been significantly reduced and has benefited wildlife (i.e. songbirds, waterfowl, grassland, and wetland species). Programs such as the Farm Bill's Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) and those supported by UW-Extension. Land Conservation Department, Natural Resource Conservation Service, as well as individual farmers' and sustainable agriculture techniques, have been extremely successful and innovative in reducing agricultural impacts to Wisconsin's waterways.

Agricultural Management Practices to Minimize Groundwater Contamination 1987. UW-Extension Environmental Resources Center, 216 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Dr., Madison, WI 53706. 608/262-0020.

Barnyard Runoff Management

1989. Contact UWEX-Publications. Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. 608/262-3346.

Best Management Practices for Wisconsin Farms

Summary of the management practices used to protect soil and water on farms. Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Publication #A3467.

Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Farm Operation Model

Table-top model of a farm that highlights possible sources of nonpoint source pollution. Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey. 608/263-4175.

FARM*A*SYST Farmstead assessment system HOME*A*SYST Homestead or subdivision assessment system. Worksheets and materials which help home and farm owners troubleshoot potential problems with wells. FARM*A*SYST, UWEX-ERC, 216 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Dr., Madison, WI 53706. 608/262-3799.

Fertilizers and Wisconsin Lakes

1987. DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, Lakes and Wetlands Section, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-7694. Publication #PUBL-WR-163-87.

Impacts of Phosphorus on Streams

1984. DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-7694.

Nutrient Pest Management Program

Many publications on a variety of topics related to nutrients and pest management. Nutrient Pest Management Program, 1535 Observatory Dr., Madison, WI 53706. 608/262-6140 or 265-2660.

Pesticides and Water Quality

1991. UWEX-Publications Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. 608/262-3346. Publication #GWQ005. Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Toward A Sustainable Agriculture: A Teacher's Guide

1991. This guide includes the following: introduction to sustainable agriculture, sustainable cropping and livestock systems, the economics of sustainable agriculture, alternative agricultural enterprises, new ways to sustainability, public policy issues in sustainable agriculture, and ethics and agriculture. Center for Integrated Agricultural Systems, 240 Agriculture Hall, UW-Madison, Madison, WI 53706. 608/262-5200. 151 pp.

Statewide Organizations

Center for Integrated Agricultural Systems 240 Agriculture Hall, UW-Madison, Madison, WI 53706. 608/262-5200.

FARM*A*SYST, UWEX-ERC

216 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Dr., Madison, WI 53706. 608/262-3799.

Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) State Conservationist. 6515 Watts Rd., Suite 200, Madison, WI 53719-2726. 608/264-5341.

Nutrient Pest Management Program, UW-Extension

1535 Observatory Dr., Madison, WI 53706. 608/262-6140.

Regional Organizations

(See *Organizations* section for more detailed organization descriptions, addresses and phone numbers)

Land Conservation Department County Offices

Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) County Offices

UWEX Basin Educators

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts (See above)

Exotic Species

Exotic" species are organisms introduced into habitats where they are not considered native. They are a major cause of worldwide loss of biological diversity and can alter and degrade habitats. Species introduced into new habitats often crowd out native species because they have no natural predators, parasites, and/or competitors to keep their numbers in check. Humans cause most exotic species' introductions, either intentionally or accidentally. Some of the aquatic exotic species found in Wisconsin include: zebra mussel, ruffe, spiny water flea, Eurasian watermilfoil, and purple loosestrife.

Aquatic Exotics Species Chest

This chest filled with information and hands-on teaching materials about exotic species is available to borrow. Contact DNR, West Central Regional Office, 1300 Clairemont Ave., PO Box 4001, Eau Claire, WI 54702. 715/839-3700 or UWEX Cooperative Extension county offices (see *Organizations* section for county offices).

Eurasian Water Milfoil: A Threat to Wisconsin Lakes

1995 Brochure. Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, College of Natural Resources, UW-Stevens Point, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-2116. Publication #PUBL-WR-393-95.



Eurasian Water Milfoil and Northern Water Milfoil

Laminated 3 1/2" x 5" color ID card, showing both the native, northern species and the nuisance Eurasian species. UWEX-CNR, Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, UWEX-CNR, UWSP, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-2116. Publication #PUBL-WR-394-95.

Exotics: Don't Let Them Ride With You!

Tacklebox identification card on zebra mussels, ruffe, spiny water flea and Eurasian water milfoil. Describes how to clean your boat and equipment. See also, "Zebra Mussels, A Boater's Guide," in this section. UW-Sea Grant, 1800 University Avenue, Madison, WI 53705-4094. 608/263-3259.

Exotic Species Advisory Poster

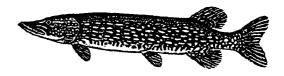
8 1/2" x 11", black on yellow poster warns that nearby waters contain Eurasian water milfoil, ruffe, zebra mussels and spiny water flea. Gives boaters tips for preventing the spread of these potentially disruptive species to other lakes. DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/267-7694. Publication #PUBL-WR-411-95.

Exotic Species Problems/Public Education Solutions (video)

"Stop the Invasion" video (25 min.) and handbook of background information, lesson plans, and activities designed to heighten awareness of exotic species invasions of our public waters and to assist in planning and implementing strategies to protect lakes and streams from invasion by aquatic exotic species. UW-Extension, Dept. of Biology, UW-Superior, Superior, WI 54880. 715/394-8410.

A Field Guide to Aquatic Exotic Plants and Animals

1995. Color brochure that describes the zebra mussel, ruffe, spiny water flea, Eurasian water milfoil, purple loosestrife and several other nonnative flora and fauna that are disruptive or po-



tentially disruptive to Wisconsin ecosystems. DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/267-7694. Publication #PUBL-WR-407-95.

Monitoring Milfoil

Brochure. DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/267-7694. Publication #PUBL-WR-397-95.

Recognizing Eurasian Water Milfoil

Fact sheet with illustrations. DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/267-7694. Publication #PUBL-WR-438-95.

Status and Control of Purple Loosestrife in Wisconsin

1987 Findings #4. DNR Bureau of Integrated Science Services, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/266-4359.

Zebra Mussels, A Boaters Guide

Brochure. DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/267-7694. Publication #PUBL-WR-383-95.

Zebra Mussel: An Unwelcome North American Invader

UW-Sea Grant Institute, 1800 University Ave., Madison, WI 53705-4094. 608/263-0644.

Zebra Mussel Monitoring Handbook for Inland Waters

UW-Sea Grant Institute, 1800 University Ave., Madison, WI 53705-4094. 608/263-0644.

Zebra Mussel Trunk

Information, pictures, and hands-on teaching materials about zebra mussels. There are several zebra mussel trunks available in Wisconsin including: UW-Extension, Dept. of Biology, UW-Superior, Superior, WI 54880. 715/394-8410; DNR, State Office Building Rm. 104, 3550 Mormon Coulee Rd., La Crosse, WI 54601. 608/785-9000; UW-Extension Basin Educators; or Water Education Resource Centers (see *Organizations* section for contacts).

Statewide Organizations

DNR Bureau of Watershed Management 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/267-7694.

Exotic Species Management Program UW-Extension, Dept. of Biology, UW-Superior, Superior, WI 54880. 715/394-8410.

UW-Sea Grant Institute

1800 University Ave., Madison, WI 53705-4094. 608/263-0644.

Regional Organizations

(See Organizations section for contacts)

DNR Regional and GMU Offices

Land Conservation Department County Offices

Priority Watershed Programs

County your county Land Conservation Department, UW-Cooperative Extension office, DNR office, or the DNR and UWEX Web Sites: DNR:

http://www.dnr.state.wi.us/eq/wq/nps/index.htm UWEX: http://www.uwex.edu/waterres

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices and Basin Educators

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

(See *Organizations* section for contacts)

The Bell Museum of Natural History 10 Church St. SE, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, MN 55455. 612/624-2090.

DNR Regional and GMU Offices

Land Conservation Department County Offices

UWEX Cooperative Extension Offices and Basin Educators

Fisheries Management

Fishing is the second oldest form of recreation known to humans (the first is bowling!). More than one in four adult citizens of the United States fish. At the time of the first colonists, there was an abundance of fish throughout the country's waterways. During the Industrial Revolution, fish populations continued to decline in nearly all of the Nation's major rivers. Early management practices such as season closings and stocking of hatchery fish did not stem the tide of decline in the Nation's recreational fisheries. Because of Wisconsin's vast water resources, fishing is a popular sport, source of income, and provides food for many state residents. The state fisheries are strongly supported by the public and government agencies to maintain the abundance of fish. Some of Wisconsin's management practices include aquatic habitat improvement, hatchery production and stocking, watershed protection and land acquisition, fisheries research, public education, and exotic species control.

Angler Education Program and Materials

Includes student and instructor reference and activity guides with lesson plans, support materials, fact sheets, fish identification pamphlets, skills-related information, types of water habitats, habitat protection, and individual responsibility to maintain habitats. Instructors must attend a workshop training to receive all materials; otherwise, you can receive all other publications except the activity guides. DNR Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat Protection, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-2272.

Methods in Fish Population Analysis: Basic Tools for Understanding Aquatic Ecosystems (Draft)

A curriculum focused on fishery analysis. UW-Extension, Dept. of Biology, UW-Superior, Superior, WI 54880. 715/394-8410.

Watchable Fish

Pamphlet of information on fish watching sites around Wisconsin. DNR Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat Protection, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-1877.

Publication #PUBL-FM-815 92REV.

Wisconsin's Aquatic Resources Education Program for Fish, for Fun, for the Future!

General information about DNR's aquatic resources education programs. DNR Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat Protection, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-1877.

Publication #PUBL-FM-701 92REV.

Refer to "Water Quality Impacts on Wildlife and Plants" section for more information.

Statewide Organizations

DNR Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat Protection

101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-1877.

Federation of Fly Fishers

State and local chapters are active in stream protection and restoration. Contact Jim Abbs, 126 Nautilus Dr., Madison, 53705. 608/238-5214 home, 608/263-5907 work.

Izaak Walton League

Contact Tom Gustin, Lake Emily Park Ranger, 3961 Park Dr., Amherst Junction, WI 54407. 715/824-3175 or the national office, Izaak Walton League of America, 707 Conservation Lane, Gaithersburg, MD 20878. 800/BUG-IWLA.

The River Alliance of Wisconsin

122 State St., Suite 200, Madison, WI 53703. 608/257-2424; Fax: 608/251-1655.

Trout Unlimited

Dedicated to the protection of coldwater streams. Local chapters in each county or region of the state. Contact John Crane, N2629 Pleasant Park Lane, Waupaca, WI 54981. 715/258-9173.

Regional Organizations

(See your local phone book or Chamber of Commerce for local organizations and county offices)

Fishing Clubs

Some have youth angler education programs. Contact your local fishing clubs.

Local County, State, or City Park Staff may offer water recreation safety skills programs for kids.

Sport Fishing Outfitters and Guides
Bait and tackle shops may have a list of
local guides.

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

DNR Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat Protection

Fisheries biologists can set up a wide range of field trips (usually for adults such as: fish shocking demonstrations and hatcheries). There are fourteen fish sites to visit including both hatchery and "Watchable Fish" sites (all but one are open to public). Of these sites, some have visitor centers and watchable fish areas (viewing windows) to see spawning fish like sturgeon, trout, and salmon. Call 608/266-1430 to set up field trips, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921.

DNR Bureau of Wildlife Management Working on a field trip guide for wildlife viewing. Contact 608/266-8204, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921.

State and Tribal Fish Hatcheries and Watchable Fish Sites

Contact DNR Regional or GMU and Tribal Natural Resources Offices. See *Organizations* section for contacts.



Nonpoint Source Pollution

Nonpoint source pollutants are usually carried by water as runoff. Soil and water from land to waterways carry many different kinds of pollutants such as sediment, organic matter, and chemicals. Both rural and urban areas contribute nonpoint sources: from construction sites; stormwater runoff from streets and parking lots; soil runoff; and manure, pesticides, and fertilizer residue from lawns and fields. Because it is difficult to detect the sources of nonpoint pollutants, it is equally challenging to manage the sources and reduce their impacts. A 1985 survey showed that over a third of Wisconsin's rivers and streams are affected or threatened by

nonpoint pollution sources. As a result, nonpoint sources have been the major pollution concern for water in the 1980's and 1990's.



Brown Water, Green Weeds

Cartoons used to illustrate the impact of sediment and nutrients on water quality, fish and wildlife. Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Publications #GWQ003.

Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Clean Bay Backer Education Package

The packet consists of a video (20 min.), Student Activity Guide designed for 4th and 5th graders, a Teacher's Guide and also a coloring book for 1st through 3rd graders. This is a Northeast Wisconsin-centered water quality educational tool. The animated clean bay backers talk about, polluted runoff, the area's largest water pollution problem. They show the causes of polluted runoff and demonstrate some of the things that everyone can do to help stop it. To order contact: Remedial Action Plan Specialist, Clean Bay Packers, Wisconsin DNR, PO Box 10448, 1125 N. Military Ave., Green Bay, WI 54307-0448. 920/492-5825.

EnviroScape Runoff Pollution Model

Plastic model of a watershed that can be used to demonstrate runoff pollution sources and effects on a waterway. Contact UWEX Cooperative Extension Basin Educators and Water Education Resource Centers to borrow (see Organizations section for contacts).

Fields and Streets

A quarterly newsletter about nonpoint source pollution (1989 - current). Contact DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, Nonpoint Source Program, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-0140.

It All Adds Up

A 21-minute overview video as part of a Nonpoint Source Series. Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Keeping Current

Bi-monthly newsletter that shares information on nonpoint source pollution programs. Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346.

Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Nonpoint Source Pollution: Where to Go with the Flow, Wisconsin's Challenge for the Next Decade

DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, Nonpoint Source Program DNR, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-0140.

Priority Watershed Projects

A priority watershed projects map (updated yearly). DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, Nonpoint Source Program, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-0140.

Soil Erosion Trays

A simple, effective model of soil erosion featuring three trays lined with bare soil, sod, and straw mulch that work by tilting at an angle and using water to simulate rain. Appropriate for schools, construction sites, erosion field days, and workshops. UWEX Basin Educator, 715/836-5513.

Storm Sewers: The River Beneath our Feet Cartoon portrayal of how nonpoint source pollutants pass through storm sewers and offers suggestions for how to prevent these impacts. Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W.

Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Publication #GWQ004. Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

A Tale of One City: A Community Searches for Solutions to Urban Nonpoint Pollution 1990. DNR publication about a community searching for solutions to an urban nonpoint source pollution problem where community

source pollution problem where community members learn how to make decisions to help solve this problem. Wisconsin Natural Resources magazine supplement. DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, Nonpoint Source Program, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/267-7694. Publication #WR-257 90.

Statewide Organizations

Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center College of Natural Resources, UW-Stevens Point, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-4270.

DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, Nonpoint Source Program

PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-0140.

UWEX-Environmental Resources Center UWEX-ERC, 216 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Dr., Madison, WI 53706. 608/262-3799.

Regional Organizations

(See Organizations section for contacts)

Land Conservation Departments County Offices

Priority Watershed Projects

There are over 90 Priority Watershed projects throughout Wisconsin where special attention is being given to protect the integrity of those watersheds. Contact your county Land Conservation Department, UW-Cooperative Extension office, DNR office (see *Organizations* section for county offices), or the DNR and

UWEX Home Pages:

DNR:

http://www.dnr.state.wi.us/eq/wq/nps/index.htm UWEX: http://www.uwex.edu/waterres

Regional Planning Commissions

UW-Extension Basin Educators

UW-Extension Cooperative Extension County Offices

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

(See above organizations)

Home Page Sites

NPSINFO

To subscribe send message to listserver@unixmail.rtpnc.epa.gov

Point Source Pollution

Point sources are the more familiar sources of pollution because they are easier to identify than nonpoint source pollutants. Examples of point sources in urban areas include: power plants. factories, and municipal wastewater treatment plants. With point source pollution, the pollutant is discharged directly to lakes, rivers, or groundwater and may contain heated water or a variety of chemical or organic pollutants. Most of the federal water pollution prevention programs in the 1970's were focused on controlling point source pollutants. These programs have been highly successful according to a 1984 national survey showing that 97% of the rivers and streams tested were not affected by point sources.



Refer to the individual sections on "Rural and Residential Homeowners," "Industries and Businesses," "Agricultural Management Practices," "Urban Water Issues," and "Stormwater Management" for resources information.

Pollution Prevention

The most effective way to manage waste is to prevent it at its source. Pollution prevention programs of state and federal agencies, and industries share the common goal of working together to develop strategies to reduce the amount of pollutants produced by industries. At home, work, and in selecting our purchases, we are often confronted with choices of convenience versus increased waste. Not only is the volume of waste, air pollutants, and water pollutants a concern, but the spread and toxicity of our waste has caused contamination to our air and water. In recognizing these problems, questions have been investigated that have led to actions to reduce pollutants at home and in the workplace.

Air Study Guide

DNR Bureau of Air Management, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-7718; Fax: 608/267-0496. Publication # PUBL-IE-130.

Clean Air Publications Order Form

DNR Bureau of Air Management, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-7718; Fax: 608/267-0496.

The 4th R: Action Booklet for Recycling DNR Bureau of Communication and Education, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-6790; Fax: 608/267-0496. Publication # PUBL-IE-035.

Great Lakes Regional Pollution Prevention Roundtable Newsletter

Project Manager. Waste Management and Research Center, 1 E. Hazelwood Dr., Champaign, IL 61820. 217/333-8948.

The Green Square Game and The Fun Factory: Interactive Exercises for Waste Reduction Training

1991. The Waste Reduction Institute for Training and Applications Research, Inc., 1313 5th St. SE, Suite 325, Minneapolis, MN 55414.

Industrial Waste Reduction Information Clearinghouse

1996. Includes information on pollution and waste prevention/management, recycling, and more. Resources for industries such as food products, wood products, printing and publishing, chemical manufacturing, fabricated metals, electrical and electronics, transportation equipment, dry cleaning, health services and more. For order form, write to: DNR Bureau of Cooperative Environmental Assistance, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-9700; Fax: 608/267-0496. 7 pp.

Living Lightly on the Planet: A Global Environmental Education Curriculum Guide 1985. For grades 7-12. Schlitz Audubon Center, 1111 E. Brown Deer Rd., Milwaukee, WI 53217. 414/351-4200.

Pollution Prevention Case Studies and Fact Sheets

DNR Bureau of Cooperative Environmental Assistance, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. Phone: 608/267-9700; Fax: 608/267-0496. Publication#PUBL-TS series and PUBL-SW series.

Recycling Publications Order Form
DNR Bureau of Communication and Education,
PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/2666790; Fax: 608/267-0496.
Publication # PUBL-IE-138 12/96.

Recycling Study Guide and K-3 Study Guide DNR Bureau of Communication and Education, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-6790; Fax: 608/267-0496. Publication # PUBL-IE-020 and K-3 Supplement, Publication # PUBL-IE-049.

Waste Less News

Quarterly newsletter of the DNR Bureau of Cooperative Environmental Assistance, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-9700; Fax: 608/267-0496. Publication # PUBL-SW-190.

The Waste Reduction Guide

Guide includes waste reduction and prevention programs; partnerships, projects, and assistance in the DNR. DNR Bureau of Cooperative Environmental Assistance, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-9700; Fax: 608/267-0496. Publication # PUBL-TS-058 96.

National Organizations

EPA Region V, Pollution Prevention Office 77 W. Jackson St., Chicago, IL 60604. 312/353-4669, 800/621-8431, or Public Affairs Hotline, 800/424-9346.

Statewide Organizations

DNR

PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707.

- DNR Bureau of Cooperative Environmental Assistance 608/267-9700: Fax: 608/267-0496.
- Recycling Education Coordinator 608/266-2711.

Federation of Environmental Toxicologists Dedicated to pollution prevention and economic growth. 414/251-8163.

Solid and Hazardous Waste Education Center (SHWEC) UW-Madison, UW-Extension, 610 Langdon St. Rm. 529, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-0385.

A Speakers Bureau on Business and the Environment

Wisconsin Manufacturers and Commerce, Wisconsin Environmental Working Group, PO Box 352, Madison, WI 53401-0352. 608/258-3401, ext. 3061.

Regional Organizations

County Waste Management and Recycling

See local phone book under county name

DNR Regional and GMU Offices See Organizations section for regional offices

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

(See local phone book for industries and businesses)

Local Industries, Paper Manufacturers May offer tours.

Power Companies (Wisconsin Power and Light, Wisconsin Public Service)

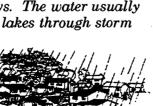
A Speakers Bureau on Business and the Environment

Speakers for topics related to Business and the Environment with subjects such as: Wisconsin Industry and Environmental Choices, Business Environmental Success Stories, Beneficial Reuse, Pollution Prevention, among others (several topics are in development). Contact Wisconsin Environmental Working Group, PO Box 352, Madison, WI 53401-0352. 608/258-3401, ext. 3061.

Stormwater Management

Stormwater runoff is the water that runs off the land and does not soak into the ground. Stormwater flows off streets, lawns, paved parking lots, and other areas while carrying pollutants such as litter, salt, fertilizers and oil with it to nearby waterways. The water usually reaches these streams and lakes through storm sewer pipes that collect

stormwater drained from streets and parking areas. Stormwater is usually not treated before it reaches local lakes and



streams. This means that anything that runs off lawns, streets, parking lots, and construction areas flows directly into nearby lakes and streams. The goals of stormwater management are to: reduce the amount of water runoff by increasing its infiltration into the soil, thereby reducing soil erosion; and keeping oil, pesticides. litter, and other pollutants from reaching the ground where stormwater can sweep them away.

Cleaning Up Stormwater Runoff

UWEX Publications, Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703, 608/262-3346. Publication #GWQ016.

Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Erosion Control for Home Builders

UWEX Publications, Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Publication # GWQ001.

Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Floodplain Management: Sharing the Challenge DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/267-7694 or West Central Regional Office, 1300 Clairemont Ave., PO Box 4001, Eau Claire, WI 54702. 715/839-3700.

Keeping our Shores (video and packet) 18 different fact sheets and video about shoreline Best Management Practices (BMPs) for the Lake Superior Region. To order send \$20 to Lake County Soil and Water Conservation District, PO Box 14, Two Harbors, MN 55616. 218/834-6638.

An Ounce of Detention: A New Look at Stormwater Ponds (video)

Designed for city officials, engineers, and useful for teachers and high school students. UWEX Publications, Environmental Resources Center, UWEX-ERC, 216 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Dr., Madison, WI 53706. 608/262-0020.

Shoreline Plants and Landscaping

Describes options for shoreline landscaping that protect water quality. UWEX Publications, Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Publication #GWQ014. Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Standard Erosion Control Plan for 1 & 2 Family Dwelling Construction Sites

UWEX Publications, Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Publication #GWQ001A.

Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Storm Drain Stenciling: How You Can Prevent Water Pollution

UWEX Publications, Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Publication #GWQ015.

Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Storm Sewers: The River Beneath Our Feet

Cartoons illustrate how pollutants pass through storm sewers and suggest prevention ideas. UWEX Publications, Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Publication #GWQ004.

Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Stormwater Ponds: An Effective Way to Control Urban Runoff

UWEX Publications, Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Publication #GWQ0107.

Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

What is Stormwater Runoff? A one-page fact sheet which generally explains stormwater runoff and how communities can reduce their runoff. Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, UW-Extension, CNR, UWSP, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-2116.

Wisconsin Stormwater Manual (#1720) 1994. Overview of urban water quality

problems/issues. DNR Bureau of Watershed

Management, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-7694. Publication # PUB-WR-349-94. 800/362-7253 for credit card users. Cost.

Refer to the Rural and Residential Homeowners and Urban Water Issues sections for additional information

Statewide Organizations

Department of Natural Resources, Bureau of Watershed Management

101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-7694.

Regional Organizations

(See Organizations section for contacts)

County Planning And Zoning Offices See local white pages under county offices

DNR Regional and GMU Offices Water Regulation and Zoning staff

Land Conservation Department County Offices

Regional Planning Commissions

Stormwater Pond Engineers and Construction Companies Refer to yellow pages

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

(See above organizations)



Sustainable Resource Management

There tends to be a basic disagreement of philosophy between conservation and development. The process of development throughout the world usually means that natural resources need to be used in order to improve human welfare. It is the approach we take which makes the difference in the future health of our environment as a whole. Clean water is essential to Wisconsin's economy and quality of life. The way we manage our natural resource use in areas such as forestry and the paper industry, hydropower, and farming and irrigation can greatly impact our water resources. Sustainable resource management practices strive to consider the future health and abundance of resources while planning to utilize those resources.

Best Management Practices for Wisconsin Farms

UWEX Publications, Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Best Management Practices to Protect Water Quality

Wisconsin Department of Agriculture, Trade, and Consumer Protection, Agricultural Resources Management (ARM) Division. PO Box 8911, Madison, WI 53708-8911. 608/224-4500.

Wisconsin's Forestry Best Management Practices for Water Quality: A Field Manual for Loggers, Landowners, and Land Managers

DNR Bureau of Forestry, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-7494. Publication #PUB-FR-093-95.



Statewide Organizations

(See Organizations section for contacts)

Department of Natural Resources Bureaus 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-2621.

Regional Organizations

(See Organizations section for contacts)

County Planning And Zoning Offices
See local white pages under county offices

DNR Regional and GMU Offices Water Regulation and Zoning staff

Land Conservation Department County Offices

Regional Planning Commissions

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

(See above organizations)

Urban Water Issues

Urban communities can have tremendous impacts on water quality because of the great concentration of people. Wastewater from sewers and industries was the major cause of urban water pollution in the past. With improvements to wastewater treatment facilities, the major pollution concern has shifted to nonpoint source pollution runoff. Urban areas have greater runoff problems than rural areas because the paved surfaces and rooftops do not allow water to soak into the ground. This runoff carries a mixture of pollutants from our streets, construction sites, parking lots, industrial storage yards, and lawns. Storm sewers carry the polluted runoff to nearby streams and lakes.

"What we do on our land is reflected in our water" (from Urban Runoff: How Polluted Is It?, fact sheet, Carolyn D. Johnson, UW-Extension).

Impacts of Stormwater Runoff on Urban Streams 1994. DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/267-7694.

A Tale of One City: A Community Searches for Solutions to Urban Nonpoint Pollution 1990. DNR publication about a community searching for solutions to an urban nonpoint source pollution problem where community members learn how to make decisions to help solve this problem. Wisconsin Natural Resources magazine supplement Contact DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, Nonpoint Source Program, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/267-7694. Publication #WR-257-90.

Urban Cost-Sharing for Cleaner Water 1994. Fact Sheet. Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Urban Programs for Cleaner Water 1991. Fact Sheet. Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Urban Runoff: How Polluted Is It? Summarizes monitoring data for urban runoff from Wisconsin cities; describes problem pollutants, common sources, and impacts on human health and the aquatic environment. UW-Extension, Basin Educator, 1304 S. 70th St., Suite 228, West Allis, WI 53214-3154. 414/475-2881.

Urban Runoff Model

Self-assembled model shows how runoff increases as impervious landscapes replace natural landscapes. UW-Extension, Western Basin Educator, Geology Dept., UWEC, Eau Claire, WI 54702. 715/836-5513; Fax: 715/836-2380, email: strussr@uwec.edu

Water Quality Effects of Potential Urban Best Management Practices: A Literature Review

1977 Technical Bulletin #97. DNR Bureau of Integrated Science Services, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/266-4359.

Statewide Organizations

DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, Nonpoint Source Program WR/2 PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/266-0140.

UWEX-Environmental Resources Center UWEX-ERC, 216 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Dr., Madison, WI 53706. 608/262-3799.

Regional Organizations

(See Organizations section for contacts)

Land Conservation Department County Offices

Priority Watershed Programs

County your county Land Conservation Department, UW-Cooperative Extension, DNR office, or the DNR and UWEX Home Pages: DNR:

http://www.dnr.state.wi.us/eq/wq/nps/index.htm UWEX: http://www.uwex.edu/waterres

UWEX Basin Educators

 Southeast Basin Educator 1304 S. 70th St., Suite 228, West Allis, WI 53214-3154. 414/475-2881.

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

(See above organizations)

Water Use

The state's waters play a central role in the lives of state residents and visitors, in both historical and current day perspectives. The Wisconsin Constitution (1848) stated that all navigable waters belong to the public. This is called the Public Trust Doctrine. Over the past century, the state's growing human population has put increasing demand on our water resources for agriculture, timber harvesting and processing, industry, power production, and recreation. Mechanization of water use and recreation has intensified conflicts between businesses, communities, recreationists, and shoreland property owners. Wisconsin policy makers have been debating and revising public policies to protect water resources since statehood. The following subsections include resources related to some of the ways in which water is used currently and historically in Wisconsin.

Cultural and Historical Uses



Water is what defines Wisconsin. The name "Wisconsin" was taken from the state's principal river, the Wisconsin River, which runs nearly through the heart and length of the state. One theory of the origin of the name is that it is derived from an Ojibwe word, "Wees-kon-san," meaning "gathering of waters," describing the many bodies of water that are found here. Water has played a great role in developing the lifestyles of state residents for thousands of years. Lakes and rivers provided transportation, power, waste disposal areas, and plenty of water to support the early Wisconsin tribes, fur traders, lumber industry, farmers, and many other businesses. Did your community develop because it was located where a dam could be built to power a saw, pulp, or paper mill? Many original Native American and European settlements in the state resided along waterways and include: the Winnebago tribe settled along the Fox River and Lake Winnebago (Green Bay area), Fort

Howard which is now the city of Green Bay, Fort Winnebago is now Portage, and Fort Crawford is now Prairie du Chien.

American Indian Resource Manual for Public Libraries

A resource directory designed to assist libraries with choosing books to acquire, with an emphasis on resources related to Wisconsin tribes. Descriptions of each resource (books and A/V materials), ordering information, and costs are included. Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction, Publication Sales, 125 S. Webster St., PO Box 7841, Madison, WI 53707-7841. 800/243-8782.

The Blue Book of Wisconsin

Reprinted every two years. General information about Wisconsin including: history, census information, political organization and history, businesses and industry, culture, and more. Document Sales and Distribution, Department of Administration, 202 S. Thornton Ave., PO Box 7840, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-3358, or contact local library.

Champions of the Public Trust

Video about Wisconsin citizens' concerns and involvement in creating public water use laws to protect the public's access to Wisconsin's waters. Available for loan from state libraries (see "State Libraries" in *Organizations* section) or DNR library, 608/266-8933.

Cultural Map of Wisconsin

1997. Map of the history, culture, land, and people of Wisconsin. More than 1,200 points of interest are located on the map. The University of Wisconsin Press, 114 N. Murray St., Madison, WI 53715-1199. 800/829-9559.

Intensive Cultural Survey of Communities Check your local, county or state library, planning department or historical society. See local phone book for contacts.

Masinaigan

Newspaper that emphasizes articles on environmental issues, government relations, and economics of Great Lakes area Native American tribes. Great Lakes Indian Fish and Wildlife Commission, PO Box 9, Odanah, WI 54861. 715/682-6619.

Of Time and the River

This environmental history project combines written stories, music, activities, and a video about the Fox and Wolf river watersheds. The organization has a database of resources, stories, historical societies, people, museum contacts, and libraries. This resource could be used as a model for other watersheds. Fox/Wolf Rivers Environmental History Project, PO Box 1161, Green Bay, WI 54305-1161.

On the Waterfront

1996. Adopt-A-Lake Newsletter. Wisconsin lake history and references. Adopt-A-Lake Program, Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, UWEX-CNR, UWSP, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-3366; Fax: 715/346-4038.

Storytelling Resources

For storytelling resources and information, referrals to performers, local groups, workshops and events, contact your local storytelling group. library, or one of the following guild coordinators: Susan Gilchrist, Madison Storyteller's Guild, 3126 Buena Vista, Madison, WI 53704, 608/249-5030 (evenings and weekends); Judy Farrow-Busack, Milwaukee Area Storytelling Guild, 821 Walnut St., West Bend, WI 53095, 414/334-7868 (H) or 414/253-7760 (W); Tom Clark, TALES, Kenosha Storyteller's Guild, 414/652-5194; Colleen Sutherland, NEWTS (Northeast Wisconsin Tellers of Stories), 539 Lincoln St., Seymour, WI 54165, 920/833-7506; or Joe Puckett, Northwoods Storytelling Guild, PO Box 941, Land O Lakes, WI 54540, 715/547-3605.

Transactions

Natural history magazine of Wisconsin for the last 126 years. Contact the Wisconsin Academy of Science, Arts, and Letters, 1922 University Ave., Madison, WI 53705. 608/263-1692.

Voyageur: Northeast Wisconsin's Historical Review

A non-profit magazine about the history and pre-history of a 17 county region of northeast Wisconsin. Magazine started in 1984 and is printed each June and December. Voyageurs Magazine, PO Box 8085, Green Bay, WI 54308-8085. 920/465-2446; Fax: 920/465-2890; email: voyageur@gbms01.uwgb.edu

The Voyageurs Guide to the Lower Wisconsin River

1984. Contact Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey, Map and Publication Sales (MAPS) Office, 3817 Mineral Point Rd., Madison, WI 53705. 608/263-7289. Cost: \$3. 27 pp.

Wild Rice and Ojibway People

by Thomas Vennum, Jr. 1988. A discussion of the importance of wild rice to Ojibway culture. Minnesota Historical Society Press, 690 Cedar St., St. Paul, MN 55101. 612/296-2264.

Wisconsin: A History

by Robert C. Nesbit and William F. Thompson. 1989. University of Wisconsin Press. Contact local library.

Wisconsin River of History

by William F. Stark. 1988. History book of the Wisconsin River. Contact local library.

The Woodland Indians of the Western Great Lakes

by Robert R. and Pat Ritzenthaler. 1991. Introduction to the cultures of all tribes now living in Wisconsin. Waveland Press, PO Box 400, Prospect Heights, IL 60070. 708/634-0081.

Refer to the American Indian Resource Manual for Public Libraries for a more detailed list of publications, organizations, presenters, and museums related to Wisconsin Native American tribes.

Statewide Organizations

American Indian Center

All Wisconsin tribes are represented in this center and museum. 3415 E. Pierce, Milwaukee, WI 53215. 414/384-8208 or 278-6800.

Great Lakes Indian Fish and Wildlife Commission

PO Box 9, Odanah, WI 54861. 715/682-6619.

The Nature Conservancy

An international, non-profit organization that works to preserve natural communities that represent the diversity of life on Earth by protecting the lands and waters they need to survive. 633 W. Main St., Madison, WI 53703. 608/251-8140; Fax: 608/251-8535.

State Historical Society

816 State St., Madison, WI 53706. 608/264-6400, Public Information Office, 608/264-6586.

Wisconsin Academy of Science, Arts, and Letters

1922 University Ave., Madison, WI 53705. 608/263-1692.

Wisconsin Conservation Hall of Fame

Exhibit and related information regarding Wisconsin's conservation history and leaders. Schmeeckle Reserve, UWSP, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-4992.

Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey

Map and Publication Sales (MAPS) Office, 3817 Mineral Point Rd., Madison, WI 53705. 608/263-7289.

Regional Organizations

Area Research Centers (ARCs)

Associated with state historical societies containing regional documents, records from courthouse, baptisms, genealogy, and more. Contact nearest UW campus library. See "State Libraries" in *Organizations* section.

Community Members

Interview community members for local historical information (oral histories).

DNR Bureau of Forestry

Historical forestry practices information. PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/267-7494.

FoxWolf River Environmental History Project, PO Box 1161, Green Bay, WI 54305-1161. 800/369-9653 (800/FOX-WOLF).

Local Government Offices (Planning and Zoning, Land Conservation Department, Regional Planning Commission)

Contact for land use maps which include waterways. See local white pages under county offices and/or the *Organizations* section for contacts.

Local Historical Society (County or City) See local phone book

Local Library

See local phone book

Universities/Colleges Library

Special Collections Departments, regional history, genealogy information, among other materials. See "State Libraries" in *Organizations* section.

Wisconsin Maritime Museum

75 Maritime Dr., Manitowoc, WI 54220. 920/684-0218.

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

American Indian Center

(all Wisconsin tribes). 3415 East Pierce, Milwaukee, WI 53215. 414/384-8208 or 278-6800.

Chippewa Valley Museum

Museum and library of artifacts and photographs of Ojibwe, Menominee, and Winnebago tribe. PO Box 1204, Carson Park Dr., Eau Claire, WI 54703. 715/834-7871.

Effigy Mounds National Monument

151 Highway 76, Harpers Ferry, Iowa 52146. 319/873-3491.

Fort Folles Avoine

Reconstruction of the French fort and trading post. St. Croix Ojibwe and Burnett County Historical Society. 715/866-8890.

Heritage Hill State Park

Living history park that offers 2nd and 4th grade "Discovery Tours" as well as self-guided tours. 2640 S. Webster Ave., Green Bay, WI 54301. 920/448-5150.

Kickapoo Indian Caverns and Native American Museum

This cave was a shelter used by various native peoples over time (guided tours). Hwy. 60, 608/875-5223.

Land Conservation Department County Offices
See Organizations section for county offices

Leopold Memorial Reserve and Aldo Leopold Foundation

Limited visits to reserve and classroom presentations available. Contact Aldo Leopold Foundation, E12919 Levee Rd., Baraboo, WI 53913. 608/355-0279; Fax: 608/356-7309 or Sand County Foundation, 608/242-5319.

Little Norway Historical Park

Hwy. JG, Blue Mounds, WI 53517. 608/437-8211.

Local Historical Society

See your local white pages for information

Old World Wisconsin

An outdoor museum of immigrant farm and village life. S103 W37890 Highway 67, Eagle, WI 53119. 414/594-6300.

Madeline Island Historical Museum

Museum of the Apostle Islands exploration and settlement. La Pointe, WI 54850. 715/747-2415.

Milwaukee Public Museum

Natural and human history, exhibits, and museum library. 800 West Wells, Milwaukee, WI 53233. 414/278-2702.

State Historical Society Museum 30 North Carroll St., Madison, WI 53703. 608/264-6555.

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices
See Organizations section for county offices

Government & Citizen Issues

Many of us are probably unaware of the state's water laws, yet they affect us daily. Whether we're out fishing on a lake, irrigating our fields, taking a sip of some cool, ice water or planning to build a pier on our lakefront property; water laws impact us every day. Since 1787, the state's navigable waters have been considered public and for the use of all citizens. As a result, we all share responsibility for water protection in Wisconsin. By learning more about the state and local government water laws, you can have a stake in the future health of these waterways.

Building Near Wetlands

Pamphlet includes suggestions for construction techniques to reduce impacts on wetlands. DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, Lakes and Wetlands section, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-7694.

Champions of the Public Trust Doctrine

Video about Wisconsin citizens' concerns and involvement in creating public water use laws to protect the public's access to Wisconsin's waters. Available for loan from state libraries (see "State Libraries" in *Organizations* section) or DNR library, 608/266-8933.

Chippewa Treaty Rights

Chippewa treaty rights issues are examined in detail, from before the first treaty was signed to 1991. Wisconsin Academy of Sciences, Arts, and Letters, 1922 University Avenue, Madison, WI 53705. 608/263-1692.

Common Groundwork: A Practical Guide to Protecting Rural and Urban Land

Handbook for making land use decisions. Contact UWEX Publications, Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

DNR Laws

Chapters of the administrative codes are available on a variety of subjects through the DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-7694.

A Guide to Wisconsin's Lake Management Law, 10th edition

1996. Contact UW-Extension Publications, Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Publication #PUBL-FH-821.96. Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Law of the Land: A Citizen's Guide... Influencing Local Land Use Decisions That Affect Water Quality

Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, UWEX-CNR, UWSP, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-2116. Fax: 715/346-4038 or County UWEX Cooperative Extension Office.

Life on the Edge

A 110-page illustrated guide which includes information on buying waterfront property, landscape practices to protect water quality, how to manage unwanted aquatic plants, how to limit shoreline erosion, and conflicts with the living things that share your property. Also includes information on laws that affect waterfront residents. Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, UW-Extension, CNR, UWSP, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-2116 or UWEX Cooperative Extension county Offices.

Treaty Resource Manual

Includes a summary of significant court decisions, legislative acts, and treaties that affect member tribes. Great Lakes Indian Fish and Wildlife Commission (GLIFWC). PO Box 9, Odanah, WI 54861. 715/682-6619.

Wisconsin Water Law

by Adolph Canonburg. A book on the historical perspective of Wisconsin's water laws. Contact your local library or bookstore.

Wisconsin Water Law: A Guide to Water Rights and Regulations

200-page guide outlining all Wisconsin water laws. UW-Extension Publications, Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Publication #G3622. \$15.

Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Statewide Organizations

Army Corps Of Engineers

Department of the Army, St. Paul District, Army Corps of Engineers Centre, 190 Fifth Street East, St. Paul, MN 55101-1638. 612/290-5375; Fax: 612/260-5330.

DNR

101 S. Webster, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707

- Bureau of Law Enforcement 608/266-2141
- Bureau of Watershed Management 608/267-7694

Midwest Treaty Network

731 State St., Madison, WI 53703. 608/246-2256, email: igc@apc.org Home Page: http://www.alphacdc.com/treaty

Regional Organizations

(See *Organizations* section for more detailed organization descriptions, addresses and phone numbers)

County Planning and Zoning Offices Shoreland zoning, etc. See your local white pages for county offices. **DNR Regional and GMU Offices**

Water Regulation and Zoning, Law Enforcement staff

Land Conservation Departments County Offices

Regional Planning Commissions

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

(See above organizations)

Industry and Business

Water is a crucial component to the processes of many of Wisconsin's businesses and industry. In the past, businesses and industries have been blamed for many of Wisconsin's water pollutants. With regulations and pollution prevention efforts, companies are implementing innovative approaches to environmental protection. Many Wisconsin businesses are trying new manufacturing processes to produce products with less waste, improve operations to decrease chances of spills or accidents, and employees are being trained in pollution and waste prevention practices. Increasingly, we are seeing more partnerships between businesses and environmental organizations working towards the same goals.

EE News; Business/Environmental Education Partnerships Issue

Vol. 12, No. 1. DNR Bureau of Communication and Education, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-6790.

Wisconsin Manufacturers and Commerce

A speaker's Bureau on Business and the Environment with subjects such as: Wisconsin Industry and Environmental Choices, Business Environmental Success Stories, Beneficial Reuse, Pollution Prevention, among others (several topics are in development). Contact Wisconsin Environmental Working Group, PO Box 352, Madison, WI 53401-0352. 608/258-3401, ext. 3061.

See "Pollution Prevention" section for more information

Statewide Organizations

DNR Bureau of Cooperative Environmental Assistance

PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-9700: Fax: 608/267-0496.

Federation of Environmental Toxicologists Dedicated to pollution prevention and economic growth. 414/251-8163.

A Speakers Bureau on Business and the Environment

Wisconsin Environmental Working Group, PO Box 352, Madison, WI 53401-0352. 608/258-3401. ext. 3061.

Regional Organizations

DNR Regional and GMU Offices
See Organizations section for regional offices

Local Businesses

See local phone book for industries and businesses

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

(See local phone book for industries and businesses)

Local Industries

May offer tours

Power Companies (Wisconsin Power and Light, Wisconsin Public Service)

A Speakers Bureau on Business and the Environment

See above description of Wisconsin Manufacturers and Commerce

Lifestyle and Water Conservation

About 78% of water used in a typical home is used in flushing toilets, washing hands, and bathing. Household leaks waste about 20%-35% of water withdrawn from public supplies. Because water costs so little and few incentives are provided for water conservation efforts, home water conservation is not taken very seriously. Since 1950, total water withdrawal has more than doubled in the United States. Each person in the U.S. uses about 100 gallons of water a day. An estimated 30%-50% of the water used in the United States is unnecessarily wasted. Of the world's population, 40% live in areas that have serious droughts and 1.5 billion people do not have a safe supply of drinking water. It is easy to take our plentiful water sources for granted in Wisconsin.

Also refer to the resources in the "Rural and Residential Homeowners" section. In addition to the resources listed below, there are a number of excellent national materials listed in the "References" section of activities in the *Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide* which address water conservation in the home.

Save Wisconsin's Water

Booklet of water-saving ideas to help save water, energy, and money in the home. Water-saving devices and appliances are discussed. Year-round reference for water conservation in the home. DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-7694. Publications #PUBL-WR-065 92rev.

Water Activities to Encourage Responsibility

Classroom activities covering concepts of water supply, geology, pollution, water-related careers, and more. DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-7694.
Publication # PUBL-WR-324-93. 46 pp.

Statewide Organizations

(See *Organizations* section for organization descriptions)

Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center CNR, UWSP, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-4270.

DNR Bureau of Watershed Management PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-7694.

UWEX-Environmental Resources Center UWEX-ERC, 216 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Dr., Madison, WI 53706. 608/262-3799.

Regional Organizations

(See *Organizations* section for county and regional contacts)

DNR Regional and GMU Offices

Priority Watershed Programs

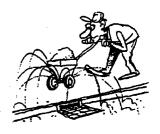
County your county Land Conservation
Department, UW-Cooperative Extension, DNR
office, or the DNR and UWEX Web Sites:
DNR:

http://www.dnr.state.wi.us/eq/wq/nps/index.htm UWEX: http://www.uwex.edu/waterres

UWEX Basin Educators
See Organizations section for contacts

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

DNR Regional and GMU Offices
See Organizations section for contacts



Mining

Mining has become a very controversial issue in Wisconsin. With much of northern Wisconsin containing valuable minerals such as copper, zinc, lead, gold, and silver many mining companies seek to do business in the state. Although mining could bring income to northern communities for a number of years, there are concerns about the potential impacts of mining on water resources and the people dependent on the health of those waters. As with all natural resource concerns, we must understand all sides of the issue if we are to make wise decisions.

Crandon Mining Company's Summary Report: A Project Description and Environmental Baseline Data

May 1995. Contact DNR or Crandon Mining Company, 7 N. Brown St., 3rd Floor Rhinelander, WI 54501-3161. 715/365-1450.

Mining Information Fact Sheets available from Wisconsin DNR including:

- Local Decisions in Mining Projects
- Protecting Groundwater at Mining Sites
- The Cumulative Impacts of Mining Development in Northern Wisconsin
- · How a Mine is Permitted
- Potential Mining Development in Northern Wisconsin
- Wisconsin's Net Process Tax on mining and Distribution of Funds to Municipalities

To order, contact Wisconsin DNR, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-3524.

Public Concerns Regarding the Proposed Crandon Mine Discharge in to the Wisconsin River

Summary Report of public comments and questions from a public hearing held in Tomahawk in May 1996. Wisconsin DNR, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-3524.

Sulfide Mining - Mole Lake

Mole Lake Band, Sokaogon Chippewa Tribal Center, Route 1, Box 625, Crandon, WI 54520. 715/478-2604.

Sulfide Mining: The Process & the Price: A Tribal & Ecological Perspective

1996. Masinaigan Supplement. Great Lakes Indian Fish and Wildlife Commission, PO Box 9, Odanah, WI 54861. 715/682-6619.

Statewide Organizations

Crandon Mining Company

7 N. Brown St., 3rd Floor, Rhinelander, WI 54501-3161. 715/365-1450.

DNR Mining Project Managers 608/266-3524

Mining Impact Coalition

3918 Paunack Ave., Madison, WI 53711. 608/233-8455. email: goblinfern@aol.com Home Page:

http://www.earthwins.com/micwinc.html

Wisconsin Resources Protection Council 210 Avon Street #4, LaCrosse, WI 54603. 608/784-4399 or 6824 Hwy. 8 West, Rhinelander, WI 54501.

Regional Organizations

(See your local white pages and Chamber of Commerce for county offices and local organizations)

County Planning and Zoning offices

Local Environmental Organizations

Local Mining Companies

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

Crandon Mining Company See above

Mining Impact Coalition See above

Mining Museum

Guided tours of an 1845 lead mine. 405 E. Main, PO Box 252, Platteville, WI 53818. 608/348-3301.

Rural and Residential Homeowners

It is surprising how much of an impact we can have on the environment by the small-scale choices we make about how we manage our personal properties. The sheer number of Wisconsin residents (over 5 million) when added together can greatly affect the state's waterways. The minor changes we make to our own lawn care, for example, can have noticeable effects on the health of local waters.

Better Homes and Groundwater

A 15-page homeowner's guide to groundwatersafe maintenance of lawns, gardens, workshops, garages and septic systems, plus disposal alternatives for household hazardous wastes. DNR Bureau of Drinking Water and Groundwater, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-0821. Publication # PUBL-WR-386-95 WR.

Better Homes and Gutters

Dane County Lakes and Watershed Commission, 210 Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd., Rm. 421 City/County Bldg., Madison, WI 53709. 608/266-2626.

Home Water Safety Education Packet Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346.

Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

House Builders Guide to Protect Water Resources

Contact county Land Conservation Department (see *Organizations* section) or county Planning and Zoning Office (see local white pages under county offices).

Life on the Edge

A 110-page illustrated guide which includes information on buying waterfront property, landscape practices to protect water quality, how to manage unwanted aquatic plants, how to limit shoreline erosion, and conflicts with the

living things that share your property. Also includes information on laws that affect waterfront residents. Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, UW-Extension, CNR, UWSP, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-2116.

Rural Conservation Practices for Cleaner Water 1994. Fact Sheet. Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346. Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Shorelandscaping

Offers tips to help in landscaping shoreline property in an environmentally sensitive manner. Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, UWEX-CNR, UWSP, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-2116; Fax: 715/346-4038.

Shoreline Development and Aesthetic Issues

Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346.

Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

A Tale of One City

1990. DNR publication about a community searching for solutions to an urban nonpoint source pollution problem where community members learn how to make decisions to help solve this problem. *Wisconsin Natural Resources* magazine supplement. Contact DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-7694. Publication #WR-257 90.

Yard Care and the Environment Series

Series of fact sheets available from UW-Extension, Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346.

Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html The series includes the following:

· Beneficial Landscape Practices

Successful landscaping can prevent pollutants from being washed off your yard and into lakes and streams. Practices are suggested for healthier plants and improved water quality. (GWQ008) free

- Erosion Control for Home Builders (GWQ001) free
- Lawn and Garden Fertilizers (GWQ002)
- Lawn and Garden Pesticides (GWQ011)
- Lawn Watering
 Offers ways to save water while producing healthy, attractive lawns. (GWQ012) free
- Lawn Weed Control
 Explains targeted weed control methods that
 reduce the use of herbicides. (GWQ013) free
- Pet Waste and Water Quality
 Offers alternatives to improper disposal of pet waste, which can affect water quality and human health. (GWQ006)
- Practical Tips for Home and Yard Suggests ways to protect water quality. (GWQ007) free
- Rethinking Yard Care
 Discusses a new approach to yard care that
 protects human health and environmental
 quality. (GWQ009)
- Shoreline Plants and Landscaping
 Describes options for shoreline landscaping
 that protect water quality. (GWQ014)
- * Other brochures are also available by request from UW-Extension Publications.

Statewide Organizations

(See *Organizations* section for organization descriptions, addresses, and numbers)

DNR Bureaus

- Drinking Water and Groundwater. 608/266-0821
- Watershed Management. 608/267-7694.

UWEX Environmental Resources Center

Regional Organizations

(See *Organizations* section for organization descriptions, addresses, and numbers)

Land Conservation Department

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

(See *Organizations* section for organization descriptions, addresses, and numbers)

Local Nature Centers

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices

Watersheds

A watershed is the area of land that drains into a specific body of water. For example, the Mississippi River watershed includes all of the land where its surface water (streams, rivers, stormwater runoff, etc.) and groundwater (not always the same area) flow into the Mississippi River. Watersheds directly connect people through waterways. Someone living at the source of a river can affect the water quality for those living downstream. Watershed awareness and management has become a movement around the world to refocus the way we look at and treat our landscape. The Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources and University of Wisconsin-Extension have reorganized many of their offices to coincide with the major watersheds of Wisconsin. The reason behind this reorganization is to integrate the natural resources managers at a watershed level to work together on management issues and strategies specific to the state's major watersheds.

Basin Water Quality Management Plan Every river basin has a new plan developed every five years with details about the water quality issues and management strategies for that basin. Contact DNR Regional Offices (see Organizations section for regional offices).

Caring for our Lakes: A Curriculum on the Yahara Watershed

Curriculum Guide and activities for teaching about the Yahara Watershed. University of Wisconsin-Madison, Water Resources Management, Institute for Environmental Studies, 550 N. Park St., Rm.15 Science Hall, Madison, Wisconsin 53706. 608/263-3064.

Hydrologic Unit Maps

Maps of the 12 major water basins in Wisconsin. Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey, Map and Publication Sales office (MAPS), 3817 Mineral Point Rd., Madison, WI 53705. 608/263-7389.

Keeping Current

Statewide newsletter of the priority watershed program. DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, Nonpoint Source Section, 101 S. Webster St., Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-0140; Fax: 608/267-2800.

Map of Priority Watershed Projects in Wisconsin DNR Bureau of Watershed Management at 608/266-0140.

Priority Watershed Program Publications
Educational publications developed for the
priority watershed programs. Examples include:
Pet Waste and Water Quality, Rural
Conservation Practices for Cleaner Water, Yard
Care and the Environment Series of fact sheets
such as Beneficial Landscape Practices, Lawn
Weed Control, etc. County UW-Extension offices
or Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W.
Mifflin St., Madison, WI 53703. 608/262-3346.
Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Priority Watershed Project Plans

Strategic plans for the Wisconsin watershed projects. Contact your county Land Conservation Department, UW-Cooperative Extension office, DNR Regional or GMU office, or the DNR and UW-Extension Home Pages: DNR:

http://www.dnr.state.wi.us/eq/wq/nps/index.htm UWEX: http://www.uwex.edu/waterres

Priority Watershed Reports

These reports involve both stream and lake projects and offer background information and project status reports at the local level. Contact UW-Extension Basin Educators (see *Organizations* section) or Publications staff, Environmental Resource Center, 216 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Dr., Madison, WI 53706. 608/262-1369; Fax: 608/262-2031.

Sourcebook for Watershed Education

Provides detailed guidelines for the development of watershed-wide education programs focusing on program goals, funding, and school/community partnerships. It contains a rich set of interdisciplinary classroom activities and outlines GREEN's educational philosophy. GREEN, 206 S. 5th Ave., Suite 150, Ann Arbor, MI 48104. 313/761-8142; Fax: 313/761-4951. \$29.95. Home Page: http://www.econet.org/green

Watershed in a Box

Demonstration model to explore what happens to a rural watershed as it becomes urbanized. UW-Extension, Western Basin Educator, Geology Dept., UWEC, Eau Claire, WI 54702. 715/836-5513; Fax: 715/836-2380. email: strussr@uwec.edu

What is a Watershed?

Fact sheet about watersheds. DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, 101 S. Webster St., Madison, WI 53707, 608/266-0140; Fax: 608/267-2800 or Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, UWEX-CNR, UWSP, Stevens Point, WI 54481. 715/346-2116.

Publication #PUBL-WR-174-87.

Statewide Organizations

(See *Organizations* section for organization descriptions, addresses and numbers)

DNR Nonpoint Source Program, Education Coordinator

Bureau of Watershed Management, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-0140.

UW-Extension, Environmental Resources Center

UWEX-ERC, 216 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Dr., Madison, WI 53706. 608/262-1369; Fax: 608/262-2031.

Regional Organizations

(See *Organizations* section for organization descriptions, addresses and numbers)

DNR Regional and GMU Offices

Land Conservation Department County Offices

Natural Resources Conservation Service Field Offices

Priority Watershed Projects

Contact your county Land Conservation Department, UWEX Cooperative Extension Office, DNR office, or the DNR and UWEX Web Sites:

DNR:

http://www.dnr.state.wi.us/eq/wq/nps/index.htm UWEX: http://www.uwex.edu/waterres

UW-Extension

- · Basin Educators
- Cooperative Extension County Offices
- Watershed Educators

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

(See *Organizations* section for organization descriptions, addresses and numbers)

Land Conservation Department County Offices

Priority Watershed Projects (see above)

UW-Extension Cooperative Extension County Offices

Home Page Sites

Watershed Education Resources on the Internet Includes river publications and water education links.

http://www/igc.apc.org/green/resources.html

Wetlands

Wisconsin's more than 5.3 million acres of wetlands play a vital role by providing important habitat and breeding grounds for a variety of species. These wetlands act as filters and can help clean polluted waters. They can also protect soil from getting washed into waterways, which then cause erosion and sedimentation problems. About 50% of Wisconsin's wetlands have been drained, filled, or otherwise lost to make way for homes, roads, industries, and farms. It is important for us to gain a better understanding of wetlands in order to appreciate their functions and discover ways to protect these rich resources.

DNR Fact Sheets

Fact sheets about wetland species. DNR Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat Protection or Bureau of Wildlife Management, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/266-1877 or your nearest DNR office. See Organizations section for DNR regional offices.

Enviroscape Wetlands Model

Model demonstrates the basic functions and values of wetlands and how different human activities affect wetlands. UWEX Basin Educator, 608/265-3257.

An Introduction to Wisconsin Wetlands

Discusses the basic characteristics and types of Wisconsin wetlands, their statewide distribution, vegetation, hydrology, and soils. Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey, Map and Publication Sales, 3817 Mineral Point Rd., Madison, WI 53705. 608/263-7389. 19 pp.

A User's Guide to the Wisconsin Wetland Inventory

DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/267-7694. Publication #PUBL-WZ-022.

Wetland Functional Values Inventory

Four-page fact sheet that explains the types and values of wetlands. DNR Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat Protection: Lakes and Wetlands Section, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/266-1877. Publication #PUBL-WZ-026 93.

Wetland Investigation Kit

Assorted guides, videos, and equipment available for loan from Western Water Education Resource Center, Beaver Creek Reserve, Route 2, Box 92, Fall Creek, WI 54742. 715/877-2212.

Wetland Tool Kit

Information and activities about wetlands that includes WULP curriculum (see below), 10 min. introductory video about Wisconsin wetlands, list of contacts in the Wisconsin and Lake Michigan area, bibliography, list of wetlands to visit in SE Wisconsin, and a collection of Wisconsin wetlands information. The League of Women Voters-Education Fund, 1126 S. 70th St., Suite S413A, West Allis, WI 53214, Attn: Wetland Tool Kit. 414/475-2100.

Wetland Trunk

These K-12, educational trunks contain a wide range of wetlands teaching materials including: trunk-specific curriculum, posters, videos, coloring pages, games, brochures, and other props. The trunks can be borrowed from nearly all U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, National Wildlife Refuge Offices. See *Organizations* section for addresses and phone numbers.

Wetland Understanding Leading to Protection (WULP)

A sixteen-activity unit taught over 2-3 weeks with a multidisciplinary approach. The unit includes: wetland basics, types of wetlands, biodiversity, attitudes and values towards wetlands, laws at the state and federal level which help preserve wetlands, and action projects to protect wetlands. Contact the Outdoor Skills Center, PO Box 84, Plymouth, WI 53073. 920/893-5210.

Wetlands, Wonderlands

Full color supplement to Wisconsin Natural Resources Magazine. The supplement includes a poster of wetland wildlife-watching highlights throughout the year. DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-7694. 16 pp.

Statewide Organizations

(See *Organizations* section for addresses and phone numbers)

Army Corps of Engineers

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, St. Paul District, Army Corps of Engineers Centre, 190 Fifth Street East, St. Paul, MN 55101-1638. 612/290-5375; Fax: 612/260-5330.

Department of Transportation, Bureau of the Environment

Wetlands protection and mitigation laws. 4802 Sheboygan Ave., Madison, WI 53702. 608/266-3761.

DNR Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat Protection: Lakes and Wetlands Section Wetlands protection laws, etc, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-1877.

EPA Region V, Wetlands Office

Publications and expertise regarding wetlands protection. U.S Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Public Affairs-Region V, 77 W. Jackson St., Chicago, IL 60604. 800/621-8431.

National Wildlife Federation

Citizens guide to wetlands protection that has a thorough description of the wetland laws. 8925 Leesburg Pike, Vienna, VA 22184. 703/790-4000

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Wisconsin Waterfowl Association

Provides funding for wetlands protection efforts. Contact PO Box 792, Waukesha, WI 53187-0792. 414/524-8460.

Wisconsin Wetlands Association

Education and advocacy group committed to the protection of Wisconsin's wetlands. The Association offers a newsletter, field trips, workshops, a slide show on Wisconsin wetlands, and database of educational resources and contacts. Contact 222 S. Hamilton St., Suite 1, Madison, WI 53703. 608/250-9971.

Regional Organizations

DNR Regional and GMU Offices

See Organizations section for regional offices

Ducks Unlimited

A national organization with state and local chapters devoted to wetland restoration and protection projects. Contact the State Chairman, Bruce Deadman, for local contacts. 421 Oak Ridge Dr., Oneida, WI 54155. 414/865-7995.

Izaak Walton League

A national organization with state and local chapters focused on the conservation of aquatic environments. Lake Emily Park Ranger, 3961 Park Dr., Amherst Junction, WI 54407. 715/824-3175.

Local Hunting/Fishing Clubs

See your local white pages

Local Parks and Nature Centers

Directory of Environmental Education centers and nature centers provides information about local nature centers with marshes and other waterways to visit. The Directory is available through DNR Bureau of Communication and Education, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. 608/266-6790.

Publication #PUBL-HVW-085-92REV.

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices See Organizations section for county offices.

Field Trip & Presentation Contacts

(See *Organizations* section for addresses and numbers)

DNR Regional and GMU Offices

Local Parks and Nature Centers See above

Outdoor Skills Center

Non-profit organization offers teacher training programs with WULP wetlands materials (see above) including Hands-on Wetlands Education for Teachers (HAWET), a two-day wetland field experience. See "WULP" above for address.

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices See Organizations section for county offices

Home Page Sites

Wetlands International

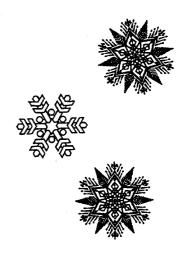
http://ngo.asiapac.net/wetlands

WETNET: The Wetlands Network.

Offers a wide variety of wetlands information and resources. http://www.wetlands.ca

Music

Ken Londquist. PO Box 3411, Madison, WI 53704. 608/249-7714.



"A small body of water, its back against the earth, trains its vision heavenward.

We look into water and see the color of sky, the shape of clouds, the heat of the sun.

At night we bathe our hands in stars, lift a languid yellow moon to our lips for sustenance. We will return again. Into water."

- Norbert Blei

Organizations

Part 1

This section includes the following types of organizations and their water related activities:

- Wisconsin State Government Organizations
- Wisconsin Water-Related Organizations
- · Federal Agencies in Wisconsin
- National and International Water-Related Organizations
- · Computer Networking Sites
- · Great Lakes Organizations



Part 2

This section includes local and regional organizations located within the three major Wisconsin watersheds:

- · Lake Michigan
- · Lake Superior
- · Mississippi River

Maps are included to delineate each watershed section.

Part 3

This section includes the county, regional, and watershed offices for the following state and federal organizations:

- County Offices
- Land Conservation Department County Offices
- Natural Resources and Conservation Service County and Field Offices
- Priority Watershed Educators and Projects
- · Regional Planning Commissions
- UW-Extension Cooperative Extension District and County Offices
- Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources Regional and Geographic Management Unit (GMU) Offices

Part 1

Statewide Government Organizations

Department of Administration

101 E. Wilson St. P.O. Box 7868 Madison, WI 53707-7868 608/266-2309

Wisconsin Acid Deposition Council 608/266-7375

Wisconsin Coastal Management Program 608/266-3687; Fax: 608/267-6931

Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection

Agricultural Resource Management (ARM) Division P.O. Box 8911 Madison, WI 53708-8911 608/224-4500

Bureau of Agrichemical Management

- · Regulates pesticide use
- Regulates the bulk storage of fertilizers, pesticides, and the use of pesticides
- Conducts pesticide and groundwater studies, testing programs, and information campaigns
- Offers pesticide applicator certification
- Implements the agricultural clean sweep and chemical cleanup program

Bureau of Land & Water Resources

- Develops soil and water resource managment programs
- Encourages farmland preservation
- Works to develop sustainable agriculture programs
- · Writes agricultural impact statements
- · Reviews plat maps

Department of Commerce

Division of Safety and Buildings P.O. Box 7969 Madison, WI 53707-6979 608/266-3151

Home Page: http://badger.state.wi.us/agencies/ commerce

- Regulates privately owned waste treatment systems
- Reviews home water treatment devices

Division of Environmental and Regulatory Services

P.O. Box 7969 Madison, WI 53707-6979 608/264-6152

Regulates installation and operation of petroleum storage tanks

Department of Health and Family Services

Bureau of Public Health 1414 East Washington Ave. Madison, WI 53702 608/266-6844

Home Page: http://www.dhfs.state.wi.us

- Provides series of fact sheets about water-related health concerns
- Investigates health effects from contamination incidents
- Recommends enforcement standards for substances in groundwater related to health concerns
- Answers health-related questions related to groundwater contamination



Department of Natural Resources (DNR)

Write to any of the following DNR Bureaus at: P.O. Box 7921

Madison, WI 53707-7921

in the future.

Information Center: 608/266-2621 Home Page: http://www.dnr.state.wi.us

- The mission of the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) includes the protection of our natural resources--air, land, water, wildlife, fish, and forests-for all the citizens of the state, now and
- A variety of programs have been developed within the DNR to protect the natural waters of the state. These programs address many of the threats facing our lakes, rivers, groundwarer, and streams, and have firmly established Wisconsin as a leader in the protection of water resources.

To order documents from the DNR, contact the bureaus listed below or complete and mail the form at the end of this *Supplement*:

Bureau of Air Management 608/266-7718

Bureau of Communication and Education 608/266-6790

Bureau of Community Financial Assistance 608/266-7555

Bureau of Cooperative Environmental Assistance 608/267-9700

Bureau of Drinking Water and Groundwater 608/266-0821

Bureau of Endangered Resources

608/266-7012

Bureau of Facilities and Lands

608/ 266-0823

Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat

Protection

608/266-1877

Bureau of Forestry

608/267-7494

Bureau of Human Resources

608/267-7428

Bureau of Integrated Science Services

608/266-4359

Bureau of Law Enforcement

608/266 2141

Bureau of Waste Management

608/266-2111

Bureau of Watershed Management 608/267-7694 Bureau of Wildlife Management 608/266-1877

Bureau of Air Management

608/266-7718

Home Page:

http://www.dnr.state.wi.us/eq/air/airmat/index.htm

- Works with industries and citizens on air pollution and emissions regulations and prevention programs
- Produces acid rain-related publications

Bureau of Communication and Education 608/266-6790

The Bureau of Communication and Education provides:

- · Public information activities
- School curriculum development materials for environmental education
- · Educational materials
- Project WILD (Wildlife in Learning Design)
- Project Learning Tree (Forestry and environmental education)
- · Recycling education programs

EE News

608/267-5239; Fax: 608/264-6293

- Quarterly environmental education newsletter for Wisconsin
- Home page for newsletter with "EEK!" (Environmental Education for Kids!) home page: http://www.dnr.state.wi.us/eek

Wisconsin Natural Resources Magazine 800/678-9472

E-mail: sperld@dnr.state.wi.us

Home Page: http://www.wnrmag.com

- A bi-monthly magazine providing general information on the natural resources of Wisconsin. To order back copies, call the circulation manager, 608/267-7410.
- The magazine articles from 1977present are listed on the home page

Bureau of Cooperative Environmental Assistance

608/267-9700

• Develops and supports waste minimization and pollution prevention programs

Wisconsin's Pollution Prevention Information Clearinghouse 608/267-9700

Home Page: http://epic.er.doe.gov/epic

 Distributes resources and numerous publications to industries to assist them in reducing their pollutants

Bureau of Drinking Water and Groundwater

608/266-0821

Home Page: http://www.dnr.state.wi.us/eq/wq/dw/index.htm

The Bureau of Drinking Water and Groundwater conducts:

- Groundwater monitoring and coordination with other groundwater programs
- · Wellhead protection
- Basin groundwater quality appraisals
- Setting and enforcing public and private drinking water standards
- Water supply monitoring
- Safe Drinking Water Act implementation

Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat Protection

608/266-1877

- · Conducts fisheries ecology research
- Develops fisheries and habitat management and restoration programs

Angler Education Program 608/266-2272

- This program is designed to educate participants in aquatic ecology and resource stewardship as well as the secrets of fishing! The Junior Angler Program is designed for youth ages 8-11.
- Offers Master Angler Program (for anyone over 12)
- Angler Education Instructor workshops are available for those interested in volunteering to teach others.

Fisheries and Aquatic Resources Section 608/266-2176

Lakes and Wetlands Section 608/266-0502

- · Wisconsin Lakes Partnership
- · Offers lake planning and protection grants

Monitoring Section 608/266-0832

Rivers and Regulations Section 608/264-8554

Bureau of Forestry

608/267-7494

Home Page: http://www.dnr.state.wi.us/forwild/ forestry

Bureau of Integrated Science Services 608/266-4359

Conducts:

- Ecological research
- Environmental restoration
- Mining review

Bureau of Law Enforcement

608/266-2141

- Offers boating safety courses
- · Conducts environmental enforcement

Bureau of Remediation and Redevelopment

608/266-2111

- · Coordinates state Superfund program
- Oversees clean up of leaking underground storage tanks
- · Spill response

Bureau of Waste Management

608/266-2111

Regulates:

- Municipal and industrial wastewater systems
- · Large scale on-site waste disposal systems
- Septic and animal waste disposal
- · Operating and abandoned landfills
- · Hazardous waste disposal

Bureau of Watershed Management 608/267-7694

- Conducts water quality planning and education
- Administers Nonpoint Source Program
- · Regulates wastewater management

Floodplain/Shoreland Management Section 608/266-1926

Great Lakes and Watershed Planning 608/266-1956

 Develops Remedial Action Programs for Great Lakes and some rivers

Point Source Technical Evaluation Section 608/266-2666

Runoff Management Practices Section 608/266-9254

Self-Help Lake Monitoring Program 608/266-8117

 This Wisconsin DNR program trains volunteer lake monitors and coordinates volunteer monitoring efforts on Wisconsin's lakes.

Surface Water Quality Standards Section 608/266-0156

Water Action Volunteers (WAV) 608/264-8948

- Encourages citizens to participate in stream or river stewardship projects
- Provides guidance and resources to groups that are interested in stewardship projects
- Works to link citizens with water resources and encourages networking among stream and river projects statewide
- The Water Action Volunteers packet provides a series of eight introductory hands-on stream and river action activities

Water Quality Modeling Section 608/266-0155

Bureau of Wildlife Management 608/266-1877

Conducts wildlife ecology and wildlife health research

DNR Geographic Management Unit Offices (GMU)

The Department of Natural Resources is in the process of reorganizing their offices and staff. One of the outcomes of these changes is the creation of the Geographic Management Unit Offices (GMUs). The GMUs will work towards the protection of the 22 major water basins or watersheds in the state (see map on next page).

DNR Publications

2421 Darwin Road Madison, WI 53704 Please contact the individual bureaus first to order publications

DNR Regional Offices

Refer to map on next page for region locations

Northeast Region

1125 N. Military Avenue Green Bay, WI 54307 920/492-5800

Northern Region Offices

107 Sutliff Ave. Box 818 Rhinelander, WI 54501 715/362-7616

810 W. Maple Box 309 Spooner, WI 54801 715/635-2101

South Central Region

3911 Fish Hatchery Road Fitchburg, WI 53711 608/275-3266

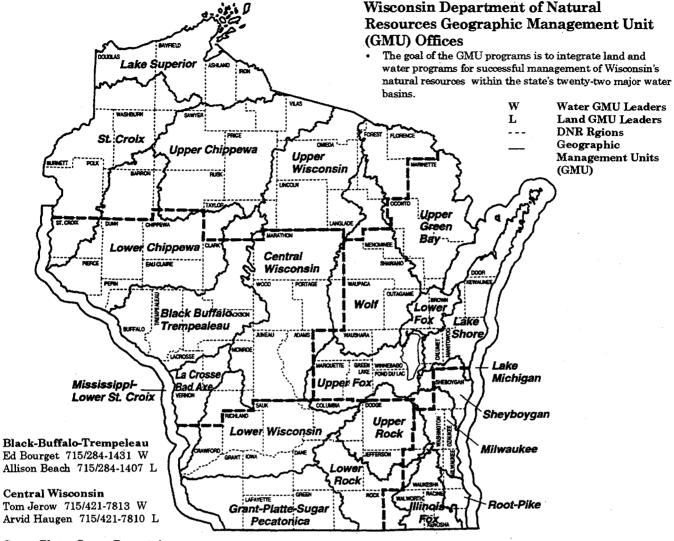
Southeast Region

2300 N. Martin Luther King, Jr. Dr. Box 12436 Milwaukee, WI 53212 414/263-8500

West Central Region

1300 Clairemont Ave. P.O. Box 4001 Eau Claire, WI 54702 715/839-3700





Grant-Platte-Sugar-Pecatonica Robert Hansis 608/275-3304 W Carl Batha 608/275-3248 L

Illinois-Fox Greg Pilarski 414/229-0866 W

La Crosse-Bad Axe Craig Thompson 608/785-9014 W

Lake Shore Ron Fassbender 920/746-2875 W Arnie Lindauer 920/746-2867 L

Lake Superior Ted Smith 715/635-4071 W Bob Gothblad 715/635-4056 L

Lower Chippewa John Paddock 715/839-3727 W Bob Michelson 715/839-3736 L

Lower Fox Robert Behrens 920/492-5872 W Arnie Lindauer 920/746-2867 L Lower Rock Ken Johnson 608/275-3243 W Susan Oshman 608/275-3250 L

Lower Wisconsin Tom Bainbridge 608/275-3279 W

Milwaukee Sharon Gayan 414/263-8707 W Frank Trcka 414/263-8615 L

Mississippi-Lower St. Croix Terry Moe 608/785-9004 W

Root-Pike Mike Luba 414/263-8694 W

Sheboygan Chip Krohn 414/229-0862 W Frank Trcka 414/263-8615 L

St. Croix John Gozdzialski 715/635-4055 W B. Moss 715/635-4154 L Upper Chippewa Bruce Swanson W Connie Antonuk 715/762-4684 x122 L

Upper Fox Rob McLennan 920 or 414/492-5906 W Cheryl Rezabek 920 or 414/424-4003 L

Upper Green Bay Doug Rossberg 715/582-5022 W Joseph Haug 715/582-5025 L

Upper Rock Jim Congdon 414/387-7872 W Tim Galvin 414/387-7875 L

Upper Wisconsin Tom Bashaw 715/365-8973 W

WolfDan Helf 920 or 414/492-5841

Department of Public Instruction

P.O. Box 7841 Madison, WI 53707 608/266-3390

Home Page: http://badger.state. wi.us/agencies/dpi/index.html

- · Assists in environmental education curriculum development
- · New standards are being developed for all subject areas
- Performance tests and evaluative methods may be requested from DPI

Publication Sales 125 S. Webster St. P.O. Box 7841 Madison, WI 53707-7841 800/243-8782

Department of Tourism

201 W. Washington, 2nd Fl., P.O. Box 7976, Madison, WI 53707-7976. 608/266-7621, 800/432-TRIP

· Provides state travel information and maps

Department Of Transportation

4802 Sheboygan Avenue Madison, WI 53702

Public Affairs Office: 608/266-3581

Bureau of the Environment: 608/266-3761 Home Page: http://www.dot.state.wi.us Involved with wetland mitigation projects

- Implements erosion protection practices

University of Wisconsin System

University of Wisconsin-Extension

Extension Building 432 N. Lake St.

Madison, WI 53706-1498

Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu The home page provides a list of all

- **UW-Extension** personnel
- · "Infosource" home page provides answers to commonly asked questions



UW-Extension:

- Provides educational and informational assistance to citizens on a broad variety of topics related to water.
- County extension specialists work with local citizens on community development projects through the following programs: Agriculture/Agri-business, Community, Natural Resource and Economic Development, 4-H/Youth Development, and Family Living Education.
- State-level Extension specialists develop educational materials and distribute them through county Extension offices.

Contact your district or county Extension office for information on local water quality protection and educational efforts. To determine which district you are located in, refer to the "Cooperative Extension Districts" map below.

Basin Educators

UW-Extension will create six-eight basin educator positions throughout Wisconsin by Spring 1998. The Basin Educators will work within one or more watersheds to develop basinwide water quality education strategies that address priorities identified by local teams while facilitating team building. Contact your nearest UW-Extension Cooperative Extension district. county office, or the Water Resources Programs office for further information.

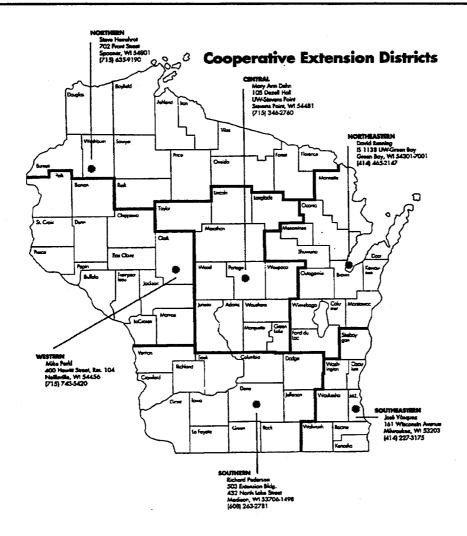
Cooperative Extension County Offices See county offices list in Part 3 of this "Organizations" section.

Cooperative Extension Districts Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces.index.html

Cooperative Extension Media Collection Office

P.O. Box 2093 45 North Charter Street, Rm. 21 Madison, WI 53715 608/262-3514 or 800/353-3514

Audio-visual materials available for UW-Extension offices to borrow for educational purposes



Cooperative Extension Publications

630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170 Madison, WI 53703

608/262-3346; Fax: 608/265-8052

Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

• To order any UW-Extension publications or request a catalog, contact this office or complete and mail the order form at the end of this Wisconsin Supplement.

Current Water Educators

(May change after Jan. 1998)

Northeast Area CES 317, UW-Green Bay Green Bay, WI 54302 920/465-2240; Fax: 920/465-2376 Southeast Area
State Fair Youth Center
640 South 84th St.
Milwaukee, WI 53214-1438
414/290-2400; Fax: 414/290-2424
Water Educators
414/290-2430 & 414/290-2431

Southern Area UWEX-ERC 216 Agriculture Hall 1450 Linden Dr. Madison, WI 53706 608/265-3257; Fax: 608/262-2031

Western Area Phillips Hall, Rm. 149 UW-Eau Claire Eau Claire, WI 54702 715/836-5513; Fax: 715/836-2380

Environmental Resources Center (ERC) UW-Madison

Cooperative Extension Service School of Natural Resources Room 216 Agriculture Hall 1450 Linden Drive Madison, WI 53706 608/262-1377

Home Page: http://clean_water.uwex.edu/erc.html

- Youth education programs
- · Household hazardous waste education
- Priority Watershed Program information and education
- Groundwater and drinking water education programs
- Groundwater research and demonstration projects
- Provides a variety of publications, audio-visual materials, exhibits, and models
- · Environmental issues education
- "Environment" catalogue lists adult education courses and field trips offered throughout the state

UW-River Falls

Cooperative Extension
Dept. of Plant and Earth Science
River falls, WI 54022-5001
715/425-3851; Fax: 715/425-3785

UW-Stevens Point

Cooperative Extension College of Natural Resources Stevens Point, WI 54481 715/346-3783

UW-Superior

Cooperative Extension
Dept. of Biology
McCaskill Hall
Superior, WI 54880-2898

715/39-8410; Fax: 715/394-8454

Environmental Resources Center Programs:

Educating Young People About Water 608/262-0142

Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/erc/ywc

• Series of three guides to assist organizations in developing water education programs (see *National Organizations* section for more information)

Give Water A Hand 800/WAT-ER20

Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/erc

 National water action activity guide for youth and adults (see National Organizations section for more information)

Farm*A*Syst & Home*A*Syst 608/262-3799

- The Farmstead and Homestead Assessment Programs help farmers and homeowners identify and manage potential pollution sources
- Produces fact sheets and worksheets for pollution prevention

Water Action Volunteers 608/264-8948

Home Page: http://clean_water.uwex.edu/wav

- · Water Action Volunteers Packet
- See DNR listing for more information

UW-Extension Water Resources Programs

UWEX Water Resources Education Coordinator 216C Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Drive Madison, WI 53706 608/262-1916: Fax: 608/262-2031

608/262-1916; Fax: 608/262-2031 E-mail: rshepar@facstaff.wisc.edu

Home Page: http://clean_water.uwex.edu Home Page includes:

- UW-Extension water programs
- Professional development opportunities in water quality
- Keeping Current newsletter on-line

Water Resources Programs:

- Watershed programs
- Agriculture/Urban Programs (Nutrient Pest Management, Integrated Pest Management, Farm Practices Inventory, Extension Information/Education Priority Watersheds)*
- Wisconsin Lakes Programs (Wisconsin Lakes Partnership, Adopt-A-Lake)*
- Volunteer/Teacher Programs (Project WET, Give Water A Hand, Water Action

Volunteers, Educating Young People About Water)*

 Produces Keeping Current newsletter of UW-Extension's water resources programs

*See program descriptions in this "Organizations" section

Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center

University of Wisconsin-Extension College of Natural Resources Nelson Hall UW-Stevens Point

Stevens Point, WI 54481

Stevens Point, W1 54481 715/346-4270; Fax: 715/346-2965

E-mail: cmecheni@uwsp.edu

Home Page: http://www.uwsp.edu/acad/ uwexcoop/gndwater/index.htm

- Offers drinking water and groundwater education programs
- Develops materials regarding groundwater best management practices
- Collects and analyzes groundwater resource data
- Provides educational materials and county groundwater reports
- Provides technical assistance to local governments
- · Wellhead protection programs

Farm Practices Inventory

608/262-8756

Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/ waterres/fpi/fpi.html

 The Farm Practices Inventory is a landowner survey designed to assist agency staff in determining needs and targeting educational strategies for specific groups of farmers and rural residents involved in water quality programs.

Nutrient and Pest Management Program

UW-Madison Cooperative Extension College of Agriculture and Life Sciences 1535 Observatory Dr. Madison, WI 53706 608/262-6140

Home Page: http://ipcm.wisc.edu/npm

- Promotes agriculture and manure management practices
- Staff works mostly with farmers and vocational/agriculture teachers

Agricultural nutrient and pest management publications available

Solid and Hazardous Waste Education Center (SHWEC)

UW-Madison, UW-Extension 610 Langdon St., Rm. 529 Madison, WI 53703 608/262-0385

UW-Extension Lake Management Office

Extension Lake Management Specialists
Wisconsin Lakes Partnership
College of Natural Resources
University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point
Stevens Point, WI 54481
715/346-2116: Fax: 715/346-4038

- The Wisconsin Lakes Partnership takes a
 holistic approach to lake management,
 teaming up with lake organizations, property
 owners, and local governments to conduct
 lake monitoring, aquatic plant management,
 technical assistance, information and
 education projects, demonstration projects,
 and planning grants.
- · Develops and distributes educational materials
- Provides organizational assistance to those interested in creating lake associations and lake management organizations
- Youth (K-12) educational programming through Adopt-A-Lake and Project WET

Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey

3817 Mineral Point Rd. Madison, WI 53705-5100 608/262-1705 WGNHS Map and Publication Sales (MAPS) 608/263-7389

Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/wgnhs

- Maps: Topographic and hydrologic unit (surface drainage) maps, state maps, basin maps, county maps, and more!
- Provides maps and inventory of groundwater resources and aquifer conditions
- Produces technical reports and maps related to geology, soils, and water features
- Assists regulating agencies
- Produces Wisconsin Wetlands Inventory Maps
- Monitors groundwater levels and water quality

 Provides education and public information programs related to groundwater, geology, soils, and hydrology

To order documents from the Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey, contact the MAPS office or complete and mail the form at the end of this *Wisconsin Supplement*.

University of Wisconsin-Madison

Madison, WI 53706

Home Page: http://www.wisc.edu

Center for Integrated Agricultural Services

240 Agriculture Hall

UW-Madison

Madison, WI 53706

608/262-5200

 Publishes Toward a Sustainable Agriculture: A Teacher's Guide

Center for Limnology

630 N. Park St.

Madison, WI 53706

608/262-2840

Home Page: http://www.limnosun. limnology.wisc.edu/~webadmin

 Conducts inland freshwater research including: modeling and long-term studies, Great Lakes research, and research application to resource management and environmental issues

Trout Lake Station 1081 County Hwy. N Boulder Junction, WI 54512 715/356-9494

- · Center for Limnology field station
- Limnology research projects including acid rain affects on lakes

College of Agricultural and Life Sciences

140 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Drive Madison, WI 53706

608/262-1251

Home Page: http://www.cals.wisc.edu

 Land grant college programs in agriculture, life sciences, natural resources, environmental stewardship, and rural community development

Institute for Environmental Studies

15 Science Hall, 550 North Park St. Madison, WI 53706

608/263-1796 or 265-5296

Home Page: http://gaia7.ies.wisc.edu

 Produces research, technical publications, and some educational materials on the Great Lakes, Madison-area lakes, Kickapoo River, and water management

National Institute for Science Education

UW-Madison

1025 W. Johnson St., 753 Educational Services Madison, WI 53706 608/263-9250

Home Page: http://www.wcer.wisc.edu/nise

• Conducts science and math education research and development

University of Wisconsin-Sea Grant Institute

Communications Office, Advisory Services 1800 University Avenue University of Wisconsin Madison, WI 53705-4094 608/263-3259; Fax: 608/263-2063

Home Page: http://www.seagrant.wisc.edu/

home.html

- Provides programs in living resources, biotechnology, estuarine and coastal processes, microcontaminants and water quality, aquaculture and seafood technology, new initiatives, and more
- Produces many publications related to the Great Lakes, aquatic research, and related issues
- Some K-12 teacher training is provided on the Great Lakes and related subjects (global change education, boating safety, etc.)

Great Lakes Research Facility

Education Specialist

600 E. Greenfield

Milwaukee, WI 53204-2944

414/227-3291; Fax: 414/382-1705

E-mail: jflubner@seagrant.wisc.edu Home Page: http://h2o.seagrant.wisc.edu UW-Superior Sea Grant Advisory Services Sunquist 143 Superior, WI 54880 715/394-8472

Water Quality Specialist
UW-Center, Manitowoc County
705 Viebahn St., Rm. E105
Manitowoc, WI 54220-6699
920/683-4697; Fax: 920/683-4776
E-mail: kfermani@seagrant.wisc.edu

State Laboratory of Hygiene

465 Henry Mall Madison, WI 53706 608/262-1293

Home Page: http://www.slh.wisc.edu

Conducts a broad range of water tests for agencies and individuals

Water Resources Center Library

University of Wisconsin-Madison 1975 Willow Drive Madison, WI 53706 608/262-3069; Fax: 608/262-0591 E-mail: josavoy@macc.wisc.edu E-mail reference service: AskWater@macc.wisc.edu

Home Page: http://www.library.wisc.edu/libraries/Water_Resources

- Provides primarily technical information related to water resources in Wisconsin (high school and adult education)
- · Will locate and lend resources

Water Resources Management Program

Institute for Environmental Studies 550 N. Park St., 70 Science Hall Madison, WI 53706 608/265-5296

Home Page: http://www.wisc.edu/grad/catalog/interdis/wrmp.html

- Provides water resources-related curriculum options, research, staff, and cooperating programs and centers
- Produces Caring for Our Lakes: A Curriculum on the Yahara Watershed
- Offers a professional graduate degree program in Water Resources Management

University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point

UW- Stevens Point Stevens Point, WI 54481 715/346-4242

Career Services

134 Old Main Stevens Point, WI 54481 715/346-3136 or 715/346-3226 Home Page: http://www.uwsp.edu/ stusery/career

 Provides career services and information for teachers and students

College of Natural Resources

UWSP - College of Natural Resources Stevens Point, WI 54481 715/346-4617 Home Page:

http://www.uwsp.edu/acad/cnr/cnr.htm

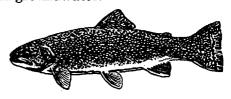
- Widely regarded as the leading undergraduate program in natural resources in the United States and the largest program in North America. The interdisciplinary education philosophy is the strength of the program.
- Offers a Water Resources major
- In cooperation with the Central Wisconsin Environmental Station, the college offers week-long summer workshops for high school students entitled "Careers in Natural Resources"

Environmental Task Force Lab

UWSP - College of Natural Resources Stevens Point, WI 54481 715/346-3209

Home Page: http://www.uwsp.edu/acad/cnr/etf/etflab.htm

 The Environmental Task Force Lab can perform a wide range of chemical analyses on a variety of environmental samples including groundwater analysis of both organic compounds (pesticides, petroleum, etc.) and inorganic compounds (nitrate, lead, etc.) that can be found in groundwater.



Groundwater Model Project

Water Resources Program UWSP - College of Natural Resources Stevens Point, WI 54481 715/346-4613

- · Groundwater Models are available for order
- · Provides groundwater research projects

Wisconsin Center for Environmental Education (WCEE)

UWSP - College of Natural Resources Stevens Point, WI 54481 715/346-4973; Fax: 715/346-3025 Resource Library Phone: 715/346-4854

E-mail: wcee@uwsp.edu

Home Page: http://www.uwsp.edu/acad/wcee

- WCEE promotes the development, dissemination, implementation, and evaluation of environmental education programs in Wisconsin.
- Provides environmental education outreach courses
- Offers an Extended Master's Degree Program for Teachers
- Hosts a High School Environmental Action Conference
- Coordinates the Wisconsin Environmental Education Network
- Provides an Environmental Education Resource Library

UW-Superior

UW-Extension, UW-Superior Department of Biology Superior, WI 54880 715/394-8410

Home Page: http://www.uwsuper.edu

- · Produces "Water Bugs" video
- Provides exotic species information and activity packet
- Offers expertise with fisheries biology, lake management, aquaculture, and youth programs

Lake Superior Research Institute

715/394-8315

Home Page: http://webnt.uwsuper.edu/news/stories/Aquatic.html

- Offers courses and field trips on Lake Superior aboard the LL Smith, Jr.
- Offers teacher training programs (includes Boundary Waters Program)

• Provides technical expertise on Lake Superior ecology

Sea Grant Advisory Services

UW-Superior Sunquist 143 Superior, WI 54880 715/394-8472

Water Watchers Program

UW-Superior McCaskill 143, 1800 Grand Superior, WI 54874 715/394-8525

 Works with students and teachers to investigate and analyze stream and lake biology to understand watersheds and the importance of protecting water resources

Wisconsin Technical College System

Educational Consultant 310 Price Place P.O. Box 7874 Madison, WI 53707 608/849-2400

Home Page: http://www.board.tec.wi.us Offers:

- · Adult education and customized training
- Pollution control and water/wastewater treatment education
- · Hazardous material handling degree programs
- Agricultural programs related to agribusiness, agriscience, farm operation, and agricultural technology

USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service

State Conservationist 6515 Watts Road, Suite 200 Madison, WI 53719-2726 608/264-5341

- Provides technical assistance for soil and water resource management
- Develops technical standards and specifications for conservation and water quality protection practices
- Develops soil-pesticide leaching and surface loss potential ratings for soil
- Provides nutrient and pest management planning

- Provides technical assistance for livestock waste management systems
- Assists in water quality planning and education
- Assists county land conservation committees in providing technical assistance to land users
- Provides training to SCS, county land conservation committees, and departments
- Provides co-leadership for USDA water quality demonstration and hydrologic unit projects with UW-Extension and other organizations
- Develops river basin and floodplain management studies
- Plans resource conservation and development (RC&D) projects
- Offers wetland protection/restoration programs

Field Offices

Contact the nearest Field Office or county Land Conservation Department for specific informtion See the county and field offices lists in Part 3 of this "Organizations" section.

United States Geological Survey

Wisconsin District 8505 Research Way Middleton, WI 53562 608/828-9901

Wisconsin Home Page: http://wwwdwim dn.er.usgs.gov

National Home Page: http://water.usgs.gov

- Provides descriptions of groundwater systems within the state
- Collects data and conducts studies regarding: groundwater quality and quantity; groundwater levels in observation wells; streamflow at gauging stations and other sites; lake and reservoir ecology; and chemical, physical, and biological characteristics of surface waters

"If you always have dry feet, you miss half the fun of life."

--Henry David Thoreau



Statewide Water-Related Organizations

Adopt-A-Lake

UWEX-CNR

University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point Stevens Point, WI 54481 715/346-3366

Home Page: http://clean_water.uwex.edu

- A project-oriented program designed to give youth and adults a better understanding of inland lakes through hands-on activities
- Provides direction and resources to teachers, youth leaders, and youth interested in "adopting" a lake in their community

Center for Integrated Agriculture Systems 608/262-5200

Citizens for a Better Environment (CBE)

152 W. Wisconsin Ave., Suite 510 Milwaukee, WI 53203 608/251-3692 or 414/271-7924;

Fax: 414/271-5904

 CBE works towards solving environmental problems through research, legislation, community organizing, legal action, and citizen empowerment.

Ducks Unlimited

Bruce Deadman, State Chairman 421 Oak Ridge Rd. Oneida, WI 54155 920/865-7995

Home Page: http://www.ducks.org

 A non-profit national organization that raises money for the restoration and preservation of wetlands

Green Wings Program
Ken and Rosalie Kerl, State Program
Coordinators
N7523 Hwy. 44
Pardeeville, WI 53954
608/429-4321

- For youth interested in learning about wetlands, waterfowl, and the environment
- Offers summer camps and field trips

Farmland Preservation

Attention: Lucy Moore P.O. Box 8906 Madison, WI 53708-8906 608/266-2442

Federation of Environmental Toxicologists Milwaukee, WI 414/251-8163

Federation of Fly Fishers

Jim Abbs, State Chapter Director 126 Nautilus Drive Madison, WI 53705 608/238-5214 or 263-5907

Home Page: http://www.fedflyfishers.org/index2.html

 International organization that works to preserve fly fishing opportunities and enhance habitats that will provide quality fishing in the future.

Gathering Waters

633 W. Main St. Madison, WI 53703 608/251-9131

- Serves as an education and technical assistance center for land trusts and landowners
- Works directly with landowners and existing land trusts statewide to preserve Wisconsin's natural heritage and rural landscape



Historical Society of Wisconsin

816 State Street Madison WI 53706 608/264-6400

Public Information Office: 608/264-6586 Home Page: http://www.shsw.wisc.edu/

- · Provides list of local historical societies
- Offers opportunities for library and archives research of North American and Wisconsin history (photo archives, civil action, labor history, and special collections)
- Provides references and suggestions for educational programs and field trips

Area Research Centers

Affiliated with State Historical Society and located at each UW Campus (See "State Libraries" listed at the end of this *State Water-Related Organizations* section)

Government documents collection available for research

Izaak Walton League

Tom Gustin, State Chapter Director Lake Emily Park Ranger 3961 Park Dr. Amherst Junction, WI 54407 715/824-3175

Home Page: http://www.iwla.org/iwla

- National organization founded in 1922 to conserve, maintain, protect, and restore the soils, forest, water, and other natural resources of the United States and other lands to promote opportunities for the education and enjoyment of the public
- State divisions and local chapters
- For Save-Our-Streams program information see Izaak Walton League listing in *National Organizations* section

The League of Women Voters

Education Fund 1126 S. 70th St., Suite S413A West Allis, WI 53214 414/475-2100

· Provides and distributes "Wetland Tool Kit"

Legislative Council

Legislative Document Room 608/266-2400

Document Sales
Post Office Box 7840
202 South Thornton Avenue
Madison WI 53707-7840
608/266-3358
or 800/DOC-SALE

Legislative Hotline 800/362-9472

Legislative Reference Library 608/266-0341

LoonWatch Program

Northland College 1411 Ellis Ave. Ashland, WI 54806 715/682-1223

Home Page: http://bobb.northland.edu/soei/LOON.HTML

 This loon conservation program provides volunteer training for Loon Rangers who protect loons and their habitat; monitor loon populations and lake quality; and educate lake users and residents.

Michael Fields Agricultural Institute

W2493 County Rd. ES
East Troy, WI 53120
414/642-3303; Fax: 414/642-4028
Home Page: http://www.steinercollege.
org/anthrop/mfai.html

- A public non-profit education and research organization committed to promoting resource-conserving, ecologically sustainable, and economically viable food and farming systems
- Provides programs in education, research, food systems, international support, and farm policy



Midwest Treaty Network

731 State Street Madison, WI 53703 608/246-2256

E-mail: igc.apc.org

Home Page: http://www.alphacdc.com/treaty

 An alliance of Indian and non-Indian community groups that supports the sovereign rights of Native American nations.

Mining Impact Coalition

3918 Pauanack Ave.
Madison, WI 53711
608/233-8455
E-mail: goblinfern@aol.com
HYPERLINK mail to: gblinfern@aol.com
Home Page: http://www.earthwins.com/
micwinc.html

National Audubon Society (local chapters)

Great Lakes Regional Office 692 N. High St., Suite 208 Columbus, Ohio 43215 614/224-3303

Home Page: http://www.audubon.org

- State and local chapters listed on home page (call the Great Lakes Office for local chapter contacts)
- Dedicated to conserve and restore natural ecosystems with an emphasis on birds and other wildlife
- Supports wetlands preservation
- Encourages conservation of marine wildlife

The Nature Conservancy

Wisconsin Chapter 633 W. Main St. Madison, WI 53703 608/251-8140; Fax: 608/251-8535 Home Page: http://www.tnc.org

- International non-profit organization dedicated to preserve plants, animals, and natural communities that represent the diversity of life on Earth by protecting the lands and water they need to survive
- · Offers volunteer stewardship programs
- Field trip opportunities to Nature Conservancy preserves
- · Wisconsin Preserves Directory available

The Northeast Wisconsin Sustainable Farm Network

9896 County Hwy. D Brussels, WI 54204 920/825-1369

Project WILD Aquatic

Project WILD Wisconsin
Wisconsin DNR Bureau of Communication and
Education
P.O. Box 7921
Madison, Wisconsin 53707
608/266-6790

 Project WILD Aquatic Activity Guide is a curriculum supplement that focuses on aquatic wildlife and is available when you participate in a Project WILD workshop.

The River Alliance of Wisconsin

122 State Street, Suite 200 Madison, WI 53703 608/257-2424; Fax: 608/251-1655 E-mail: wisrivers@igc.apc.org

 The River Alliance of Wisconsin is a non-partisan, non-profit statewide citizen advocacy organization for rivers. It is committed to building a statewide grassroots river conservation movement.

Sierra Club - Midwest Office Great Lakes Ecoregion Program

214 North Henry Street, Suite 203 Madison, WI 53703 608/257-4994; Fax: 608/257-3513

Home Page: http://www.sierraclub.org
 A non-profit, member-supported public interest organization that promotes conservation of the natural environment by influencing public policy decisions -- legislative, administrative, legal, and electoral.

Sigurd Olson Environmental Institute

Northland College 1411 Ellis Ave. Ashland, WI 54806 715/682-1223

Home Page: http://bobb.northland.edu/soei

 The Institute works with federal and state agencies, local governments, business leaders, public interest groups, and local citizens on regional issues such as water quality, protection of wildlife and their habitats, land-use and zoning issues, and sustainable economic development.

 Programs work toward a sustainable future in the Lake Superior region as an outreach arm of Northland College

Trout Unlimited

John Crane, State Chapter Director N2629 Pleasant Park Lane Waupaca, WI 54981 715/258-9173

Home Page: http://www.tu.org/trout/index.html

- Dedicated to the conservation, protection, and restoration of North America's trout and salmon fisheries in their watersheds
- Volunteer network
- Policy issues/lobbying

Water Education Resource Centers (WERCs)

- Six sites around the state provide training and equipment loans to promote water education in their area.
- Each location provides a variety of water quality monitoring equipment, curricula/activity guides, aquatic nets, stenciling kits, and training services.
- New WERC sites are being established over time, contact UW-Extension Water Educator, 608/265-3257, for further information.

Water Education Resource Center (WERC) Eau Claire Area

Beaver Creek Reserve Route 2, Box 94 Fall Creek, WI 54742 715/877-2212

Water Education Resource Center (WERC) Grant County Area

Grant County Land Conservation Department Lancaster, WI 53813 608/723-6377

· Provides equipment loans only

Water Education Resource Center (WERC) Madison Area

Coordinating Agency: Dane County UW-

Extension

1 Fen Oak Court, Rm. 138 Madison, WI 53704-8810

608/224-3718; Fax: 608/224-3745 E-mail: habecker@co.dane.wi.us

Water Education Resource Center (WERC) Milwaukee River Watershed

Riveredge Nature Center Box 26 Newburg, WI 53060 414/375-2715

Water Education Resource Center (WERC) Sheboygan Area

Maywood Environmental Park 3615 Mueller Rd. Sheboygan, WI 53083 920/459-3906

Water Education Resource Center (WERC) Stevens Point Area

Central Wisconsin Environmental Station 10186 County Rd. MM Amherst Junction, WI 54407 715/824-2428

Water Education Resource Center (WERC) Waukesha Area

Retzer Nature Center W284 S1530 Road DT Waukesha, WI 53188 414/896-8007

Water Environment Federation

State Chapter:
Max Anderson
Department of Civil Engineering
1 University Plaza
Platteville, WI 53818-3099
608/324-1543; Fax: 608/324-1566
Home Page: http://www.wef.org

- International non-profit educational and technical organization of water experts
- Members include environmental, civil, and chemical engineers; biologists; chemists; government officials; treatment plant managers and operators; laboratory

technicians; researchers; professors; students; and equipment manufacturers.

Wisconsin Academy of Science, Arts, and Letters

1922 University Avenue Madison, WI 53705

608/263-1692; Fax: 608/265-3039

Home Page: http://www.wisc.edu/wiscacad Offers the following programs and organizations:

- FIRST program: Field science research for teachers and students (Middle School/High School)
- FEST program: Hands-on science teacher education programs
- WEST: Wisconsin Elementary and (Middle School) Science Teachers organization

Wisconsin Academy Staff Development Initiative (WASDI)

See address above 608/263-1692

 Offers teacher development programs including hands-on science programs in ten different academies located around Wisconsin.

Wisconsin Association for Environmental Education

10186 County Rd. MM Amherst Junction, WI 54407 715/346-2796

- Statewide organization of environmental educators
- Offers a fall conference, winter workshop, and spring adventure
- Produces a newsletter and other educational materials

Wisconsin Association of Lakes, Inc.

P.O. Box 126 222 Nelson Hall, UWSP Stevens Point, WI 54481-0126 800/542-LAKE

- This organization, comprised of lake management organizations around Wisconsin, is dedicated to the protection and preservation of Wisconsin's inland waterways, their watersheds, and ecosystems.
- Represents member lake management organizations in state and federal policy decisions, advances aquatic education, and

strengthens leadership of local lake management organizations

Wisconsin Center for Environmental Education

UWSP - College of Natural Resources Stevens Point, WI 54481 715/346-4973; Fax: 715/346-3025

Resource Library Phone: 715/346-4854

E-mail: wcee@uwsp.edu

Home Page: http://www.uwsp.edu/acad/wcee

- Promotes the development, dissemination, implementation and evaluation of environmental education programs in Wisconsin
- Offers environmental education outreach courses
- Offers an Extended Master's Degree Program for Teachers
- Hosts the High School Environmental Action Conference
- Coordinates Wisconsin Environmental Education network
- Environmental Education Resource Library available to the public

Wisconsin Conservation Hall of Fame Foundation

Schmeeckle Reserve Visitor Center N. Point Drive Stevens Point, WI 54481 715/346-4992

- Exhibits designed to honor the leaders who created Wisconsin's great conservation legacy
- Retrospective exhibit of resource management in Wisconsin
- Public education programs

Wisconsin Earth Science Teachers Association (WEST)

See Wisconsin Academy of Science, Arts, and Letters for address and numbers

 Wisconsin Elementary and (Middle School) Science Teachers organization

Wisconsin's Environmental Decade

122 State St., Suite 200 Madison, WI 53703 608/251-1655

 Provides educational materials related to environmental quality issues

- Produces the <u>Green Thumb</u> video and information on landscaping techniques to improve water quality
- Lobbies for environmental laws and water quality issues

Wisconsin Lakes Partnership

A collaborative effort among the Wisconsin
Department of Natural Resources, the
University of Wisconsin-Extension, and
citizens represented by the Wisconsin
Association of Lakes working towards watershed restoration and lake protection

See the following individual organizations for further information:

- UW-Extension Lake Management Program, UW-Stevens Point
- DNR Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat Protection, Lakes and Wetlands Section
- Wisconsin Association of Lakes

Wisconsin Land and Water Conservation Association

608/833-1833

Wisconsin Manufacturers and Commerce

Wisconsin Environmental Working Group P.O. Box 352 Madison, WI 53401-0352

Madison, WI 53401-0352 608/258-3401, ext. 3061

• Coordinates "A Speaker's Bureau on Business and the Environment"

Wisconsin Resources Protection Council

210 Avon Street, #4 LaCrosse, WI 54603 608/784-4399

or

6824 Hwy. 8 West Rhinelander, WI 54501

Wisconsin Rural Development Center, Inc.

1406 Hwy. 18-ISE

Mount Horeb, WI 53572

608/437-5971; Fax: 608/437-5972

Wisconsin Rural Development Center

N. 2934 750th St. Hager City, WI 54014 715/792-5227

Wisconsin Rural Water Association

350 Water Way Plover, WI 54467 715/344-7778

E-mail: wrwa@coredcs.com

Home Page: http://www.nrwa.org

- Assists small municipalities with wellhead protection and public water supply protection issues
- Provides technical assistance to water and wastewater treatment operators

Wisconsin Society of Science Teachers (WSST)

University Of Wisconsin-Oshkosh Office of Science Outreach 800 Algoma Blvd. Oshkosh, WI 54901 920/424-7414; Fax: 920/424-7076

Home page: http://www.netnet.net/users/pinney/wsst/WSST.html

- Promotes, supports, and improves science education in Wisconsin by providing leadership, advocacy, and programs to enhance the teaching and learning of science
- Coordinates annual state convention and regional science forums

Wisconsin Valley Improvement Authority 2301 N. Third St.

Wausau, WI 54403 715/848-2976

 Regulates the water flow of the Wisconsin River from Lac Vieux Desert to the Eau Pleine Reservoir through dam and reservoir control

Wisconsin Wastewater Operators

W8779 Hwy. 10

Ellsworth, WI 54011

715/273-6461; Fax: 715/273-6164

Home Page: http://www.winbright.net/wwoai

 Organization that includes wastewater treatment plants and operators throughout Wisconsin

Wisconsin Water Well Association

Rod Pfeffer 6225 60th Ave. Kenosha, WI 53142 414/657-7830

 Promotes and protects Wisconsin's groundwater resources through lobbying, educational programs, and publications

Wisconsin Waterfowl Association

Chuck Sauer, Executive Director P.O. Box 792 Waukesha, WI 53187-0792 715/359-7844 or 414/524-8460

Provides funding for wetland protection efforts

Wisconsin Waterways Commission

DNR Liaison P.O. Box 7921 Madison, WI 53707-7921 608/266-5897

 Reviews and approves recreational boating projects under the Recreational Boating Facilities Program administered by the Department of Natural Resources

Wisconsin Wetlands Association

222 S. Hamilton St., Suite 1 Madison, WI 53703 608/250-9971

- Education and advocacy group committed to the protection of Wisconsin's wetlands
- Offers a newsletter, field trips, workshops, slide show on Wisconsin wetlands, and database of educational resources

On Your Own

Cooperative Education Service Agency (CESA)

CESAs can provide excellent resources, development workshops, and information to assist you in developing your water education programs. Contact your local school board or school office for information about your local CESA.

Local Nature Centers

Although there are some local nature centers listed in this "Organizations" section, there are many more centers which can provide educational programs and materials, field trip opportunities, and classroom presentations.

To find out what nature centers are near you, contact your local UWEX Cooperative Extension office, local school district, or you can order the Directory to Wisconsin's Environmental Education and Nature Centers from:

DNR Bureau of Communication and Education Box 7921

Madison, WI 53707-7921

608/266-6790

Ask for Publication

#PUBL-HVW-085-92 Rev

The following organizations may offer presentations, field trips, and information as well:

Local Environmental Groups

Local Hunting/Fishing Clubs

Local Parks - City/County/State/National Forests



State Libraries

Many state government publications are available through state reference and loan libraries. Please help conserve paper and use your library whenever possible!

Appleton Public Library Lawrence University Library UW-Center - Baraboo/Sauk County Beaver Dam Public Library Beloit College Library L.E. Phillips Memorial Library UW-Eau Claire Library Fond du Lac Public Library Brown County Public Library UW-Green Bay Library Janesville Public Library UW-Center - Rock County **UW-Parkside** Library LaCrosse Public Library **UW-LaCrosse Library** Legislative Reference Bureau Madison Public Library State Historical Society Wis. Dept. of Natural Resources Library (WDNR staff only) Manitowoc Public Library UW-Center - Marshfield Library **UW-Stout Library** Alverno College Library Milwaukee Public Library UW-Milwaukee Golda Meir Library New Berlin Public Library Oshkosh Public Library UW-Oshkosh Library **UW-Platteville** Library Portage Public Library Racine Public Library Nicolet Area Tech. College, Lake Julia Campus UW-River Falls Chalmer Davee Library UW-Center - Sheboygan Library Mead Public Library **UW-Stevens Point Library**

"We cannot live only for ourselves.

A thousand fibers connect us with
our fellow people, and among those
fibers, as sympathetic threads,
our actions run as causes, and
they come back to us as effects."

—Herman Melville

Superior Public Library UW-Superior Library

Federal Agencies

Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)

Region V 175 W. Jackson Blvd. Chicago, IL 60604 312/408-5500 or 800/358-9616; Fax: 800/358-9620

Produces flood insurance rate and flood boundary maps

National Biological Survey

National Fisheries Research Center P.O. Box 818 LaCrosse, WI 54601 608/783-6451; Fax: 608/783-6066

National Park Service

Apostle Islands National Lakeshore National Park Service Rt. 1, Box 4 Bayfield, WI 54814 715/779-3397

Home Page: http://www.nps.gov/apis (On-line visitor center)

- Guided tours
- · Educational programs
- Apostle Islands School for 6th graders, 2-week program
- · Park library can be used on-site
- Resource management specialists provide information about the park

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Department of the Army
St. Paul District, Corps of Engineers
Army Corps of Engineers Centre
190 Fifth Street East
St. Paul, MN 55101-1638
612/290-5200; Fax: 612/290-5330
Public Affairs Office: 612/290-5201 or
612/290-5202

Regulatory Division: 612/290-5375 Home Page: http://www.usace.army.mil

 Regulates any work in the navigable waters of the United States (including the Great Lakes and Mississippi River) as part of Section 404 of the Clean Water Act and Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act

- · Offers expertise with wetland regulations
- · Provides flood information

North Central Division, Kewaunee Area, Fox River Sub-Office 1008 Augustine St. Kaukauna, WI 54130 920/766-3531; Fax: 920/766-3532

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

EPA Region V 77 W. Jackson Chicago, IL 60604 312/353-2000

General Information: 800/621-8431

E-mail: GOPHER.EPA.GOV or dial-in access, 919/558-0335.

For E-mail help:

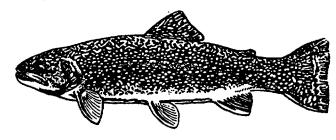
INTERNET_SUPPORT@UNIXMAIL. RTPNC.EPA.GOV

Home Page: http://www.epa.gov (includes kids' page on groundwater and drinking water)

For more information on EPA computer databases, call customer support at 800/334-2405

EPA Provides:

- Water resources publications and information
- · Newsletters and journals
- · Policy and strategy documents
- Consumer information
- EPA standards, rules, regulations and legislation



Environmental Research Laboratory - Duluth 6201 Congdon Blvd. Duluth, MN 55804 218/720-5745

- Conducts Great Lakes and aquatic toxicology research
- Delineates maps for Lake Superior watershed

Great Lakes National Program Office 312/353-2117

To order the following publications contact, 312/886-7474

- · "Great Lakes Atlas"
- · "Great Lakes, Great Minds"

National Wetlands Hotline 800/832-7828

· Publications and wetlands information

Water Resources Center
WRC Center (RC4100)
401 M Street SW
Washington, D.C. 20460
(202) 260-7786; Fax: 202/260-0386
E-mail: WATERPUBS@ EPAMAIL.GOV

Watershed and Nonpoint Source Programs 312/353-2308

Education Coordinator: 312/353-4483

- Publications, educational programs, curriculum on wetlands, watersheds and nonpoint source pollution controls
- Enviroscape models (watershed, groundwater, and wetlands) available for lend

Wetlands Office 312/886-6115

· Wetlands information, regulations, and grants

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS)

Home Page: http://www.citation.com/hpages/fws.html

 A federal government agency of the Department of Interior, the USFWS's mission is to conserve, protect, and enhance fish and wildlife and their habitats for the continuing benefit of people.

Regional Office

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Henry Whipple Building 1 Federal Dr.

Ft. Snelling, MN 55111-4056

Contact your nearest USFWS office for more local information

Field Office Green Bay Field Office

1015 Challenger Ct. Green Bay, WI 54311-8331 920/465-7440

National Fish and Wildlife Refuges (NWR), Wildlife Management Districts (WMD), and Fish Hatcheries

Genoa National Fish Hatchery

Route 1

Genoa, WI 54632

608/689-2605; Fax: 608/689-2644

Horicon National Wildlife Refuge (NWR)

W4279 Headquarters Road

Mayville, WI 53050

920/387-2658; Fax: 920387-2873

Contact the following offices through Horicon:

- Fox River NWR
- Gravel Island NWR
- Green Bay NWR
- · Leopold WMD

LaCrosse Fishery Resource Office

555 Lester Avenue Onalaska, WI 54650

608/783-8431; Fax: 708/783-8450

Minnesota Valley NWR (Mississippi River)

3815 E. 80th St.

Bloomington, MN 55425

612/854-5900; Fax: 612/725-3279

Necedah National Wildlife Refuge

W7996 20th Street W Necedah, WI 54646

608/565-2251; Fax: 608/565-3160



St. Croix Wildlife Management District

146 W. Second Street New Richmond, WI 54017 715/246-7784; Fax: 715/246-7785

Trempeleau National Wildlife Refuge

Route 1 Box 1602 Trempeleau, WI 54661 608/539-2311; Fax: 608/539-2703

Upper Mississippi River National Fish and Wildlife Refuge

LaCrosse District Rm. 226, Post Office Bldg. 425 State St. LaCrosse, WI 54601 608/784-3910; Fax: 608/782-2722 Home Page: http://www.emtc.nbs.gov/ umr_refuge.html

 Provides public benefits associated with fish, wildlife, and wild areas by preserving the upper Mississippi River floodplain ecosystem for the enjoyment and use of this and future generations

U.S. Forest Service

Public Affairs Office Federal Building 68 South Stevens St. Rhinelander, WI 54501 715/362-1300

Home Page: http://www.fs.fed.us/intro

- An agency of the U.S. Department of Agriculture, the Forest Service's mission is to achieve quality land management under the sustainable multiple-use management concept to meet the diverse needs of people.
- Contact the individual National Forest Ranger Districts for more local information:

Chequamegon National Forest

Forest Supervisor Chequamegon-Nicolet National Forests 1170 Fourth Avenue S Park Falls, WI 54552 715/762-2461; Fax: 715/762-5179

District Rangers:

Glidden Ranger District P.O. Box 126 Glidden, WI 54527 715/264-2511; Fax: 715/264-3307

Hayward Ranger District P.O. Box 896 Hayward, WI 54843 715/634-4821; Fax: 715/634-3769

Medford Ranger District 850 N. Eighth, Hwy 13 Medford, WI 54551 715/748-4875; Fax: 715/748-5675

Park Falls Ranger District 1170 Fourth Avenue S Park Falls, WI 54552 715/762-5701; Fax: 715/76205179

Washburn Ranger District P.O. Box 578 Glidden, WI 54527 715/373-2667; Fax: 715/373-2878

Nicolet National Forest

Forest Supervisor Chequamegon-Nicolet National Forests Federal Building 68 S. Stevens Street Rhinelander, WI 54501 715/362-1383; Fax: 715/362-1359

District Rangers:

Eagle River Ranger District P.O. Box 1809 Eagle River, WI 54521 715/479-1308; Fax: 715/479-6407

Florence Ranger District HC 1, Box 83 Florence, WI 54121 715/528-4464; Fax: 715/528-5172

Lakewood Ranger District 15085 State Rd. 32 Lakewood, WI 54138 715/276-6333; Fax: 715/276-3594 Laona Ranger District Route 1, Box 11B Laona, WI 54541

715/674-4481; Fax: 715/674-2545

U.S. Geological Survey

Wisconsin District 8505 Research Way Middleton, WI 53562 608/828-9901

Wisconsin Home Page: http://wwwdwimdn. er.usgs.gov

Home Page: http://water.usgs.gov

- Provides understanding and definition of groundwater systems within the state
- Collects data and conducts studies regarding: groundwater quality and quantity; groundwater levels in observation wells; streamflow at gauging stations and other sites; stage and contents of lakes and reservoirs; and chemical, physical, and biological characteristics of surface waters

Environmental Management Technical Center 575 Lester Ave. Onalaska, WI 54650 608/783-7550

- Home Page: http://www.emtc.nbs.gov
- · This center for ecological monitoring and analysis manages the "Long Term Monitoring Program," the largest river-related inventory, monitoring, research, spatial analysis, and information sharing program in the United States.
- · Home page offers spatial and technical data, aerial maps, and information about the Upper Mississippi River system.

Field Headquarters:

Madison

Merrill

6606 Seybold Rd.

2011 E. Main St. Madison, WI 53719 Merrill, WI 54452

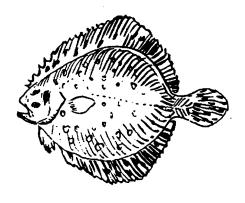
608/274-3925

715/536-2200

Rice Lake 313 West Knapp St. Rice Lake, WI 54868 715/234-4015

"In all things of nature there is something of the marvelous."

--Aristotle



National and International Organizations

Numerous educational and informational materials about water resources are also available from sources located outside of Wisconsin. Here are some of the many organizations to contact for water-related information and education materials. The National *Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide* also has an excellent source of references at the end of each activity.

Adopt-A-Stream Foundation

600 128th St., SE Everett, WA 98208 206/316-8592

 Produces Streamkeeper's Field Guide: Watershed Inventory and Stream Monitoring Methods

America's Clean Water Foundation

750 First Street, NE, Suite 911 Washington, D.C. 20002 202/898-0902; Fax: 202/898-0929

American Rivers

1025 Vermont Ave., NW, Suite 720 Washington, D.C. 20005 202/347-9240; Fax: 202/347-9240 E-mail: amrivers@amrivers.org Home Page: http://igc.apc.org/amrivers

- A national conservation organization dedicated to protecting and restoring America's river systems and to fostering a stewardship ethic
- Works to expand the number of rivers protected by the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System
- · Offers public awareness programs

American Water Resources Association

950 Herndon Parkway, Suite 300 Herndon, VA 20170-5531 703/904-1225; Fax: 703/904-1228

E-mail: awrahg@aol.com

Home Page: http://www.uwin.siu.edu/~awra

- Promotes understanding of water resources and related issues by providing a multidisciplinary forum for education, professional development, and information exchange
- Produces the Journal of the American Water Resources Association
- There are AWRA state sections and student chapters

AWRA Student Chapter College of Natural Resources UW-Stevens Point, WI 54481 715/346-2372

 Contact your nearest university or college to see if there is an AWRA student chapter.

Clean Water Action Project

1320 18th St., NW

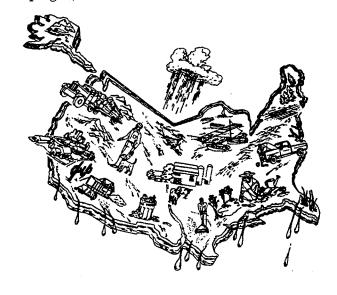
Suite 300

Washington, D.C. 20036

202/457-1286; Fax: 202/457-0287

Home Page: http://www.social.com/health/nhic/data/hr0300/hr0391.html

 A national citizens' organization working for strong pollution controls and safe drinking water through: lobbying, public education, research, citizen action, clean water campaigns, and a member newsletter.



Educating Young People About Water

UW-Madison, Cooperative Extension Service School of Natural Resources Room 216 Agriculture Hall 1450 Linden Drive Madison, WI 53706 608/262-0142

Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/erc/ywc

- Series of three guides to assist organizations in developing community-based water education programs
- Guides focus on the major components of developing, implementing, and evaluating successful water education programs
- · Contact ERIC below to order resource guides

Eisenhower National Clearinghouse for Science

800/621-5785

Home Page: http://www.enc.org

 Offers teachers information about publications, CD-ROMs, and professional development activities

Environmental Careers Organization

Great Lakes Office Publications 50 Public Square, Suite 628 Cleveland, OH 44113-2203 216/861-4545

ERIC Clearinghouse for Science, Mathematics, and Environmental Education

1929 Kenny Rd. Columbus, OH 43210-0462

800/276-0462; Fax: 614/292-0263

Home Page: http://www.ericse.org

• Clearinghouse that collects and processes all the science, mathematics, and environmental education materials to add to the ERIC

database

 Offers products, information searches, workshops, and services to educators

Freshwater Foundation

Springhill Center 725 County Road #6 Wayzata, MN 55391 612/449-0092

Home Page: http://www.mtn.org:80/freshwater

- This organization is dedicated to helping people protect and manage our freshwater resources
- Produces publications related to freshwater resource issues

Give Water A Hand

UWEX Environmental Resources Center 216 Agriculture Hall 1450 Linden Drive Madison, WI 53706 800/WAT-ER20

Home Page: http://www.uwex.edu/erc/ywc

- This national program provides direction to youth groups who want to be involved in water issues in their communities. Youth design their own project based on water investigations in their community.
- Provides self-directed guides for youth and leaders

GREEN (Global Rivers Environmental Education Network) and Cross Cultural Watershed Program

721 East Huron Avenue Ann Arbor, MI 48104

313/761-8142; Fax: 313/761-4951

Home Page: http://www.igc.apc.org/green

- Provides an action-oriented approach with an interdisciplinary watershed education model
- Supports a global network that promotes watershed sustainability
- Provides resources to schools and communities that wish to study their watershed

International Joint Commission

Information Services
IJC Great Lakes Regional Office
100 Ouellette Avenue, 8th floor
Windsor, Ontario N9A 6T3
519/256-7821

• Publishes Directory of Great Lakes Education Material

Izaak Walton League of America (Save Our Streams)

1401 Wilson Boulevard, Level B Arlington, Virginia 22209 703/528-1818 or 301/548-0150, ext. 219 800/IKE-LINE for general information and local chapters 800/BUG-IWLA for Save Our Streams program Home Page: http://www.friendspartners.org/ol... ds/ccsi/csusa/enviro/izaakwal.html

- Founded in 1922 to conserve, maintain, protect, and restore the soils, forest, water, and other natural resources of the U.S. and other lands to promote opportunities for the education and enjoyment of the public.
- "Save Our Streams" offers a variety of publications and videos to assist in implementing stream monitoring, wetland conservation, and stream restoration projects.
- For state chapter, see State Water-Related Organizations section.

Jason Project

UW-Milwaukee 161 W. Wisconsin Ave., Suite 6000 Milwaukee, WI 53203 414/227-3365

Home Page: http://www.jasonproject.org

- International satellite communications program focused on different water ecosystems and water quality monitoring. There are five sites in Wisconsin.
- Aquatic field study program that connects internationally with other sites where the user has the ability to input on-line data

National Project WET

201 Culbertson Hall Montana State University Bozeman, MT 59717-0057 406/994-5392

National Science Teachers Association (NSTA)

1840 Wilson Blvd. Arlington, VA 22201-3000 703/243-7100 or 800/722-NSTA Home Page: http://www.nsta.org

- Offers professional development workshops
- Publishes five journals, a newspaper, books, Dragonfly children's magazine, and many more

National Water Information Center

United States Geological Survey 427 National Center Reston, Virginia 20192 800/426-9000

E-mail: h2oinfo@usgs.gov

 Distributes water resources information requests, data, literature, abstracts, and publications to government agencies, academia, the private sector, and the general public

The National Wildlife Federation

8925 Leesburg Pike Vienna, VA 22184 703/790-4000

Home Page: http://www.nwf.org Offers:

- · Wetland laws information
- Wetland Naturescope
- Teacher Training Workshops
- "National Wildlife Week" kits
- and much more!

North American Association for Environmental Education (NAAEE)

P.O. Box 400 Trov. OH 45373

Phone or Fax: 937/676-2514

 The largest international environmental education organization that hosts an annual conference and offers members a newsletter, educational resources, job listings, and an extensive professional network.

North American Lake Management Society (NALMS)

North American Lake Management Society P.O. Box 5443 Madison, WI 53705-5443 608/233-2836

Home Page: http://www.nalms.org

Kids and Lakes Home Page: http://www.nalms.org/kidslks/kidslks.htm



- Provides technical assistance, workshops, conferences, and educational publications related to lakes
- Lake Line magazine covers the activities of lake management organizations around the country and world

Electronic Bulletin Board
E-mail VENNIJ@DNR.STATE.WI.US or contact:
James Vennie, WR/2
WDNR Bureau of Water Resources Management
P.O. Box 7921
Madison, WI 53707
608/266-2212

 Intended for international use by NALMS members and others interested in lake management

River Watch Network

153 State Street Montpelier, VT 05602 802/223-3840; Fax: 802/223-6227

Home Page: http://www.riverwatch.org-

- Offers workshops, organizational, and technical support and consultation, publications, and other tools that help individuals, groups, and organizations monitor and protect rivers
- Facilitates and trains groups to match their communities' needs and concerns with their river projects

Save Our Streams See Izaak Walton League of America

Trout Unlimited

800/398-7897

Home Page: http://www.tu.org/trout/index.html

- Dedicated to the conservation, protection, and restoration of North America's trout and salmon fisheries in their watersheds
- · Coordinates a volunteer network
- Lobbies for policy issues supporting their mission

U.S. Water News, Inc.

Circulation Department 230 Main Street Halstead, KS 67056

800/251-0046; Fax: 316/835-2223

E-mail: usww@aol.com

Home Page: http://www.uswaternews.com

This monthly publication provides information on all aspects of national water policy.
 Sections include: water supply, water quality, policy (legislation, litigation/water rights), conservation, and climate.

Water Environment Federation

601 Wythe St.

Alexandria, VA 22314-1994 800/666-0206 or 703/684-2452

Home Page: http://www.wef.org

- International non-profit educational and technical organization of water experts
- Members include environmental, civil and chemical engineers; biologists; chemists; government officials; treatment plant managers and operators; laboratory technicians; researchers,; professors; students; and equipment manufacturers.



Computer Networking

Now you can learn about water quality and resource management issues through your computer! The Internet and Word Wide Web provide a wealth of information and access to an international library of organizations and resources of all kinds! "On-line" computer networks provide an opportunity to share data and project ideas with other people who are studying waterways throughout the world.

Note: There are separate listings of Home Pages for specific organizations listed in both the "Organizations" and "Resources" sections that are not found below.



Lakes-l

WDNR Bureau of Water Resources Management, WR/2, P.O. Box 7921 Madison, WI 53707 608/266-2212

 A lake information network designed to discuss lake management issues and share research and publication information

To subscribe:

- Send an e-mail message to: majordomo@badger.state.wi.us
- In the body of the message, write the following: subscribe lakes l or help
- You will receive a confirmation and welcome message that will give further details about this list
- To distribute a message to all subscribers, send it to: lakesl@badger.state.wi.us

Lakes-Student-l

WDNR Bureau of Water Resources Management WR/2, P.O. Box 7921 Madison, WI 53707 608/266-2212

 A network for students and youth to correspond about lakes issues



- You can subscribe as you would for Lakes-l: majordomo@badger.state.wi.us and subscribe lakes-student-l
- Owner for both can be contacted by E-mail: LAKEBB@DNR.STATE.WI.US

NPSINFO (Nonpoint Source Pollution Issues)

Send requests to:

LISTSERVER@UNIXMAIL.RTPNC.EPA.GOV
To join send message to: SUBSCRIBE NPSINFO
To leave send message to: UNSUBSCRIBE
NPSINFO

Home Page: http://www.library.wisc.edu/libraries/water_resources/page.htm

 Provides a forum for open discussion of nonpoint source pollution issues

UW-Extension Water Resource Program Home Page

Home Page: http://clean_water.uwex.edu

 You can find descriptions of programs (including Project WET), newsletter articles, publications, fact sheets, and an on-line database of UW-Extension faculty and staff working on water-related topics.

WISCINFO GOPHER

WISCINFO/Library Catalogs (Electronic Library); World Wide WebBrowser: gopher://gopher.adp.wisc.edu: 70/11/.browse/.METAWRRHL/.WRRHL02

- A search engine for UW-Madison Campus Libraries and the Water Resources Reference Services
- Posts six months of recent acquisitions

WI-Lakes Bulletin Board Systems 608/266-2212

- The Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources operates this electronic bulletin board system that focuses on lake management efforts in Wisconsin. You will find newsletters, computer programs, lake monitoring work sheets, and lake monitoring data.
- · Contact for information about joining

Wiscnet

wysiwyg://99/http://www.wiscnet.net

 Wiscnet is a non-profit association created to provide access to national and international data network resources and data communications for Wisconsin organizations. The data network is connected to the Internet at UW-Madison and UW-Milwaukee. There is a membership fee.

Wisconsin Center for Environmental Education (WCEE)

http://www.uwsp.edu/acad/wcee

Provides information on WCEE resources and programs

WIWR-list (Wisconsin Water Resources Internet Discussion Group)

UW-Extension Water Quality Education Specialist

Phillips Hall, Rm. 149

UW-Eau Claire Eau Claire, WI 54702

715/836-5513: Fax: 715/836-2380

Send requests to: LISTPROC@UWEX.EDU
To join send message to: SUBSCRIBE WIWR-

LIST<YOUR NAME>

To leave send message to: UNSUBSCRIBE WIWR-LIST

 Organized to discuss issues concerning Wisconsin's surface and groundwater resources.

National/International Sites

Center for Global and Regional Environmental Research

http://www.cgrer.uiowa.edu

• Provides other web linkages

Econet

18 De Boom Street San Francisco, California 94107 415/442-0220

http://www.igc.apc.org/econet

 This computer network can help you tap into international on-line conferences to learn about environmental education activities around the world (there is a small fee for this service).

EE Link

http://www.nceet.snre.umich.edu

 National Consortium for EE and Training (NCEET) information

Eisenhower National Clearinghouse for Mathematics and Science Education

http://www.enc.org

- User can perform curriculum searches
- · Provides other linkages

Environmental News Network

http://www.enn.com

GREEN (Global Rivers Environmental Education Network)

and Cross Cultural Watershed Program http://www.igc.apc.org/green

- Provides an action-oriented approach with an interdisciplinary watershed education model
- Supports a global network that promotes watershed sustainability
- Provides resources to schools and communities that wish to study their watershed

National Water Quality Database

E-mail: CATHY_BURWELL@ACN. PURDUE.EDU

- Includes educational resources pertaining to water quality supplies or environmental issues (publications, fact sheets, bulletins, videos, slide shows, computer software, etc.)
- Can be accessed by network methods such as Telnet, Gopher, Almanac, and World Wide Web

North American Lake Management Society (NALMS)

http://www.nalms.org Kids and Lakes Home Page: http://www. nalms.org/kidslks/kidslks.htm

Electronic Bulletin Board
E-mail VENNIJ@DNR.STATE.WI.US
or contact:
James Vennie, WR/2
WDNR Bureau of Water Resources Management
P.O. Box 7921
Madison, WI 53707
608/266-2212

 Intended for international use by NALMS members and others interested in lakes management

Waterlinks

http://www.mnwatershed.org/wtrlink.htm

• Links the user with other web sites related to water

Other Home Pages are listed for specific organizations in the "Resources" and "Organizations" sections





Great Lakes Organizations

Great Lakes Commission

Argus II Building 400 Fourth St. Ann Arbor, MI 48103 313/665-9135; Fax: 313/665-4370 E-mail: glc@great-lakes.net

· An agency of the eight Great Lakes states

Great Lakes Environmental Education Project

East Michigan Environmental Action Council 21220 West 14 mile Road Bloomfield Township, MI 48301 810/258-5188; Fax: 810/258-5189

· Provides educational materials

Great Lakes Indian Fish and Wildlife Commission (GLIFWC)

P.O. Box 9 Odanah, WI 54861 715/682-4427 or 6619: Fax: 7

715/682-4427 or 6619; Fax: 715/682-9294

- GLIFWC is an inter-tribal natural resource management organization that assists its eleven member tribes in the implementation and management of off-reservation hunting, fishing, and gathering rights in treaty-ceded territories.
- · Public education
- · Masinaigan quarterly newspaper
- A Guide to Understanding Chippewa Treaty Rights, Bishigendan Aki: Respect the Earth booklet of cooperative projects

Great Lakes Regional Pollution Prevention Roundtable

Waste Management Research Center 1 E. Hazelwood Dr. Champaign, IL 61820 217/333-8948 E-mail: lcase@wmrc.hazard.uiuc.edu

International Joint Commission Great Lakes Regional Office

P.O. Box 32869 Detroit, MI 48232-2869 313/226-2170

E-mail: bratzelm@ijc.wincom.net Home Page: http://www.ijc.org

- Canada and the United States cooperate through this Commission to manage the lakes and rives along their common border to protect them for today's and future generations.
- Great Lakes Environmental Directory
 To order contact:
 National Environmental Directory
 8850 O'Brien Rd.
 Missoula, MT 59801
 406/543-3359

Lake Michigan Federation

59 East Van Buren Street, Suite 2215 Chicago, IL 60605 312/939-0838

Promotes citizen action to protect water quality, shoreline, and biodiversity of Lake
Michigan for future generations through
research, education, advocacy, and
stewardship programs.

Michigan Sea Grant College Program

Cooperative Extension Service Michigan State University 334 Natural Resources Building East Lansing, MI 48824-1222 517/336-1628: Fax: 517/336-1028

• Publishes The Life of the Lakes: The Great Lakes

Minnesota Sea Grant

Publications 2305 E. Fifth St. Duluth, MN 55812

218/726-6191; Fax: 218/726-6556

E-mail: seagr@d.umn.edu

Home Page: http://www.d.umn.edu/~seagr
• Publishes The Glossary of the Great Lakes

Northern Great Lakes Center (will be completed in May 1998)

Contact: Steve Hoecker Chequamegon National Forest Box 1170, Fourth Ave. South Park Falls, WI 54552

715/762-2461; Fax: 715/762-5179

- This center has three main functions: trip
 planning and visitor information, historical
 interpretation and living history programs,
 and environmental education programs
 focusing on sustainable systems.
- Exhibits of the Northern Great Lakes Region (including water quality and aquatic exotics)
- · Five-story observation tower
- · 180 acres with trails and ponds
- Classrooms
- Historical archives

Ohio Sea Grant College Program

Ohio State University 1314 Kinnear Rd. Columbus, OH 43212-1194 612/292-8949; Fax: 614/292-4364

 Produces OEAGLS (Oceanic Education Activities for Great Lakes Schools) and OEAGLETS

U.S. EPA, Region V Great Lakes National Program Office

77 West Jackson, 10th floor Chicago, IL 60604 312/886-4040; Fax: 312/353-2018 Home Page: http://www.epa.gov/glnpo

To order the following publications contact: 312/886-7474

- Great Lakes Atlas
- · Great Lakes, Great Minds
- Fact sheets describing Great Lakes issues
- A five-year strategy report for protecting the Great Lakes
- Provides funding for projects to protect the Great Lakes ecosystem

University of Wisconsin-Sea Grant Institute

Communications Office
1800 University Avenue
University of Wisconsin
Madison, WI 53706
608/263-3259; Fax: 608/263-2063
Home Page: http://h2o.seagrant.wisc.edu
• See description in State Organizations section

Great Lakes Research Facility
Education Specialist
600 E. Greenfield
Milwaukee, WI 53204-2944
414/227-3291; Fax: 414/382-1705
E-mail: jflubner@seagrant.wisc.edu
UW-Superior Sea Grant Advisory Services
Sunquist 143
Superior, WI 54880
715/394-8472

Water Quality Specialist UW-Center, Manitowoc County 705 Viebahn St., Rm. E105 Manitowoc, WI 54220-6699 920/683-4697; Fax: 920/683-4776 E-mail: kfermani@seagrant.wisc.edu

• See description in State Organizations section

Great Lakes Home Pages

Great Lake Information Network http://www.great-lakes.net

Great Lakes Regional Environmental Information System

http://epawww.ciesin.org/glreis/GLREIShome.html

A regional directory and data access system of Great Lakes information and research

Great Lakes National Program Office and Information Management Resource

http://www.epa.gov/glnpo

Lake Michigan Forum

http://www.epa.gov/lmf

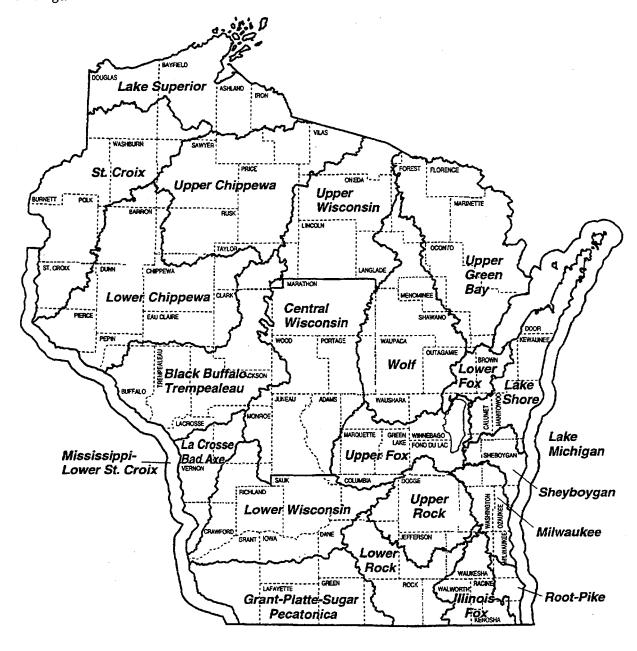
 Provides public input to U.S. EPA on the Lake Michigan Lakewide Management Plan (LaMP) through a forum of diverse stakeholders

Part 2

Organizations listed by Watershed

A watershed is defined as the area of land that drains into a specific body of water. So, for example, the Lake Michigan watershed includes all of the land whose surface water (streams, rivers, stormwater runoff, etc.) flows into Lake Michigan.

Please refer to the map below to locate in which watershed you live.



Mississippi River Area of Mississippi River Watershed

DNR Geographic Management Unit (GMU) Offices

See Map of DNR Regional & GMU Offices in Part 3 of this "Organizations" section

DNR West Central Regional Office

P.O. Box 4001 1300 Clairemont Ave. Eau Claire, WI 54702 715/839-3700

 Contact regional offices for information about water resources management, water supply, water regulation and zoning, wastewater management, fisheries management, and other water-related topics

DNR Western Boundary Rivers Unit

State Office Bldg., Rm. 104 3550 Mormon Coulee Rd. LaCrosse, WI 54601 608/785-9000

 Mississippi River Specialists can provide expertise on a variety of river issues

Environmental Management Technical Center

575 Lester Ave. Onalaska, WI 54650 608/783-7550

Home Page: http://www.emtc.nbs.gov

- This center for ecological monitoring and analysis manages the "Long Term Monitoring Program," the largest river-related inventory, monitoring, research, spatial analysis, and information sharing program in the United States.
- Home page offers spatial and technical data, aerial maps, and information about the Upper Mississippi River system

Hamline University-Center for Global Environmental Education

1536 Hewitt Ave. St. Paul, MN 55104-1284 612/523-2855

Home Page: http://cgee.hamline.edu

 Provides Rivers of Life interdisciplinary program for K-12 students

Land Conservation Departments

See list of county offices at the end of this "Organizations" section

Local Libraries

 May have maps and other Mississippi River resources to lend

Local Nature Centers

To find out what nature centers are near you, contact your local UW-Extension Cooperative Extension county office, local school district, or you can order the *Directory to Wisconsin's Environmental Education and Nature Centers* from:

DNR Bureau of Communication and Education Box 7921 Madison, WI 53707-7921

608/266-6790

Ask for Publication #PUBL-HVW-085-92 Rev

Local State and County Park Staff See local phone book

Minnesota DNR Division of Water

500 Lafayette Road St. Paul, MN 55155-4046 612/296-0888

The Minnesota Project

1885 University Ave., W. Suite 315 St. Paul, MN 55104 612/645-6159

 Produces Protecting the Mississippi River: A Directory of People and Organizations

Mississippi River Watershed

Mississippi River Watershed

Subwatersheds Black-Buffalo-Trempeleau Grant-Platte-Sugar-Pecatonica Illinois-Fox La Crosse-Bad Axe

Lower Chippewa Lower Rock Lower Wisconsin St. Croix Upper Chippewa Upper Rock Upper Wisconsin



Local Fish Hatcheries

Contact your DNR Region or local Tribal Office to find the nearest fish hatchery

Local Historic Sites

Contact your county or local Historical Society (the State Historical Society can provide a list of local offices)

Local Industries and Power Plants

See your local phone book

· Contact for possible field trips

Local Nature Centers

Contact to find out what nature centers are near you. Contact your local UW-Extension
Cooperative Extension county office, local school district, or you can order the Directory to Wisconsin's Environmental Education and Nature Centers from:

DNR Bureau of Communication and Education
Box 7921
Madison, WI 53707-7921
608/266-6790
Ask for Publication #PUBL-HVW-085-92 Rev

Madeline Island Historical Museum

P.O. Box 9 LaPointe, WI 54850 715/747-2415

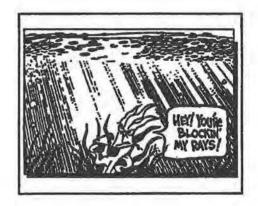
 Apostle Islands and Lake Superior region history

Northern Great Lakes Center (opening in May 1998)

See listing in the Lake Superior Watershed section above

UW-Superior

See listing in the Lake Superior Watershed section above



Red Cliff Band of Lake Superior Chippewa

 $Tribal\ Administration$

P.O. Box 529

Bayfield, WI 54814

715/779-3700; Fax: 715/779-3704

- · Creates wellhead protection plans
- · Develops water quality standards
- Developing watershed approach to natural resources planning and management

Sigurd Olson Environmental Institute

Northland College

1411 Ellis Ave.

Ashland, WI 54806

715/682-1223

Home Page: http://bobb.northland.edu/soei

- The Institute works with federal and state agencies, local governments, business leaders, public interest groups, and local citizens on regional issues such as water quality, protection of wildlife and their habitats, land-use and zoning issues, and sustainable economic development.
- Programs work toward a sustainable future in the Lake Superior region as an outreach arm of Northland College

St. Croix National Scenic Riverway

National Park Service, Division of Interpretation P.O. Box 708

St. Croix, WI 54024

715/483-3284

 Contact the Visitor Center for information regarding the St. Croix River

U.S. EPA Environmental Research Lab -Duluth

Scientific and Community Outreach Program 6201 Congdon Boulevard Duluth, MN 55804 218/720-5745

- · Conducts Great Lakes research
- · Delineates Lake Superior watersheds

University of Wisconsin-Superior

Lake Superior Research Institute 1800 Grand Avenue Superior, WI 54880

715/394-8315

Sea Grant Advisory Services Sunquist 143 Superior, WI 54880 715/394-8472

UW-Extension Biology Department UW-Superior Superior, WI 54880 715/394-8410

Field Trip Contacts

Apostle Islands National Lakeshore

National Park Service

Rt. 1, Box 4

Bayfield, WI 54814

715/779-3397

Home Page: http://www.nps.gov/apis

- (On-line visitor center)
 Guided tours
- · Educational programs
- Apostle Islands School for 6th graders, 2-week program
- · Park library can be used on-site
- Resource management specialists provide information about the park

Cable Natural History Museum

P.O. Box 416 Cable, WI 54821 715/798-3890

- The museum provides exhibitions, public programs, field trips, workshops, and training for people of all ages
- The site offers seven miles of interpretive trails
- Offers water-related programs for children, teens, and adults including macroinvertebrate studies, fishing trips, canoeing, and loon surveys
- Offers "Citizen Naturalist Kits" with water activities, books, and videos

Lake Superior Center

See listing in the Lake Superior Watershed section above

Lake Superior Watershed

Bad River Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Natural Resources Department P.O. Box 39 Odanah, WI 54861 715/682-7123

DNR Northern Region (West)

Box 309 Spooner, WI 54801 715/635-2101

 Contact regional offices for information about water resources management, water supply, water regulation and zoning, wastewater management, fisheries management, and other water-related topics

Lac Courte Oreilles Band of Lake Superior Chippewa

Conservation Department Environmental Engineer Route 2, Box 2700 Hayward, WI 54843 715/865-2329; Fax: 715/865-3516

- · Conducts lake studies
- · Coordinates groundwater remediation
- Develops wellhead protection plans

Lac du Flambeau Band of Lake Superior Chippewa

Tribal Natural Resource Department
P.O. Box 67
Lac du Flambeau, WI 54538
715/588-3303; Fax: 715/588-3207
Water Resources Specialist: 715/588-3303, ext.
316

- Fisheries Management
- · Fish culture program
- · Conservation law enforcement
- Environmental Protection Program includes environmental education outreach, environmental assessments, and underground storage tank management

Lake Superior Center

353 Harbor Drive Duluth, MN 55802 218/720-3033; Fax: 218/720-3407 E-mail: lakesuperior@igc.org

- Newsletter
- · Lake Superior aquatic education program

LoonWatch Program

Northland College 1411 Ellis Ave. Ashland, WI 54806 715/682-1223

Home Page: http://bobb.northland.edu/soei/ LOON.HTML

 This loon conservation program provides volunteer training for Loon Rangers who protect loons and their habitat; monitor loon populations and lake quality; and educate lake users and residents.

Northern Great Lakes Center (opening in May 1998)

Contact: Steve Hoecker Chequamegon National Forest Box 1170, Fourth Ave. South Park Falls, WI 54552 715/762-2461: Fax: 715/762-5179

 This new center has three main functions: trip planning and visitor information; historical interpretation and living history programs; and environmental education programs focusing on sustainable systems.

The center includes:

- Exhibits of the Northern Great Lakes Region (including water quality and aquatic exotics)
- · Five-story observation tower
- 180 acres with trails and ponds
- Classrooms
- Historical archives

Northwest Regional Planning Commission 1400 S. River St.

1400 S. River St. Spooner, WI 54801

715/635-2197; Fax: 715/635-7262

 Serves these counties: Ashland, Bayfield, Burnett, Douglas, Iron, Price, Rusk, Sawyer, Taylor, and Washburn

Lake Superior Watershed

Lake Superior Watershed

See Great Lakes Organizations section for more information

Lake Superior Watershed Acreage 1,968,351

Subwatershed Lake Superior



Milwaukee Public Museum

800 W. Wells

Milwaukee, WI 53233

414/278-2713

- Offers school groups guided tours about Wisconsin Native Americans, rainforests, woodlands, Africa, Arctic, etc.
- · Organizes a Speakers' Directory
- · Offers teacher in-services
- Produces curriculum packets that include slides, script, pre-visit, and post-visit activities and handouts

Neville Public Museum

210 Museum Pl.

Green Bay, WI 54303

920/448-4460

- Provides "Edge of the Inland Sea" exhibit and Ecosystems of the Green Bay Watershed unit that includes environmental history
- Produces video series about water use, runoff, agriculture, and water quality issues about the Green Bay watershed and its history

Nicolet National Forest

Florence Ranger District HC 1, Box 83 Florence, WI 54121

715/528-4464; Fax: 715/528-5172

Old World Wisconsin

S103, W37890 Hwy. 67 Eagle, WI 53119 414/594-6300

Outdoor Skills Center

See listing in the Lake Michigan Watershed section above

Riveredge Nature Center

See listing in the Lake Michigan Watershed section above

Schlitz Audubon Center

1111 E. Brown Deer Rd. Milwaukee, WI 53217 414/351-4200

- · Staffed school and general public programs
- Educator workshops

· Living Lightly curricula

Trees for Tomorrow Natural Resources Education Center

P.O. Box 609

Eagle River, WI 54521

715/479-6456

- Staffed school and general public programs
- · Educator workshops

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices

Water Educators and Agents See listing in the *Lake Michigan Watershed* section above

Water Education Resource Centers (WERC)

See listing in the Lake Michigan Watershed section above

Wisconsin Maritime Museum

75 Maritime Drive

Manitowoc, WI 54220

920/684-0218; Fax: 920/684-0219

- · Tours of museum and submarine
- Outreach programs (shipwrecks and timber)
- · Library can be used on-site by appointment

Wisconsin Public Service

Education Coordinator

Green Bay, WI 920/433-1050

 May offer school presentations, field trips, and energy conservation publications

Wolf River Watershed Alliance

2610 Log Cabin

White Lake, WI 54491

 An environmental organization concerned with the protection of the Wolf River

Zoological Society-Education at Milwaukee

County Zoo

10005 W. Bluemound Rd.

Milwaukee, WI 53226

414/256-5421

 Environmental education service that provides Zoo outreach programs and teacher resources on a great variety of topics related to animals and the environment

Heritage Hill State Park 2640 S. Webster Ave.

Green Bay, WI 54301 920/448-5150

- · Offers 2nd and 4th grade "Discovery Tours"
- Interpretation is provided for self-guided tours of 21 buildings (most buildings have interpreters)
- Exhibits represent four different periods of time from the "La Baye" 1672-1825, "Small Town" and "Fort Howard" time periods up to the 1905 "Belgium Farm"

Lac Lawrann Nature Conservancy

c/o West Bend Park, Recreation, and Forestry Dept. 115 S. Main St.

West Bend, WI 53095 414/335-5080

Offers:

- · Nature center
- · Hiking trails
- · General public and school programs
- · Educator workshops

Land Conservation Department County Office

See list of county offices in Part 3 of this "Organizations" section

· May offer field trips to local farms

Local Energy/Power Plant

See local phone book

Local Fish Hatcheries

Contact your DNR Region or local Tribal Office to find the nearest fish hatchery

Local Historic Sites

Contact your county or local Historical Society (the State Historical Society can provide a list of local offices)

Local Industries and Power Plants

See your local phone book

· Contact for possible field trips

Local Nature Centers

Contact to find out what nature centers are near you, contact your UW-Extension Cooperative Extension county office, local school district, or you can order the *Directory to Wisconsin's* Environmental Education and Nature Centers from:

DNR Bureau of Communication and Education P.O. Box 7921

Madison, WI 53707-7921

E-mail: gbmsd.org

608/266-6790

Ask for Publication #PUBL-HVW-085-92 Rev

Local Wastewater Treatment Plant and/or Sewerage Districts

Contact the local UW-Extension Cooperative Extension county office

Green Bay Metropolitan Sewerage District 2231 N. Quincy Green Bay, WI 54302-1248 920/432-4893: Fax: 920/432-4302

- Provides tours of the facility for 6th grade and up in groups of 30 or fewer
- Tours of on-site Environmental Education Center (EEC) for all ages
- Speaker's Bureau available for presentations on wastewater treatment and pollution prevention
- Informational and Educational materials available
- Offers teacher workshops

Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage District 260 W. Seeboth St. P.O. Box 3049 Milwaukee, WI 53201-3049 414/272-5100

- Provides tours
- Produces educational materials

Local Water Purification Plants

Contact the local UW-Extension Cooperative Extension county office or see your local yellow pages

Milwaukee Maritime Center

500 N. Harbor Dr. Milwaukee, WI 53202 414/276-7700

- Museum
- Educational program on Great Lakes issues

UWEX Cooperative Extension County Offices

See list of county offices at the end of the Organizations section

UW Sea Grant

Water Quality Specialist
UW-Center, Manitowoc County
705 Viebahn St., Rm. E105
Manitowoc, WI 54220-6699
920/683-4697; Fax: 920/683-4776
E-mail: kfermani@seagrant.wisc.edu

Voyageur: Northeast Wisconsin's Historical Review

P.O. Box 8085 Green Bay, WI 54308-8085 920/465-2446; Fax: 920/465-2890 E-mail: voyageur@gbms01.uwgb.edu

 Non-profit magazine about the history and pre-history of a 17 county region of northeast Wisconsin

Water Education Resource Centers (WERC) May Environmental Park (Maywood) 3615 Mueller Rd. Shebaygan WI 53083

Sheboygan, WI 53083 414/459-3906

Milwaukee River Watershed Riveredge Nature Center Box 26 Newburg, WI 53060 414/375-2715

Waukesha Area Retzer Nature Center W284 S1530 Route DT Waukesha, WI 53188 414/896-8007



Field Trip Contacts

American Indian Center

3415 E. Pierce Milwaukee, WI 53215 414/384-8208 or 278-6800

· Represents all Wisconsin tribes

Audubon Society, Fox River Valley Chapter Palisades Drive Appleton, WI 54915

Door County Maritime Museum Sturgeon Bay, WI 54235 920/743-5958

DNR Regional Offices

see above addresses

Fox and Wolf Rivers Environmental History Project

P.O. Box 1161 Green Bay, WI 54305-1161 800/FOX-WOLF

- Offers contacts for environmental history related topics regarding the Fox and Wolf River watersheds
- Produces Of Time and the River teachers guide, video and music

Fox/Wolf Basin Alliance

Bruce Johnson P.O. Box 1861 Appleton, WI 54913

 Provides research and contacts for private and non-profit groups

Havenwoods Environmental Awareness Center

Department of Natural Resources 6141 North Hopkins Street Milwaukee, WI 53209 414/527-0232

Offers:

- Staffed school programs
- General public programs
- Educator workshops
- · Interpretive trails

Treaty Rights: treaty@mail.wiscnet.net

Home Pages:

Mining Impacts: http://www.meno

minee.com/nomining

Treaty Rights: http://www.menominee.

com/treaty

Mole Lake-Sokaogon Band of Lake Superior Chippewa

Mole Lake Tribal Center Natural Resources Department Water Resources Specialist 715/478-7604

Oneida Nation

Oneida Nation Planning Department Little Bear Development Center 920/869-1600

Conducts:

- · Duck Creek Priority Watershed Project
- · Watershed restoration projects
- Prairie and wetland restoration and reforestation projects

Outdoor Skills Center

P.O. Box 84 Plymouth, WI 53073 414/893-5210

- Produces Project WULP: Wetland Understanding Leading to Protection activity guide
- · Offers school and public programs

Riveredge Nature Center

4458 West Hawthorne Drive, P.O. Box 26 Newburg, WI 53060 414/375-2715

- Offers staffed school programs, general public programs, & educator workshops
- Coordinates "Testing the Waters" program,
 Wisconsin's largest river monitoring program
- · Hosts a Water Education Resource Center

Schlitz Audubon Center

See below in "Field Trip Contacts"

Southeastern Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission

916 N. East Ave. P.O. Box 1607

Waukesha, WI 53187-1607

414/547-6721; Fax: 414/547-1103

 Serves the following counties: Kenosha, Milwaukee, Ozaukee, Racine, Walworth, Washington, and Waukesha

Stockbridge-Munsee Tribe

Environmental Office 13831 Co. Hwy. A Bowler, WI 54416

715/793-4363; Fax: 715/793-4370

- Develops and implements groundwater wellhead protection plan
- · Monitors the water quality of the Red River

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Region V

Great Lakes National Program Office 77. W. Jackson St. Chicago, IL 60604 800/621-8431

Home Page: http://www.epa.gov/glnpo

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Green Bay Field Office

1015 Challenger Ct. Green Bay, WI 54311-8331 920/465-7440

U.S. Forest Service

See Federal Agencies in "Organizations" section

UW-Extension Water Educators

Milwaukee County and Southeast Area State Fair Youth Center 640 South 84th St. Milwaukee, WI 53214-1438 414/290-2430 & 2431

Northeast Area

Water Educator University of Wisconsin-Green Bay, CES 317 Green Bay, WI 54302 920/465-2240; Fax: 920/465-2376

Lake Michigan Watershed

- See the prior "Organizations" section listings for further information about organizations listed below.
- See Great Lakes Organizations above for additional information.

Bay Lake Regional Planning Commission Suite 211, Old Fort Square 211 N. Broadway Green Bay, WI 54303 920/448-2820; Fax: 920/448-2823

- Provides technical assistance to coastal communities, develops Sewer Service Area Plans, reviews permit requests, and develops water regulations and zoning ordinances for communities
- Serves the following counties: Brown, Door, Florence, Kewaunee, Manitowoc, Marinette, Oconto, and Sheboygan

Clean Bay Backers
Remedial Action Plan Specialist
Wisconsin DNR
P.O. Box 10448
1125 N. Military Ave.
Green Bay, WI 54307-0448
920/492-5825

Clean Bay Backer Education Package

DNR Regional Offices

 Contact regional offices for information about water resources management, water supply, water regulation and zoning, wastewater management, fisheries management, and other water-related topics

Lake Michigan Region 1125 N. Military Avenue Green Bay, WI 54307 920/492-5800

Southeast Region 2300 N. Martin Luther King, Jr. Dr. Box 12436 Milwaukee, WI 53212 414/263-8500

East Central Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission

132 Main St. Menasha, WI 54952 920/751-4770; Fax: 920/751-4771

 Serves the following counties: Calumet, Fond du Lac, Green Lake, Marquette, Outagamie, Shawano, Waupaca, Waushara, and Winnebago

Forest County Potawatomi

Tribal Center P.O. Box 340 Crandon, WI 54520 715/478-2903; Fax: 715/478-7225

Lake Michigan Federation 59 East Van Buren Street, Suite 2215 Chicago, IL 60605 312/939-0838

 Promotes citizen action to protect water quality, shoreline, and biodiversity of Lake Michigan for future generations through research, education, advocacy, and stewardship programs

Land Conservation Department County Offices

See list of county offices in Part 3 of this "Organizations section

Menominee Nation

Menominee Tribal Environmental Services Department P.O. Box 670 Keshena, WI 54135 715/799-4937

Home Page: http://www.menominee.com

 Technical environmental department of Menominee Nation dealing with environmental issues including surface and groundwater, waste, mining issues, and more

Menominee Nation Treaty Rights and Mining Impacts Office P.O. Box 910 Keshena, WI 54135 715/799-5620; Fax: 715/799-5692 E-mail addresses: Mining Impacts: nomining@mail.wiscnet.net

Lake Michigan Watershed

Lake Michigan Watershed

Lake Shore Lower Fox Milwaukee River Root-Pike Rivers Sheboygan River Upper Fox River Upper Green Bay Wolf River

Lake Michigan Watershed Acreage 9,100,991



Minnesota Valley National Wildlife Refuge

3815 E. 80th St.

Bloomington, MN 55425

612/854-5900; Fax: 612/725-3279

Offers:

- School group field trips, scout programs, and preschool programs focusing on natural resource management
- "Water Quality Trekking Packs," a 7th-12th grade water quality testing curriculum and testing equipment
- Resource library with videos, books, and trunks

Minnesota-Wisconsin Boundary Area Commission

619 Second St. Hudson, WI 54016 715/386-9444

 The commission conducts studies, develops recommendations, and coordinates planning for protection, use, and development in the public interest of the lands, river valleys, and waters that form the boundary between Minnesota and Wisconsin, principally the St. Croix and Mississippi Rivers.

Mississippi Headwaters RIVER WATCH 218/547-7263

Home Page:

http://www.stolaf.edu/other/snap/rivwatch.html

 Youth involvement program to monitor and protect the Mississippi River

Mississippi River Basin Alliance

P.O. Box 3878

St. Louis, MO 63122

314/822-4114

Home Page: http://www.mrba.org/mrba

- A coalition of environmental justice and traditional conservation groups along the Mississippi River basin organized to protect and preserve the Mississippi River basin
- Acts as a resource and communications vehicle to citizens and organizations (includes a web page for members)
- Produces directory of alliance members, quarterly newsletter, and annual conference

Mississippi River Museum

P.O. Box 266

Third St. Ice Harbor

Dubuque, Iowa 52004-0266

800/226-3369 or 319/557-9545;

Fax: 319/583-1241

- · Museum and Woodward Riverboat Museum
- Interactive film, historical Dubuque area, lead mine exhibit, and much more!

Mississippi River Regional Planning Commission

1701 Main St.

LaCrosse, WI 54601

608/785-9396; Fax: 608/785-9394

Science Museum of Minnesota

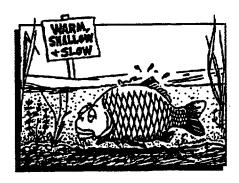
30 E. 10th St.

St. Paul, MN 55101

612/221-9488

800/221-9444, ext.4748 ("Museum on the Move" program)

- Three Rivers exhibit and related publications (see below)
- "Museum on the Move" Department includes:
 - Outreach assembly programs including: Three Rivers, a program about the St. Croix, Minnesota, and Mississippi Rivers, and the Water Residency program where students take an in-depth exploration of water, its cycles, and properties
 - Water trunk for rent which includes a 3-D water cycle, groundwater model, and water testing equipment, videos, and books
 - ♦ Teacher education and activity packets



Southern Illinois University-Edwardsville

P.O. Box 2222

Edwardsville, IL 62026

618/692-3788

Home Page: http://www.siue.edu/OSME/river

- · Provides "The Rivers Project"
- · Lends zebra mussel trunk and curriculum
- Provides the "Middle School Groundwater Project" (model and curriculum)

St. Croix Band of Lake Superior Chippewa

St. Croix Tribal Center

P.O. Box 287

Hertel, WI 54845

715/349-2195; Fax: 715/349-5768 or 2499

Natural Resources Department, Ext. 141

- Raises and stocks walleye in public waters
- Conducts walleye surveys of populations in public waters

St. Croix National Scenic Riverway

Division of Interpretation

P.O. Box 708

St. Croix Falls, WI 54024

715/483-3284

• Produces "Rivers Are Alive" program

Trees for Tomorrow

611 Sheridan St.

P.O. Box 609

Eagle River, WI 54521

715/479-6456

- Offers day and overnight programs to schools and general public
- Provides educator workshops

Upper Mississippi River Basin Association

408 St. Peter St.

415 Hamm Building

St. Paul, MN 55102

612/224-2880

Upper Mississippi River Conservation Committee (UMRCC)

4469 48th Avenue Court

Rock Island, IL 61201

309/793-5800; Fax: 309/793-5804

• An organization of resource professionals from Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, Illinois,

and Missouri working towards securing the wildlife and recreational uses of the river with navigation and other public uses.

Upper Mississippi River National Fish and Wildlife Refuge

Headquarters

51 E. Fourth St.

Winona, MN 55987

507/454-7351

or

555 Lester Ave.

Onalaska, WI 54650

608/483-8405

Home Page: http://www.emtc.nbs.gov/ umr_refuge.html

- Educational trunks (Prairie, Wetland, Endangered Species) are available to borrow
- · Provides some tours
- · Produces videos and publications
- · Produces "Refuge Explorer" activity guide

U.S. Geological Survey

Wisconsin District

6417 Normandy Lane

Madison, WI 53719

608/274-3535

Home Page: http://wwwdwimdn.er.usgs.gov

Home page for Upper Mississippi River watershed

UW-Extension Cooperative Extension County Agents

See list of county offices in Part 3 of this "Organizations" section

Field Trip Contacts

Army Corps of Engineers

Blackhawk Park

1114 S. Oak St.

LeCrescent, MN 55947

507/895-6341

 Lock and dam tours: call ahead; facilities are listed in the phone book in "Government Section" for Alma, Trempeleau, Genoa, Linksville, and Fountain City (WI) including:

Lock and Dam #7, 507/895-2170

Other parks to visit:

- ♦ Eau Galle Park, 715/778-5562
- Blackhawk Park and Spring Valley Park (some outreach and school propgrams)
 DeSoto, WI. 608/648-3314

Effigy Mounds National Monument

151 Hwy. 76 Harpers Ferry, Iowa 52146 319/873-3491

- Interpretive school programs designed according to visiting schools' interests
- Produces education handbook that includes activities about the park's natural history

Fort Folles Avoine

St. Croix Ojibwe and Burnett County Historical Society. 715/866-8890

Genoa National Fish Hatchery

Route 1

Genoa, WI 54632

608/689-2605; Fax: 608/689-2644

LaCrosse Fishery Resource Office

555 Lester Avenue Onalaska, WI 54650

608/783-8431; Fax: 708-783-8450

Land Conservation Departments

See list of county offices in Part 3 of this "Organizations" section

Local Fish Hatcheries

Contact your DNR Region or local Tribal Office to find the nearest fish hatchery

Local Historic Sites

Contact your county or local Historical Society (the State Historical Society can provide a list of local offices)

Local Nature Centers

See listing in Mississippi River Area and Western Area of Mississippi River Watershed above

Local Power Plants

See your local phone book

• Contact for possible field trips

Local State and County Park Staff

See local phone book

Minnesota Valley National Wildlife Refuge

US Fish and Wildlife Service

3815 E. 80th St.

Bloomington, MN 55425

612/854-5900; Fax: 612/725-3279

Mississippi Valley Archaeological Center

1725 State St.

UW-Lacrosse

LaCrosse, WI 54601

608/785-8454

- Offers teacher in-services
- · Provides youth programs
- Provides school presentations

Trempeleau National Wildlife Refuge

W28488 Refuge Rd., Rt. 1 Box 1602

Trempeleau, WI 54661

608/539-2311; Fax: 608/539-2703

- Offers school field trip programs
- K-8 Wetlands Discovery Trunk available to borrow (includes video, books, and activities)

Upper Mississippi River National Fish and Wildlife Refuge

LaCrosse District

Rm. 226, Post Office Bldg.

425 State St.

LaCrosse, WI 54601

608/784-3910: Fax: 608/782-2722

Home Page: http://www.emtc.nbs.gov/

umr_refuge.html

 Provides public benefits associated with fish, wildlife, and wild areas by preserving the upper Mississippi River floodplain ecosystem for the enjoyment and use of this and future generations.

Villa Louis

P.O. Box 65

Prairie du Chien, WI 53821

608/326-2721

School programs and site visits to this historic site

Water Education Resource Center (WERC)

Eau Claire Area Beaver Creek Reserve Route 2, Box 94 Fall Creek, WI 54742 715/877-2212

Wyalusing State Park

13345 County Hwy. C Bagley, WI 53801 608/996-2261

- Produces an activity guide for use within the park
- No instructional programs are available, but park staff will assist in finding instructors for summer youth programs and limited fall and spring school programs

Western Area of Mississippi River Watershed

Cooperative Educational Service Agency (CESA) 10 and 11

725 W. Park Ave. Chippewa Falls, WI 54792 715/720-2034

Home Page with water-related links: http://www.cesa10.k12.wi.us/ETS/ SMT/index.html

- · Teacher in-services
- Hands-on & multimedia resources to lend

County Planning and Zoning and Public Utilities Departments

See local phone book under county name

DNR Regional Offices

Northern Region (West) Box 309 Spooner, WI 54801 715/635-2101 West Central Region Box 4001 Eau Claire, WI 54702 715/839-3700

 Contact regional offices for information about water resources management, water supply, water regulation and zoning, wastewater management, fisheries management, municipal water supply, municipal wastewater treatment facility, and other water-related topics.

Engineering Consulting Firms

Contact for questions about groundwater issues and related technical information

Northwest Regional Planning Commission 1400 S. River St.

Spooner, WI 54801

715/635-2197; Fax: 715/635-7262

 Serves these counties: Ashland, Bayfield, Burnett, Douglas, Iron, Price, Rusk, Sawyer, Taylor, and Washburn

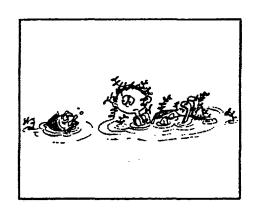
St. Croix Wildlife Management District

146 W. Second Street New Richmond, WI 54017 715/246-7784; Fax: 715/246-7785

U.S. Geological Survey Field Office

Rice Lake 313 West Knapp St. Rice Lake, WI 54868 715/234-4015 Wisconsin Home Page: http://www.dwimdn.er.

usgs.gov



West Central Regional Planning Commission

800 Wisconsin St., Mail Box 9 Eau Claire, WI 54703-3606 715/836-2918

 Serves these counties: Barron, Chippewa, Clark, Dunn, Eau Claire, Polk, and St. Croix

Field Trip Contacts

Chippewa Valley Museum

P.O. Box 1204 Carson Park Dr. Eau Claire, WI 54703 715/834-7871

Land Conservation Department

See list of county offices in Part 3 of this "Organizations" section

Local Industires and Power Plants

See local phone book

Contact for field trips

Local Landfill

See local phone book

Priority Watershed Projects

See list of county offices in Part 3 of this "Organizations" section

Recycling Coordinator for County

See local white pages under county listings

University Staff

 For water-related questions at UW-Eau Claire and UW-River Falls, contact: Departments of Biology, Water Chemistry, Hydrogeology, Thermogeology, Agronomy, Agriculture Resource Management, etc.

UWEX Water Educators

Western Region University of Wisconsin-Eau Claire Room 149, Phillips Hall Eau Claire, WI 54702 715/836-5513; Fax: 715/836-2380

Water Education Resource Center (WERC)

Eau Claire Area Beaver Creek Reserve Route 2, Box 94 Fall Creek, WI 54742 715/877-2212

Southern Area of Mississippi River Watershed

Community Conservation Associates

RD 1, Box 96 Gays Mills, WI 54631 608/735-4717

E-mail: ccc@mwt.net

- A watershed community stewardship program. Provides community-based river monitoring program for schools and community groups.
- Stimulates community development through community-based conservation projects
- International work

County Health Department

See local phone book under county name

Contact for questions regarding local water contamination concerns

Dane County Extension

Natural Resource Agent 1 Fen Oak Ct. Madison, WI 53704-8810 608/224-3718; Fax: 608/224-3745 E-mail: habecker@co.dane.wi.us

Dane County Water Watchers program
 provides a variety of activities and
 background information about water quality
 through a series of four guidebooks,
 "Waterwatchers Guide for Dane County."

Dane County Lakes and Watershed Commission

210 Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd. City/County Bldg., Rm. 421 Madison, WI 53709 608/266-2626; Fax: 608/266-2643

- The Commission's purpose is to address through education, outreach programs, and policies, water resource problems in Dane County
- Speakers' Bureau available
- · Offers videos and resource library
- Provides limited school outreach programs
- Offers community programs such as "Take a Stake in the Lakes"

Dane County Regional Planning Commission

217 S. Hamilton, Suite 403 Madison, WI 53703-3238 608/266-4137; Fax: 608/266-9117

· Serves Dane County

DNR Central Region Office

3911 Fish Hatchery Road Fitchburg, WI 53711 608/275-3266

 Contact regional offices for information about water resources management, water supply, water regulation and zoning, wastewater management, fisheries management, and other water-related topics

Drinking Water Treatment Facilities

See local phone book

Edgewood College

855 Woodrow St. Madison, WI 53711 608/257-4861

- Coordinates Heron Institute summer session of water-related courses for teachers
- Publishes Yahara Watershed Journal newsletter of the Yahara Watershed Network

Engineering Companies

See local phone book

Ho-Chunk Nation

Environmental Services Department P.O. Box 636 Black River Falls, WI 54615 715/284-7830; Fax: 715/284-9592

- Develops and implements groundwater wellhead protection plans
- · Manages underground storage tanks

Local Businesses

See local phone book

 Contact for information regarding pollution prevention and water conservation programs

Local Developers

See local phone book

 Contact for questions about construction site erosion control in terms of stormwater and water quality management

Local Landfills

See local phone book

 Contact for information about the technologies they use related to water quality protection

Local Sheriff's Department

See local phone book

 Contact for questions related to: lake use issues and conflicts, local speakers on specific issues, water safety programs, boater safety information, and exotic species information.

Madison Children's Museum/Wisconsin Children's Center

100 State St. Madison, WI 53703 608/256-6445

- Leap into Lakes exhibit and the related curriculum guide are about lakes, freshwater, and water quality. The exhibit explores Madison's lakes, the Great Lakes and the lakes of the world.
- School group visits
- Check out the Lakes trunk is available for loan.
 The trunk contains educational materials such as books, curriculum guides, posters, and videos. Suggested for grades 4-6, but may be adapted to older or younger ages. To rent, contact Volunteer Coordinator.

Madison Metropolitan Sewerage District

1610 Moorland Rd. Madison, WI 53713 608/222-1201

- · Tours of sewage treatment facility
- Publications

Madison Storytellers' Guild

Contact Susan Gilchrist 608/249-5030, weekends or evenings

Natural Resources Conservation Service

See list of county offices in Part 3 of this "Organizations" section

Priority Watershed Project Managers

See list of county offices in Part 3 of this "Organizations" section

School Grounds Staff

See local phone book

 Contact for information about water quality and grounds management at school sites

Southwestern Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission

426 Karrmann Library Platteville, WI 53818 608/342-1214; Fax: 608/342-1220

• Serves the following counties: Grant, Green, Iowa, Lafayette, and Richland

U.S. Geological Survey Madison Field Office

6606 Seybold Rd.
Madison, WI 53719
608/274-3925
Wisconsin Home Page:
http://wwwdwimdn.er.usgs.gov

UW-Extension Cooperative Extension Southern Area

Water Educator 216 Agriculture Hall, ERC 1450 Linden Drive Madison, WI 53706 608/265-3257

• See description in Statewide Water-Related Organizations section

Water Education Resource Centers (WERC)

Grant County Area
Grant County Land Conservation Department

Lancaster, WI 53813 608/723-6377

· Equipment loan only

Madison Area

Dane County UW-Extension 1 Fen Oak Ct. Madison, WI 53704-8810 608/224-3718; Fax: 608/224-3745 E-mail: habecker@co.dane.wi.us

Field Trip Contacts

Aldo Leopold Foundation and Leopold Memorial Reserve

E12919 Levee Rd. Baraboo, WI 53913 608/355-0279; Fax: 608/356-7309

Sand County Foundation

for Leopold Memorial Reserve information 608/242-5319

- Tours of the original Leopold family farm and shack on a limited basis. The reserve includes examples of ecological restoration dating back to the mid-1930s.
- Provides limited classroom presentations on Aldo Leopold, the "Land Ethic," ecological restoration, and phenology (study of the seasons).

County Health Department

See local white pages under county listings

County Planing and Zoning Departments See local white pages under county listings

County, State, and Federal Parks See local white pages under county listings

Dane County Lakes and Watershed Commission

See listing above in Southern Area of Mississippi River Watershed section

Dane County UW-Extension

See listing above in Southern Area of Mississippi River Watershed section

Horicon Marsh and Marshland Nature Center

See Federal Agencies in Part 1 of this "Organizations" section

Land Conservation Department

See list of county offices in Part 3 of this "Organizations" section

Priority watershed or water quality staff

Local Fish Hatcheries

Contact your DNR Region or local Tribal Office to find the nearest fish hatchery

Local Historic Sites

Contact your county or local Historical Society (the State Historical Society can provide a list of local offices)

Local Industries and Power Plants

See your local phone book

· Contact for possible field trips

Local Sheriff's Department

See local phone book

- Contact for information on lake use issues and conflicts
- May provide local speakers on water and boating safety, exotic species, and local water-related issues

Madison Children's Museum

See listing above in Southern Area of Mississippi River Watershed section

Mining Museum

405 E. Main, Box 252 Platteville, WI 53818 608/348-3301

- Offers guided tours of an 1845 lead mine
- Displays models of different mining techniques and exhibits of mining equipment and 19th century life
- Offers mine locomotive rides

Outdoor Skills Center

P.O. Box 84 Plymouth, WI 53703 920/893-5210

- Publishes Project WULP: Wetland Understanding Leading to Protection
- · Offers school and public education programs

Public Works Department: Water Supply, Wastewater Treatment

See local phone book

State Historical Society Museum

30 N. Carroll St. Madison, WI 53703 608/264-6555

Town Engineers

See local phone book

UW-Extension Cooperative Extension County Offices

See list of county offices in Part 3 of this "Organizations" section

UW-Madison Arboretum

1207 Seminole Hwy. Madison, WI 53711-3726 608/262-2748

- · Offers field trips and summer school programs
- Coordinates "Prairie Restoration for Schools" program

Wisconsin Power and Light Land Resources and Stewardship

222 W. Washington Ave.

P.O. Box 192

Madison, WI 53701-0192

608/252-3237; Fax: 608/252-5702

- Stewardship properties available for field trips, research and restoration projects
- Aquatic ecosystems on Merrimac property include: vernal ponds, permanent ponds, wetlands (open and sedge meadow), trout streams, and sloughs

North and Central Area of Mississippi River Watershed

Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center CNR

UW-Stevens Point Stevens Point, WI 54481 346-4276

E-mail: cmecheni@uwsp.edu

• See description in State Government Organizations section for further information

County Cooperative Extension Office

See list of county offices in Part 3 of this "Organizations" section

 Community, Natural Resource and Economic Development Agent or 4-H Agent

County Health and Human Services See local phone book under county name

County Planning and Zoning
See local phone book under county name

Environmental Task Force Lab

College of Natural Resources UW-Stevens Point Stevens Point, WI 54481 715/346-3209

- Provides technical expertise on groundwater concerns and water testing
- See UW-Stevens Point in Statewide Government Organizations section for more information

Land Conservation Department See list of county offices in Part 3 of this

"Organizations" section

Local Businesses

See local phone book

Local Nature Centers

To find out what nature centers are near you, contact your local UW-Extension Cooperative Extension county office, local school district, or

you can order the *Directory to Wisconsin's Environmental Education* and *Nature Centers*from:

DNR Bureau of Communication and Education Box 7921

Madison, WI 53707-7921 608/266-6790

Ask for Publication #PUBL-HVW-085-92 Rev

Natural Resources Conservation Service See list of county offices in Part 3 of this "Organizations" section

North Central Regional Planning Commission

407 Grant St.

Wausau, WI 54403-4783

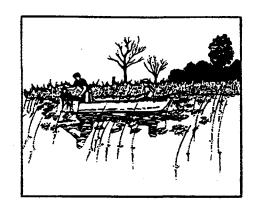
715/845-4208; Fax: 715/843-1267

 Serves the following counties: Adams, Forest, Juneau, Langlade, Lincoln, Marathon, Oneida, Portage, Vilas, and Wood

Stevens Point-Whiting-Plover Wellhead Protection Project

817 Whiting Avenue Stevens Point, WI 54481 Education Coordinator 715/345-5978

- Offers presentations
- Coordinates field trips with the local Cooperative Educational Service Agencies (CESAs) to learning sites at farms, water treatment plants, nitrate removal systems, the Hancock research station, and more!
- Offers workshops
- · Produces a newsletter
- Maintains alternative landscaping displays for groundwater protection in Stevens Point on the Green Circle Trail



Trout Lake Environmental Station

10810 County Hwy. N Boulder Junction, WI 54512 715/356-9494

· Technical expertise and research publications related to lakes

U.S. Forest Service-Chequamegon National **Forest**

1170 Fourth Avenue South Park Falls, WI 54552 715/762-2461; Fax: 715/762-5179

District Rangers: Glidden Ranger District P.O. Box 126 Glidden, WI 54527 715/264-2511; Fax: 715/264-3307

Hayward Ranger District P.O. Box 896 Hayward, WI 54843

715/634-4821; Fax: 715/634-3769

Medford Ranger District 850 N Eighth, Hwy 13 Medford, WI 54551 715/748-4875; Fax: 715/748-5675

Park Falls Ranger District 1170 Fourth Avenue S Park Falls, WI 54552 715/762-5701; Fax: 715/76205179

Washburn Ranger District P.O. Box 578 Glidden, WI 54527 715/373-2667: Fax: 715/373-2878

U.S. Forest Service-Nicolet National Forest

Federal Building 68 S. Stevens Street Rhinelander, WI 54501 715/362-1383; Fax: 715/362-1359

District Rangers: Eagle River Ranger District P.O. Box 1809 Eagle River, WI 54521 715/479-1308; Fax: 715/479-6407 Florence Ranger District HC 1. Box 83 Florence, WI 54121 715/528-4464; Fax: 715/528-5172

Lakewood Ranger District 15085 State Rd. 32 Lakewood, WI 54138 715/276-6333: Fax: 715/276-3594

Laona Ranger District Route 1. Box 11B Laona, WI 54541 715/674-4481; Fax: 715/674-2545

U.S. Geological Survey

Merrill Field Office 2011 E. Main St. Merrill, WI 54452 715/536-2200 Wisconsin Home Page: http://wwwdwimdn.er.usgs.gov

• See description in Federal Agencies section for further information

Water Education Resource Center (WERC)

Stevens Point Area Central Wisconsin Environmental Station 10186 County Rd. MM Amherst Junction, WI 54407 715/824-2428

Wisconsin Center for Environmental **Education (WCEE)**

College of Natural Resources **UW-Stevens Point** Stevens Point, WI 54481 715/346-4973

Home Page: http://www.uwsp.edu/acad/wcee

- · Lending library, curriculum materials
- Educator workshops
- Summer Master's program for teachers
- · See complete description in Part 1 of Organizations section

Wisconsin Rural Water Association

350 Water Way Plover, WI 54467 715/344-7778

E-mail: wrwa@coredcs.com

Home Page: http://www.nrwa.org

- Assists small municipalities with wellhead protection and public water supply protection issues
- Technical assistance to water and wastewater treatment operators

Wisconsin Valley Improvement Authority 2301 N. Third St.

Wausau, WI 54403 715/848-2976

 Regulates the water flow of the Wisconsin River from Lac Vieux Desert to the Eau Pleine Reservoir through dam and reservoir control

Field Trip Contacts

Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center See listing above in the North and Central Area of Mississippi River Watershed section

Horicon National Wildlife Refuge (NWR)

W4279 Headquarters Road
Mayville, WI 53050
920/387-2658; Fax: 920/387-2873
Contact the following offices through Horicon:

- Fox River NWR
- Gravel Island NWR
- · Green Bay NWR
- Leopold WMD

Land Conservation Department

See list of county offices in Part 3 of this "Organizations" section

Local Fish Hatcheries

Contact your DNR Region or local Tribal Office to find the nearest fish hatchery

Local Historic Sites

Contact your county or local Historical Society (the State Historical Society can provide a list of local offices)

Local Nature Centers

See listing above in the North and Central Area of Mississippi River Watershed section

Local Power Plants

See your local phone book

• Contact for possible field trips

Necedah National Wildlife Refuge

W7996 20th Street, W.

Necedah, WI 54646

608/565-2251; Fax: 608/565-3160

Stevens Point-Whiting-Plover Wellhead Protection Project

See listing above in the North and Central Area of Mississippi River Watershed section

UW-Extension County Cooperative Extension Office

See list of county offices in Part 3 of this "Organizations" section

Wisconsin Conservation Hall of Fame

Schmeeckle Reserve and Visitor Center UW- Stevens Point Stevens Point, WI 54481 715/346-4992

• See description in Statewide Water-Related Organizations section for more information

Part 3

County, Regional, and Watershed Offices

County Offices

Environmental Health Department

See local white pages under county name

- Inspects septic systems
- · Planning and zoning
- · Technical assistance
- · Public wastewater treatment
- · Solid waste management

Health and Social Services

See local white pages under county name

• Human health concerns from contaminated water or disease

Planning and Zoning

See local white pages under county name

- · Planning and zoning
- Wellhead protection ordinance
- · Soil and water conservation

Public Works Department

See local white pages under county name

- Public water supply
- · Groundwater management planning
- · Wellhead protection ordinances
- · Public wastewater treatment
- · Solid waste management

Land Conservation Department County Offices

- Establish standards for manure storage pits
- Groundwater management planning
- Education programs
- · Wellhead protection ordinances
- · Soil and water conservation
- Technical assistance

Contact the county water conservationists and/or Watershed Project Managers for assistance

Adams County

PO Box 287, Courthouse, 402 Main St. Friendship 53934 608/339-4268

Ashland County

2012 W 3rd St., PO Box 267, Ashland 54806 715/682-7187

Barron County

Courthouse Ag. Building Barron 54812 715/537-6315 Yellow River Watershed Project 715/537-6317

Bayfield County

2012 W 3rd St., PO Box 267 Ashland 54806 715/682-7187

Brown County

Ag. & Ext., Service Center, 1150 Bellevue St Green Bay 54302 920/391-4620

Buffalo County

County Courthouse Alma 54610 608/685-6260

Burnett County

7410 County Road K, #109 Siren 54872 715/349-2185

Calumet County

Courthouse, 206 Court St. Chilton 53014 920/849-1444

Chippewa County

711 N Bridge St., Rm. 011 Chippewa Falls 54729 715/726-7920 Watershed Manager 715/726-7922

Clark County

Agriculture Svc. Center, Courthouse. Rm. 106, Neillsville 54456 715/743-5102 (Ext. 302) Watershed Project Manager 715/743-5103

Columbia County

Columbia County Ag. Center, Box 485 Portage 53901 608/742-9670

Crawford County

111 W. Dunn St. Prairie Du Chien 53821 608/326-0270

Dane County

57 Fairgrounds Dr. Madison 53713-1413 608/266-4270

Dodge County

127 E. Oak St. Juneau 53039 920/386-3660

Door County

421 Nebraska St. Sturgeon Bay 54235 920/746-2214

Douglas County

2012 W. 3rd St., PO Box 267 Ashland 54806 715/682-7187

Dunn County

Ag. Center, Suite C, 390 Red Cedar St. Menomonie 54751-2386 715/232-1496

Eau Claire

Agriculture & Resource Center 227 1st Street West Altoona 54720 715/839-6226

Florence County

HC 1, Box 82a Florence 54121 715/528-5580

Fond Du Lac County

W 6529 Forest Ave. Fond Du Lac 54937-9403 920/923-5562

Forest County

C/O: UW-Extension Office, Courthouse Crandon 54520 715/478-2212

Grant County

150 West Alona Ln., Ste #1 Lancaster 53813 608/723-6377

Green County

2841 6th St., Ag. Bldg. Monroe 53566 608/328-9525

Green Lake County

492 Hill St., Courthouse, PO Box 3188 Green Lake 54941-3188 920 or 414/294-4051

Iowa County

Ag. Center Bldg. Dodgeville 53533 608/935-2663

Iron County

2012 W. 3rd St., PO Box 267 Ashland 54806 715/682-7187

Jackson County

307 Main Street Black River Falls 54615 715/284-0256

Jefferson County

Courthouse, 320 S. Main St. Jefferson 53549 414/674-7110 Watershed Proj. Mgr. 232 Main St., PO Box 22, Cambridge 53523

Juneau County

Courthouse Annex Mauston 53948 608/847-6607

Kenosha County

Kenosha County Center, PO Box 520 Bristol 53104-0520 414/857-6560

Kewaunee County

925 Marquette Drive Kewaunee 54216 920/388-0787

La Crosse County

Courthouse, 400 North 4th St., Rm. B05 LaCrosse 54601-3200 608/785-9867

Lafayette County

626 Main St., Suite B Darlington 53530-1397 Priority Watershed Manager/Technician 608/776-4084

Langlade County

720 Ackley St., Room 3 Antigo 54409-2405 715/623-4889

Lincoln County

1106 E 8th St. Merrill 54452 715/536-0363

Manitowoc County

1701 Michigan Avenue Manitowoc 54220 920/683-4183

Marathon County

Courthouse, 500 Forest St. Wausau 54403 715/847-5213

Marinette County

1926 Hall Ave, PO Box 320 Marinette 54143 Water Resource Spec. 715/732-7780

Marquette County

480 Underwood Ave Montello 53949 608/297-9175

Menominee County

Courthouse, PO Box 27 Keshena 54135-0279 715/799-3311

Milwaukee County

Milwaukee Co. Courthouse 901 N 9th St., Rm. 203 Milwaukee 53233 414/278-5020

Monroe County

820 Industrial Drive, Suite 3 Sparta 54656 608/269-4929

Oconto County

111 Arbutus Ave., PO Box 46 Oconto 54153 920/834-5688

Oneida County

3375 Airport Rd. Rhinelander 54501 715/369-6166

Outagamie County

3365 W. Brewster St. Appleton 54914 920/832-5073

Ozaukee County

121 W Main St.
Port Washington 53074
Metro Area Callers: 414/238-8270
414/284-8270

Pepin County

740 7th Ave. W., PO Box 39 Durand 54736 715/672-8665

Pierce County

Box 67, 412 W Kinne St. Ellsworth 54011 715/273-3534

Polk County

215 Main St., Box 460 Balsam Lake 54810 Balsam Branch Watershed Project 715/485-3725

Portage County

County-City Building 1516 Church St. Stevens Point 54481 Tomorrow/Waupaca River 715/346-1334

Price County

County Normal Bldg. Phillips 54555 715/339-2550

Racine County

14200 Washington Avenue Sturtevant 53177 414/886-8479

Richland County

1850 Bohmann Drive, Suite E Richland Center 53581 608/647-2100

Rock County

440 N. U.S. Hwy. 14 Janesville 53546 608/755-2187

Rusk County

311 E. Miner Ave., Ladysmith 54848 Soft Maple-Hay Cr. Watershed Project Manager 715/532-2162

St. Croix County

1060 10th Ave., PO Box 85 Baldwin 54002 715/684-2894

Sauk County

515 Oak St. Courthouse Baraboo 53913 608/355-3245

Sawyer County

311 E. Miner Ave. Ladysmith 54848 715/532-2162

Shawano County

311 N. Main St. Shawano 54166 715/526-9239

Sheboygan County

650 Forest Avenue Sheboygan Falls 53085 920/459-4360

Taylor County

Co. USDA Svc. Ctr., 925 Donald St., Rm.102 Medford 54451 715/748-2299

Trempealeau County

Courthouse Annex Whitehall 54773 715/538-2311

Vernon County

834 N. Main St. Viroqua 54665 608/637-8323

Vilas County

3375 Airport Rd. Rhinelander 54501 715/369-6166

Walworth County

Crths. Annex, W3929 Cty. Nn Elkhorn 53121 414/723-2698

Washburn County

206 Vine St. Spooner 54801 715/635-2451

Washington County

333 E. Washington St., Suite 3200 West Bend 53095 414/335-4800

Waukesha County

Waukesha Co. Administration Center, Rm. 229 1320 Pewaukee Road, Waukesha 53188 414/548-7767

Waupaca County

811 Harding, Courthouse Waupaca 54981 715/258-6245

Waushara County

209 S. St. Marie St. Wautoma 54982 920 or 414/787-4631

Winnebago County

500 East County Road Y Oshkosh 54901 920/424-0044

Wood County

Courthouse, 400 Market St., Box 8095 Wisconsin Rapids 54495 715/421-8475 Upper Yellow River Watershed 715/421-8582

Natural Resources and Conservation Service (NRCS) County Field Offices

• As part of the U.S. Department of Agriculture, the NRCS works with farmers and landowners to develop land and water conservation management practices.

COUNTY	
Adams	
Ashland	
Barron	
Bayfield	
Brown	
Buffalo	
Burnett	
Calumet	
Chippewa	
Clark	
Columbia	
Crawford	
Dane	
Dodge	
Door	
Douglas	
Dunn	
Eau Claire	
Florence	
Fond du Lac	
Forest	
Grant	
Green	
Green Lake	
Iowa	
Iron	
Jackson	
Jefferson	
Juneau	
Kenosha	
Kewaunee	
La Crosse	•
Lafayette	
Langlade	
Lincoln	
Marathon	
Manitowoc	
Marinette	
Marquette	
Menominee	
Milwaukee	
Monroe	
Oconto	
Oneida	
Outagamie	
Ozaukee	

SERVED BY
Mauston FO
Ashland FO
Barron FO
Ashland FO
Green Bay FO
Al - EO
Alma FO Siren FO
Siren FO
Chilton FO
Chippewa Falls FO
Neillsville FO
Portage FO
Prairie du Chien FO
Madison FO
Juneau FOP
Kewaunee FO
Ashland FO
Menomonie FO
Altoona FO
Rhinelander FO
Fond du Lac
Rhinelander FO
Lancaster FO
Monroe FO
Green Lake FO
Dodgeville FO
Ashland FO
Black River Falls FO
Jefferson FO
Mauston FO
Union Grove FO
Kewaunee FO
La Crosse FO
Darlington FO
Manuall EQ
Merrill FO Merrill FO
Merrill FO
Wausau FO
Manitowoc FO
Marinette FO
Portage FO
Shawano FO
Waukesha FO
Sparta FO
Oconto FO
Rhinelander FO
Appleton FO
Port Washington FO
Durand FO
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IELEPHONE #
608/847-6607
715/682-4161
715/537-6316
715/682-4161
920/391-4622/4623
608/685-6280
715/349-2185
920/849-1444
715/720-9083
715743-6210
608/742-2757
608/326-0270
608/224-3750
920/386-4486
920/388-0740
715/682-4161
715/232-1132
715/839-4786
715/369-6166
920/923-5562
715/369-6166
608/723-6377
608/328-9522
414/294-6140*
608/935-2663
715/682-4161
715/284-0256
414/674-6102-6103
608/847-6607
414/878-1243
920/388-0740
608/785-9741
608/776-4084
715/536-6003
715/536-6003
715/847-5254
920/683-4183
715/735-5680
608/742-2757
715/526-9239
414/547-3754
608/269-4929
920/834-5688
715/369-6166
920/832-5073
414/284-8273
715/672-8665

TELEPHONE #

Pepin

	•	
Pierce	Ellsworth FO	715/273-3531/6763
Polk	Balsam Lake FO	715/485-3340
Portage	Stevens Point FO	715/346-1334
Price	Medford FO	715/748-2299
Racine	Union Grove FO	414/878-1243
Richland	Richland Center FO	608/647-2678
Rock	Janesville FO	608/755-2187
Rusk	Ladysmith FO	715/532-7629
St. Croix	Baldwin FO	715/684-2894
Sawyer	Ladysmith FO	715/532-7629
Sauk	Baraboo FO	608/356-3861
Shawano	Shawano FO	715/524 - 8520
Sheboygan	Sheboygan Falls FO	414/467-5751*
Taylor	Medford FO	715/748-2299
Trempeleau	Whitehall FO	715/538-4379
Vernon	Viroqua FO	608/637-8321
Vilas	Rhinelander FO	715/369-6166
Walworth	Elkhorn FO	414/723-2698
Washburn	Spooner FO	715/635-2451
Washington	West Bend FO	414/335-4800
Waukesha	Waukesha FO	414/547-3754
Waupaca	Waupaca FO	715/258-8380
Waushara	Wautoma FO	920/787-3828
Winnebago	Oshkosh FO	920/424-0044
Wood	Wisconsin Rapids FO	715/421-5473

^{*}Because of the area code reorganization, these (414) area codes may now be (920)

Priority Watershed Educators

• Most of these individuals are located in county Land Conservation Departments and conduct a variety of outreach programs.

EDUCATOR	WATERSHED	PHONE #
Sandy Swoboda	Lower Rib River	715/847-5213
Sarah Draak	Tomorrow/Waupaca River	715/258-6245
Mike Gardner	Whittlesey Creek	715/682-7187
Paul Hlina	Upper St. Croix	715/378-4292
Dean Kaatz	Lower Rib River, Yellow River, Spring Brook, Lower Big Eau Pleine	715/847-5213
Denise Labott	Upper Fox River, Muskego/Wind Lakes	920/548-7767
Ken Lassa	Lower Big Eau Pleine, Upper Yellow River,	715/847-5213
	parts of Lower Rib River, Springbrook	
Peter Manley	Upper Yellow River	715/421-8440
Dann Wright	Neenah Creek	608/297-9175
Shane Wucherpfennig	Upper Yellow River	715/421-8475
Mark Bal	Milwaukee River, Fond du Lac, Winnebago West	414/923-5562*
Trisha Fischer	Pensaukee River	414/834-5688*
Brad Robole	Arrowhead/Rat River/Daggetts Creek,	414/424-0044*
	Fond du Lac, Pine Willow	
Tony Smith	Branch River, Pigeon River	414/683-4183*
Andy Wallenger	Red River, Sturgeon Bay, Brown, Poor	920/388-3570
Steve Zander	Lake Noquebay, Middle Peshtigo/Thunder River	715/732-7780
Chri• Ertman	E.W. Branch Milwaukee River, North Branch	414/467-5746*
	Milwaukee River, Pigeon River	

Gerald Hebard	Honey Sugar, Muskego/Wind Lakes,	414/878-1243*
	Camp Center, Lake Cook	
Jayne Jenks	Upper Fox River, Menomonee River,	920/548-7767
•	Muskego/Wind Lake	
Sue Millin	Milwaukee	414/335/4800
Merrie Schamberger	Cedar Creek, Milwaukee River, Menomonee River	414/238-8270*
· ·	Sauk Creek	
Steve Bertjens	Lower Grant River	608/723-6377
Danielle Dresden	Yahara, Monona	608/266-2626
Karl Hakanson	Narrows Creek, Baraboo River, Dell Creek	608/355-3245
Kathy Knapp	Hillsboro Lake, Middle Kickapoo River	608/637/8323
Ron Kroner	Lake Ripley, Rock River	414/674-7121*
Mary Maida	Rock Lake	414/674-7121*
Nancy Paul	Beaver Dam River	414/386-3660*
Lisa Trumbele	Lower East Branch Pecatonica River	608/776-4084
Cheryl Bursik	Balsam Branch, Osceola Creek, Horse Creek	715/485-3725
Jane Jensen	Duncan Creek	715/726-7922
Mark Kinney	South Fork - Hay River	715/232-1496
Peter Kling	St. Croix Lakes Cluster	715/684-2894
Rodney Littlefield	Duncan Creek	715/726-7955
Emily Moore	Duncan Creek	715/832-7109
Daun Mudis	Beaver Creek, Middle and Upper Trempealeau	715/538-2311
Jim Reimer	Yellow River	715/537-6315
Bryce Richardson	Lake Tomah	608-269-4929
Jean Schomisch	Lowes Creek	715/839-6226
Steve Stark	Upper Trempealeau River, Beaver Creek	715/284-0256
Jim Sraskowski	Waumandee Creek; Buffalo County,	608/685-6260
	part of Middle Trempealeau	
Paul Cook	Big Wood Lake	715/349-2185

^{*}These (414) area codes may be changing to (920)

Priority Watershed Projects in Wisconsin Selected as of 1995



Priority Watershed Projects in Wisconsin: 1995 - 1996

ear Selected- ap Number	Large-scale Priority Watershed Project	County(les)	90-5	Upper Yellow River	Wood, Marathon, Clark
79-1	Galena River ◆	Grant, Lafayette	90-6	Duncan Creek	Chippewa, Eau Claire
79-2	Elk Creek +	Trempealeau	91-1	Upper Trempealeau River	Jackson, Trempealeau
79-3	Hay River +		91-2	Neenah Creek	Adams, Marquette, Columbia
79-4		Barron, Dunn	92-1	Balsam Branch	Polk
	Lower Manitowoc River +	Manitowoc, Brown	92-2	Red River - Little Sturgeon Bay	Door, Brown, Kewaunee
79-5	Root River +	Racine, Milwaukee,	93-1	South Fork Hay River	Dunn, Polk, Barron, St. Croix
		Waukesha	93-2	Branch River	Manitowoc, Brown
80-1	Onion River ◆	Sheboygan, Ozaukee	93-3	Soft Maple/Hay Creek	
80-2	Sixmile-Pheasant Branch Creek ++	Dane	93-4		Rusk
80-3	Big Green Lake ◆	Green Lake, Fond du Lac		Tomorrow/Waupaca River	Portage, Waupaca, Wausha
80-4	Upper Willow River •	Polk, St. Crox	94-1	Duck Creek	Outagamie, Brown
81-1	Upper West Branch Pecatonica River ◆	lowa, Lafayette	94-2	Apple/Ashwaubenon Creeks	Outagarnie, Brown
81-2	Lower Black River •	La Crosse, Trempealeau	94-3	Dell Creek	Sauk, Juneau
82-1	Kewaunee River •		94-4	Pensaukee River	Shawano, Oconto
82-2		Kewaunee, Brown	94-5	Spring Brook	Langlade, Marathon
	Turtle Creek +	Walworth, Rock	94-6	Sugar/Honey Creeks	Walworth, Racine
83-1	Oconomowoc River	Waukesha, Washington,	95-1	Pigeon River	Manitowoc, Sheboygan
		Jefferson	95-2	Middle Peshtigo/Thunder Rivers	Marinette. Oconto
83-2	Little River	Oconto, Marinette	95.3	Fond du Lac River	
83-3	Crossman Creek/Little Baraboo River	Sauk, Juneau, Richland	95-4	Lower Rib River	Fond du Lac, Winnebago
83-4	Lower Eau Claire River ◆	Eau Claire	95-5		Marathon
84-1	Beaver Creek	Trempealeau, Jackson		Kinnickinnic River (St. Croix Basin)	St. Croix, Pierce
84-2	Upper Big Eau Pleine River	Marathon, Taylor, Clark	95-6	Lower Little Wolf	Waupaca
84-3	Sevenmile-Silver Creeks	Manitowoc, Sheboygan	95-7	Pine & Willow Rivers	Waushara, Winnebago
84-4	Upper Door Peninsula	Manitowoc, Snebbygan	1		•
	Cost 9 Most Depart Miller de Dies	Door	Year Selected-		
84-5	East & West Branch Milwaukee River	Fond du Lac, Washington, Sheboygan, Dodge,	Map Number	Small-scale Priority Watershed Project	County(ies)
		Ozaukee	SS-1	Bass Lake ◆	Marinette
84-6	North Branch Milwaukee River	Sheboygan, Washington,	SS-90-1	Duniap Creek	Dane
0+0	HOILIT DIGNOT HIMMAUNCO THAG	Ozaukee, Fond du Lac	SS-90-2	Lowes Creek	Eau Claire
047	Milwayles Diver Cauth		SS-90-3	Port Edwards - Groundwater Prototype	Wood
84-7	Milwaukee River South	Ozaukee, Milwaukee	SS-91-1	Whittlesey Creek	Baylield
84-8	Cedar Creek	Washington, Ozaukee	SS-91-2	Spring Creek	
84-9	Menomonee River	Milwaukee, Waukesha,			Rock
		Ozaukee, Washington	SS-94-1	Osceola Creek	Polk
85-1	Black Earth Creek	Dane			
85-2	Sheboygan River	Sheboygan, Fond du Lac,	Year Selected-		
	,•	Manitowoc, Calumet	Map Number	Priority Lake Project	County(ies)
85-3	Waumandee Creek	Buffalo	PL-90-1	Minocqua Lake	Oneida
86-1	East River	Brown, Calumet			
86-2	Yahara River - Lake Monona		PL-90-2	Lake Tomah	Monroe
		Dane	PL-91-1	Little Muskego, Big Muskego, Wind Lakes	
86-3	Lower Grant River	Grant			Milwaukee
89-1	Yellow River	Barron	PL-92-1	Lake Noquebay	Marinette
89-2	Lake Winnebago East	Calumet, Fond du Lac	PL-92-2	Lake Ripley	Jefferson
89-3	Upper Fox River (III.)	Waukesha	PL-93-1	Camp/Center Lakes	Kenosha
89-4	Narrows Creek - Baraboo River	Sauk	PL-93-2	Lake Mendota	Dane, Columbia
89-5	Middle Trempealeau River	Trempealeau, Buffajo	PL-93-3	Hillsboro	Vernon
89-6	Middle Kickapoo River	Vernon, Monroe, Richland	PL-94-1		
89-7				St. Croix County Lakes Cluster	St. Crolx
	Lower East Branch Pecatonica River	Green, Lafayette	PL-94-2	Upper St. Croix/Eau Claire River	Douglas _
90-1	Arrowhead River & Daggets Creek	Winnebago, Outagamie,	PL-95-1	Big Wood Lake	Burnett, Polk
		Waupaca	PL-95-2	Rock Lake	Jefferson
90-2	Kinnickinnic River (Milwaukee Basin)	Milwaukee	PL-95-3	Horse Creek	Polk, St. Croix
90-3	Beaverdam River	Dodge, Columbia,			
		Green Lake	♦ Project comple	eted	

Regional Planning Commissions

 The Wisconsin Regional Planning Commissions are designated as area-wide or metropolitan planning agencies for the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development for purposes of housing and land use planning.

Bay Lake Regional Planning Commission

Suite 211, Old Fort Square 211 N. Broadway Green Bay, WI 54303 920/448-2820; Fax: 920/448-2823

- Provides technical assistance to coastal communities, develops Sewer Service Area Plans, reviews permit requests, and develops water regulations and zoning ordinances for communities.
- Serves the following counties: Brown, Door, Florence, Kewaunee, Manitowoc, Marinette, Oconto, and Sheboygan

East Central Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission

132 Main St. Menasha, WI 54952 920/751-4770; Fax: 920/751-4771

 Serves the following counties: Calumet, Fond du Lac, Green Lake, Marquette, Outagamie, Shawano, Waupaca, Waushara, and Winnebago

Mississippi River Regional Planning Commission

1701 Main St. LaCrosse, WI 54601 608/785-9396; Fax: 608/785-9394

• Serves the following counties: Buffalo, Crawford, Jackson, LaCrosse, Monroe, Pepin, Pierce, Trempelau, and Vernon.

North Central Regional Planning Commission

407 Grant St. Wausau, WI 54403-4783 715/845-4208; Fax: 715/843-1267 • Serves the following counties: Adams, Forest, Juneau, Langlade, Lincoln, Marathon, Oneida, Portage, Vilas, and Wood

Northwest Regional Planning Commission 1400 S. River St.

Spooner, WI 54801

715/635-2197; Fax: 715/635-7262

 Serves these counties: Ashland, Bayfield, Burnett, Douglas, Iron, Price, Rusk, Sawyer, Taylor, and Washburn

Southeastern Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission

916 N. East Ave. P.O. Box 1607 Waukesha, WI 53187-1607 414/547-6721; Fax: 414/547-1103

 Serves the following counties: Kenosha, Milwaukee, Ozaukee, Racine, Walworth, Washington, and Waukesha

Southwestern Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission

426 Karrmann Library Platteville, WI 53818 608/342-1214; Fax: 608/342-1220

 Serves the following counties: Grant, Green, Iowa, Lafayette, and Richland

West Central Regional Planning Commission

800 Wisconsin St., Mail Box 9 Eau Claire, WI 54703-3606 715/836-2918

 Serves these counties: Barron, Chippewa, Clark, Dunn, Eau Claire, Polk, and St. Croix

University of WisconsinExtension Cooperative Extension District & County Offices

- Educational and informational assistance to citizens on a broad variety of topics related to water quality protection
- · Refer to District Map below

Central District

105 Delzell Hall UW-Stevens Point Stevens Point, WI 54481-3897 715/346-2760; Fax: 715/346-4260

Northeast District

IS-1138 UW-Green Bay Green Bay, WI 54301-7001 920/465-2147; Fax: 920/465-2032

Urban Water Quality Educator, CES 317 920/465-2240; Fax: 920/465-2376

Northern District

702 Front St. Spooner, WI 54801 715/635-9190; Fax: 715/635-9172

Southeast District

161 W. Wisconsin Ave., Suite 6000 Milwaukee, WI 53203-2602 414/227-3175; Fax: 414/227-3165 Area and Urban Water Quality Educators State Fair Youth Center 640 South 84th St. Milwaukee, WI 53214-1438 414/290-2430 & 2431; Fax: 414/290-2424

Southern District

505 Extension Bldg. 432 North Lake St. Madison, WI 53706-1498 608/263-2781; Fax: 608/262-9166

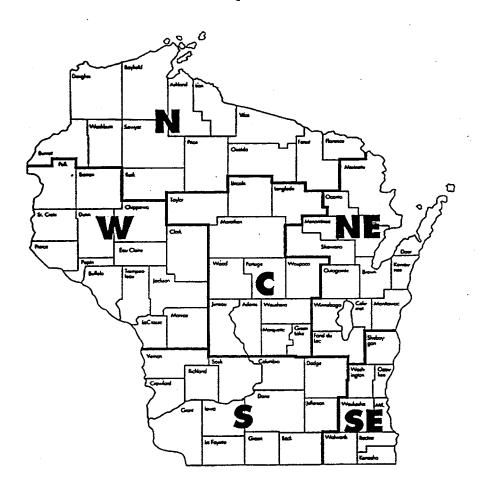
Area Water Quality Educator Environmental Resources Center 216 Agriculture Hall, 1450 Linden Dr. Madison, WI 53706 608/265-3257: Fax: 608/262-2031

Western District

Rm. 104, 400 Hewett St. Neillsville, WI 54456 715/743-5420; Fax: 715/743-5422

Area Water Quality Educator Phillips Hall, Rm. 149 UW-Eau Claire Eau Claire, WI 54702 715/836-5513; Fax: 715/836-2380

Cooperative Extension Districts



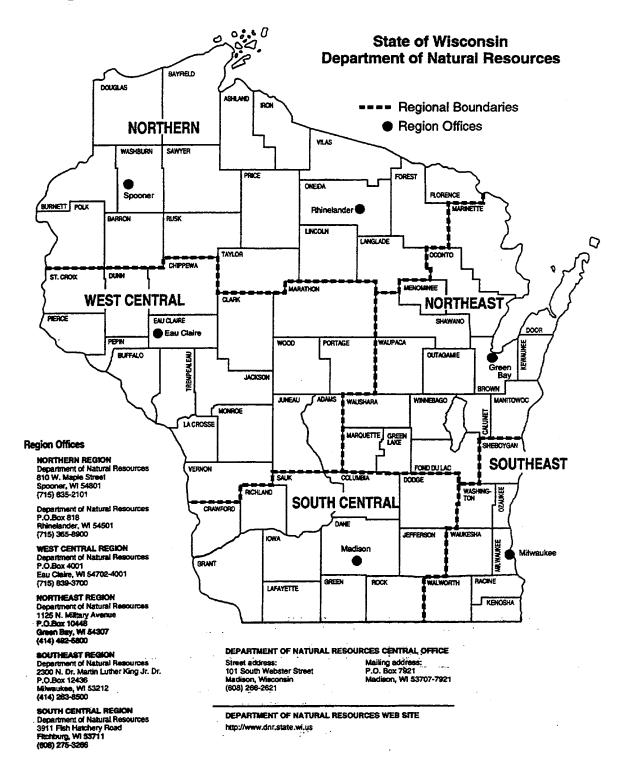
University of Wisconsin-Extension Cooperative Extension County Offices

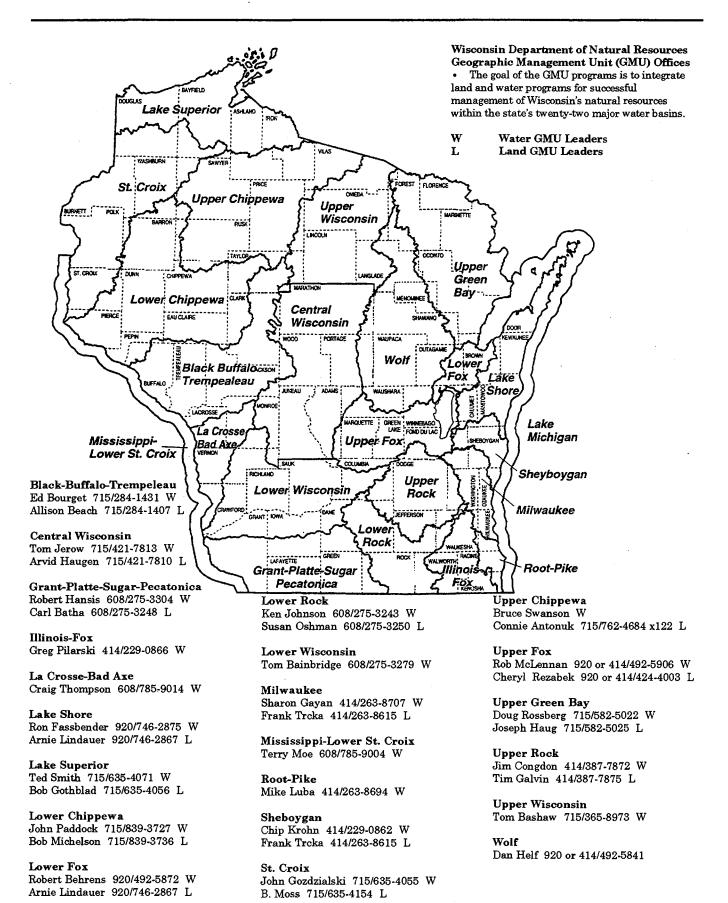
COUNTY	TELEPHONE #	ADDRESS
Adams	608/339-4237	Box 489, Adams, 53910
Ashland	715/682-7017	Rm. 107 Courthouse, Ashland, 54806
Barron	715/537 - 6250	Courthouse, Barron, 54812
Bayfield	715/373-6104	117 E. 5th St., Washburn, 54891
Brown	920/391-4610	1150 Bellevue, Green Bay, 54302
Buffalo	608/685-6256	Box 276, Alma, 54610
Burnett	715/349-2151	7410 Co. K, Siren, 54872
Calumet	920/849-1450	Courthouse, Chilton, 53014
Chippewa	715/726-7950	711 N. Bridge, Chippewa Falls, 54729
Clark	715/743-5121	Box 68 Courthouse, Neillsville, 54456
Columbia	608/742-9680	Box 567 Co. Ag. Center, Portage, 53901
Crawford	608/326-0223	111 W Dunn, Prairie Du Chien, 53821
Dane	608/266-4271	57 Fairgrounds Dr., Madison, 53713
Dodge	920/386-3790	Cty. Office Bldg., Juneau, 53039
Door	920/743-5511	Box 670 Courthouse, Sturgeon Bay, 54235
Douglas	715/394-0363	Rm. 107 Courthouse, Superior, 54880

D	715/020 1626	A. Canton 200 Pad Cadar St. Manamania 54751
Dunn Eau Claire	715/232-1636 715/839-4712	Ag. Center, 390 Red Cedar St., Menomonie, 54751 227 1st St. W, Altoona, 54720
Florence		Hc1 Box 82a, Florence, 54121
Fond Du Lac	715/528-4480	
	920/929-3170	400 Campus Dr., Fond Du Lac, 54935 Courthouse, 200 E Madison, Crandon, 54520
Forest	715/478-2212	
Grant	608/723-2125	Box 31, 916 E Elm, Lancaster, 53813
Green	608/328-9440	N3150b, Hwy. 81, Monroe, 53566
Green Lake	*414/294-4032	492 Hill St., Courthouse, Green Lake, 54941
Iowa	608/935-3354	216 N Iowa St., Dodgeville, 53533
Iron	715/561-2695	Courthouse, 300 Taconite St., Hurley, 54534
Jackson	715/284-4257	227 S. 11th St., Black River Falls, 54615
Jefferson	414/674-7295	Courthouse, 320 S. Main, Jefferson, 53549
Juneau	608/847-9329	Courthouse, 200 E. State St., Mauston, 53948
Kenosha	414/857-6466	Box 550, 19600 E 8th St., Bristol 53104
Kewaunee	920/388-4410	Courthouse, 613 Dodge St., Kewaunee, 54216
La Crosse	608/785-9593	300 N 4th St., Lacrosse, 54601
Lafayette	608/776-4820	Ag. Center, 627 Washington, Darlington, 53530
Langlade	715/627-6236	Box 460, 1575 Neva Rd., Antigo, 54409
Lincoln	715/536-0304	Box 917, 1106 E 8th St., Merrill, 54452
Manitowoc	920/683-4167	1701 Michigan, Manitowoc, 54220
Marathon	715/847-5433	Courthouse, 500 Forest, Wausau, 54403
Marinette	715/732-7510	Box 320 Courthouse, 1926 Hall Ave., Marinette, 54143
Marquette	608/297-9153	Box 338 Co. Service Center, Montello, 53949
Menominee	715/779-4654	Box 729 Courthouse, Keshena, 54135
Milwaukee	414/290-2400	State Fair Youth Ctr., 640 S. 84th St., Milwaukee, 53214
Monroe	608/269-8722	Box 309 Courthouse, 112 S Court St., Sparta, 54656
Oconto	920/834-6845	300 Washington, Courthouse, Oconto, 54153
Oneida	715/369-6160	Box 1208 Airport, Rhinelander, 54501
Outagamie	920/832-5119	3365 W Brewster St., Appleton, 54911
Ozaukee	414/284-8288	Box 994 Courthouse, Pt Washington, 53074
Pepin	715/672-5214	Box 39 Cty. Gov. Ctr., 740 7th Ave. W, Durand, 54736
Pierce	715/273-3531x243	Box 69 Pierce Office Bldg, 412 W Kinne, Ellsworth, 54011
Polk	715/485-3136	Box 160 Ag. Center, 215 Main St., Balsam Lake, 54810
Portage	715/346-1316	County City. Bldg., 1516 Church St., Stevens Point, 54481
Price	715/339-2555	Normal Bldg. Rm. 240, 104 S. Eyder, Phillips, 54555
Racine	414/886-8460	14200 Washington, Sturtevant, 53177
Richland	608/647-6148	1100 Hwy. 14 W, Richland Center, 53581
Rock	608/757-5696	Courthouse, 51 S Main, Janesville, 53545
Rusk	715/532-2151	Courthouse, 311 Miner Ave. E, Ladysmith, 54848
St Croix	715/684-3301	Box 6 Ag. Center, Baldwin, 54002
Sauk	608/355-3250	505 Broadway, Baraboo, 53913
Sawyer	715/634-4839	Box 351 Courthouse, Hayward, 54843
Shawano	715/526-6136	Courthouse, 311 N Main, Shawano, 54166
Sheboygan	920/467-5740	650 Forest Ave., Sheboygan Falls, 53085
Taylor	715/748-3327	925 Donald St., Medford, 54451
Trempealeau	715/538-2311	Box 67 Courthouse, Whitehall, 54773
Vernon	608/637-2165	Box 392, Viroqua, 54665
Vilas	715/479-3648	Box 369 Courthouse, Eagle River, 54521
Walworth	41 4/7 41 - 3190	W3929 Cty. Rd. Nn, Elkhorn, 53121
Washburn	715/635-3192	850 W Beaverbrook Ave., Spooner, 54801
Washington	414/335-4480	333 E Washington, West Bend, 53095
Waukesha	414/548-7770	1320 Pewaukee Rd., Waukesha, 53186
Waupaca	715/258-6230	Courthouse, 811 Harding St., Waupaca, 54981
Waushara	920/787-4631x220	Box 487 Courthouse, Wautoma, 54982
Winnebago	920/424-0050	500 E Cty. Rd. Y, Oshkosh, 54901
Wood	715/421-8440	Box 8095 Courthouse, Wi. Rapids, 54495

^{*}These (414) area code• may be changing to (920)

Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources Regional & Geographic Management Unit (GMU) Offices





Recommended Wisconsin Resources for Project WET Activities

In this section, each Project WET activity is listed with suggested Wisconsin resources to help you localize these national activities. The resources listed below can be found in the Resources and Organizations sections. In the Resources section, you will find descriptions and ordering information for each publication. Organization descriptions and contacts are provided in the Organizations section. Ideas for local adaptations to the national activities are included in some cases. A few of the Project WET activities listed below do not have resources recommended for them because the subject matter is too general (e.g. osmosis, diffusion, density). For national references, check the 'Resource' section at the end of each activity in the Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide.

The activities that follow are in the same order as can be found in the Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide. The teaching strategies section precedes the activities that are organized by topic.

Abbreviations:

CNRD Community, Natural Resources and Economic Development county agents with UW-Extension Cooperative Extension DNR Department of Natural Resources **GMU** Geographic Management Unit of the DNR, there are twenty two GMU offices in the state **EPA Environmental Protection** Agency University of Wisconsin-UW-Extension Extension

4-H

Youth development county agents with UW-Extension Cooperative Extension

Proiect WET Activities

Teaching Strategies

Check It Out!
Resources: • Wisconsin State Standards for Science and Social Studies • State performance tests for 4th, 8th, and 10th grades
Organizations: • Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction
Idea Pools Become familiar with pre-assessment strategies
Let's Work Together Use cooperative learning strategies
Water Actions
Resources: Save Wisconsin's Water: Making Every Drop Count Testing the Waters program (Riveredge Nature Center) Water Activities to Encourage Responsibility Waterwatchers Guide for Dane County See "Lakes," "Watersheds," and "Water Quality" in the Resources section for more information
Organizations: • Adopt-A-Lake
• Adopt-A-Stream

Project WET Guide Page #

Water Action Volunteers (WAV)

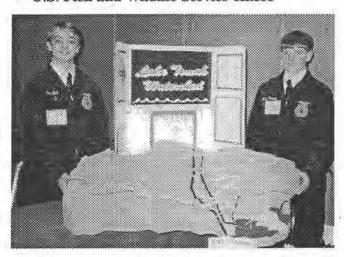
Project WET Guide Page # • Give Water A Hand	Project WET Guide Page # Is There Water on Zork?4
 Global Rivers Environmental Education Network (GREEN) 	Test the properties of water
Water Log19 Assess student learning through a journal or	Molecules in Motion4 Simulate molecular movement in water's three states
portfolio Resources (check your local library for these	Water Match50 Match water picture cards and discover the three states of water
resources): • A Sand County Almanac and Round River by	What's the Solution?54
Aldo Leopold • My Double Life by Frances Hamerstrom • Reflections from the North Country, Singing	Solve a crime while investigating the dissolving power of water
 Wilderness, and Songs of the North by Sigurd Olson Those of the Forest by Wallace Grange (writ- 	Water is essential for all life to exist
ten from the perspective of a snowshoe hare) • Local writers	Aqua Bodies68 Estimate the amount of water in a person, a cactus, or a whale
Water has unique physical and chemical characteristics	 In Part III have students choose plants or animals found in Wisconsin
Adventures in Density25 Experiment with density and explore examples of density in classic literature	Resources: Plant and animal fact sheets from DNR Bureau of Wildlife Management and Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat
 Relate the activity to Wisconsin's glacial geology and Ice Age history 	Protection can be used for information and photographs • Wisconsin Natural Resources magazine
Organizations: • Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey	 See "Impact of Water Quality on Plant and Animal Communities" in the Resources section for more information
H20 Olympics30 Compete in a water olympics to investigate adhesion and cohesion	Aqua Notes
 As "Making Connections," or "Extension" activities, use local or statewide water-related winter sports (e.g. Badger State Winter Games in north central Wisconsin, Birkebiner in Hayward, ice fishing, ice hockey, etc.) 	 Create your own songs about Wisconsin's waterways or aquatic species Adapt environmental songwriter's music to your region (i.e. Ken Lonnquist, Billy B's "Romp in the Swamp," Ann Bailey's "Excuse Me, Sir, That's My Aquifer!")
Hangin' Together35 Mimic hydrogen bonding in surface tension, ice formation, evaporation, and solutions	Let's Even Things Out72 Demonstrate osmosis and diffusion

Project WET Guide Page #	Project WET Guide Page #
The Life Box76	Department
Discover the elements essential to life	 Division of Health and Family Services, Bureau of Public Health
Life in the Fast Lane79	
Explore temporary wetlands	Salt Marsh Players99 Role-play organisms adapted to life in a salt
Resources:	marsh
• Ephemeral ponds information. Contact your	
DNR Regional or GMU office	Super Sleuths107 Search for others who share similar symptoms of
No Bellyachers85	a waterborne disease
Show how pathogens are transmitted by water by	
playing a game of tag	 Create case study and symptom cards which reflect Wisconsin waterborne diseases and
Resources:	scenarios
 Cryptosporidium Species Oocyst and Giardia 	•
Species Oocyst	Resources:
 Fact sheet series (Department of Health and Family Services, Bureau of Public Health) 	 Cryptosporidium Species Oocyst and Giardia Species Oocyst
 See "Drinking Water Diseases" in Resources section for further information 	 Fact sheet series (Bureau of Public Health) See "Drinking Water Diseases" in Resources section for further information
Organizations:	
 County Health and Human Services 	Organizations:
Department	 County Health and Human Services
 Division of Health and Family Services, 	Department
Bureau of Public Health	 Division of Health and Family Services, Bureau of Public Health
People of the Bog89	
Construct a classroom bog	Thirsty Plants116 Demonstrate transpiration and conduct a field
Resources:	study
 Wisconsin bogs information, contact your 	
regional DNR office	Organizations:
	 Contact local xeriscape or native plant
Poison Pump93	landscape companies for information
Solve a mystery about a waterborne disease	• UW-Extension
	♦ Home Page
 Create victim cards which reflect Wisconsin 	♦ Cooperative Extension county offices
waterborne diseases and scenarios	***
To the state of th	Water Address122
Resources:	Analyze clues to match organisms with water-
 Cryptosporidium Species Oocyst and Giardia Species Oocyst 	related adaptations
• Fact sheet series (Bureau of Public Health)	 Create water address cards for species found
• See "Drinking Water Diseases" in Resources	in your region (see "Water Address" activity
section for further information	adaptation in this Supplement)
Owneringtions	Dagarana
Organizations:	Resources:
 County Health and Human Services 	 Aquatic Insects of Wisconsin

- Plant and animal fact sheets from DNR Bureau of Wildlife Management and Bureau of Fisheries Management and Habitat Protection
- Through the Looking Glass: A Field Guide to Aquatic Plants
- · Wisconsin Fishing
- See "Impact of Water Quality on Plant and Animal Communities" in Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- DNR Regional and GMU offices
- · Local County, State or National Park/Forest
- · U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service offices



4-H members present their Lake Tomah Watershed model at the 1996 Wisconsin Lakes Convention.

Water connects all Earth systems

Branching Out!	129
Construct a watershed model	

Resources:

- Map of Priority Watershed Projects
- Maps: relief map of Wisconsin, hydrologic unit maps, and topographic maps of each county and sub-region of Wisconsin (Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey)
- · Watershed in a Box (model)
- · What is a Watershed?
- · See "Watersheds" in Resources section for

Project WET Guide Page

more information

Organizations:

- DNR Regional and GMU offices
- Land Conservation Department (watershed specialists)
- Priority Watershed Projects for local watershed information and field trip opportunities
- UW-Extension (watershed educators, basin educators)
- Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey, Map and Publication Sales Office

Capture, Store, and Release......133 Use a household sponge to demonstrate how wetlands get wet and how they contribute to a watershed

Resources:

- · An Introduction to Wisconsin Wetlands
- Enviroscape Wetland Model
- · Wetland Functional Values Inventory
- · Wetlands, Wonderlands
- See "Wetlands" in Resources section for more information.

Organizations:

- o DNR
 - Bureau of Watershed Management, Lakes and Wetlands Section
 - ◊ Regional and GMU offices
- Wisconsin Wetlands Association

Get the Ground Water Picture......136 Create an "earth window" to investigate groundwater systems

Resources:

- Groundwater Investigation Kit
- · Groundwater Study Guide
- Groundwater Flow Demonstration (model and guide)
- See "Groundwater" in Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center
- DNR, Bureau of Drinking Water and Groundwater

- U.S. Geological Survey, Wisconsin District Office or Field Offices
- Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey

The Great Stony Brook......150
Create layers of buried fossils and read a great stony book

Resources:

 Fossil Collecting in Wisconsin (Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey)

 Use pictures from Wisconsin publications such as: Wisconsin Natural Resources magazine (DNR Bureau of Communication and Education), organization newsletters, etc. (see "Statewide Water-Related Organizations" in Organizations section for other sources)

Imagine!157 Imagine a water molecule on its water journey

- Substitute local waterways for the activity's river, streams, lake, and reservoir
- Activity "Extension": Create your own water journey starting as a water vapor molecule that condenses to a raindrop then lands in a nearby creek then flows to the Mississippi River or one of the Great Lakes (depending on your watershed) then to another Great Lake or the Gulf of Mexico (from the Mississippi River) back to a rain cloud heading east, and so on (refer to state and U.S. maps).

The Incredible Journey......161 Simulate the movement of water through Earth's systems

 Change some stations to local waterways in your region

Project WET Guide Page

Just Passing Through166
Mimic the movement of water down a slope

These publications will help in discussing the difference that plants can make in controlling soil erosion:

- Beneficial Landscape Practices
- · Erosion Control for Home Builders
- · Shoreline Plants and Landscaping
- See "Stormwater Management" and "Residential Homeowners" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- · Land Conservation Department county offices
- UW-Extension Cooperative Extension county offices

Old Water......171 Create a mural that relates events to the age of Earth, water, and life

 In the activity "Extension" section on page 173 of "Old Water," highlight human water uses in Wisconsin over time. You could focus on the Wisconsin River, the Great Lakes, or a local lake or river

Resources:

- · Wisconsin: A History
- · Wisconsin Blue Book
- Wisconsin River of History
- See "Cultural and Historical Uses" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- County or local historical society
- · State Historical Society

Focus on Wisconsin weather patterns and effects on present and past human and wildlife lifestyles (e.g. cold, lots of snow, frozen waterways, floods on Mississippi River, etc.). Explore how these weather-related changes affect travel, finding food, and types of shelter of past and present Wisconsin

residents.

 Investigate Wisconsin cultures and their lifestyles related to the state's weather patterns (e.g. Chippewa, Menominee, German, Norwegian, Polish, etc.)

Resources:

- · Of Time and the River
- Voyageur: Northeast Wisconsin's Historical Review
- · Wisconsin: A History
- See "Cultural and Historical Uses" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- · County or local historical society
- State Historical Society



Poetic Precipitation......182
Simulate cloud formation and express feelings
toward precipitation through poetry

 Focus on snow (different forms of snow, how students feel about snow during fall months vs. winter months, etc.)

Resources:

- Beneficial Landscape Practices
- · Enviroscape Runoff Pollution Model
- · Rethinking Yard Care
- Soil Erosion Boxes (model)
- Stormwater Runoff
- Topographic and hydrologic unit maps (Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey)

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 See "Watersheds," "Stormwater Management," and "Residential Homeowners" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- Land Conservation Department county offices (watershed specialists)
- UW-Extension (watershed educators, basin educators)
- Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey, Map and Publication Sales Office

Stream Sense......191
Develop sensory awareness of a stream

Resources:

- · Getting to Know Your Streams
- · Key to Macroinvertebrate Life in the River
- · Stream Investigation Kit
- Through the Looking Glass: A Field Guide to Aquatic Plants
- Water Action Volunteers: Introductory, Hands-on Stream and River Projects for Wisconsin
- See "Rivers and Streams" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- The River Alliance of Wisconsin, contact for local river organizations
- UW-Extension Cooperative Extension county agents
- Water Action Volunteers (WAV), contact for local volunteer projects

The Thunderstorm......196
Simulate the sounds of a thunderstorm and create precipitation maps

Create local precipitation maps by contacting:

- Local news station weather specialists
- State or local weather service

Activity Extension:

 Have students compare annual rainfall/snowfall in Wisconsin with other states such as Arizona, Washington, Alabama, Maine and Florida using national resources such as USA Today, the Internet, and the Farmers' Almanac.

Water Models......201 Construct models of the water cycle and adapt them for different biomes

 Adapt the model to Wisconsin or your region.
 For example, Great Lakes evaporation could become condensation on farm fields in eastern Wisconsin, etc.

Resources:

 Hydrologic unit maps, topographic relief map of Wisconsin, and information on the hydrology of Wisconsin counties (Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey)

Organizations:

- UW-Extension Cooperative Extension county offices
- Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey

Wet Vacation......206 Plot data to determine weather patterns and design appealing travel brochures

- Brochures from Department of Tourism or local Chamber of Commerce for various Wisconsin vacation spots
- · Local news station weather specialists
- · State or local weather service

Wetland Soils in Living Color......212 Classify soil types using a simple color key

Resources:

- State and county soils map (Land Conservation Department county offices)
- Topographic maps, wetlands are marked with a symbol

Organizations:

- · DNR
 - Bureau of Watershed Management, Lakes and Wetlands Section
 - ◊ Regional and GMU offices
- Natural Resources Conservation Service field offices
- Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey Map and Publications Sales office
- · Wisconsin Wetlands Association

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Water is a Natural Resource

A-maze-ing Water......219 Negotiate a maze to investigate nonpoint source pollution

Resources:

- · A Tale of One City
- · EnviroScape Runoff Pollution Model
- Impacts of Stormwater Runoff on Urban Streams
- · It All Adds Up
- · Storm Sewers: The Rivers Beneath Our Feet
- · Urban Runoff: How Polluted is it?
- o Urban Runoff Model

Organizations:

- DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, Nonpoint Source Program
- · Priority Watershed Projects
- UW-Extension (water educators and basin educators)
- See "Nonpoint Source Pollution" and "Urban Water Issues" in the Resources section for more information

Color Me a Watershed......223 Interpret maps to analyze changes in a watershed

 Design the activity for your own watershed (see "Color Me a Watershed" activity adaptation in this Supplement)

Resources:

- Basin Water Quality Management Plan
- Hydrologic unit maps of 12 major water basins in the state (Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey)
- · Priority Watershed Project Plans and Reports
- See "Watersheds" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- Land Conservation Department county offices
- UW-Extension Cooperative Extension county offices
- · DNR Basin Office
- Priority Watershed Projects

Common Water......232

Demonstrate that water is a shared resource

- Design the activity for your own community (see "Common Water" activity adaptation in this Supplement)
- Investigate water use in your area (refer to local newspapers, Chamber of Commerce, and community members)
- See "Water Uses" in the Resources section for more information



A Drop in the Bucket	238
Calculate the availability of fresh water	on Earth.

Energetic Water......242 Design devices to make water do work

Resources:

- Investigate dams in your region or on the Wisconsin River
- · Wisconsin River of History
- See "Cultural and Historical Uses" in the Resources section for more resources

Organizations:

- · County Public Works office
- DNR Regional and GMU offices

Great Water Journeys......246 Use clues to track great water journeys of plants, people, and other animals on a map

- Create cards for Wisconsin water journeys of Native Americans, explorers, and voyageurs (use a state map)
- See "Cultural and Historical Uses" in the Resources section for more information

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Organizations:

- · County or local historical society
- · Department of Tourism
- · Local library

Irrigation Interpretation......254 Model different irrigation systems

Resources:

- Best Management Practices for Wisconsin Farms
- See "Agricultural Management Practices" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- Center for Integrated Agricultural Systems
- Land Conservation Department county offices
- Natural Resources Conservation Service field offices
- UW-Extension Cooperative Extension county offices

The Long Haul......260 Haul water to appreciate the amount of water used daily

- · Investigate local average daily water use
- Research historical water use and methods of transport
- See "Water Uses" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- County or municipal public water works or utilities department
- DNR Regional and GMU offices, water supply staff

Resources:

- Mississippi Blues
- See "Mississippi River" in the Resources section for more information

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Organizations:

- Environmental Management Technical Center for Mississippi River information
- · Local newspaper for natural disaster stories
- State or local historical society for photos or old articles
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers for Mississippi River flood information
- U.S. Geological Survey for streamflow and flood information

Sum of the Parts......267 Demonstrate nonpoint source pollution

- Design the activity for a local waterway (see "Sum of the Parts" activity adaptation in this Supplement)
- Investigate local land uses by using plat maps, aerial photos, and local maps
- Activity Extension: develop a watershed management plan for your watershed
 - · Waterwatchers Guide for Dane County
 - · A Tale of One City

Resources:

- · Brown Water, Green Weeds
- · Coon's Creek Contribution (video)
- · EnviroScape Runoff Pollution Model
- · It All Adds Up
- Keeping Current and Fields and Streets newsletters
- See "Nonpoint Source Pollution," "Stormwater Management," "Watersheds," and "Residential Homeowners" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- Contact county Planning and Zoning office for county land use plans
- DNR Bureau of Watershed Management, Nonpoint Source Program
- · Priority Watershed Projects
- UW-Extension (water educators and basin educators)

Water Meter......271 Construct a water meter and keep track of personal water use

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Resources:

- · Save Wisconsin's Water
- · Water Activities to Encourage Responsibility
- See "Lifestyle and Water Conservation" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- · County public works or utilities office
- DNR Regional and GMU offices
- UW-Extension
 - ♦ Cooperative Extension county offices (4-H and CNRD agents)
 - ♦ Environmental Resources Center

Water Works......274 Create a web of water users

Resources:

- For a list of local businesses, contact local Chamber of Commerce
- For a list of local industries, contact
 Wisconsin Manufacturers and Commerce
- See "Water Uses" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- DNR Regional and GMU offices
- UW-Extension Cooperative Extension county offices (4-H and CNRD agents)

Where Are the Frogs?279 Run a simulation and experiment to understand the effects of acid rain

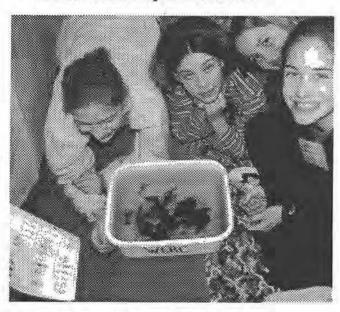
Resources:

- A Status Report of Acid Rain Research in Wisconsin
- · Acid Rain in Wisconsin (fact sheet series):
 - ♦ Acid Precipitation's Impact on Materials, Visibility and Human Health
 - ♦ Acid Rain: Impact on Aquatic Organisms Other Than Fish
 - ♦ Acid Rain: Potential Effects of Acidic Deposition on Forest Soil Biology
 - ♦ Can Acid Rain Damage Lakes in Wisconsin?
 - ♦ Forest Impacts: Acid Rain, Air Pollutants and Other Stress Factors
 - ♦ Wisconsin Fisheries and Acid Rain
 - Wisconsin's Sensitivity to Acid Rain

- See "Acid Deposition" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- · DNR Regional and GMU offices
- Internet site: http://www.
- UW-Madison Center for Limnology
- · Wisconsin Acid Deposition Council



A group of students investigate aquatic macroinvertebrates at the 1996 Wisconsin Lakes Convention.

Water Resources are Managed

After Math......289
Assess economic effects of water-related disasters

Resources:

- · Mississippi Blues
- See "Mississippi River" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- Environmental Management Technical Center for Mississippi River information
- · Local newspaper for natural disaster stories
- State or local historical society for photos or old articles

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- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers for Mississippi River flood information
- U.S. Geological Survey for streamflow and flood information

Back to the Future......293 Analyze streamflow data to predict floods and water shortages

Resources:

 See "Rivers and Streams" and "Stormwater Management" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)
- · U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
- U.S. Geological Survey for streamflow data and records
- Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey

The CEO......300 Become the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and learn about business/corporate water management challenges

Resources:

- A Speaker's Bureau on Business and the Environment
- Industrial Waste Reduction Information Clearinghouse
- Pollution Prevention case studies and fact sheets
- · The Waste Reduction Guide
- See "Pollution Prevention" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- Contact local water-related and water use industries
- County waste management and recycling offices
- · DNR
 - ♦ Bureau of Cooperative Environmental Assistance
 - ♦ Regional and GMU offices
- · Solid and Hazardous Waste Education Center
- · Wisconsin Manufacturers and Commerce

Dust Bowls and Failed Levees.......303
Witness, through literature, the effects of drought
and floods on human populations

Resources:

· Mississippi Blues

 See "Historical Uses" and "Rivers and Streams" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

 Environmental Management Technical Center for Mississippi River flood information

· Local newspaper for natural disaster stories

 State or local historical society for photos or old articles

Every Drop Counts......307

Identify and implement water conservation habits

Resources:

· A Tale of One City

· Practical Tips for Home and Yard Care

· Save Wisconsin's Water

· Water Activities to Encourage Responsibility

 See "Lifestyle and Water Conservation" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

 County or municipal public water works or utilities department

· DNR Regional and GMU offices

UW-Extension

♦ Cooperative Extension county offices (4-H and CNRD agents)

Environmental Resources Center

A Grave Mistake.....311
Analyze data to solve a groundwater mystery

Resources:

 Groundwater fact sheets (Department of Health and Family Services, Bureau of Public Health)

Groundwater Flow Demonstration (model and guide)

· Groundwater Study Guide

· Wisconsin Groundwater (video)

 See "Groundwate" in the Resources section for more information

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Organizations:

 Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center Department of Health and Family Services, Bureau of Public Health

DNR Bureau of Drinking Water and

Groundwater

 Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey

Humpty Dumpty......316
Simulate a restoration project by putting the pieces of an ecosystem back together

Resources:

 A Citizen's Streambank Restoration Handbook (Izaak Walton League)

EPA Lake and Reservoir Restoration Guide

Organizations:

 DNR Bureau of Watershed Management for restoration projects

Local environmental consultants

 U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service restoration projects, Partners for Wildlife program

Macroinvertebrate Mayhem......322
Illustrate, through a game of tag, how
macroinvertebrate populations indicate water
quality

Resources:

· Key to Life in the Pond

· Key to Life in the River

Water Bugs video



Students get ready to race as they role-play aquatic insects in the activity "Macroinvertebrate Mayhem."

 See "Water Quality Monitoring" and "Impacts of Water Quality on Plant and Animal Communities" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- · Adopt-A-Lake
- · Dane County Waterwatchers Series
- DNR Bureau of Watershed Management Testing the Waters Program (Riveredge Nature Center)
- Water Action Volunteers

Money Down the Drain......328 Observe and calculate water waste from a dripping faucet

Resources:

- · Save Wisconsin's Water
- · Water Activities to Encourage Responsibility
- See "Lifestyle and Water Conservation" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- County or municipal public water works or utilities department for water cost information
- UW-Extension
 - ♦ Cooperative Extension county offices (CNRD or 4-H agents)
 - O Environmental Resources Center

Organizations:

- Contact local developer for budget information
- DNR Regional and GMU offices, contact DNR for budget and details of dam project

The Pucker Effect......338 Simulate groundwater testing to discover the source of contamination

 Design the activity for your own community (see "The Pucker Effect" activity adaptation in this Supplement)

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 Use local examples of groundwater contamination or well contamination problems

Resources:

- Groundwater Fact Sheets (Department of Health and Family Services, Bureau of Public Health)
- Groundwater Flow Demonstration (model and guide)
- · Groundwater Study Guide
- See "Groundwater" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- · Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center
- DNR Bureau of Drinking Water and Groundwater
- Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey maps

Reaching Your Limits......344 "Limbo" to learn basic water quality concepts and standards development

Resources:

- Areawide Water Quality Management Plans Water Environment Federation Packet (video series)
- · The Water Source Book
- The Wisconsin Water Quality Assessment Report to Congress
- See "Wastewater Treatment Issues" and "Water Quality: Risk Assessment and Reduction" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- · DNR
 - Bureau of Wastewater Management for treatment standards
 - Regional and GMU offices, water quality staff
- · EPA Region V Office, Chicago
- · Land Conservation Department county offices
- Local water treatment facility for information and field trip opportunities

Sparkling Water.....348

Develop strategies to clean wastewater

Resources:

· Septic System and Tank Models

- Water Environment Federation Packet (video series)
- · The Water Source Book
- See "Wastewater Treatment Issues" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- County or municipal public water works or utilities department and wastewater treatment facility for information and field trip opportunities
- DNR
 - Bureau of Wastewater Management for treatment standards
 - Regional and GMU offices, wastewater specialists
- · EPA Region V Office, Chicago

Super Bowl Surge......353 Develop a strategy to accommodate the demands on a wastewater treatment plant

Resources:

- · Local municipal water treatment facility visit
- · See "Wastewater Treatment Issues" and "Stormwater Runoff" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- · County or municipal public water works or utilities department and wastewater treatment facility for information and field trip opportunities
- · DNR
 - Bureau of Wastewater Management for treatment standards
 - Regional and GMU offices, wastewater specialists
- · EPA Region V Office, Chicago

Wet-Work Shuffle.....360 Sequence the water careers involved in getting water to and from the home

P Adapt the activity to other water-related careers

Project WET Guide Page

Resources:

- American Water Resources Association Careers
- Marine Science Careers
- · Occupations Handbook, Wisconsin Career Information System
- See "Careers" and "Wastewater Treatment Issues" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- · County or municipal public water works or utilities department for water treatment careers information
- DNR Bureaus of Drinking Water and Groundwater, Watershed Management. Fisheries Management and Habitat Protection, and Wildlife Management
- Water Environment Federation
- Wisconsin Wastewater Operators

Water Resources Exist within Social Constructs

Choices and Preferences, Water Index.....367 Develop a "water index" to rank water uses

- · Activity "Extension":
 - Interview community businesses to understand how they use water
 - Interview community members to better understand differing values towards local
- · See "Water Uses" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- · A Speakers Bureau on Business and the Environment, Wisconsin Manufacturers and Commerce
- · Chamber of Commerce or local phone book for businesses
- Local newspapers for water use issues
- · UW-Extension Cooperative Extension county offices
- Wisconsin Paper Council

Cold Cash in the Icebox......373 Create a mini-insulator to prevent an ice cube from melting

 State or local historical society for photos of ice harvesting and storage

Dilemma Derby......377 Examine differing values in resolving water resource management dilemmas

- Adapt the activity to your own community (see "Dilemma Derby" activity adaptation in this Supplement), create local water dilemma cards.
- Activity Extension: Invite local speakers to present their viewpoint on current issues and then later debate the issues in class.

Resources:

- Interview community members to better understand differing values regarding waterrelated issues.
- See "Water Resource Management" and "Water Uses" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- Chamber of Commerce or local phone book for businesses
- Local newspapers for water use issues
- Local state/national forests or parks staff
- · U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service offices
- · U.S. Forest Service offices
- UW-Extension Cooperative Extension county offices

Resources:

- The Blue Book of Wisconsin
- · Of Time and the River
- Voyageur: A Northeast Wisconsin Historical Review
- · Wisconsin: A History
- Wisconsin River of History
- See "Historical Uses" in the Resources section for more information

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Organizations:

- State library government documents section for photos and information
- State or local historical society for documents and photos

Hot Water......388 Debate water issues

- Debate local water issues.
- Invite local speakers on current issues to present their viewpoint and then later debate the issues in class.
- Interview community members to better understand differing values.

Resources:

· Local newspaper, opinion/editorial articles

Organizations:

- DNR Regional and GMU offices
- UW-Extension Cooperative Extension county offices

Pass the Jug......392 Simulate water rights policies with a "Jug" of water

Resources:

- Champions of the Public Trust Doctrine (video and study guide)
- o DNR Laws
- A Guide to Wisconsin Lake Management Law
- Wisconsin Water Law by Adolph Canonburg
- Wisconsin Water Law: A Guide to Water Rights ands Regulations
- See "Government and Citizen Issues" in the Resources section for more information



Organizations:

- · Local industries
- UW-Extension Cooperative Extension county offices, contact about local water issues
- DNR Regional or GMU offices for laws and local issues

Perspectives......397 Identify values to solve water management issues

- Interview community members to better understand differing values
- Invite local speakers on current issues to present their viewpoint and then later debate the issues in class

Resources:

- · Local newspapers, opinion/editorial articles
- See "Water Resources Management" in the Resources section for more information

Water: Read All About It!400 Develop a Special Edition on water

Resources:

- · EE News
- · Local newspapers
- Wisconsin Natural Resources Magazine (DNR)

Water Bill of Rights......403 Create a document to guarantee the right to clean and sustainable water resources

Resources:

- Champions of the Public Trust Doctrine and Study Guide
- Common Groundwork: A Practical Guide to Protecting Rural and Urban Land
- · Wisconsin Water Law by Adolph Canonburg
- Wisconsin Water Law: A Guide to Water Rights ands Regulations
- See "Government and Citizen Issues" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- DNR Regional and GMU offices for laws and local issues
- UW-Extension Cooperative Extension county offices, contact about local water issues

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Water Concentration......407 Play concentration and discover how water use practices evolve

 Activity Extension: Interview community business owners, to understand how their water use practices evolved.

Resources:

- · Wisconsin: A History
- · Wisconsin River of History
- See "Water Uses" and "Cultural and Historical Uses" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- A Speakers Bureau on Business and the Environment, Wisconsin Manufacturers and Commerce
- Chamber of Commerce or local phone book for businesses
- UW-Extension Cooperative Extension county offices

Water Court......413 Participate in a mock court to settle water quality and quantity disputes

 Research local or statewide water-related dilemmas through newspaper articles and interviews

Resources:

- Champions of the Public Trust Doctrine and Study Guide
- · Wisconsin Water Law by Adolph Canonburg
- Wisconsin Water Law: A Guide to Water Rights ands Regulations
- See "Government and Citizen Issues" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- DNR Regional and GMU offices for laws and local issues
- UW-Extension Cooperative Extension county offices, contact about local water issues

Project WET Guide Page # Water Crossings421	Project WET Guide Page # Water Resources Exist within
Simulate a water crossing and relate the historical significance of water ways	Cultural Constructs
 Interview community members to learn about the historical significance of local waterways 	Raining Cats and Dogs435 Discover how water proverbs vary among cultures and climates
Resources: Mark Twain's books about Huckleberry Finn The Voyageur's Guide to the Lower Wisconsin River	 Investigate different Wisconsin cultures' water-related sayings
 Wisconsin: A History Wisconsin River of History See "Cultural and Historical Uses" in the Resources section for more information 	Resources: • Native American Resource Guide for Libraries • See "Cultural and Historical Uses" in the Resources section for more information
Organizations: Local, county, and state historical society What's Happening?425 Conduct a community water use survey	Organizations: • Local, county, and state historical society • Tribal offices • UW-Madison, Linguistics Department
Resources: • Adopt-A-Lake Packet (includes a "Community Survey")	The Rainstick442 Build an instrument that imitates the sound of rain
Organizations: Adopt-A-Lake Local community organizations UW-Extension Cooperative Extension county offices (4-H or CNRD agents)	Water Celebration
 Water Action Volunteers (WAV) Whose Problem Is It?429 Analyze the scope and duration of water issues to determine personal and global significance 	 Lake Fair, Adopt-A-Lake publication to assist you in organizing a lake fair Lake List, for local organizations to provide assistance Water Action Volunteers (WAV) Packet for
 Investigate state issues such as: mining, Chippewa treaty rights, fishing regulations, water diversion/dam projects, acid rain effects, nonpoint source pollution 	 stream cleanup information Water Celebration: A Handbook (National Project WET) See "Lakes" and "Rivers and Streams" in the Resources section for more information
(agricultural, residential, etc.), etc.	Organizations:
Organizations: DNR Regional and GMU offices for laws and local issues Tribal Natural Resources offices	 Give Water A Hand UW-Extension Cooperative Extension county offices Water Action Volunteers for support materials and information about local
 UW-Extension Cooperative Extension county offices 	volunteers and organizations for assistance

wAteR in moTion.......450
Create artwork that simulates the movement and sound of water in nature

 Investigate your community's artwork: fountains, sculptures, etc.

Resources:

- o Art museums
- Frank Lloyd Wright's architecture, philosophy, and buildings at Taliesen in Spring Green (southwest Wisconsin)
- · Local college/university art department
- · School art department

Water Messages in Stone......454
Replicate ancient rock art, creating symbols of
water

 Visit Wisconsin petroglyph sites, contact state or local historical society

Organizations:

- State Historical Society, Archaeology Department
- Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey
- Wisconsin Tribal offices



North Lakeland Elementary School students have fun while doing the "Sum of the Parts" activity on their local lake.

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 Explore the literature of Wisconsin nature writers such as: Aldo Leopold, Sigurd Olson, Native American writers, Norbert Blei, Justin Isherwood, etc. (contact school English teacher, local library, college/university English department, or Tribal Offices for suggestions)

Organizations:

 Aldo Leopold Education Center (Leopold Education Project)

Wish Book......460
Compare recreational uses of water in the late
1800's and the present

Resources:

- Champions of the Public Trust (video and study guide)
- · Old newspapers
- Transactions (Wisconsin Academy)
- Voyageurs: A Northeast Wisconsin Historical Review
- · Wisconsin Blue Book
- · Wisconsin History books
- See "Cultural and Historical Uses" in the Resources section for more information

Organizations:

- Department of Tourism, for tourism brochures
- · Local and state historical society

Suggestions for 'Localizing' Project WET Activities

These suggestions are based on interviews with ten Wisconsin teachers who localized Project WET activities. The interviewed teachers include: Randy Colton, Shelly Cook, Mark Elworthy, Kathy Guenther, Jody Henseler, Sharon Rychter, Jim Servais, Jeanine Meyer Staab, Janice Watras, and Karen Yost.

Steps to Adapt an Activity to Your Area

- 1. Choose an activity and topic of your interest.
- Pick a topic that your kids will understand and be able to relate to in your region.
- Investigate local issues and find a related Project WET activity.
- Do a brief survey of local available information to ensure the feasibility of your adaptation.
- Focus on a small geographic area, integrate the activity into your curriculum and then expand it later to a larger geographic region, all of Wisconsin, the Great Lakes, etc.
- Be sure not to duplicate similar efforts in your region.
- Be cautious about focusing on issues sensitive to certain students' background.
- 8. Contact experts.
- Conduct in-depth research. Gather as many resources as possible, such as:

Materials

- · books
- magazines
- · local newspapers
- · pamphlets
- Internet information

Organizations

- DNR.
- U.S. Forest Service
- · U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
- Local lake associations
- · Other teachers
- · UWEX County Extension and other offices

- Environmental organizations such as Ducks Unlimited, Trout Unlimited, Audubon Society, etc.
- Local industries
- Community facilities (wastewater treatment centers, drinking water treatment centers, etc.)
 - 10. Check accuracy of information.
 - 11. Make sure the vocabulary is not too technical for your students.
 - 12. Share your ideas with other educators and students to get their feedback on your ideas. Give students the opportunity to design or add to the activity after they have been exposed to it (i.e. played the game a few times, etc.).

Advice to Avoid Potential Obstacles

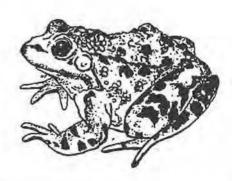
- Check first with administration to see if its okay to adapt a specific activity.
- Share the activity with other teachers in your team as well as teachers you think may not be open to the use of the activity.
- Ask for feedback on the activity from your peers. Be careful that this process will not offend anyone.
- Work with others to help reduce the workload.
- Make sure your information sources are well known and respected.
- Make sure you have all sides of an issue represented. Thoroughly research all aspects of the issue so you have all of the facts.
- 7. Keep it simple.
- 8. Give yourself plenty of time.
- Have a good introduction and closure to the activity to emphasize the importance of the subject.
- Remember that parents can also learn from your handouts so remain objective, be proactive and consider their concerns.

Suggested Resources for Wisconsinizing Activities

- 1. Wisconsin Natural Resources magazine
- Wisconsin Trails magazine for water articles and pictures
- 3. Local newspapers
- 4. Lake associations
- 5. Project Learning Tree, Project WILD, Project WET
- 6. Adopt-A-Lake Program
- Global Rivers Environmental Education Network (GREEN) publications (Water Quality Monitoring Guide, Stapp and Mitchell)
- 8. Internet
- 9. Wisconsin Blue Book (historical information)
- 10. Historical society and historians
- 11. Government documents in library
- Interview community members for their perspectives on local issues and historical community changes
- 13. Businesses, be sure to represent them accurately and check information for bias
- Environmental Management Technical Center in LaCrosse (for Mississippi River information)

"The Frog does not Drink up The pond in which He lives."

--Native American Proverb



Color Me a Watershed



Adapted to Wisconsin and Medford by: Jeanine Meyer Staab, Teacher, Medford Elementary School

Project WET Activity Adaptation Summary

This activity has been modified from the national Project WET activity, "Color Me a Watershed," found on page 223 of the national Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide (Project WET Guide). The following adaptation is provided as an example of how to Wisconsinize "Color Me a Watershed" to the Black River Watershed and the town of Medford. We encourage you to modify this activity to your watershed to help make it more relevant to you and your students. Suggestions are provided to help you with this process.

This activity is most appropriate for middle and high school students. Students will;

- investigate the land use changes caused by settlement and population growth within their watershed;
- analyze the potential effects of those changes.

To complete the activity, you will need to follow the Procedures as written in the Project WET Guide.

Additional Materials

(See the Materials section for "Color Me a Watershed" in the *Project WET Guide*, page 223, for the complete list of materials)

- Medford Centennial book and video
- Ecoregions of Wisconsin map (included in the Medford Adaptation of this activity)
- Transparency of local watershed (hydrologic unit maps or watershed maps from Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey)
- Maps A and B: transparencies of local aerial photos or maps from two time periods (at least 50 years apart); county maps available from county offices (e.g., Planning and Zoning, Land Conservation Department)
- Maps and photos of community (past and present)
- · Wisconsin state maps
- Topographic maps from Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey
- · Water-based markers

Making Connections (See the Making Connections section for "Color Me a Watershed" in the *Project WET Guide*, page 223)

Background

Wherever you live in Wisconsin, you are in a watershed. Water from rainfall and snowmelt that doesn't evaporate or soak into the ground flows into streams, wetlands, rivers, or lakes. The land area from where the water

drains is called a watershed. Watersheds vary in size and composition. Perhaps towns. farms, forest, malls, or houses are in your watershed. The demographics within your watershed have probably changed over the years depending on the size of the population in your region. All of the people who live in your watershed potentially influence the water quality of nearby streams and lakes. Our actions (i.e. washing the car, fertilizing the lawn, building a house) often create excess pollutants. nutrients, and soil which can be carried by stormwater runoff into nearby lakes and streams.

Throughout Wisconsin, farms and businesses, local governments and community groups, small town residents and city dwellers are working through Priority Watersheds Projects to prevent runoff pollution and improve the health of our waterways. These projects provide conservation planning, educational opportunities for all ages, and financial and technical assistance for both urban and rural land practices to protect water quality. Some watershed projects encompass several hundred square miles, while others include only a few square miles. There will be nearly 100 Priority Watershed Projects in the state by the year 2000.

The Priority Watershed Program is jointly sponsored by the Department of Natural



Project WET-Wisconsin workshop participants investigate land use in the Moses Creek watershed (Stevens Point) by looking at aerial photos.

Resources (DNR), University of Wisconsin-Extension (UWEX), and county and local governments. Contact the local DNR, UWEX offices, or the county Land Conservation Department for more information about local priority watershed projects and information about your local watershed.

Adapt this Activity to Your Watershed!

This activity provides an excellent avenue for investigating your community's past and present land use and physical location in reference to the watershed. It also provides students with an opportunity to better understand their watershed and local community. Students can order the maps and interview local historians, community members, and water resources managers to learn more about the region's history.

You and your students can easily adapt this activity to your

watershed by doing any of the following steps:

- Order county hydrologic maps or topographic maps from the Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey
- Go to the local library to learn about the history of your area through local history books and old maps
- Contact your County Cooperative Extension offices to copy land use maps and photos
- Contact the county and/or regional Planning and Zoning office to purchase copies of aerial survey maps and historical photos or maps
- Contact the county Land
 Conservation Department or
 nearest Department of
 Natural Resources office for
 information on your water shed and to find out if there
 is a local Priority
 Watershed Project
- See "Watersheds" in the Resources Section of this

Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET for more resources related to Wisconsin watersheds.

References

A Report to Department of Natural Resources Managers: Wisconsin's Biodiversity as a Management Issue. May, 1995. Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources Publications. Wisconsin DNR, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707, 608/266-2621.

Land Conservation Department. Refer to the "Organizations" section of this Wisconsin Supplement for county offices.

Planning and Zoning Office. Refer to local phone book for county offices.

Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources. Bureau of Watershed Management. Wisconsin DNR, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/267-7964.

Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey. Map and Publications Sales office (MAPS), 3817 Mineral Point Rd., Madison, WI 53705. 608/263-7389.

Wisconsin Tourism (Map). Available at any Driver's License Examiner Stations, Department of Tourism Visitor's Information Centers, Chambers of Commerce, or contact the Department of Tourism, PO Box 55, Dodgeville, WI 53533. 800/432-TRIP.

Medford Adaptation to "Color Me a Watershed"

Objectives

Students will:

- be able to identify where Medford is located on a map;
- be able to investigate the history of land use in the Black River watershed;
- investigate what sort of wildlife live in their ecoregion.

Background

The Black River Watershed covers approximately 3,000 square miles in west central Wisconsin. The headwaters for the watershed are just north of Medford. The river traverses through scattered farmlands and forest river bottoms as it makes its way to the Mississippi River. The Black River joins the Mississippi River just north of Onalaska. having covered over 140 miles in distance. During the last 50 miles of its journey, the Black River cuts through the driftless area of Wisconsin. Major tributaries include the Polar River, the East Fork Black River, and Morrison Creek.

The Black River has experienced varying degrees of pollution over the years. At present, the river's water quality has improved due to sewage treatment facility upgrades, the relocation of two Medford dumps, the cleanup of the Toxics Salvage Yard, the closing of a tannery, among



Jeanie Meyer Staab and two Medford Elementary School students mark the outline of the Black River watershed.

other changes. The Black River still faces water quality challenges from Medford's surface water runoff that causes sedimentation and storm sewer runoff from street salt, oil, and trash.

Procedure

(See the Procedures section for "Color Me a Watershed," page 224-227 in the national Project WET Guide, for further instructions)

Ask students to imagine Medford 100 years ago. What do they think the land and water around Medford looked like at that time? How has growth changed this area? Show them the Medford Centennial video available at the local library. Have students observe structures such as the old Ice House, Cigar Factory, Immigration House, and the Mill Pond.

Have students refer to the Medford Centennial book (especially the photos).

Through examining this book, students should discuss the following:

- Medford was once completely covered with white pine trees and 120 years ago, the town did not exist.
- Point out how the railroad and saw mill were built to access and process the area's prime timber as logging began to intensify around Medford.
- How did the logs get transported from the clearcuts to the mill, and then to the lumber yards in Milwaukee, Chicago, and St. Louis?
- What stores were on Main Street?
- Was there a school in town?
- What else do they notice?

Students should observe how all of the timber in the region was gradually removed over the years. With no trees left to harvest, people began to move elsewhere. For example, Perkinstown, a small town just 10 miles west of Medford, became a "ghost town" after the last tree was felled.

Have students look at the attached map (below) of the ecoregions of Wisconsin. Medford is right on the border of two major forest ecoregions in the state: Northern Lakes and Forests (NOLF) and the North Central Hardwood Forests (NCHF). How did this location affect the growth of the town? Help them to see how over the past 50 years, Medford has grown to be an industrial hub. Major industries such as Weathershield Manufacturing (windows), Hurd Windows, Inc., Phillips Plastics (manufactures plastic parts for automobiles), Marathon Cheese, and Tombstone Pizza Corporation came into existence.

Options 1-3 (Refer to pages 225-226 of your *Project WET Guide*, you may choose to complete these options as well)

Option 4 (Refer to Option 1, Numbers 1 & 2 on page 225 of your *Project WET Guide* for more detailed procedures)

- Provide groups of three students with map overheads of the Black River watershed (trace the watershed onto aerial photos or topographic maps and photocopy them onto a transparency).
- 2. Give each group a transparency copy of an aerial photo or map of the same

- area from at least 50 years ago (Map A).
- 3. Have students project the transparency on to the wall.
- Place a piece of heavy plastic over the Map A image on the wall.
- 5. Ask the students to trace each of the land cover types on the plastic sheet with different washable marker colors. For example, blue = agriculture; green = forest; red = residential.
- 6. Instruct them to assign each land area with a different color and to use the same color scheme for both maps. They should make a key to the color types and what land cover they reprsent.
- 7. Do the same with Map B (current aerial photo or map transparency) using the other plastic sheet.
- Have them mark the changes that they see occurring.
- Overlay the 2 plastic sheets over the original map, you can observe changes over the years (number of years

depends on the difference in time between when each of the photos or maps were created).

Using watershed maps available through the Department of Natural Resources and the Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey, have students look at the highlighted Black River Watershed. Tell them to analyze where Medford is located. Using the Wisconsin state map, students can identify cities and towns in this watershed.

Wrap-up

Discuss the following questions:

- What happens to the amount of forested land as you go from Map A to Map B?
- 2. Which map has the most land devoted to human settlements?
- 3. Where are most of the human settlements located?



The class begins to trace the land cover types within the Black River watershed.

- 4. What are some of the industries that moved into Medford in the past 50 years?
- 5. What effect might these industries and settlements have on the Black River and its watershed?
- 6. Would you have handled development differently for this area?
- 7. The Black River was considered polluted in the 50's and 60's; what could have caused this pollution?
- 8. What is the quality of the Black River at the present time?
- 9. Where does the Black River flow?
- 10. What towns are close to where the watershed empties?
- 11 Name some major tributaries of the Black River?
- 12 Name some towns that are located in this watershed?
- 13 Approximately how big is this watershed (in miles)?
- 14. Where are the headwaters of the Black River?

Assessment

Have students compare land area occupied by farms, towns, and natural areas in a watershed during different time periods.

Extensions

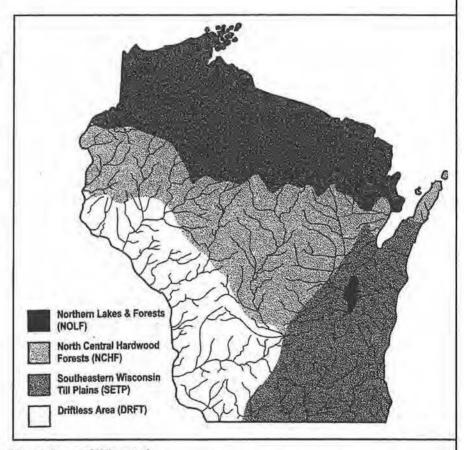
- The students could complete another plastic map to show how development of the area might continue in the next 100 years.
- 2. Take the students on a hike along Medford's River Walk and invite the County Extension 4-H Agent and/or other water resource specialist to join the group

and help test the water quality in two diverse land use areas along the river:

- a. Upstream of the downtown area
- b. Center of town amidst industries, concrete and buildings

Resources

(See above "Resources")



Ecoregions of Wisconsin, A Report to Department of Natural Resources Managers: Wisconsin Biodiversity as a Management Issue, 1995

Common Water

Adapted to Wisconsin and Eau Claire by: Mark Elworthy, South Middle School, Eau Claire County

Project WET Activity Adaptation Summary

This activity has been modified from the national Project WET activity, "Common Water," found on page 232 of the national Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide (Project WET Guide). The following adaptation is provided as an example of how to Wisconsinize "Common Water" to the city of Eau Claire. We encourage you to modify this activity to your community to help make it more relevant to you and your students. Suggestions are provided to help you with this process!

This activity is most appropriate for middle school students. Students will:

- illustrate how multiple users of water resources can affect water quality and quantity;
- examine the complexities of providing water for all water users:
- better understand how water resources have been used in Wisconsin.

To complete the activity, you will need to follow the activity procedures as written in the *Project WET Guide*.

Additional Materials

(See the Materials section for "Common Water" in the national *Project WET Guide*, page 232, for the complete list of materials)

- 18 large household sponges
- Linoleum floor area (and mop) or outside area to do activity because of spilled water.

Making Connections

Before starting this activity, students should know that every living thing on Earth uses water and that water is a finite resource. They should also be aware of how their family members use water as well as its importance to industry and agriculture. Your students may have read in the news about problems with water quality and quantity. This activity helps students recognize that water users must consider each other's needs in order to share this finite resource.

Background

In Wisconsin, there is abundant surface water with over 15,000 lakes, 40,000 miles of rivers and streams, and 5.3 million acres of wetlands. Wisconsin's groundwater could cover the state to a depth of 30 feet if it was all brought to the soil's surface!

Water has played a major role in developing Wisconsin's economy as well as the lifestyle



of state residents. Native Americans prospered through the bountiful supply of food available from the lakes, rivers. and wetlands of the state. Wisconsin's many waterways made trade and transportation possible. Lakes and rivers allowed early European settlers to travel through Wisconsin to trade and explore. Marquette and Joliet were the first Europeans to explore the Mississippi River as far south as the Arkansas River. The oldest Native American and later European settlements in the state are found along rivers including: Fort Howard which is now the city of Green Bay, Fort Winnebago is now Portage, and Fort Crawford is now Prairie du Chien.

Development occurred along lakes and rivers because of the constant supply of water. Lakes and rivers provided transportation, power, waste disposal areas, and plenty of water to support the lumber industry, farming, and many other businesses. Did your community develop because it was located where a dam could be built to power a saw, pulp, or paper mill? Who are the major water users in your area?

Some of the major water users in Wisconsin's past include: wheat farms, saw mills, lumber barges, lead mines, and general public use. Today, some of the major water users are the same, others include: dairy farms, paper and pulp mills, power companies (dams), tourist and recreation businesses, and a variety of other industries.

Wisconsin's waters have shaped the state's past and will continue to shape our future. In return, we have had an impact on the quality and quantity of our waters. Pollution prevention measures and laws have dramatically improved the quality of not only Wisconsin's but the entire country's waterways.

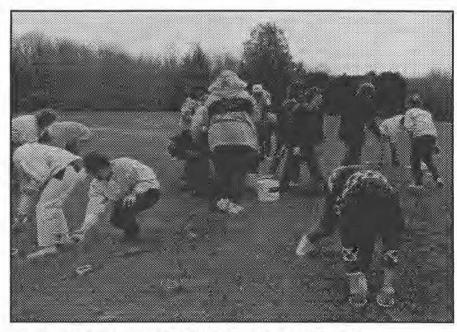
Adapt this Activity to Your Watershed!

This activity is an excellent avenue for the investigation of your community's past and present land use and physical location in reference to its watershed. This activity provides your students with an opportunity to get to know their watershed and local community better. Students can order maps, research the community's history, and interview historians (statewide and local). community members, and water resources personnel (e.g. priority watershed managers, county extension agents, etc.).

You and your students can easily adapt this activity to your watershed by doing any of the following steps:

- Order county hydrologic maps or topographic maps from the Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey
- Go to the local library to learn about the history of your area through books and

- old maps
- Contact your county
 Cooperative Extension office for land use maps or photos
- Contact the county Planning and Zoning office for aerial survey maps and historical photos or maps. The Planning and Zoning office number can be found in the county listings of your local phone book
- Contact the county Land
 Conservation Department or
 nearest Department of
 Natural Resources office for
 information on your water shed and to find out if
 there is a local Priority
 Watershed Project
- See "Cultural and Historical Uses" in the Resources section of this Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET for further information about Wisconsin water history



"Common Water" users dip into the communal water source.

Wisconsin Version of "Common Water"

Procedure (See the Procedures section for "Common Water," page 233, in the national Project WET Guide for further instructions)

Warm-up

Have students list major water user groups in their area of the state and how they use water. Your local Yellow Pages can be a source of ideas. Ask students to rank the water users on their list, from those who they think use the most water to those that use the least amount of water. Ask students if they know where their drinking water comes from.

Pre-activity predictions (Have the students answer the questions)

- a. When did Wisconsin begin to grow rapidly? Explain.
- b. How fast is the state's population currently growing?
- c. What is the biggest industrial draw on water supplies?

Activity

- 1. Fill the bucket to the brim with water. Tell students that the full bucket represents the amount of water stored in a reservoir, lake, or groundwater (depending on the community's water source) before the community was settled.
- Tell students they are going to simulate changes in a watershed over several time periods. Each 30-second

- round represents a time period (see Round Scenarios). In each round, students represent different water users; they may want to make name tags to identify roles.
- 3. For each round, students should place themselves an equal distance from the water source. When the round starts, students fill their sponges with water from the reservoir (bucket). To represent water consumption, have them squeeze water out of the sponges into individual containers. Students can refill their sponges as often as they like during the round.
- 4. At the end of each round, note how much water remains in the bucket. Tell students to empty half of the water from their containers back into the

- bucket. This represents used water that makes it back to the reservoir (i.e., percolated through soil, discharged from a water teatment facility, or runoff from the ground's surface). Students will notice that the water is colored. Inform them that this represents sewage and runoff from urban and rural areas.
- 5. Record students' comments about the amount of water used and the amount of waste materials generated; compare after each round. To represent the water source eventually cleaning and replenishing itself over time, fill the bucket to the brim with clean water before each round.
- 6. Students should write down the number of times they squeeze the sponge and calculate the amount of water used per round in milliliters



As the number of players increase in the last round, water users race to get enough water for their needs.

and percent of the total reservoir (amount used/initial amount of water). They should share their data with their neighbors, local industries, and the rest of the community so that they get a feel for the whole picture of water use in the state.

Round Scenarios

*Refer to the timeline below for more water-related Wisconsin history.

*See the set of charts below to assign roles and sponge pieces to students.

Round One (1600-1850)

The variety of ecosystems found in Wisconsin provided rich and diverse habitats for wildlife which flourished in this pristine environment. As a result, an abundance of birds, aquatic species, prairie, and woodland species prospered in the state. These natural resources provided food sources to support the Menominee, Oiibwa, Santee Sioux and Winnebago tribes; while the vast network of waterways allowed transportation and trade routes. There were approximately 20,000 Native Americans when the early French traders arrived in the 1630's. The native peoples' low population combined with their sustainable use of natural resources caused minimal impact to the state's water resources.

The fur traders were active in what is now Wisconsin during

the early 1700's-1820's. The state's network of over 40,000 miles of rivers and streams allowed ideal transportation routes for the fur trade. Because the traders did not settle in one area, they had minimal impact on the waterways, although they did have a great impact on the beaver population, which nearly went extinct in the early 1800's. The beaver's decline had a great impact on the state's aquatic ecosystems.

Southwestern Wisconsin saw an increase in lead mining and decrease in the fur trade. The Mississippi River was used for transporting lead from Wisconsin to Illinois and other southern states. In the 1850's, Wisconsin attracted great numbers of lumberjacks and homesteaders from the East. The Wisconsin River and its larger tributaries were the major highways of transportation for moving pine logs to the saw mills. Communities in Central and Northern Wisconsin were primarily made up of lumber camps and camp owners' mansions. The farms grew food for lumberjacks and other inhabitants. By the end of this round, there were 305,000 people in the state.

Round Two (1851-1920) The Industrial Revolution of the early 1900's reached Wisconsin causing urban populations to increase. Power companies were built to supply the industries and residents with electricity. The farming of cash crops like wheat is still prominent although dairy farms are multiplying in number. Universities were opened around the state. The frontier was disappearing while railroads expanded. The population at the end of the round increased dramatically



The Wisconsin River became a highway to transport logs to the saw mills. Wisconsin Historical Society

to about 2,632,000, and as a result, water use increased greatly.

Round Three (1921-1945) The Depression took place within this time. Population growth is stymied as the dust bowl days threaten family farms in the mid-thirties. Residents look for jobs in the cities to give them more stability. Industries expand rapidly for the war effort in the 1940's. Farming still plays a major part in the state's economy, but industry is the economic nucleus that is most profitable. Industries use a large amount of water and have started to dump their waste directly into the rivers. The population by 1945 was about 3,200,000.

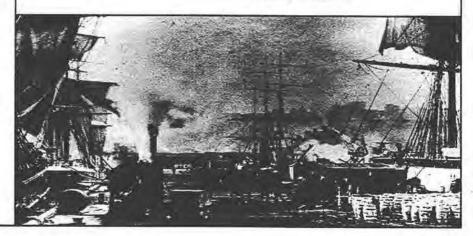
Round Four (1946-Present) The service sector industries grow as the years pass. Irrigation has allowed farmers to become more industrialized and able to export products throughout the state, country, and world. Power companies have multiplied to meet consumer demand. The state continues to grow in population, number of businesses, and number of tourists. Water use has increased dramatically with the growth of farming.

The Great Lakes shipping industry continues to be a major source of transportation for goods to and from the Great Lakes states, although the ships have changed dramatically!

Wisconsin State Historical Society

Time Line: The Development of Wisconsin and Resulting Increased Water Usage

Date	Round	Major Events
1800 - 1850	1	-Native Americans lost most of their Southeastern Wisconsin land -Homesteaders arrive (small family farms) -Lumber camps active -First lead mining in Southwestern Wisconsin and decrease in fur trade -1848 Wisconsin became a state
1851 - 1920	2	-State mostly agricultural (the major cash crop is wheat) -Railroads first built -Breweries in full force -Universities ("Normal Schools") built around the state (1866 Platteville) -Electricity in the larger cities -Dairy Farms (1864 first cheese factory, 1880-1890 Dairy became the primary agricultural industry -Lumber industry continues
1921 - 1945	3	-Industries move to the state, primarily heavy machine manufacturing, paper products and dairy industries -Last virgin forests in north were cut -Brewing decreased because of prohibition -Electricity spreads to smaller towns
1946 to Present	4	-Irrigation increases to crops -Industries with the most employees: Industrial machinery and equipment Fabricated metal products Food and related businesses Printing and publishing Paper and related products -Tourism emerged -Mining exploration and extraction in northern Wisconsin



Distribution of Sponges for Each Round Round 1/4 Sponge 1/3 Spo

Round	1/4 Sponge	1/3 Sponge	1/2 Sponge	1 Sponge
One (1800-1850)	1-residents 2-family farms	2-lumber		
Two (1851-1920)	3-power company	1-residents 2-family farms 1-industry	1-residents 2-lumber 2-business farms	1-residents 1-industry
Three (1921-1945)	3-power company 1-college students	3-family farms 1-college	1-residents 2-industry 2-power company 2-business farms	2-residents 3-industry 1-WWII industry
Four (1946-present)		2-college students 2-industry 4-dairy farms	2-power company 2-industry 2-business farm 2-colleges	4-residents 3-industry 2-service/tourism 2-power company

Key to players and their water use:

rach so breed o	and the state of t
Residents Family Farms	Wisconsin residents who use water in the home (plumbing, cooking, cleaning, bathing, etc.) Farms which support a household (water needed for crops, animals, household needs, etc.)
Industry	Large businesses which use water for running the plant (processing vegetables, paper making, brewing beer, printing, etc.)
College	Colleges and students use water for cleaning, bathing, food preparation, teaching labs, etc.
Power Company	Utilities providing electricity through hydropower (river hydrology changes), coal and nuclear (highest % of Wisconsin's energy production), petroleum, and natural gas (natural gas use and hydropower energy use in Wisconsin are less than the national averages).
Lumber	Lumber industry uses water for transportation (rivers) and to support the logging camps (food, etc.).
Business Farm	For revenue, farms use water for irrigation (i.e. dairy, beef cattle, corn, potatoes, etc.)
WWII Industry	Heavy machinery manufacturers, fabricated metal products, etc.
Service	Businesses which accomplish a task for a consumer (car wash, supermarket, restaurants, etc.)

industry, and electricity needs. The population in 1990 was about 4,900,000.

Wrap-up and Action

- After completing the activity, have students write a summary of what they saw and perceived during the activity. Have them focus on the types of users, the amount of water used by the public and private sector. Ask the students the following questions:
 - a. Were there any surprises as far as the amount consumed and

- who did the consuming?

 b. What are some local waterways/water resources (i.e. lakes, rivers, streams) where you live?
- c. What is the current status of your town's water usage?
- In a discussion, address the following questions and statement:
 - a. Where does your drinking water come from?
 - b. Would it be possible to get water from other sources? If so, where?
 - c. Do you think there will

- ever be a shortage of water in the state? How might this happen?
- d. "Water for all users":
- Do students think this statement is possible?
- What can communities do to ensure that everyone gets enough clean water?
- Have the students draw a map or flow chart of how the users get, consume, and dispose of water.

Extensions

In the K-2 option at the end of "Common Water" in the national *Project WET Guide*, rename the puppets with community members who use the water in your town or county. Prepare a brief speech to explain why the consumer needs the water. This could be organized into a mock community debate.

Resources

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The Blue Book of Wisconsin 1990. The State of Wisconsin, Department of Administration. Madison, WI.

Eau Claire County Version of "Common Water"

Procedure

Warm-up

Have students list major water user groups in their area of the state and how they use water. The Yellow Pages can be a source of ideas. Ask students to rank water users, from those who they think use the most water to those that use the least amount of water.

Pre-activity predictions (Have the students answer the questions)

- a. When did Eau Claire county begin to grow rapidly? Explain.
- b. How fast is Eau Claire currently growing?
- c. What is the biggest industrial draw on water suplies?

Activity

1. Fill the bucket to the brim with water. The full bucket represents the amount of water present before the community was settled. In Eau Claire, there is abundant surface water including: Lake Altoona, Half Moon Lake, the Chippewa River, the Eau Claire River, and several creeks. The amount of groundwater is also significant.

Follow Procedures 2-5 as described above

Round Scenarios

* Refer to the timeline below

for more water-related Wisconsin history.

* See the next set of charts to assign roles and sponge pieces to students.

Round One (1800 to 1850)
Lumberjacks and
homesteaders are attracted to
the Eau Claire County region.
The Chippewa and Eau Claire
Rivers were major highways of
transportation and the method
used for transporting the pine
logs to the saw mill.
Communities were primarily
made up of lumber camps and
their owners. The farms grew
food for lumberjacks and
other inhabitants.

Round Two (1851 to 1920) The Industrial Revolution of the early 1900's reached Eau Claire causing the urban population to increase. A power company was built to supply the industries and residents with electricity. The farming of cash crops is still prominent although dairy farms are multiplying in number. The population at the end of the round is thirty times from where it started at the beginning of the round. As a result, water use increased dramatically. The frontier is disappearing and life is still hard.

Round Three (1921 to 1945)
The Depression has occurred.
Population growth is stymied
as the dust bowl days threaten
family farms in the midthirties. Residents look for jobs
in the city to give them more
stability. Eau Claire County

industries expand rapidly for the war effort in the 1940's. Farming still plays a major part in the economy of the county, but industry is the nucleus and the most profitable. These industries use a large amount of water and have started to dump their waste directly into the Chippewa River.

Round Four (1946 to Present)

The service sector of Eau Claire grows as the years pass. Eau Claire has become a regional center for shopping, business, and education. Irrigation has allowed farmers to become more industrialized and able to export products out of the area. In fact, several

industries also send products out of the state and/or country. Power companies have multiplied to meet consumer demand. The county continues to grow in population and number of businesses. With this growth of farming, industry, and need for electricity, water use has again dramatically increased.

Time Line: The Development of Eau Claire County and Resulting Increased Water Usage

Date	Round	Major Events
1800 to 1850	1	-Native Americans -Homesteaders -Small family farms -Lumber camps
1851 to 1920	2	-Farming of Grains -Railroads - 1880 -Breweries - Eau Claire Teachers College -Electricity in the city of Eau Claire -Dairy Farms -Lumber Industry Continues
1921 to 1945	3	-National Pressure Cooker (Presto) - 1920's -Northern States Power gives lighting to Eau Claire County Farmers - 1942 -Rural Electric Association gives lighting to Dunn County Farmers - 1937 -Gillette Tire Company (Uniroyal) - 1920's
1946 to Present	4	-Irrigation to the crops to grow berries and vegetables -Nestle -Silver Spring Farms -Phillips Plastics -Phoenix Steel -American Materials



Distribution of Sponges for Each Round

<u>Round</u> One (1800-1850)	1/4 Sponge 1-residents 2-family farms	1/3 Sponge 2-lumber	1/2 Sponge	1 Sponge
Two (1851-1920)	3-power company	1-residents 2-family farms 1-industry	1-residents 2-lumber 2-business farms	1-residents 1-industry
Three (1921-1945)	3-power company 1-college students	3-family farms 1-college	1-residents 2-industry 2-power company 2-business farms	2-residents 3-industry 1-WWII industry
Four (1946-present)		2-college students 2-industry 4-dairy farms	2-power company 2-industry 2-business farm 2-colleges	4-residents 3-industry 2-service/tourism 2-power company

Key to players and their water use:

n	
Residents	Wisconsin residents who use water in the home (plumbing, cooking, cleaning, bathing, etc.)
Family Farms	Farms which support a household (water needed for crops, animals, household needs, etc.)
Industry	Large businesses which use water for running the plant (processing vegetables, paper making, brewing beer, printing, etc.)
College	Colleges and students use water for cleaning, bathing, food preparation, teaching labs, etc.
Power Company	Utilities providing electricity through hydropower (river hydrology changes), coal and nuclear (highest % of Wisconsin's energy production), petroleum, and natural gas (natural gas use and hydropower energy use in Wisconsin are less than the national averages)
Lumber	Lumber industry uses water for transportation (rivers) and to support the logging camps (food, etc.)
Business Farm	For revenue, farms use water for irrigation (i.e. dairy, beef cattle, corn, potatoes, etc.)
WWII Industry	Heavy machinery manufacturers, fabricated metal products, etc.
Service	Businesses which accomplish a task for a consumer (car wash, supermarket, restaurants, etc.)

Resources

"Businesses in Eau Claire." Dorot July 1996. Leader-Telegram. Gilber Eau Claire, WI. 21,199

Blue Book of Wisconsin. 1994. The State of Wisconsin, Department of Administration.

Madison, WI.

Census Bureau Home Page: http://www.census.gov Go to Subjects A-Z, then State Profiles, click on WI, click on county. Dorothy and LaVerne Gilbertson. Interview. July 21,1996.

Mary and Ed Elworthy. Interview. July 23, 1996.

Nesbit, Robert C. and William F. Thompson. Wisconsin: A History. 1989. University of Wisconsin Press. Madison, WI.

Stark, William F. 1988.

<u>Wisconsin River of History</u>.

Worzalla Publishing. Stevens
Point, WI.

Dilemma Derby

Adapted to Wisconsin by: Sharon Rychter, Resource Teacher, Green Bay Area School District

Janice Watras, Teacher, North Lakeland Elementary School

Laurin Garlieb, Student, University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point

Project WET Activity Adaptation Summary

This activity has been modified from the national Project WET activity, "Dilemma Derby," found on page 377 of the national Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide (Project WET Guide). The following adaptation is provided as an example of how to Wisconsinize "Dilemma Derby." We encourage you to modify this activity to your community to help make the dilemmas more relevant to you and your students. Suggestions are provided to help you with this process.

This activity is most appropriate for middle and high school students. From the following scenarios and supplementary materials, students will:

- identify water-related issues, consequent human dilemmas, and the key players in the resulting situations.
- work in small groups to collectively answer questions posed.

- determine an action plan to address the identified waterrelated issue.
- present their conclusions to the class as a whole.
- learn more about the water dilemmas in Wisconsin.
- appreciate the challenges involved in resolving dilemmas.

To complete the activity, you will need to follow the activity procedures as written in the *Project WET Guide*.

Additional Materials

 Wisconsin dilemma cards can be found at the end of this activity (these can be glued onto large index cards or poster board and laminated for durability).

Making Connections

Water has always played an integral role in the lives of the people of Wisconsin. In the following scenarios, students will discuss statewide issues related to Wisconsin's water resources. These dilemmas will help your students experience the diversity of human values and attitudes regarding these water-related issues.

Background

(See the Background section of "Dilemma Derby," page 377, in the national *Project WET Guide* for further information)

Adapt this Activity to Your Region!

This activity provides an ideal

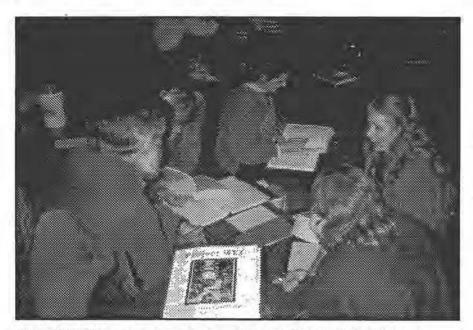


forum to research and discuss local dilemmas related to water. Listed below are some suggestions for investigating local issues and adapting this activity to your region:

- Look for newspaper articles related to water resource dilemmas
- Contact local water resources personnel for information about the topic (i.e. county cooperative extension agents, county Land Conservation Department, regional Department of Natural Resources staff)
- Interview community members about the dilemmas

Teaching Strategy

Rather than emphasizing that a dilemma involves a potential conflict between what one wants to do versus what one believes should be done, students need to be informed that the conflicts presented are neither right nor wrong, but are different perspectives on how water may be used. This type of activity requires students and teachers to recognize that individuals have different opinions and must not be judged. As a result, it is critical to create a safe and unbiased educational environment. In addition, be certain to provide all sides of the dilemmas and, again, be clear that there is no "right" answer. Teachers should closely review the background material, pages 397-399, of the "Perspectives" activity in the



Project WET-Wisconsin workshop participants discuss their dilemmas.

Project WET Guide which relates to these concepts. For the students, the dilemma then becomes deciding which courses of action they believe they would take in a particular situation.

Procedures

(See the Procedures section for "Dilemma Derby," page 377, in the national *Project WET Guide* for further instructions)

 In small groups, students will read the dilemmas, rank their proposed courses of action by priority, then share their findings with the whole class.

Wrap Up and Action

(See the Wrap Up and Action section for "Dilemma Derby," page 378 in the national *Project WET Guide* for further instructions)

 After personal deliberation and small group discussion, each dilemma group shares their scenario, plan of action, reasons behind their plan, and potential consequences of that plan.

Assessment

- Students rank their top three original courses of action, are prepared to discuss the consequences of each choice and the reasons for their chosen ranking order.
- During small group discussion and problem-solving sessions, students will clarify the water-related issue(s), the major human dilemmas, and the principal players involved in the conflict.
- You may choose to use rubrics or other standards to assess student learning in this activity.

Extensions

- Students may call organizations and individuals to conduct interviews about these issues and:
 - ask in particular how

- the people themselves would have solved the dilemma;
- share what they as a group proposed in order to solve the dilemma in the classroom setting.
- Students could attend public or governmental meetings related to the scenarios.
- Students may elect to research a dilemma of their choice to:
 - learn more about the topic they discussed as a group;
 - explore other options for a dilemma which another group discussed;
 - investigate other personal water-related dilemmas in their lives and/or dilemmas they have heard about in Wisconsin.

K-2 Option

As the teacher reads the book All Eyes on The Pond to the class, the teacher models a dilemma or perspective in which one of the pond creatures might find itself. For example, the teacher might ask what action the snapping turtle may take if it sees one of its competitors nearby. After several instances of modeling, the teacher then begins to ask the students what the water creatures might see from their perspective and in what dilemmas they might find themselves in their watery home. Pond, lake, or wetland species found in your region may be added or substituted for other species in the story.

Resources

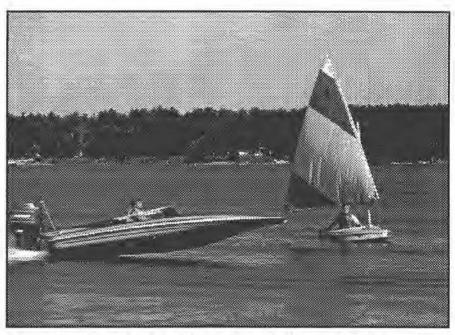
Anderson, Terry. 1995. <u>Life on</u> <u>The Water Series</u>. Green Bay Press Gazette. Green Bay, WI.

Bailey, Ann. 1993. Excuse Me. Sir. That's My Aquifer! (booklet and audio tape). Au Sable Institute of Environmental Studies. Mancelona, MI.

Clean Bay Backers. RAP Committee, 1994. How To Be A Clean Bay Backer (booklet and video). Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, Green Bay, WI.

Harris, Bud. 1993. <u>The State of the Bay</u>. University of Wisconsin-Green Bay. Green Bay, WI.

Rosen, Michael J. 1994. All Eyes on The Pond. Hyperion Books for Children. New York, NY.



There are a variety of water-related dilemmas in Wisconsin that your students can investigate. © Robert Korth

Say, Allen. 1988. A River <u>Dream</u>. Houghton Mifflin, Co. New York, NY. Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, 1991. <u>The</u> <u>Green Bay Remedial Action</u> <u>Plan Summary</u>. Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources. Madison, WI.

Dilemma Cards

Dilemma #1

You are currently running for mayor in you small hometown, located along the Wisconsin River bank. Although you are personally opposed to mining because of its potential environmental impacts, the possibility of mining exists in your town. The mining company that is considering utilizing your area promises to meet all environmental standards set by the state of Wisconsin, but you are not convinced. An operation akin to that proposed for your area has never been completed successfully in the past. However, you town is suffering financially and the prospect of employment opportunities would compliment your campaign very well. Do you include a bid to bring mining into your community in you campaign adgenda, or choose to oppose the mining based on your concern for the possible

environmental impacts the the Wisconsin River?

- Look at the situation from an economic perspective and regognize that allowing minig will benefit the most amount of people at the moment.
- Choose not to invite mining into your community, but develop water-related tourism buisness (i.e. canoe rental, cabins for rent, etc.) along the river.
- Do fourther research on the impacts and long term affects of mining projects similar to the one proposed in your community.
- 4. Other ideas?

Dilemma #2

Every year your family returns to your grandparents cabin on Lake Michigan. It is tradition that dinner is whatever is caught fishing that day on the lake. However, due to the increase of contaminants from the leaching of heavy metals, such as mercury and lead, you are recommended not to eat any of the fish that are caught this year. You and your family have been eating fish from Lake Michigan for many years. This year, your infant nephew has joined the annual camping retreat. Do you keep the tradition of eating fish caught from the lake alive, or forego the ritual due to health concerns for you and your nephew?

- Keep eating the fish since you are only eating it for a week, and the warnings should not apply to you and your family.
- 2. Have each family member decide whether to eat the fish or not, but insist that your nephew eat something else.
- 3. Find an alternative for the week.
- 4. Other ideas?



Dilemma #3

You have recently been a lucky winner of the Wisconsin Powerball lottery and are looking into building your dream house. Your city is currently considering containing the stream which passes through it to allow for further development. The city has no other areas available for expansion. The stream would be contained in concrete that could potentially cause the river to lose dissolved oxygen that supports plants, fish, and other aquatic organisms. Containing the stream would enable you to obtain land to build your home where all your friends and relatives live. Do you decide to build your new home there and support the containing of the stream or look elsewhere?

- Build your dream home near the contained stream.
- 2. Look in the area for an older home.
- 3. Build elsewhere.
- 4. Other ideas?



Dilemma #4

The beach on Lake Winnebago where your family goes every year to "get away from it all" looks dirty and littered this year. Soda cans, glass bottles, and fast food wrappers are more abundant on the beach than people. What can you do?



- Go to another beach; you came here to relax, not worry about the state of the environment.
- Pick up a small area of the beach and enjoy the rest of the day.
- Organize a beach clean-up either with friends and family, or extend the invitation to the surrounding community.
- 4. Other ideas?

Dilemma #5

You have inherited a large piece of land in Northern Wisconsin from an aunt you never even knew! Most of the land is abandoned farmland that has converted back to native wetlands. You live in the city of Milwaukee and really do not have a use for the land. A contractor has approached you offering a large amount of money to purchase the land. He plans to fill in the wetlands then sell the property as lots for a housing development. What do you do with the land?

- Sell the land will be much more valuable to the people who choose to live there than it is as an abandoned wetland.
- Don't sell keep the land because wetlands are a vital component of the ecosystem and act as sponges that filter out contaminants in water.
- Don't sell keep the land, fill in the wetlands and build condominiums.
- 4. Other ideas?



Dilemma #6

You are a dairy farmer who needs to use pesticides and fertilizers on your fields in order to grow crops to feed your cattle. These chemicals, however, are contaminating the groundwater and entering drinking water wells. Also, fecal material from your cattle is causing a problem with run-off from rain waters. You are approached by your neighbors who ask you to stop using chemicals and control your runoff. What do you do?



- 1. Explain to your neighbors that you cannot afford to change your practices.
- Experiment with less chemicals and crop rotation to control pest problems and look into ways to help pay for a fence to keep the cow manure from entering the stream.
- Science unveils new discoveries everyday.
 Search the market for alternative chemicals that have less of an effect on the environment.
- 4. Other ideas?

Dilemma #7

There is a stream in your neighborhood which you have noticed is littered with trash. You want to go enjoy the stream and look for animals that might live there but you're not allowed to go there because of the trash. What are you going to do?



- Decide that there is nothing that you can do because the stream is probably polluted and its better for your health to stay away from it.
- 2. Ask your parents or teachers what you can do.
- Try and get some other kids and adults in your neighborhood to help you cleanup the stream.
- 4. Other ideas?

The Pucker Effect

Adapted to Wisconsin by: James Servais, Teacher, Green Bay West High School

Project WET Activity Adaptation Summary

This activity has been modified from the national Project WET activity, "The Pucker Effect," found on page 338 of the national Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide (Project WET Guide). The following adaptation is provided as an example of how to Wisconsinize "The Pucker Effect." This adaptation of the national Project WET activity offers more specific background information, activity extensions, and references related to groundwater issues in Wisconsin. We encourage you to modify this activity to your community. Suggestions are provided to help you with this process.

This activity is most appropriate for middle and high school students. Students will:

- observe how groundwater transports pollutants;
- simulate groundwater testing to discover the source of contamination;
- gain a better understanding of Wisconsin's groundwater resources.

To complete the activity, you will need to follow the activity procedures as written in the *Project WET Guide*.

Additional Materials

(See the Materials section for "The Pucker Effect" in the national *Project WET Guide*, page 338, for the complete list of materials)

 Groundwater Study Guide: Groundwater Contamination Susceptibility Map

Making Connections

Students may have been personally affected by contaminated drinking water in their community or have heard of an incident in Wisconsin. The media occasionally reports news of polluted groundwater concerns around the state. Learning about the possible effects of point and nonpoint source pollution may prompt students to assume a more active role in protecting groundwater in their communities. Below are two important definitions for this activity:

Non point source pollution Pollution discharged over a wide
land area, not from one specific
location. This includes runoff
from city streets, parking lots,
home lawns, farmland,
individual septic systems, and
construction sites that finds its
way into lakes, streams, or
groundwater.
Point source pollution

Point source pollution Pollution discharged from any identifiable point; including pipes, ditches, channels, sewers, tunnels, and containers of various types.

Background

More than 70% of Wisconsin residents depend on groundwater for their drinking water. A large number of farms and industries also rely heavily on groundwater. We are becoming more aware of groundwater mostly because of increasing incidents of contamination around the state. Many areas of the state contain soil types and geology that cause the groundwater to be very susceptible to pollution. Contamination can cause health threats to all living things when bacteria, nitrates, pesticides, metals (i.e. lead, copper, zinc. mercury), and other compounds leach into the groundwater. Some of the point and nonpoint sources of groundwater pollution include the following (also see diagrams on the following pages for visual aids):

- use and storage of road salt (nonpoint)
- improper use, disposal and storage of hazardous materials (point)
- leaking underground petroleum tanks and pipes (point)
- application of fertilizers and pesticides (nonpoint)
- improper animal waste application, storage or disposal (nonpoint)
- failing septic systems (nonpoint)

Most of Wisconsin is moderately susceptible to groundwater contamination (see "Groundwater Contamination Susceptibility in Wisconsin" map from the

Groundwater Study Guide). Water often travels rapidly through the state's sand and gravel glacial deposits. In areas of near surface limestone bedrock as in Door County. water can sometimes travel almost uninhibited through dissolved cracks in the rock. showing up miles away in a matter of days. However. groundwater does not travel as easily in parts of northern and eastern Wisconsin where lavers or formations of clay and shale are found. As a result, water is often "guided" underground by these impermeable "layercake" or "frosting" layers. The crosssection drawings of Southern Wisconsin and Northern Wisconsin show the area's rock layer types (refer to diagrams below). In central and southern Wisconsin, there have been a number of individual's wells affected by atrazine, a pesticide

used in corn fields. In several of these areas, homeowners had to have their wells redrilled in order to reach safe drinking water. When it was discovered that pollutants from Wisconsin's leaking underground fuel storage tanks had been affecting groundwater supplies. legislation was established to regulate existing tanks and strengthen environmental protection criteria for new tanks. It costs far less to replace a tank than to clean up the contaminated area after one has leaked. The State of Wisconsin passed a law giving the owners of leaking underground tanks a deadline for removing them from the ground. After this legislation passed in the late 1980's, they were also required to pay the cost of cleaning up the contamination.

Despite improvements to groundwater protection laws over the years, a large percentage of the population is unaware of their relationship with groundwater resources, the importance of groundwater for state residents, and our potential impacts on groundwater quality.

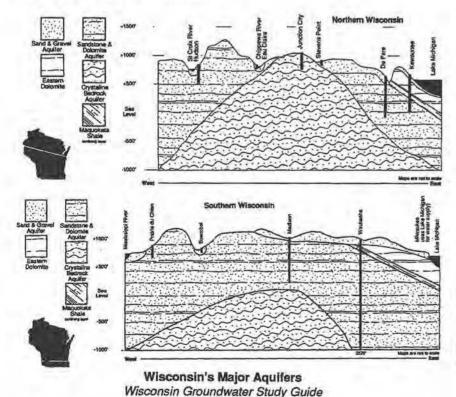
Adapt this Activity to Your Region!

You and your students can easily adapt this activity to your region by doing any of the following:

- Investigate the geology of your area and the groundwater's susceptibility to contamination. Contact Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey.
- Research local groundwater issues and potential sources of groundwater contamination (contact county Land Conservation Department, DNR regional office, and/or Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center).
- Contact your city Public
 Works Department to find
 out where your water originates (see your local white
 pages listed under city name).
- See "Groundwater" in the Resources section of this Wisconsin Supplement to National Project WET for additional Wisconsin groundwater resources.

Procedures

(See the Procedures section for "The Pucker Effect," page 338, in the national *Project WET Guide*)



Extensions

- Students may be interested in researching what steps their community is taking to avoid groundwater contamination from storage tanks, septic tank systems (especially those that may contain household chemicals), sanitary landfills, chemical landfills, or wastewater disposal ponds.
- Have students investigate
 the real costs of drilling test
 wells. Why would these costs
 vary among regions of
 Wisconsin (i.e. depth of water
 table, hardness of substrate,
 access to site, etc.)?
- Have students collect newspaper articles related to possible groundwater contamination within their own community, region, or throughout Wisconsin.
- Use the above information, the "Layer Cake" of bedrock formations of Wisconsin diagram above, and the



Workshop participants test for "polluted groundwater" by using a model described in "The Pucker Effect."

Groundwater Contamination Susceptibility Map (from the Groundwater Study Guide) to predict other areas of potential contamination.

 Take students on a field trip to any of the areas listed in the "Field Trip Ideas" section below.

Resources

Wisconsin Groundwater Education Resource Directory, December 1994, Publication #WR381-94. It can be ordered from the Wisconsin Groundwater Coordinating Council, 101 South Webster Street; Box 792, Madison, Wisconsin 53707. 608/267-7610.

Groundwater Study Guide, A folder containing a teacher's guide, groundwater/water cycle posters, groundwater activities, copy-ready work/lab sheets, and a copy of "Groundwater: Protecting Wisconsin's Buried Treasure." It can be ordered from the Wisconsin DNR, Bureau of Communication and Education, PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707. 608/266-6790.

Groundwater: Protecting
Wisconsin's Buried Treasure in
Wisconsin Natural Resources.
Vol. 13, No. 4. Aug. 1989.
Copies of this magazine
supplement (maximum of 20)
are available to Wisconsin
schools. The cost is \$.50 per
copy plus shipping and
handling. It can be ordered from
the Wisconsin Geological and
Natural History Survey, 3817
Mineral Point Road, Madison,
WI 53705. 608/263-7389.

Special Recycling Edition.
Wisconsin Natural Resources.
Vol. 8, No. 4. July-August 1985.
Wisconsin DNR, Bureau of
Communication and Education,
PO Box 7921, Madison,
WI 53707, 608/266-6790.

A Matter of Chance, A Matter of Choice: Environmental Risk in Wisconsin in Wisconsin Natural Resources. Vol. 13, No. 2. April 1989. Wisconsin DNR (see above address and phone number).

The Cleanup Game in Wisconsin Natural Resources, Vol. 13: No. 1. February 1989. Wisconsin DNR (see above address and phone number).

Audio-Visual Materials

Wisconsin's Groundwater (Groundwater: Wisconsin's Buried Treasure), (slide/tape #16044; available in 14 minute video format #16422) 1982. For rental information, contact: Cooperative Extension Media Collection, 45 N. Charter St., Room 21, Madison, WI 53715. 608/262-3514 or 800/353-3514.

Wisconsin's Groundwater 1984. 25-minute video appropriate for grades 7-adult, Publication #16046. For rental information, contact: Cooperative Extension Media Collection, 45 N. Charter St., Room 21, Madison, WI 53715. 608/262-3514 or 800/353-3514. Groundwater Flow Model, A classroom demonstration/lab model showing groundwater movements, well effects, water table, lake level, contamination plumes, etc. To order, contact Student Chapter AWRA, Earl Spangenberg, College of Natural Resources, UW-Stevens Point Stevens Point, WI 54481 715/346-2372.

Resource People

- Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center, UW-Stevens Point, College of Natural Resources, Stevens Point, WI 54481 715/346-4270
- Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey, 3817 Mineral Point Rd., Madison, WI 53705 608/263-7389
- · Water chemists
- Well drilling contractors (contact your local DNR office)
- · Pump dealers
- Land Conservation Department offices
- Department of Natural Resources (DNR)
 environmental specialists
- Municipal/county health or environmental specialists, county planners
- County University of Wisconsin-Extension resource or agricultural agents
- Water treatment plant operators
- Hydrologists, hydrogeologists and engineers (private industry and governmental agencies)

Field Trip Ideas

- Municipal or county landfill site, monitoring wells
- Municipal water treatment plant, well water tower
- Well drilling site (list available from local DNR office)
- Private water testing laboratory (list of certified labs available from local DNR office)
- Agricultural operation (irrigation with wells, integrated pest management)
- Water resource sites (springs, rivers, lakes, wetlands)
- Beverage or food processing industries
- Rock exposures showing groundwater effects

Bulletins Available From UW-Extension Offices

(Cost between \$0.25 and \$1.00 per bulletin, contact UW-Extension Publications for current prices and request the publication numbers preceding the titles listed below):

UW-Extension, Cooperative Extension Publications, 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170, Madison, WI 53703, 608/262-3346, Fax: 608/265-8052, Home page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

- A7POG Protecting Our Groundwater-A Grower's Guide
- G3399 Maintaining Your Home Well Water System
- G3378 Improving Your Drinking Water Quality
- G3339 Drinking Water Contamination: Understanding the Risks
- G3338 How Drinking Water Standards Are Established
- G3213 Pesticides in Groundwater: How They Get

- There: What Happens to Them; How to Keep Them Out
- G3054 Nitrate in Wisconsin's Groundwater: Sources and Concerns
- G2967 Nonpoint Pollution: How Wisconsin Cities Affect Water Quality

Maps

Groundwater Susceptibility
Maps, available in two sizes.

- 8 1/2" x 11" are \$.25 each, plus postage and handling;
- 26" x 36" maps are \$1.50 each, plus postage and handling.

Maps can be ordered from the U.S. Geological and Natural History Survey, 3817 Mineral Point Road, Madison, WI 53705, 608/263-7389.

Wisconsin DNR Central & Regional Offices

Central Office Bureaus:
Bureau of Watershed
Management, 608/267-7610
Bureau of Drinking Water and
Groundwater, 608/266-0821
PO Box 7921
Madison, WI 53707-7921

Northern Region

DNR PO Box 309 Spooner, WI 54801 715/635-2101

DNR PO Box 818 Rhinelander, WI 54501 715/365-8900

West Central Region DNR

PO Box 4001 Eau Claire, WI 54702 715/839-3700

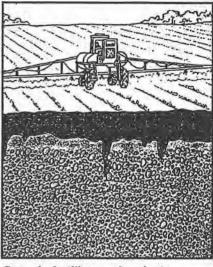
South Central Region DNR 3911 Fish Hatchery Road Fitchburg, WI 53711 608/275-3266

Northeast Region DNR 2300 N, Military Avenue Box 10448 Green Bay, WI 5430 414/492-5800

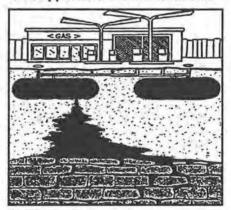
Southeast Region DNR 2300 N. Martin Luther King, Jr. Drive Milwaukee, WI 53212 414/263-8500



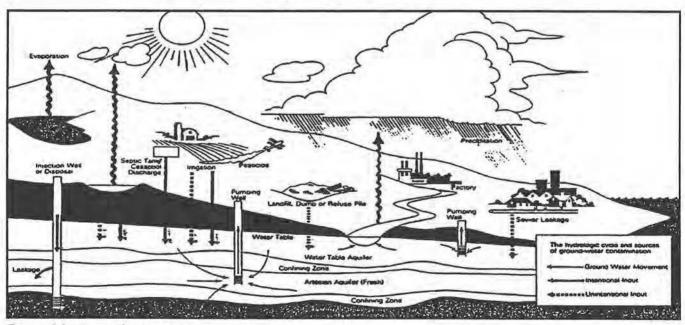
Over-application of lawn chemicals



Organic fertilizers, chemical fertilizers, and pesticides



Leaking gasoline tank



Recognizing groundwater concerns from Active Watershed Education: It's AWEsoome

Sum of the Parts

Adapted to Wisconsin and Lake Michigan by: Karen Yost, Teacher, Our Lady of Sorrows School

Project WET Activity Adaptation Summary

This activity has been modified from the Project WET activity, "Sum of the Parts," found on page 267 of the national Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide (Project WET Guide). The following adaptation is provided as an example of how to Wisconsinize "Sum of the Parts" to the Lake Michigan region. We encourage you to modify this activity to a local waterway to help make it more relevant to you and your students. Suggestions are provided to help you with this process.

This activity is appropriate for upper elementary and middle school students. Students will:

- demonstrate how each person in a watershed of a lake or river can contribute to the quality of that waterway;
- recognize that everyone's "contribution" can be enhanced or diminished by different management practices;
- identify some best management practices used in Wisconsin,

To complete the activity, you will need to follow the activity procedures as written in the *Project WET Guide*.

Additional Materials

- Large piece of paper (newsprint) or poster board (See Getting Ready section below)
- · Water-based markers
- Several small items such as pencils, paper clips, books, erasers, etc.

Making Connections

Wisconsin is truly a water-rich state. Most Wisconsin residents have had the privilege to live near or visit a lake or river and enjoy the many gifts these waterways offer. As our population has increased in the state, we have witnessed the effects on our water resources. We are often unaware of how easily we can impact local streams and lakes as well as other water users, especially those downstream. Here is an opportunity to look more closely at how we affect our waters and what land management practices can be used to help reduce those impacts.

Background

(See the Background section of "Sum of the Parts," page 267, in the national *Project WET Guide* for further information)

Adapt this Activity to Your Local Lake or River!

With over 40,000 miles of rivers and streams and 15,000 lakes in Wisconsin, you could easily adapt this activity to a local waterway. This will allow your students to research the actual waterfront properties and how they are used along the local waterway. Have students identify potential point and nonpoint source pollutants coming from those properties.

For example, you may choose to adapt this activity to the Wisconsin River since many of us live within its watershed (about 15% of the state's land drains to the Wisconsin River). The Wisconsin River has a rich history of use over the decades such as: transportation for Native Americans, traders, and logs to the saw mills: dams for power and creation of recreational lakes; water source for homes and businesses; an outlet for industrial liquid waste; and thousands of other uses. Potential point source pollutants to the Wisconsin River include: paper mill byproducts untreated, agricultural chemical spill, among others. Potential nonpoint source pollutants include: agricultural runoff, stormwater runoff, lawn fertilizer, motorboat engine oil, etc.

Other ideas:

- Old and recent aerial photos would be helpful to compare the land use changes that have occurred along a particular waterway.
- You may choose to do this activity in conjunction with "Color Me a Watershed" as it deals with watershed land use changes over time and the potential affects to water quality.

 See "Nonpoint Pollution" and "Water Resources
 Management and Protection Strategies" in the Resources section of this Wisconsin Supplement for further information.

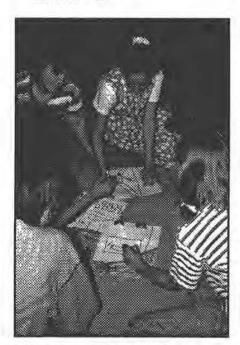
Procedure

(See the Procedures section for "Sum of the Parts," page 269, in the national *Project WET Guide* for further instructions)

Getting Ready

(See the Materials section for "Sum of the Parts," page 267, in the national *Project WET Guide* for a diagram of the river design and further instructions)

 On a large piece of paper (newsprint) or poster board draw an enlarged outline of Lake Michigan (see attached map outline) or your local lake or river.



In "Sum of the Parts" each person is given a piece of waterfront property and a million dollars to develop their property as they wish!

- Divide the lake or river into sections* with a dissecting line down the center (see drawing at the end of this activity).
 - *For example, seven sections allow fourteen students to each have a section. You can divide it differently depending on your group size.
- Number the sections on one side with the letter A in sequential order (1A, 2A, 3A...) placing the numbers in the upper left-hand corners and repeat for the other side with just the numbers (1, 2, see drawing in the Project WET Guide on page 267).
- Cut out the sections and laminate if possible (the students can use washable markers if you laminate the paper drawing).

Warm Up

- Determine student knowledge of the location of your river or lake of choice and the various rivers that flow into it. Investigate the sub-watersheds that are part of your larger watershed (see Wisconsin watersheds maps in this Wisconsin Supplement).
- Discuss some of the uses of the land along the border of the waterway. Do the students think these practices could affect the lake or river? What kind of effects might occur and who would be affected?

Activity

- Inform students that they have just inherited a piece of riverfront property and a million dollars.
- 2. Pass out pieces of property and water-based markers.

- Explain that the blue is water and the blank space is land they own. They have one million dollars to develop their land as they wish.
- 3. When students have completed their drawings, ask them to look on the reverse side of their property for a number. Explain that each piece is actually a part of a puzzle. Start with number one, have students assemble their pieces. They will construct the stream or lake and adjacent land in proper order (the ones should face each other, with the twos next to them, and so forth).
- 4. Have students describe how they developed their land and how they used the water. They should identify any of their actions that polluted or added materials to the waterway. Have students represent each of their contributions to the river with an item from their desks (e.g., book, piece of paper, pen, pencil).



Adopt-A-Lake youth put their pieces together to form a river and lake.

- 5. Tell students to take their item(s) and line up in the same order as their pieces of riverfront property. They are going to pass their pollution pieces downstream. Have them announce what kind of pollutant they are holding before they pass it on. The ones will pass their item(s) to the twos, the twos will pass
- everything to the threes, and so on, until the last students are holding all the items.
- 6. After the students have completed the activity, have them refer to the "Recommended land Management Practices to Promote Good Water Quality in Wisconsin" table below and consider how they

could reduce the nonpoint source pollution from their property. Let them redo the activity using some recommended land management practices for their land and observe any differences in the outcome.

Recommended Land Management Practices to Promote Good Water Quality in Wisconsin

Home

- · Plan your landscaping to reduce the amount of maintenance needed.
- For waterfront property owners: grow a "buffer" strip of dense, natural vegetation along the water's edge to filter pollutants and stabilize the shoreline.
- · Septic tank owners: have regular inspections and pump every 2-3 years.
- · Try to reduce salt use in winter. Use sand, ash, or chip the ice off pavement when possible.
- Limit the use of toxic or hazardous products. Keep them away from storm sewers, lakes, and streams.

Community

- · Encourage stormwater management practices to control runoff pollution.
- · Support and follow laws that reduce soil erosion from construction sites.
- · Encourage the conservative use of road salt.

Farms

- · Plant buffer strips next to surface waters receiving runoff from crop fields.
- · Plant conservation (permanent) cover crops (perennials) on fallow land to reduce erosion.
- Use conservation cropping sequence (rotation) of close-growing grasses, legumes, and small grains with row crops to add organic residue to improve soil.
- Use conservation tillage practices that leave residues of the previous crop on the soil surface to reduce erosion.
- Practice contour farming on sloped land where the planting and cultivation are perpendicular
 to the slope of the land to reduce erosion.
- Create field windbreaks (strips of trees or shrubs) next to crop fields to reduce wind speed and erosion.

Forestry Projects (Sediment Control)

- Use mulch and seed where necessary to minimize soil erosion into streams, lakes, and wetlands.
- · Install sediment control structures to slow the flow of runoff.
- · Filter sediment and nutrients from runoff.

Compiled from Best Management Practices for Wisconsin Farms, UW-Extension Water Quality Fact Sheet Series, and Wisconsin's Forestry Best Management Practices for Water Quality

Extensions

As a follow-up activity, students can research the actual area they were assigned to develop, investigate the actual land practices and water pollutants associated with the area. The students can:

- contact local county offices for information about the watershed.
- research the regulations associated with shoreline development.
- write letters to local government officials sharing their opinions of land use legislation.
- research how their own lifestyles and actions affect water quality in their community.

References

Best Management Practices for Wisconsin Farms, UW-Extension Publications, Cooperative Extension Publications 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170 Madison, WI 53703 608/262-3346 Home page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

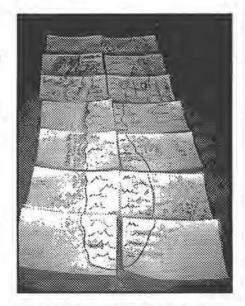
County Planning and Zoning office for aerial photos of lake or river. (Check your local white pages for county office listings)

Rules of Thumb for Clean Water. Yard Care and the Environment Series. UW-Extension Publications, Cooperative Extension Publications 630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170 Madison, WI 53703 608/262-3346 Home page: http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html Stark, William F. <u>Wisconsin</u> <u>River of History</u>. 1988. (Check your local library)

Water Quality Fact Sheet Series.
UW-Extension Publications,
Cooperative Extension
Publications
630 W. Mifflin St., Rm. 170
Madison, WI 53703
608/262-3346
Home page:
http://www.uwex.edu/ces/pubs.html

Wisconsin's Forestry Best Management Practices for Water Quality. Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources-Bureau of Forestry PO Box 7921 Madison, WI 53707-7921 608/266-2621

Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey for topographic maps of lakes and river shapes. 3817 Mineral Point Road Madison, WI 53705 608/263-7389



Lake Michigan "Sum of the Parts" pieces put together.

Lake Michigan Adaptation to "Sum of the Parts"

Making Connections

In a social studies class students can locate the various watersheds of the Lake Michigan water basin. About 25% of Wisconsin lies in the Lake Michigan watershed (see Lake Michigan Watershed map in this Supplement). They can locate the main cities and identify the major economic sources of the area. The students can also research the historical significance of the area and its connection to Lake Michigan.

Background

The five Great Lakes, Lake Michigan, Lake Superior, Lake Erie, Lake Huron, and Lake Ontario, contain 20% of the Earth's surface fresh water. Eight states and two Canadian provinces border the Great Lakes. We have become very dependent on the Great Lakes for industry, transportation, food supply, drinking water. and recreation. Lake Michigan is the third largest Great Lake in area and the only Great Lake entirely within the United States. It is the fourth largest freshwater lake in the world in terms of area and the fifth largest in terms of volume.

The water retention time in

Lake Michigan is approximately 99 years. This means water enters the lake. circulates slowly, and remains for about 100 years before it leaves the basin through the Straits of Mackinac. The northern part of Lake Michigan is a colder, less developed region of the upper Great Lakes. This area is sparsely populated, except for the Lower Fox River Valley which drains into Green Bay. This region has one of the most productive Great Lakes fisheries. However, it also receives waste from the world's largest concentration of pulp and paper mills.

The more southern basin of Lake Michigan is among the most urbanized areas in the Great Lakes system. It includes the Milwaukee and Chicago Metropolitan areas. This area is home to approximately eight million people, or more than 1/2 of the total population of the Great Lakes Basin. The entire Great Lakes Basin has a population of about 14 million.

The water quality in Lake Michigan generally flows in a north-to-south direction. The north having the best water quality and gradually degrading in quality as you move south. There are ten "Areas of Concern" (identified by the International Joint Commission and EPA) around the lake where degradation exists. These areas include: the western side of the lake, Manistique River Basin, Lower

Menominee River Basin,
Green Bay and Fox River
Basin, Sheboygan River,
Milwaukee Estuary,
Waukegan Harbor, and Grand
Calumet River and Indiana
Harbor Ship Canal. The
eastern side of the lake
includes the Kalamazoo River
Basin, Muskegan Lake, and
White Lake. The worst
degradation exists in the
Indiana Harbor, the
Milwaukee Estuary, and
Green Bay.

Pollutants can enter the lake directly or indirectly. Pollutants that enter the lake directly are referred to as point source pollutants (PS). These pollutants can be traced back to an identifiable source. Pollutants that enter the lake indirectly are referred to as nonpoint source pollutants (NPS, refer to chart on the next page). These pollutants come from many places such as the atmosphere, sediment runoff, or surface runoff. It is estimated that 50% of the phosphorus that enters Lake Michigan comes from nonpoint sources. NPS impacts are most visible near the shore of Lake Michigan. The most obvious results are poor water quality, the presence of toxins in fish and sediment, algae blooms, and harbors filling with sediment.

Lake Management Plans (LaMPs)

In response to the expanding degradation, statewide Lake Management Plans (LaMPs) have been devised to restore and protect the waters of the Great Lakes. LaMPs are developed by the United States Environmental Protection Agency with participation from international, state, and local agencies.

LaMPs are designed to identify impaired water uses and their associated causes: determine the critical factors of lake ecosystems; identify existing and necessary management strategies to restore and protect the water; implement the plan; and track its progress. The western side of the lake currently has seven Remedial Action Plans (RAP) underway as part of the LaMP objectives. The RAPs identified several concerns within each basin.

Example Remedial Action Plan (RAP) Concerns:

Manistique River Basin historical pollutants causing sediment contamination, wastewater discharge from paper mills, and sewer overflows

Menominee River Basin arsenic contamination
especially in sediment,
mercury, PCB, oil and grease,
storm sewer overflow, and
industrial discharge
Lower Green Bay and Fox
River Basin - area runoff
pollution from urban and rural
areas, municipal and
industrial wastewater
discharge, and degraded
habitat
Shebevgan River Basin

Sheboygan River Basin heavy agriculture runoff (suspended solids, fecal coliform bacteria, phosphorus, nitrogen, PCB, and heavy metals), and industrial and residential runoff *Milwaukee Estuary* - storm sewer, urban, and industrial runoff *Waukegan Harbor* -

Waukegan Harbor contaminated sediment and
soils (wetland destruction),
industrial leaching
Grand Calumet River and
Indiana Harbor Ship Canal contaminated sediments

The protection of groundwater and surface water from nonpoint source pollutants is a great challenge because of the vast and varying nature of the problem. All of the RAPs list ways citizens can get involved in the clean-up process of Lake Michigan. The national Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide has several suggestions for Best Management Practices related to this activity.

Procedure Warm Up

- Determine student knowledge of the location of Lake Michigan and the various rivers that flow into it.
 Discuss the various watersheds that make up the Lake Michigan Basin.
- Discuss some of the uses of the land along the borders of Lake Michigan. Do the students think these practices could affect the lake? What do the students think the attitude of residents on the southern end of the lake might be about the water flowing from the northern

part of the lake? Does the historical industry of our state affect the Lake Michigan water quality?

Activity
(See the Procedures section above)

Wrap Up

After all the items have reached the final students, discuss the activity. How did those students toward the middle or at the end of the shoreline feel? What about their property use plans? Could a student on the southern end of the lake be

Land uses most likely to produce significant nonpoint source pollution in Lake Michigan (according to Remedial Action Plans):

Land Use

Duna Osc

Urban:

IndustrialCommercialResidential

· Construction

Rural:

CroplandBarnyard

Eroding Streambanks

Pollutant

Toxics, oil & grease, phosphorus

Toxics, phosphorus Phosphorus

Sediment, phosphorus

Sediment, phosphorus, toxics Phosphorus, bacteria, organics

Sediments

For further information on RAPs and LaMPs contact the following Internet sites:

Great Lakes RAPs http://www.greatlakes.net:2200/envt/water/ watqual/manag/rap/rap.html

Water Quality - Areas of Concern http://www.cciw.ca/glimr/topic-browse/graphic-mode/ water-quality/areas-concern/intrc

Lakewide Management Plans http://www.greatlakes.net:2200/envt/water/ watqual/manag/lamp/lamp.html

Great Lakes Information Network http://www.great-lakes.net

International Joint Commission http://h2o.usgs.gov/public/wid/html/gl.html

Great Lakes Information Management Resource http://www.cciw.ca/glimr/intro.html

affected by the actions of a student in the northern half of the lake? Could the northern uses of the lake alter the quality of the water in the southern end? What about vice versa? The flow of the lake circulates so, all sections of the lakeshore can affect each other and the overall quality of Lake Michigan.

Extensions

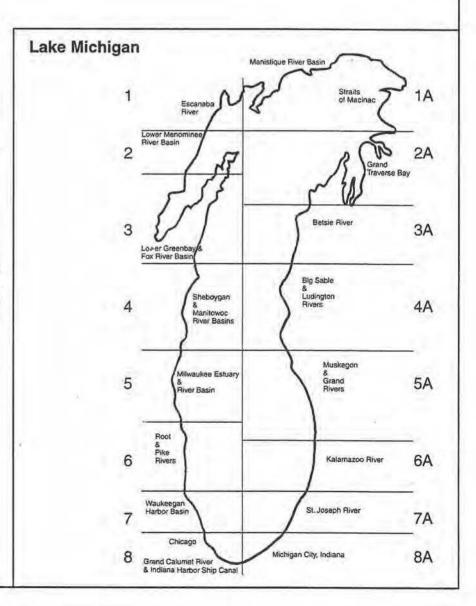
- As a follow-up, the students can research the actual area they were assigned to develop. They can discover the real land practices and the water pollutants associated with the area.
- The students can contact the Environmental Protection Agency and find out about the Remedial Action Plans for that watershed. The students can research the regulations associated with development along the Lake Michigan shoreline.
- Students can research how their own lifestyles and actions affect water quality.
- Students could write letters to local government officials sharing their opinions of land use legislation.

Resources

Great Lakes Information Network: http://www.great-lakes.net Remedial Action Plans (RAP). Wisconsin DNR, Bureau of Watershed Management GEF 2, WT/2 PO Box 7921 Madison, WI 53707 608/267-9352

State of the Great Lakes. 1995. Environmental Protection Agency & Environment. Canada Wisconsin: Grateful for the Great Lakes. Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, Bureau of Watershed Management PO Box 7921 Madison, WI 53707 608/267-7694

See Internet Sites listed on previous page



Water Address



Adapted to Wisconsin by: Jody Henseler, Teacher, Owen-Withee Public Schools

Carolyn Peterson, Teacher, Luck Public Schools

Adapted to the Mississippi River by: Shelly Cook, Teacher, School District of Onalaska

Project WET Activity Adaptation Summary

This activity has been modified from the Project WET activity, "Water Address," found on page 122 of the national Project WET Curriculum and Activity Guide (Project WET Guide). The following adaptation is provided as an example of how to Wisconsinize "Water Address" to Wisconsin and the Mississippi River. It includes specific information about the Upper Mississippi River ecosystem. We encourage you to modify this activity to your region to help make it more relevant to you and your students. Suggestions are provided to help you with this process.

This activity is appropriate for upper elementary, middle, and high school students (depending on which clue cards are used). Students will:

 identify organisms by analyzing clues that describe their adaptations to aquatic ecosystems; gain a better understanding of Wisconsin plants and animals found in aquatic habitats.

To complete the activity, you will need to follow the activity procedures as written in the *Project WET Guide*.

Additional Materials

(See the Materials section for "Water Address," page 122, in the national *Project WET Guide* for the complete list of materials)

- · Map of Wisconsin
- Wisconsin Water Address clue cards (for upper elementary, middle, and high school grades)
- Upper Mississipi River Address Cards (for middle and high school grades)
- Wisconsin species pictures (pictures at end of this activity)
- Map of the Upper Mississippi River (optional)
- Mural paper, paint, paint brushes, crayons, colored pencils (optional)
- · Encyclopedia (optional)

Making Connections

Children have seen pictures of and observed wild animals that live in Wisconsin such as beavers, mosquitoes, and bald eagles. All of these organisms have special features, or adaptations, that help them survive in aquatic habitats. Students can gain a better appreciation for the importance of water for survival by learning

more about these specific adaptations.

Background

Water plays an important role in Wisconsin. There are over 15,000 interior lakes, 40,000 miles of rivers and streams, and 5.3 million acres of wetlands located within Wisconsin. The name "Wisconsin" was taken from its principal river, the Wisconsin River, which runs nearly through the heart and length of the state. The origin of the name has many possible sources and meanings. One is derived from an Ojibwa word, "Wees-konsan," meaning "gathering of waters." describing the many bodies of water that are found here. Wisconsin is bounded on the north by Lake Superior, the west by the Mississippi River. and the east by Lake Michigan.

Within Wisconsin, plants and animals have become suited to live in aquatic environments in many ways. For example, fish have streamlined bodies and fins to help them maneuver through water. Ducks have webbed feet for swimming and glands that produce a waxy oil for waterproofing their feathers. Other organisms have developed the means to filter oxygen from water; for example, fish have gills. To live in fastflowing water, some organisms have modified mouthparts, fins, or roots that resemble suction cups, to keep them from being swept downstream. Many aquatic plants have long stems

which allow the flower to reach the surface and disperse its seeds. There are some freefloating aquatic plants like duckweed (*Lemna* species) which have roots that are not in soil but instead get nutrients from the water.

The behavior pattern of an animal can be a response to the lack of, or abundance of, water. The Common Loon, for example, migrates great distances to leave the frozen lakes of Wisconsin to find open water farther south.

Adapt this Activity to Your Region or Watershed!

This activity provides an opportunity for your students to investigate the aquatic-related flora and fauna of your region. Have your students create clue cards for local species through the following information sources:

- Contact Department of Natural Resources staff and refer to fact sheets about local aquatic species
- Contact local nature center staff, libraries, museums, and natural resources offices for further information about local species
- Contact U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service offices
- Contact U.S. Forest Service Offices
- See "Impacts on Plant and Wildlife Communities" in the Resources section of this Wisconsin Supplement for resources about Wisconsin species

Procedures

(See the Procedures section for "Water Address" in the national *Project WET Guide*, page 123)

Warm Up

- Have students list different habitats found in Wisconsin and compare water availability in these areas.
- Ask students to list animals they think might be found in these areas and describe how these organisms either live in or use water.

Activity

- Tell students they are going to play a riddle game in which they must guess an organism's identity and "water address." Ask them to form groups of three or four.
- Hand out a set of Water Address cards to each group. Instruct students not to look at the cards before the game starts.
- Explain that each card lists four adaptations to water of a certain plant or animal.
 Based on the clues, students will try to guess the name of the plant or animal and the habitat in which it is usually found.
- 4. Each group should initially pick one student as "reader." This student will read clues, one at a time and in any order, until someone else in the group can guess the plant or animal. Answers are listed at the bottom of each card. If pictures or photos of organisms are available, have students place the image on a map to indicate where it lives.
- The student who correctly guessed the previous water

address riddle becomes the new reader and begins reading the clues on the next card. Continue the game until all cards have been read.

Assessment

- Explain how adaptations enable animals to live in diverse water environments.
- Create clue cards for different species, listing facts and water-related adaptations.

Extensions

Have groups of students in your class research different aquatic' ecosystems within the state of Wisconsin. Each group can create a book, newspaper, posters, or mural depicting their specific habitat in order to inform others of unique and interesting ecosystems and species found in Wisconsin.



Jody Henseler and Owen-Withee Elementary School students play the Wisconsin version of "Water Address."

Resources

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The New Grolier Multimedia Encyclopedia. 1993. Grolier, Inc. Available online, subscription needed. Home page: http://gme.grolier.com

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Mississippi River Adaptation to "Water Address"

Activity Adaptation Summary

- Students identify animals and the areas in or around the Mississippi River in which they live by analyzing clues that describe the animals' water-related adaptations.
- · Before doing the activity, students should understand the importance of animals' special adaptations needed to survive in the Upper Mississippi River or surrounding areas. This activity would be most suitable as a culminating experience after a unit of study on the animals of the Upper Mississippi River. Each student could conduct research and give an oral report on an animal of their choice that lives in or around the river several weeks before doing this activity.

Making Connections

Children who live near the Mississippi River or surrounding wetlands have seen or heard of a great blue heron, muskrat, catfish, or northern water snake. One common element among all of these animals is that they have adaptations related to surviving in the Upper Mississippi River area. Learning about the specific adaptations of animals will help students appreciate the importance of water and

the river for survival.

Background

Three-quarters of Earth is covered with water. Many plants and animals live in water environments such as rivers oceans and lakes To survive in or around water environments, plants, animals, and other living organisms have developed special features or adaptations. Developed over time, these adaptations help organisms acquire available nutrients and energy, protect themselves against enemies, and cope with diverse conditions.

The Upper Mississippi River contains a wide variety of flora (plants) and fauna (animals) that have successfully adapted to the river environment. A walk along the river's edge and its adjacent floodplain brings the sights, sounds, and smells of hundreds of species of plants and animals. The plants and animals of the river ecosystem interact and depend on one another and their environment.

Vertebrates that flourish in the Upper Mississippi River include mammals such as minks, muskrats, and beaver which can be seen in and along the river, its tributaries, and surrounding marshlands. With patience, one might catch a glimpse of a river otter. The northern water snake is a common reptile. The river can harbor a snapping turtle, which can grow up to 40 pounds, or a smaller painted

turtle that lives in a variety of nearby wetland habitats. Species of fish found in the river include: catfish, muskellunge, white bass, bluegill, and paddlefish, among others. Ducks, geese, bitterns, rails, and shorebirds thrive in the Upper Mississippi River. Bald eagles nest and winter in the area. Aquatic and riverbank plants provide the food and cover for many of these animals and their prey.

Some of the most abundant animals along the Upper Mississippi River are those that are difficult to see on a casual stroll. Thousands of invertebrates (animals without a backbone) are macroinvertebrates (invertebrates that are small, but still visible to the naked eve). Larval insects dominate the macroinvertebrate community. Other invertebrates inhabiting the river include insects. crustaceans (such as cravfish). mollusks (clams and mussels), gastropods (snails), oligochaetes (worms), and others.

The animals that live in and around the Upper Mississippi River have special features to adapt to the specific river environment where they live, feed, hide, or raise their young. There are many specific locations where you may find a particular animal. These places include: over the water, on or near the surface of the water, shallow water, deep water, river bottom, in the water near shore, on the riverbank, quiet backwaters

with lower currents. marshland, turbid water in the main river channel, or the woodland area lining the river/wooded islands. A catfish is tolerant of fast-flowing currents and moves into shallow and muddy backwaters at night to feed. Muskrat eat aquatic vegetation from the marsh as well as use marsh plants to build their dens on a shallow bottom or shore. Wood ducks perch in trees and nest in tree cavities in woodlands near the river or other wetland habitats such as marshes. Snapping turtles rest in the warm shallows. often buried in mud. Animals can obviously be found in more than one location throughout the day or year. Upper Mississippi River animals and plants interact and depend on one another and their environment for their survival.

Plants and animals have become suited to living in these specific river environments in many ways. Animals that live in strong currents often have flattened bodies and streamlined shapes to make them efficient swimmers. Ducks have webbed feet for swimming and glands that produce a waxy oil for water-proofing feathers. Other animals have special appendages, such as claws, for clinging to stones or to the river bottom. Many river species have gills that can take in oxygen dissolved in water.

Many of the organisms that inhabit the Mississippi River

look significantly different in their earliest stages of development than they do as adults. This is most obviously true for some aquatic insects. A mosquito larva living under water looks markedly different than the adult insect flying around. Aquatic mammals on the other hand, are often easy to recognize in their younger forms. In this activity. students will have the opportunity to learn more about the amazing adaptations of aquatic species.

Procedures

(See the Procedures section above)

Warm Up

- Ask the students to name some animals that may live in or around the Upper Mississippi River.
- Ask students what body parts the animal has or behaviors it displays in order to survive in the river or surrounding areas.

Wrap Up and Action

- Discuss how adaptations enable animals to live in or around the Upper Mississippi River. Have students summarize some water-related adaptations of riverine species included in the game (e.g., swimming, filtering oxygen from water, keeping out excess water).
- Discuss the reasons it may be important to preserve areas such as woodland or wetland areas that are located near the Mississippi River. Remind students that there are many addi-

- tional river species not included in this activity which also have interesting adaptations.
- · Have the students visit the library and view videos to research additional Upper Mississippi River animals' adaptations to water, and then make additional clue cards for their own game. If students have already completed research reports on a particular river animal before this activity, have them make a card for the animal they researched. The game can then be played with these new cards, and groups can swap cards for longer games. Encourage students to play this game with friends and family.

Assessment

• In small groups, have students draw/paint a mural of the Upper Mississippi River ecosystem including the many specific river environments where animals can be found (e.g. deep turbid water, marshes, riverbank, woodland area lining the river, etc.). Then, have students draw the actual animals (including their special adaptations) and place them in the correct locations on the mural.

Extensions

 Have the students research a particular Wisconsin habitat and its inhabitants.
 Then, turn the classroom into the habitat. For one example, if your class was

- to research and create a pond, have them make the animals and plants, hang them from the ceiling as if suspended in the water. A fan blowing lightly across the display will give the appearance of water movement.
- Create a model of the Mississippi River in your classroom. Use paper maiche, paint, and construction paper to create the flora and fauna of the river for further study in the classroom.

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Owen-Withee School teachers try to match the "Water Address" clues with pictures of possible species.



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